THE TIMES

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THE TIMES

Tomorrow

Undercover
Spectrum reveals the remarkable double life of a secret agent from the League Against Cruel Sports who infiltrated the hunting fraternity.

Overwhelming
Whatever happened to the economic recession? The great Paris couturiers, at least, have not noticed it during the past year. Suzy Menkes reports on the fashion world's orgy of opulence.

Labour leadership contenders split on central issues

By Philip Webster, Political Reporter

The Labour Party's four leadership contenders disagreed sharply last night over the extent to which the policies on which it fought the general election should be changed to help it regain popular support.

Fundamental differences between Mr Roy Hattersley, Mr Eric Heffer, Mr Neil Kinnock and Mr Peter Shore on such central policy areas as defence, the European Community, Labour Councils that attempt to defy rate limits, and the purge of Militant Tendency were exposed in the first, and probably only, leadership debate.

Mr Hattersley said in the televised confrontation that a third defeat for Labour would set socialism back for the rest of the century, perhaps forever. There would be voices in the party which said that no change was necessary and that "we can pull the bedclothes over our heads". But such complacency was extraordinary. To win, Labour must distance itself from "corrosive extremism", recreate a party of mutual trust and understanding, and talk to the people in a language they understood.

But Mr Kinnock, who appeared during the debate on BBC2's *Newsnight*, to be confident of victory, said: "The main body of our policies must not be jettisoned."

The policies needed reappraisal and refinement. But in an aside apparently directed at Mr Shore and Mr Hattersley, he said: "To those people who believe our policies should be discarded in large part or in whole, I offer the advice of Bernard Shaw – 'If your face is dirty wash it. Don't cut your head off'."

Mr Heffer said the election defeat must not be underestimated or glossed over, but it must not be used as an excuse

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to throw over socialist objectives and policies. The policies put forward in the manifesto were good ones. They clearly needed refining, bringing up to date and clarifying, but they must not be abandoned.

Mr Shore underlined the difficulties facing any leadership team in redefining Labour's defence policy. He said that the party had to show the electorate that while it was striving for peace and disarmament it did not intend to leave Britain without adequate defence: that it was prepared to retain conventional and nuclear weapons to protect the country

In a carefully worded statement of his position, Mr Kinnock said that Britain's nuclear status should be used for the sole purpose "of securing force reductions, culminating in a non-nuclear defence strategy within the lifetime of a parliament".

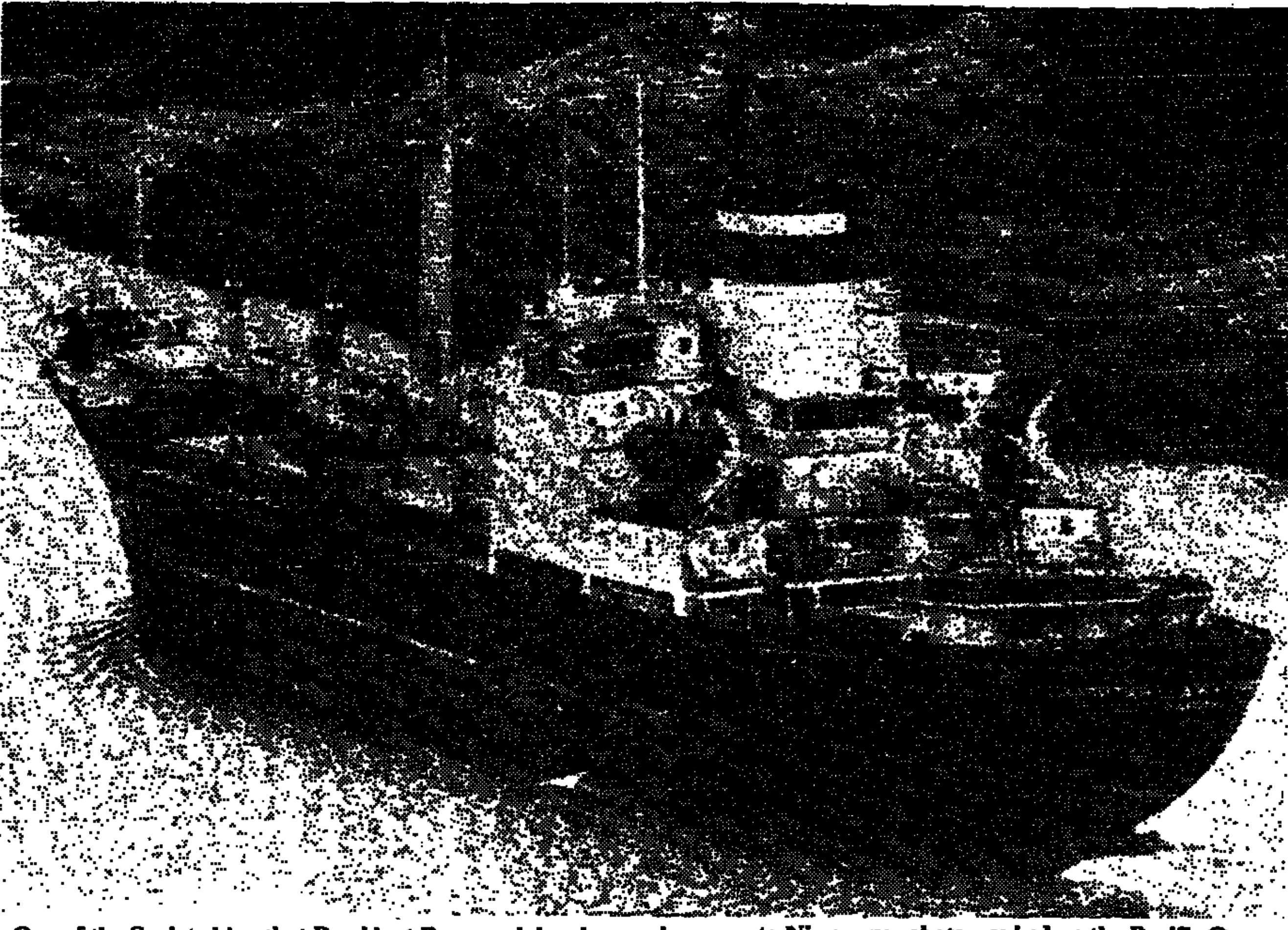
Mr Shore, a long-time opponent of the EEC, appeared to be in disageement with the other candidates over the party's stance on membership. Both Mr Hattersley and Mr Kinnock made it clear that they were in favour of dropping the commitment to leave the EEC, and Mr Heffer said that the party had to keep its options open while working constructively.

Perhaps the sharpest exchanges in the debate, which was staged by the Fabian Society, came on the attitude of the candidates to the Militant Tendency expulsions.

Mr Hattersley said that Militant was incompatible with the Labour Party. Any constituency party which refused to carry out expulsions ordered by the party would have to suffer the consequences laid down by the constitution. Mr Heffer said that sounded "very good" but he was firmly against expulsions

Mr Kinnock waid that Militant had a distinctive and separate set of principles, purposes and propaganda which in the hands of the Militant editorial board were being used to pursue democratic centralism in antagonism to democratic socialism.

Next stop Nicaragua for Soviet vessel



One of the Soviet ships that President Reagan claims is carrying arms to Nicaragua, photographed on the Pacific Ocean side of the Panama Canal. Castro gesture, page 6.

Arabs likely to restore Egypt links

The next summit of Arab countries is expected to allow them to resume diplomatic relations with Egypt on an individual basis. But the November summit is unlikely to restore Egypt's membership of the Arab League.

Israelis ready to go, page 5

Action on rates

A White Paper will outline how the Government plans to take the first moves towards setting rates, so giving Whitehall full control of council spending Back page

Black crusader



The Rev Jesse Jackson who has fired his followers with the idea that a black can aspire to the American presidency Back page

Steel improves

Close friends of Mr David Steel believe he is over the worst of the severe depression thats followed his viral illness. He will resume the Liberal leadership in September Page 2

Odhams deal

A hypermarket is to be built on the former Odhams printing plant site at Watford as part of a £20m deal between Mr Robert Maxwell's British Printing and Communication Corporation and J Sainsbury Page 13

Top of the class

A woman has come top of a course training young army officers in battlefield skills such as laying minefields, erecting bridges and demolition work Page 3

Niven funeral

The funeral of David Niven, the British actor who died on Friday aged 73, will take place in the Swiss mountain resort of Château d'Oex tomorrow

The fatal illness, page 3

Crime shock

Australians have been shocked by two reports which suggest that the country has an underworld approaching American levels. Crime is said to be out of control Page 4

Priests' plea

Five priests have called for an independent inquiry into the death of a Roman Catholic youth Page 2

Silver lining

John Whitaker on Ryan's Son, a last-minute replacement for the British team, won the European individual showjumping silver medal at Hickstead Page 18

Right given majority by TUC's new rules

By Our Labour Editor

Left-wing hopes of dominating the TUC General Council look certain to be permanently extinguished by new election rules. The official list of nominations for an enlarged, 51-strong general council, published today, indicate that the centre-right will enjoy a built-in majority with the introduction of automatic seats for larger unions.

Thirty-four of the seats are being distributed among 22 unions which have more than 100,000 members and qualify for automatic representation. In this group, the moderates outnumber militants by 22 votes to 12.

There is intense politicking for the 11 seats available for about 80 smaller unions, with rival left-wing and moderate slates being discreetly circulated because TUC rules forbid direct canvassing.

Some union leaders on the left's slate who have been members to the general council for many years could lose their membership of the labour movement's most exclusive "club" because the patronage of the big battalions, such as the Transport and General Workers Union have gone.

At risk are Mr Raymond Buckton, of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen; Mr James Slater, of the seamen's union; Mr Alan Sapper, general secretary of the Association of Cinematograph, Television and Allied Technicians, last year's chairman of congress; and the Communist sheet metalworkers' leader Mr George Guy.

However, the left is confident of winning most of these 11 seats against the "St Ermine's Group", so called after the Westminster hotel where it meets.

Six seats will still be reserved for women, directly elected by all unions. Moderates are expected to take at least four, giving them an overall majority of about ten.

Delegates voted last year by 5.6 to 5.4 million to give the system a five-year trial. Repeated efforts by the TGWU to frustrate the change have been defeated in committee and few believe that the decision can be reversed, even though two motions have been tabled for the TUC Congress in September arguing that it ought to be abandoned.

Electricians shun 'foregone' vote

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

Electricians' union leaders have decided to boycott the Labour Party leadership election on the grounds that it is already a foregone conclusion for Mr Neil Kinnock.

The executive council of the Electrical, Electronic, Telecommunication and Plumbing union (EETPU) tied 6-6 on a motion not to participate in the October 2 electorial college meeting and its president, Mr Tom Breakwell, used his casting vote for the boycott.

The EETPU's 180,000-strong block vote will accordingly be denied to Mr Roy Hattersley, the moderate front-runner, who might have expected the support of the right-wing electricians. The union's vote will be cast in the deputy leadership contest only if it could stop left-winger Mr Michael Meacher winning.

Mr Meacher's chances of denying Mr Hattersley the deputy leadership, have increased substantially through the decision two days ago by



Michael Meacher: "Cautiously confident"

leaders of the National Union Of Public Employees (NUPE) to recommend members to support him. NUPE is also backing Mr kinnock as leader.

The EETPU executive council meeting was apparently heated, with some members even calling for the union to quit the party. The EETPU did not favour the setting-up of the electoral college, in which the unions have 40 per cent of the votes in determining who shall lead Labour.

An individual ballot of EETPU members at a cost of £105,000 was suggested but Mr Breakell told *The Times* last night: "We don't feel we ought to be committed to spending all that money for what is really a fait accompli".

He was deeply citical of Mr Clive Jenkins, general secretary of the Association of Scientific Technical and Managerial Staffs, and other union leaders, who had declared early for Mr Kinnock, thereby ensuring support for him in the Labour movement.

EETPU delegates may attend the electoral college meeting in Brighton, but not to vote. "We would not make any impact", Mr Breakell added. "We don't agree with the college, so we feel entitled to opt out".

The union will, however respond favourably to constituency party requests for funds to conduct local ballots among party members.

Last night Mr Meacher was "cautiously confident" that his candidature would succeed. Of the EETPU move he said: "I don't want to win by default".

Union support, page 2

Two riders die in Silverstone crash

By a Staff Reporter

Two riders were killed at the British Motor Cycling Grand Prix at Silverstone yesterday in a crash on the sixth lap.

The men who died, Norman Brown, an Ulsterman and Peter Huber, a Swiss, were well down the field when thev accident happened, about 10 minutes after the race began.

Brown was killed instantly. Huber was flown to hospital in Oxford by helicopter but was pronounced dead soon after admission.

After the crash, racing continued for two laps of the 2.93-mile track, although Brown and Huber lay amid the wreckage of their motor cycles in the middle of the track at the Stowe Corner.

It was only after the riders themselves slowed down or stopped racing that the red flag, stopping the race, appeared.

Marshals at the site of the crash took it upon themselves to cross the yellow and black danger flags, but it was not until two laps later that instructions to stop the race came from the head marshals.

Kenny Roberts, who won the Grand Prix, angrily shook his fist at the starting line marshals as he passed them on the seventh lap. Moments later the race was stopped. "It was dangerous, they were slow, it should not be like that," he said.

Randy Mamola, one of the race leaders, said he and the others at the front of the race passed the crash three times before the red flag appeared. "It should have been stopped directly for the ambulance to get to them and they could get the best treatment."

Mr Vernon Cooper, the Auto-Cycle Union spokesman insisted: "The race was stopped as soon as possible." There was no explanation as to why it took two laps.

Race report, page 18

Killings continue despite curfew in Sri Lanka

From Michael Hamlyn, Colombo

Burnings and killings continued in Sri Lanka, over the weekend, despite a curfew lasting almost 60 hours all over the island.

The trouble spread on Saturday to Nuwara Eliya, the heart of the plantation area in the central massif, where the finest Ceylon teas come from. According to Mr Douglas Liyanage, Secretary of the Ministry of State, who is the Government's spokesman, the disturbances there were "not minor".

"there have been a few deaths," he said, "particularly in Nuwara Eliya". But Mr Liyanage said that in general the number of incidents of communal violence had decreased.

According to the official Government count, 179 civilians had been killed by other civilians since the trouble started last weekend, until Friday evening. Of these 89 occurred in Greater Colombo and 90 in the rest of the country. They include 53 Tamil prisoners slaughtered in prison in the capital. In the previous worst intercommunal riots, in 1958, 159 people were officially said to have died.

A number of looters and arsonists shot by the security forces may be added to the total so far. No full figures were available yesterday.

There were further incidents of violence against Tamils and their property in Chilaw, Matale, Kalutara and Deniyaya, also an Saturday. The Government insists however that there is no trouble in the north of the country, which is predominantly Tamil.

The spokesman said that Sinhalese people there were going south as a matter of prudent security, but there had been no violence, no injury and no damage to property.

Mrs Sirimavo Bandaranaike, the former Sri Lankan Prime Minister, accused he Government of trying to find scapegoats for the violence in itsban on left-wing parties and, allegations of a foreign-inspired plot **Page 6**

There was on the other hand a mass exodus of Tamils displaced from their homes in Colombo yesterday. Thirty busloads of refugees were taken from a camp and embarked on a ship bound for the north.

The President has banned three political parties under the emergency regulations. The three, all left-wing, were accused of having committed or being likely to commit actions "prejudicial to public safety, to law and order and to the maintenance of essential services".

They are the Janata Vimukti Peramuna, or People's Liberation Front, the Nava Sama Samaj party, or New Equal Society Party, and the Communist Party of Sri Lanka.

A senior minister went on television to denounce what he described as foreign elements who "plotted the course of actions one by one" during the events of the past week.

Dr Anandatissa de Alwis, the Minsiter of State, said that though riots took place in widely different parts of the city and suburbs there was a distinct method in each case. "Wherever it happened, it happened in exactly the same way. This was the pattern."

Government spokesmen declined to go any further towards defining which foreign elements were to be blamed yesterday but Dr de Alwis gave a further clue in the Sinhala version of his address. He said: "I can say that it is a powerful country."

The indicators from this hint, and from the fact that the Communist Party was among the parties banned seem plainly to indicate however that the government is blaming the Soviet Union. The Russians have the largest diplomatic presence in Colombo and support the Communist Party financially by taking paid advertisements in its journal.

● About 1,000 Tamils living in Britain marched from a rally in Hyde Park to Downing Street yesterday to protest about the violence in Sri Lanka.

Sixth victim of typhoid confirmed

By Our Staff Reporters

Another case of typhoid among British holidaymakers returning from Greece has been confirmed, taking the total to six. Two more people are suspected to be suffering from the disease.

All eight have recently returned from the holiday island of Kos where they stayed at the Ramira Beach Hotel.

A third holidaymaker who may have typhoid has returned to Britain from Portugal.

Until the weekend it was believed that the outbreak was confined to Britons but it is now thought that there is at least one confirmed and two suspected cases, in Sweden, and a suspected victim in Finland.

A Briton has died and 28 others suffered severe stomach disorders last week during a trip to the Soviet Union.

Dr Lawrence Reece, from Salford, Greater Manchester, was taken ill at Samarkand in Uzbekistan. By the time the 30-strong party reached Leningrad, he was in a critical condition. He was admitted to hospital on Wednesday and died on Saturday.

American consular officials in Leningrad said yesterday that the return of his body is being delayed so that a post-mortem examination can be carried out.

The severe stomach disorders have been attributed to the heat and unhygenic accommodation and toilet facilities.

Meanwhile, the latest case of typhoid was confirmed yesterday by the Seacroft Hospital, in Leeds. The victim is a woman. The two suspected cases, who are at the hospital, are a woman and a small boy, also from the Leeds area.

There are about 350 Britons at the Ramira Beach Hotel. Most are staying put while 11 have asked to be moved.

Cooler weather on the way

By a Staff Reporter

At the end of the hottest July in England and Wales this century meteoroloists yesterday forecast cooler temperatures and rain.

But the London Weather Centre predicted that the rain, in the form of showers or thundery outbreaks, would not last much beyond today. Temperatures would however hover in the low 70 degrees F in the South for some days. They would then start to rise again, but not to the dizzy heights of recent weeks, at least not until later in the week.

The cooler weather follows a month which saw 16 days when the thermometer stood above 80 deg F (27 deg C) in England and Wales. No other July this century has seen such spells of heat, and July 1976 could only run to 10 days over 80 deg F.

In Bristol the local weather centre went further than the century record and maintained that July was the hottest month locally since 1659. The claim was made on the basis of local historical records such as diaries because official records go back only about 60 years.

The heatwave has caused an upsurge in ice cream sales with one of Britain's largest manufacturers saying they sold 760 million portions last month, a damand not experienced since 1976.

On Saturday vehicles flooded into the West Country at a rate of 3,500 per hour, motoring organizations said.

Devon and Cornwall police set up a mobile canteen on the A38 near Saltash and served coffee to drivers arriving on Friday and Saturday morning in an effort to combat the problems of motorists driving overnight without rest. More than 700 cups were handed out.

Yesterday the roads were generally quieter throughout Britain as the wet weather began to spread east.

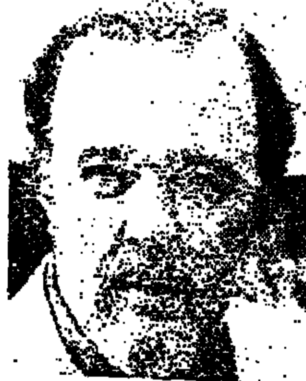
Unemployment 'to stay above 4m in 1980s'

The underlying level of unemployment will remain above 4 million during the rest of the 1980s, according to the Institute for Employment Research.

The Government-funded institute, based at Warwick University, says in its annual *Review of the Economy and Employment* that job prospects between now and the 1990s will be concentrated in part-time work.

The *Review* adds that 44 per cent of the work force will be women Page 13

Boos for Sir Peter after 'Ring' cycle



Sir Peter Hall

Bayreuth, West Germany (AFP) – Sir Peter Hall, the British producer, was loudly booed here when he took a bow at the end of the first cycle of the 1983 Wagner's *Ring*, celebrating the centenary of the composer's death.

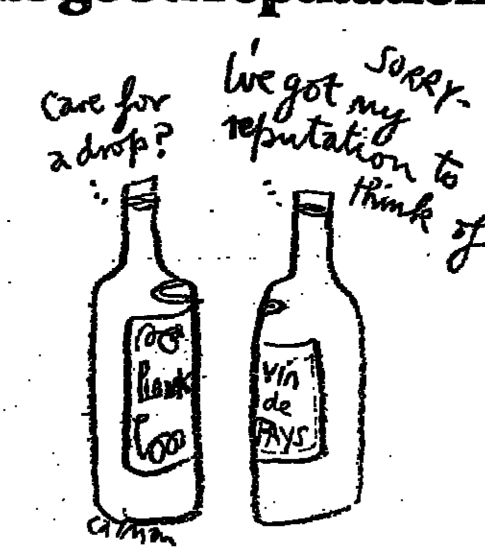
Sir Peter's production of *Twilight of the Gods* went down badly on Saturday night. Mr William Dudley, the British stage designer was also booed when he stepped forward with Sir Peter.

He was accused by some of having devoted so much attention to a £130,000 hydraulic platform – which in a flash changed scenery from grass to smouldering cinders belching smoke right into the audience – that he neglected the acting.

Sir Georg Solti, the conductor received a better reception after an uneasy start, and he and the soloists were called back by applause for nearly half an hour.

Solti showed mastery of Wagnerian complexity, but he was at Bayreuth for the first time and working with unfamiliar musicians from all over West Germany.

How long can your low-priced wine keep its good reputation?



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Labour's organization blamed by local parties for poll defeat

By Philip Webster, Political Reporter

Neglect in Labour's central organization, rather than its manifesto, seems certain to receive the chief blame for the party's election defeat when the annual conference conducts a full inquest in the autumn.

Most of the 60 resolutions analysing the defeat contained in the preliminary agenda for the conference, published yesterday, exonerate the policies, but indict their presentation and the clear disagreements among party leaders over many of them.

The general message will come as a blow, though not an unexpected one, to leading figures like Mr Roy Hattersley and Mr Peter Shore, who have argued that some of Labour's policies were out of tune with the electorate.

May resolutions express the widely-held view of Labour candidates that local campaigns were often ruined by national events. The rift between Mr Michael Foot and Mr Denis Healey on non-nuclear defence policy, and the intervention in that debate of Mr James Callaghan, the former Prime Minister, were regarded by many as highly damaging.

A resolution from Hull East Labour Party notes "with disgust the actions of certain factions and individuals within the party and the observable lack of unity and spirit exhibited in the national campaign".

The Newark party expresses concern "at the apparent disarray in the party's central and regional administration, in general, and at the disadvantage of this in electoral terms in particular."

The General, Municipal, Boilermakers and Allied Trades Union has submitted a motion stating that part of the defeat "reflected neglect of party organization, campaigning ability and political education".

Brighton Pavilion declares that "the aim of the Labour Party is to change society and not merely to win elections" and says that the party must seek to convince the electorate of the wisdom of its policies and not to change them to meet what the media proposes as popular public opinion.

The right-wing Union of Communication Workers seems to be almost alone in pinning Labour's decline on its policies. Acknowledging the extent of the defeat and the long-term erosion of support anong crucial sections of the working-class, the union says it is essential to think again on policy priorities and presentation. A new programme which would be geared to the needs of the late 1980s and beyond is recommended.

The dismay of Labour's moderates at the tone of the preliminary agenda will be incrased by nearly all of the 41 resolutions tabled on defence – the issue Mr Hattersley has said lost Labour more votes than any other – reaffirm their support for the policy of unilateral nuclear disarmament and only one, from the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers (Engineering Section) voices outright disapproval.

The AUEW, backing multilateral disarmament, opposes unilateralism "as it would leave the United Kingdom naked in a world of ever-increasing nuclear weapons".

Some consolation for the moderates will be the unanimity expressed in four resolutions submitted on the EEC that Labour's policy of withdrawal should be modified or suspended and replaced with proposals for reform of the Community from within.

The agenda, however, also marks the latest stage of the centre-right's attempt to have the principle of one member, one vote, backed by Mr Hattersley and Mr Shore, applied to the leadership and deputy leadership contest. In a clearly coordinated effort, about 20 resolutions propose ballots in the constituency parties.

Five motions call for the reinstatement of the five members of the editorial board of *Militant*, expelled last February.

TUC split on Cabinet boycott

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

A crisis of policy on relations between the labour movement and the Government is clear in the agenda of the TUC conference, published today.

Moderate union leaders are urging an increase in contacts with Mrs Thatcher's Cabinet "to maximize the influence of the TUC", but left-wingers want a continuing boycott of talks with ministers on the controversial issue of industrial relations law reform.

The TUC's involvement in the National Economic Development Council, ("Neddy"), a tripartite body bringing together unions, employers and government is also under renewed pressure but contradictory influences insist that the unions "cannot ignore the lessons of the 1983 general election".

The preliminary agenda of next month's conference in Blackpool is notably less insistant on achieving social and industrial change through the Labour Party than in previous years though strong links through the TUC–Labour Party Liaison Committee are emphasized and the Alliance parties are ignored.

Among the seven motions calling for opposition to proposals by Mr Norman Tebbit, Secretary of State for Employment, for compulsory secret ballots in union affairs is one from the Technical and Supervisory Section (Tass) of the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers which asserts: "The mounting legislative attack on trade union rights and democracy demands new levels of solidarity."

It adds: "Therefore, Congress asserts that there can be no discussion with the Government on the subject of anti-union legislation. The TUC General Council last week voted 14 to 11 to take up an invitation to talks with Mr Tebbit, initially on the issue of the political activities of unions but possibly extending to the topics coverd in his recent White Paper

The Tass motion is clearly designed to nip that move in the bud, as Mr Len Murray, General Secretary of the TUC, has said that no discussions will take place with Mr Tebbit before late September.

The National Graphical Association follows up that proposal with an initiative that could take the TUC out of "Neddy". It argues that the Government has consistently ignored the constructive criticisms of the unions and that "such an approach is incompatible with the principles which have, for the past 21 years, underpinned the trade union movement's involvement in the NEDC."

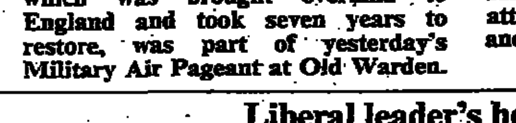
It suggests an in-depth review of the value to the labour movement of continuing involvement in the NEDC.

Two Civil Service unions are seeking to redirect the TUC from the hard-line strategy of the left. The Institution of Professional Civil Servants invites delegates to reject industrial action for party political purposes.

The Civil and Public Services Association recalls the evidence of opinion polls suggesting that only 39 per cent of trade unionists voted Labour in the election and proposes a revaluation of strategy on how to prosper in the "current anti-trade union environment".

THE UNIONS AND THE LEADERSHIP

Union	Affiliated vote	Position
Transport workers	1,250,000	Conference declared for Kinnock; no decision on deputy
Engineering workers	850,000	Executive decision: Kinnock leader, Hattersley deputy
General and boilermakers	720,000	Consulting branches
Public Employees (Nupe)	600,000	Executive recommends Kinnock-Meacher in branch vote
Shopworkers	418,000	Kinnock for leader
Mineworkers	236,000	Branch vote: Kinnock certain, Meacher likely
Construction workers	200,000	Delegation to decide; Kinnock likely
Postal workers (UCW)	194,000	Executive declared for Kinnock
Electricians	180,000	Executive decision not to participate in poll
Railwaymen	170,000	Conference decision for Kinnock
Scientific and Technical (ASTMS)	147,000	Executive for Kinnock; branch consultation
Health workers (Cohse)	135,000	Branch consultation, no recommendation



Flight of fancy: Colin Dyer, aged seven, from Thurston, Suffolk, and his grandfather, Mr Jim Howard, admiring a Hawker Hind given by the Royal Afghan Air Force in the early 1970s to the Shuttleworth Collection at Old Warden Aerodrome, Biggleswade, Bedfordshire. The aircraft, which was brought overland to England and took seven years to restore, was part of yesterday's Military Air Pageant at Old Warden. The pageant covered 70 years of aviation, from the Boxkite to the Sea Harrier of Falklands fame. The attractions included a Hurricane, and the only airworthy Mosquito (Photograph: John Voos).

Hundreds of jailed Britons may get transfers

By Peter Evans
Home Affairs Correspondent

The Government's intention to seek agreement with other countries on the transfer of prisoners held abroad was welcomed yesterday.

The move will open the way for hundreds of British prisoners held in foreign jails to complete their sentences in Britain, the National Council for the Welfare of Prisoners Abroad said yesterday.

Britain's first step will be to sign a Council of Europe convention on the transfer of sentenced prisoners. The convention has been signed by 13 other European countries, as well as Canada and the United States.

Signatories include Spain, where 70 Britons being held are part of the council's caseload. Britain also intends to seek blateral agreements with other countries. Thailand, where about 40 British subjects are in jail on drugs charges, is expected to be given priority.

One prisoner, John Richard Du Cane, aged 33, a film maker, wrote to the *The Times* about their plight. His family is appealing to the Thai Supreme Court against his 36-year sentence.

Mr John Du Cane, his father who is holidaying in Brittany, said: "this is very good news for all British prisoners abroad. I hope the British Government will be able to move soon to initiate a bilateral agreement with Thailand."

Mr Du Cane said that his son was sentenced for possession with intent to export 11.6 grammes (just under half an ounce) of heroin.

The council says that there are about 1,000 British subjects imprisoned abroad for criminal offences, "may of them in terrible conditions, many serving outrageously long sentences, all of them suffering neglect". Three Britons in a Peruvian jail are said by Dr Judith Enew, a Cambridge-based anthropologist, to have had to buy beds.

News of the British move was given by Mr Leon Brittan, the Home Secretary, on Friday in a parliamentary answer. He said that the Government proposed to introduce legislation as soon as possible "to enable us first to ratify the Council of Europe convention on the transfer of sentenced persons which we intend to sign in August".

The Government's intentions about the possible transfer of jailed terrorists is expected to be made known during the debate.

Protest fast for Welsh language

From Tim Jones
Llangefni

Members of the Welsh Language Society will start a week-long fast on the National Eisteddfod field at Llangefni, Gwynedd, today as part of a campaign for an official body to oversee the universal teaching of the tongue in Wales.

The fast, to be followed by a 280-mile march to Cardiff, is tolerated but not welcomed by the organizers of the festival.

The society has succeeded for years in frustrating Eisteddfod officials by diverting attention away from the event's essential cultural and literary purpose.

The latest demonstration comes after warnings by the festival's ruling body that it will clamp down on activities that seem hostile to Wales's annual cultural showpiece.

Mr Wyn Roberts, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Wales, was heckled by about 40 society members when he opened a mobile theatre on Saturday.

He said: "I welcome all opinions and suggestions but it is fair that I should expect constructive ideas and tolerant respect for all views."

He rejected any element of compulsion in the promotion of the Welsh language and said all concerned with its future should dedicate themselves to the task in hand and not protest vociferously, expecting others to undertake the practical work necessary to realize Welsh language aims and ambitions.

"That is the only way to promote the language and keep the goodwill necessary to ensure its survival," he said.

Liberal leader's health

Friends say Steel is improving

By Our Political Reporter

Mr David Steel, the leader, has been suffering from severe depression brought on by a viral infection apparently picked up during the last week of the general election campaign.

But, according to Mr Steel's close friends, the worst is past, he has been feeling much better recently and intends to return to active politics during the Liberal Assembly next month, making his keynote speech on September 24.

The fresh insight on Mr Steel's decision in July to take a break from the leadership of his party came at the weekend after he received the results of medical tests carried out in London last week.

Mr Steel has been told by his doctors that the virus usually lasts about two-and-a-half months and can can be treated only by rest. Although he went to Penrith three times during the by-election campaign, Mr Steel has been taking it easy.

His illness began early in June when he caught influenza. He struggled on through the campaign's last week, but Dr David Owen, "speaking as a doctor", was one of many associates who told him he should be in bed.

Then he apparently contracted the viral infection which made him constantly feel tired and depressed. It also heightened the disenchantment he was feeling at the continued criticism from elements within his party over his style of leadership, which some have labelled "autocratic," and at opposition by some of them to the party's relationship with the Social Democrats.

His irritation on those issues will clearly not end with his recovery, but the result at Penrith, which has been seen as further vindication for Mr Steel's concept of the closest possible working relationship between the two parties, will have come as a tonic.

So too will be the early results from the questionnaires sent to all Liberal associations after the election asking them their views on the performance of the Alliance and whether it should continue.

More than 200 have been returned and only a tiny minority, it was disclosed yesterday, urged that the Alliance should end. There has also been backing from many associations for the broad idea of a merger between the two parties.

● Mr Steel has joined a distinguished list of present and past parliamentarians who suffer, or have suffered, from a disorder of mood grave enough to be described by their doctors as a disease, depression (Our Medical Correspondent writes).

Manic depressive pychoses is common among those proving themselves in public life; in susceptible people its symptoms can be precipitated by a variety of causes, among which viral infections are notorious.

The symptoms which Mr Steel has reported should, if there are no underlying causes, respond rapidly to treatment with the appropriate drugs, but may recur if circumstances repeat themselves.

FT talks continue as union suspension nears

By Our Labour Editor

Informal contacts aimed at resuming peace talks at the strikebound *Financial Times* took place yesterday as the TUC prepared to suspend the National Graphical Association for rejecting a mediator's award.

Further efforts are planned today, with a view to bringing the newspapers management and leaders of the NGA back into bilateral talks before the union's national council takes the step of defying formal "advice" to abide by a peace formula personally underwritten by Mr Len Murray, general secretary of the TUC.

The parties to the discussions declined to comment, but it was felt that talks on the deadlock must begin before the NGA leaders meet in emergency session on Wednesday.

If they reject the TUC's advice, the union will be called before a special meeting of the general council on Thursday to be formally suspended. Other unions could then be asked by the TUC to produce the newspaper without the NGA.

Heineken cannot reach pubs others can refresh

By Derek Harris, Commercial Editor

The lager advertised as refreshing the parts other beers cannot reach is no longer getting to some managed public houses in the South-east owned by Whitbread. The brewery produces Heineken, the Dutch lager, under licence.

With the hot summer pushing sales of lagers up by a third or more, draught Heineken has gone on ration. Whitbread's tenanted public houses and the free trade clubs can get sufficient supplies while some managed houses have been told to stop ordering.

There are some 500 Whitbread managed public houses in the South-east, although not all are affected. Mr Stewart Lewis, Whitbread's marketing director, said: "Unless peak heatwave conditions come back we should be resuming supplies in about two weeks".

Heineken is among the top three best-selling lagers in Britain.

With beer demand up by a fifth in the South of England during July all breweries have been pushed, but the Brewers' Society said there have been no shortages except where individual houses may have underordered.

But Carlsberg, the Danish brewer, said that although its Northampton brewery was able to supply regular customers it might not be able to meet all the demand coming from other sources.

Whitbread has been reducing production capacity over the past few years, but this is not at the root of the Heineken shortage, it claims. While Heineken is on ration other lagers produced by Whitbread are on offer, labelled for the occasion the "Heatwave" brand. These can be produced in as little as two weeks while Heineken, in common with other quality lagers, takes longer. Hence the temporary shortage, Whitbread says.



Lloyds Bank Results

First six months of 1983

After provisions of £120m for bad and doubtful debts, Group profit before tax in the first six months of 1983 was £194m. This is an increase of 61% compared with the second half of 1982, but a fall of 4% compared with the first half.

When adjusted for inflation, profit was £154m.

The interim dividend is up 7½% to 10.66p per share.

After tax and dividend, the profit retained to sustain the Group's business is £103m.

The Group now operates in 49 countries, employs 70,000 people and has total assets of £37,700m.

Lloyds Bank

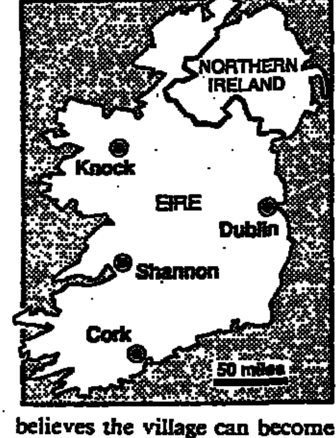
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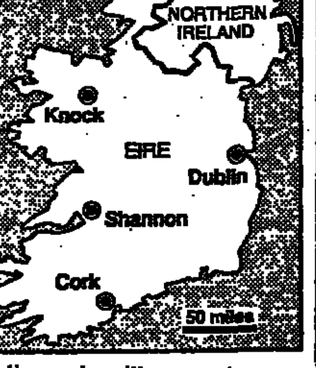
Irish cleric's dream for airport stalls

By Richard Ford

On a boggy plateau 650ft above the sea, the second Miracle of Knock is approaching a crucial period in its development.

Hailed as the finest achievement of a West of Ireland cleric, portrayed as a typical Irish story but dismissed as "Knock nonsense" by its critics, the 6,000ft ashphalt runway of the republic's fourth international airport is near completion. The project has swallowed almost IR£9m of government money which has been channelled into a private company headed by Monsignor James Horan, the astute parish priest of Knock, population 500.





Soon the Government of Dr Garret FitzGerald, will have to decide whether a minimum of IR£4m or maximum IR£8m would be given to complete the grandly-titled Connacht regional airport. The money is needed to construct a terminal building and provide air traffic control, lighting, security and customs facilities so that the airport a few miles from the Marian Shrine at Knock in Mayo can open in 1985.

The indications are that no more public money will be poured into the plan and that the promoters will be asked to find private capital willing to risk investing in a project which the chief executive of Aer Rianta, which runs Ireland's three other international airports, has said is not a realistic financial proposition.

But Mgr Horan, who first persuaded Mr Charles Haughey, when he was prime minister, to support the idea says: "We will get our money. They will give it to us as you cannot leave a project like this half finished."

The site is a few miles from the shrine where in 1879 it is claimed there was an apparition of the Virgin Mary. Mgr Horan believes the village can become as popular as Lourdes as a pilgrimage for the faithful and that an airport near by will help their progress.

He has cleverly played the "deprived West" card and believes the airport will attract industry and more tourists to one of the republic's most beautiful, but poverty stricken, areas.

He says 150 acres of the 520-acre site have been kept for industrial use.

He wants the airport to include peat fires and windmills with only nine full-time staff assisted by part-time workers supplementing their modest farm incomes. Unions may end that idea and airline companies are certain to be alarmed at his proposal that tractors instead of tow trucks will pull aircraft from the apron to the runway.

He estimates Knock can break even with 50,000 passengers a year although others are sceptical, pointing out that Aer Lingus, the state airline, is not interested in flying there and that Cork with 350,000 passengers annually operates at a loss.

Mgr Horam is managing director of a company which put up Ir£100 for the project.

Priests seek inquiry into shooting

From a Staff Reporter
Belfast

Five priests called yesterday for an independent inquiry into the death of a Roman Catholic youth, the sixth unarmed person to be killed in co Armagh by security forces since last November.

The priests, from Armagh, said a grave responsibility rested with Mr James Prior, Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, and that they had no confidence in an inquiry by the Royal Ulster Constabulary (RUC) into the death of Martin Malone, aged 18.

The police set up a squad to investigate the death of Mr Malone, who died when a member of an Ulster Defence Regiment (UDR) patrol fired a shot into his chest early on Saturday morning.

His death brings to 11 the number of civilians shot by members of the security forces in incidents which have aroused controversy in the past eight months. Seven unarmed civilians have been shot by the RUC or UDR in co Armagh in the past 18 months. There has been growing concern among priests and nationalist politicians that the security forces are operating a "shoot-to-kill" policy.

● The Government of the Irish Republic is likely to introduce a Bill before the end of the year to abolish capital punishment. The death penalty is permitted for certain murders.

● The national director of the YMCA in Ireland has resigned after admitting taking part in a homosexual act with an Algerian teacher in a cinema in Soho, London. Mr William Harte, aged 42, from Newcastle, co Down, was fined £25 by Marlborough Street magistrates last Thursday.

Motor cycle cooperative to be wound up

From Our Correspondent
Coventry

A liquidator is being called in by the Triumph motor-cycle workers' cooperative near Coventry to wind-up the eight-year-old company. The 180 workers who have been laid off for months will attend a meeting on Friday.

Mr John Rosamond, chairman, said he was still convinced the cooperative had a future if immediate cash was found. New models could be introduced and a smaller factory could be used.

Last edition

Yesterday's edition of Scotlands' *Sunday Standard* was the last. Consultants called in by the staff reported that in the time available no effective arrangements could be made to continue publishing.

Rider killed

Dr Patricia Grant, aged 30, of Fintry, Stirlingshire, died in hospital on Saturday after being thrown as she competed in the Annick Horse Trials at Irvine, in Ayrshire.

Hunting ban

Staffordshire County Council is to ban hunting on its land. The chairman of the county farms committee, Mr Erick Roberts, described hunting as barbaric.

Publicity drive 'needed for Telecom sale'

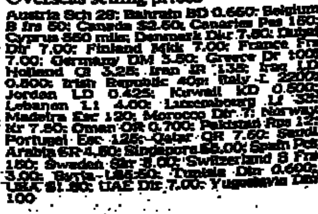
By Bill Johnstone
Electronics Correspondent

The Government is convinced that a big advertising and publicity campaign, possibly on television, radio and in newspapers, will be neccesary to launch successfully the sale of shares in British Telecom to telephone subscribers.

The conclusion comes after a preliminary study by government researchers, who believe that telephone subscribers will be encouraged to invest only if they can reclaim their stake easily, and benefit from a discount or bonus by holding the shares.

There are more than 18 million domestic telephone subscribers in the UK and 4 million business customers. British Telecom has more than £10,000m in assets and it is the Government's intention to sell 51 per cent of it to the private sector from autumn next year.

The Treasury favours the sale of some shares to subscribers but British Telecom is not keen on providing incentives such as discounts.



Overseas selling prices
Austria Sch 28; Bahrain BD 0.650; Belgium B frs 50; Canada $2.50; Canaries Pes 150; Cyprus 550 mils; Denmark Dkr 7.50; Dubai Dir 7.00; Finland Mkk 7.00; France Frs 7.00; Germany DM 3.50; Greece Dr 100; Holland Gl 3.25; Iran IR 135; Iraq ID 0.500; Irish Republic 40p; Italy L 2200; Jordan LD 0.425; Kuwait KD 0.500; Lebanon LL 4.00; Luxembourg Lf 30; Madeira Esc 120; Morocco Dir 7; Norway Kr 7.50; Oman OR 0.700; Pakistan Rps 12; Portugal Esc 125; Qatar QR 7.50; Saudi Arabia SR 4.50; Singapore $5.00; Spain Pes 150; Sweden Skr 8.00; Switzerland S Frs 3.00; Syria LS6.50; Tunisia Dinr 0.600; USA $1.50; UAE Dir 7.00; Yugoslavia Din 100

هكذا من الأصل

Resorts feel the pinch as holidaymakers desert Britain despite heatwave

By David Hewson

The tourist boom promised by Britain's midsummer heatwave has failed to arrive in most parts of the country.

Even with temperatures at British resorts higher than those at some of their competitors in the Mediterranean, many Britons are continuing to buy foreign package holidays in preference to domestic ones.

The package holiday industry which had been expecting its market to fall slightly this year now believes that it will grow by about 2 per cent in a spate of late bookings. According to the British Market Research Bureau Spain, Portugal and France are particularly popular, with Greece, where bookings have fallen 10 per cent, the only blackspot.

In marked contrast, at home some hoteliers have started to offer heavy discounts on weekend breaks during the next few weeks, and many have criticized claims by the English Tourist Board that the domestic holiday industry is heading for a boom year.

Mr Ian Bell, chairman of the board of management of the British Hotels, Restaurants and Caterers' Association, and a hotelier in Dyfed, said: "The claims are completely untrue, certainly in Wales, and it would seem, in most parts of the United Kingdom with the exception of London.

"We are nicely full at the moment but there is a lot of space in August. Generally, business overall is not as good as last year."

Mrs M. B. Millican, a Buxton hotelier and chairman of the association's northern division, said tha big resorts like Blackpool and Morecambe were benefiting from the good weather, but smaller seaside towns and inland resorts were less well off.

"Advance bookings are certainly not heavy, and while they may pick up if the good weather continues, talk of a boom this year is nonsense."

In Torquay, Mr Jonathan Hassel, chairman of the association's South-west division, said the weather had brought extra visitors to Devon and Cornwall but not in great numbers. "The upturn has given us a degree of gentle confidence that the situation will be better than it appeared earlier in the summer."

One bright spot has been the return of large numbers of big-spending United States holidaymakers to popular tourist areas.

Mr Osmond Edwards, director of the Feathers Hotel at Ludlow, Shropshire, a popular area with visitors from the United States because of the region's Shakespearean connexions, said: "Americans have been tending to give Britain a miss in recent times, but thankfully they are now returning in large numbers, largely because of the favourable exchange rates."

But other areas, notably Wales and the South Coast, which were popular with French tourists, have seen their Gallic trade virtually wiped out by the Government's foreign exchange controls.

The disappointing business has led to the extension into the summer months of bargain break holidays, which were once only available during the winter.

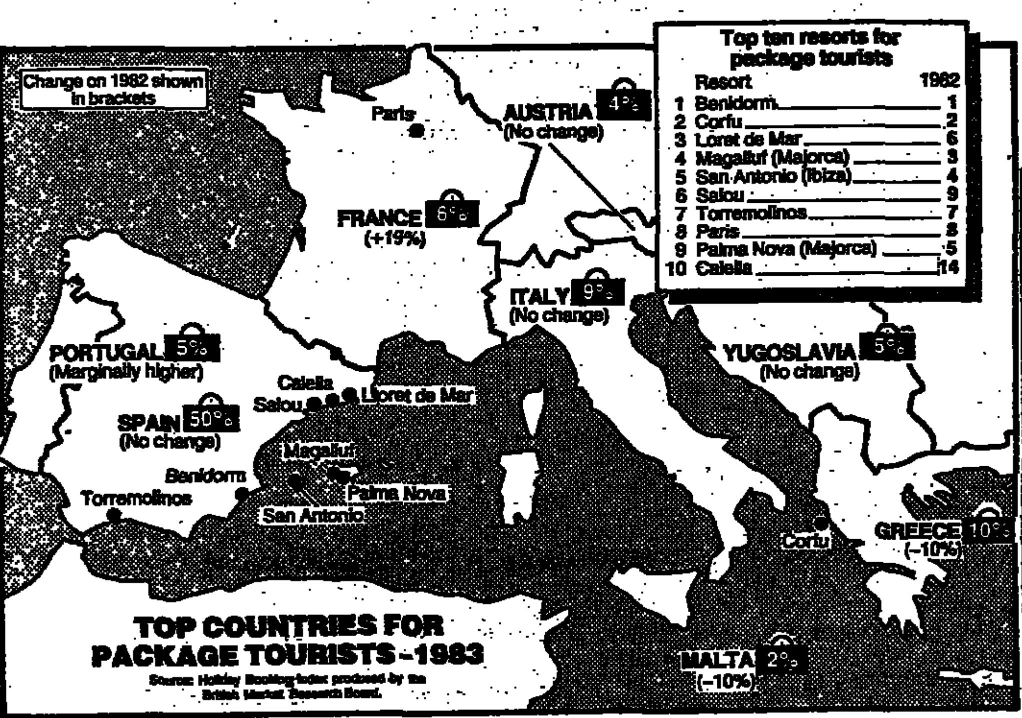
Superbreak Mini Holidays, which used to be part of British Rail before it was privatized in a management buy-out, has reported a "tremendous surge".

Mr Christopher Dunn, the company's joint managing director, added, however: "Let no one be under the illusion that there will be no space available in the next few weeks, even in cities such as London, where the demand is certainly high."

One factor behind the continuing popularity of the Mediterranean package holiday market is undoubtedly the relative strength of sterling against most of the region's currencies.

The most obvious example of the way that holidaymakers head for countries with weak currencies has been in Portugal. The country had feared a poor summer after a spate of bad publicity about faulty gas heaters in the Algarve. Since devaluing by 18 per cent earlier this year, a move which, according to Thomas Cook, the travel organization, makes it the cheapest holiday destination in Europe, the country has experienced a continued surge in British bookings.

● Admissions to historic buildings and monuments in England fell by 1 per cent from 1981 to 1982, the English Tourist Board said yesterday. Visits to gardens rose by 9 per cent, with Kew Gardens benefiting from the publicity of the Queen's reopening of the Temperate House, attracting an extra 180,000 visitors.



Top ten resorts for package tourists

	Resort	1982
1	Benidorm	1
2	Corfu	2
3	Loret de Mar	6
4	Magaluf (Majorca)	3
5	San Antonio (Ibiza)	4
6	Salou	9
7	Torremolinos	7
8	Paris	8
9	Palma Nova (Majorca)	5
10	Calella	14

Woman is top in battle training

By Rodney Cowton
Defence Correspondent

A woman has come top of a course training young army officers in battlefield skills such as laying minefields, erecting bridges across rivers and demolition work.

After taking some leave she will be posted to Waterbeach in Cambridgeshire to become the second woman to command a troop of 35 to 40 men of the Corps of Royal Engineers. Later this year the squadron of which her troop is part will go to the Falkland Islands and she assumes she will go with them.

She is Lieutenant Jan Harper, aged 25, from Northampton. The course she has completed lasts seven months and is for young officers at the Royal School of Military Engineering at Chattenden Barracks, near Rochester, Kent.

She was the only woman among 21 officers on the course which provides training in the technical and command skills needed to lead a troop of Royal Engineers.

Men come to the course after about seven months at Sandhurst; Lieutenant Harper had only nine weeks' basic training with the Women's Royal Army Corps (WRAC) at Camberley, Surrey, and a short posting in West Germany. She nevertheless had considerable military experience, having been a member of the Officer Training Corps while at Leeds University and a member of the Territorial Army. She had technical knowledge being the only member of the course who was a graduate civil engineer.

She is a considerable athlete, having represented the WRAC at tennis and hockey, and played hockey alongside men in her regimental team.

She says she had wanted to join the Army when she graduated in 1979 but at that stage the Royal Engineers were not taking women. She worked as a construction engineer at Birmingham Airport until she learnt that the Royal Engineers were accepting women.

Technically she was commissioned in the WRAC but she was accepted on the basis that she would be employed permanently with the Royal Engineers.

Although the Royal Engineers employ other WRAC officers, for example as assistant adjutants, Lieutenant Harper is only the second to be recruited on the basis of permanent employment with the Sappers, the first being Lieutenant Penny Denton who now commands a troop in West Germany.

The Royal Engineers are part of the fighting "teeth" of the Army and are apt to be found in the front-line, so the use of women in command positions is being treated with caution.

The squadron which Lieutenant Harper is joining has the role of supporting the Royal Air Force in repairing airfield damage.



Lieutenant Jan Harper tackling the assault course (Photograph: Suresh Karadia)

Plea to tourists in hunt for killer of Caroline Hogg

From Our Correspondent, Glasgow

Police hunting the killer of Caroline Hogg, aged five, say that tourists sitting on the Promenade at Portobello, Edinburgh, the night she disappeared may have crucial information.

The Assistant Chief Constable of Northumbria, Mr Hector Clark, who is leading the hunt, appealed to everyone who was on the Promenade between 7 pm and 7.15 pm on July 8 to come forward. An estimated 2,000 people were sitting on benches or strolling about, but only a third of them have made statements.

Mr Clark, who said that he now had information that the girl was playing alone in a swing park near her home, asked even those who felt they had no information to come forward.

"About 12 benches are situated in front of the swing park and all of those were occupied. We want to speak to everyone there, whether they saw anything or not."

The swing park is near the funfair, Fun City, where the child was last seen with an unshaven man. Detectives now believe that she may have been held for several days before her body was dumped near Twycross in Leicestershire.

In the light of that new evidence, wives, mothers and girl friends have been asked to consider any "lost days" involving their men between July 9 and 11.

Today, two Lothian and Borders officers, Det Chief Inspector John Henry and an officer fluent in German, will fly to Dusseldorf, West Germany, to interview Herr Fritz Witte, a schoolteacher, who was in Portobello the night the child was abducted.

Detectives believe that Herr Witte, who was traced last week, is a possible witness.

Tomorrow, Mr Clark will visit the spots where Caroline and Susan Maxwell, aged eleven, were discovered. Susan, who was abducted and murdered last year, was found near Uttoxeter, Staffordshire. The same man is suspected of both killings.

Sheep-killing Beast of Exmoor still at large

By Craig Seton

The Beast of Exmoor is alive and still killing. Reports that Royal Marines marksmen had fatally wounded the large dog that has slaughtered more than 100 sheep in North Devon and Somerset this year were thought by police to be wishful thinking.

The dog has killed sheep on Exmoor in the past week.

Supt Doug McClary said yesterday: "We still feel we are looking for the same animal, but the operation has been scaled down, because we feel we will have a better chance of identifying it or killing it in the autumn or winter when the foliage is less dense."

The beast attacks a single sheep, brings it down swiftly and silently, crushes its skull in its jaws and eats large amounts of its flesh.

● A cat-like creature, described by the police as a lioness or a puma, is believed to have killed farm animals in the Scottish border hills near Earlsdon. Armed policemen with farmers and gamekeepers searched the area yesterday.

David Niven killed by muscle wasting disease

By Our Medical Correspondent

David Niven died of amytrophic lateral sclerosis, one of the motor neurone diseases, a group of disorders where progressive muscle wasting follows degeneration in certain tracts in the brain and spinal cord.

As the disease progresses, distinction between one member of the group and another becomes merely academic, but in the actor's case the muscles involved in chewing, swallowing and talking were affected early and severely so that the disease might be further classified as a duchenne paralysis or progressive bulbar palsy.

Mr Niven was rather older than most patients are when the disease usually starts. It usually strikes at about the age of 50, men being more often affected than women.

As the muscles begin to shrink weakness follows. The patient notices that he is having to drag his legs, his movements are stiff and he is losing the fine movement in the hands and arms; later all the muscles waste so that, as in Mr Niven's case, he was so weak that he had to give up swimming.

When the muscle wastes away, it fasciculates; these are involuntary movements like the twitching of a horse's flanks and can be distressing to sensitive people.

The disease is invariably fatal. When it attacks the spine only, some patients may live for 15 to 20 years, but usually there is cortico-spinal involvement too and death normally occurs in under five years.

BR 'No' on first-class day return

By Our Transport Editor

British Rail is refusing to bring back the first-class day-return fare, despite evidence that passengers are deserting in droves.

The fare was dropped in May in the hope that the 700.000 passengers a year buying them would be forced to switch to ordinary first-class tickets, providing an extra £3m to £4m in revenue. Instead, many passengers have either moved down to second class, or simply gone by car.

The rail user watchdog body, the Central Transport Consultative Committee, said at the weekend: "We have had a very strong reaction from the public over this. In some cases the fare has nearly doubled, and people are just refusing to pay.

Apparently, the move arose in Southern Region which handled over half the total first-class day returns. As about 85 per cent were classed as business travellers it was thought they would pay the full fare if they had to; but British Rail felt it could not abolish the ticket in one region only, so on May 22 it disappeared from the system. Since then the Western and Scottish regions, concerned about the loss of passengers, have reintroduced forms of first-class day returns.

Actor plans comeback

Mr Peter Adamson said yesterday that he expected to return to his role as Len Fairclough in Coronation Street in September or October.

Mr Adamson, aged 53, made the prediction at a homes exhibition in Nottingham, his first public appearance since being cleared of indecently assaulting two girls.

After an enthusiastic reception from crowds as he signed autographs, he said: "I am back on the pay roll now and I think they expect me to earn my bread and butter."

Granada Television said yesterday it had some contractual matters to discuss with Mr Adamson.

In yesterday's *News of the World*, Mr Adamson said he had at first wanted to plead guilty to the charges of indecent assault, to spare the alleged victims the ordeal of giving evidence.

Microlights upset Whittle jet villages

From Arthur Osman, Lutterworth

More than 40 years ago, villagers in south Leicestershire became the first in the world to hear the shattering noise of Sir Frank Whittle's secret jet engine. He and his team were based at Lutterworth, perfecting its performance.

According to a report in *The Times* in January, 1944, when news of the jet-propelled aircraft was released from "a Midland town", it was said, with some *understatement*, that there had been complaints about noise from local people.

Today, without wartime restrictions, a new generation of villagers is raising an enormous roar about a midget offspring of the air, the microlight aircraft. These have been described by critics as having the irritant value of a "flying lawnmower."

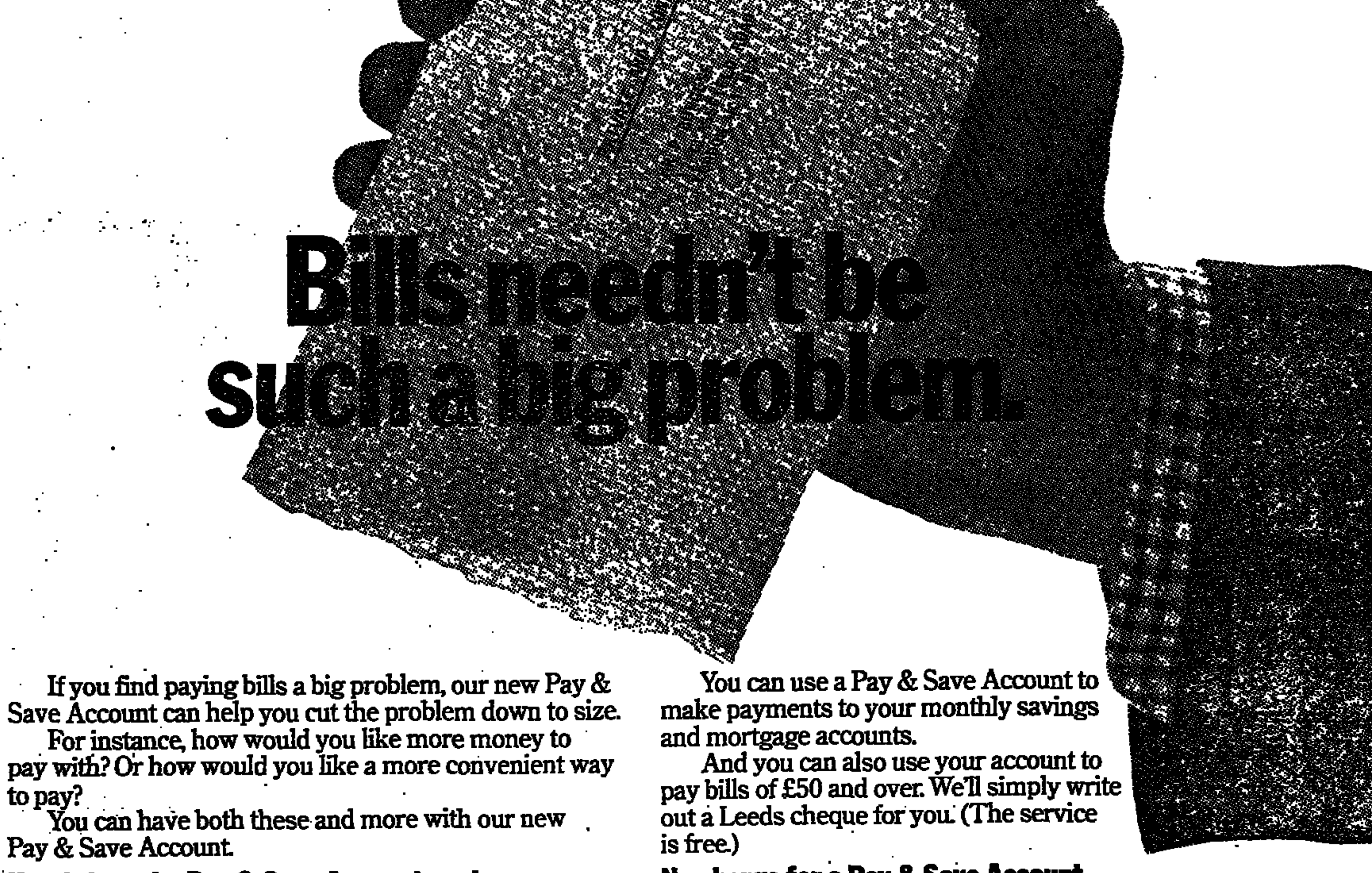
On August 16, Harborough district council's planning committee will rule on an application by Leicestershire Microlight Aircraft Club, which has 70 members and 20 aircraft, each of which weighs about 330lb and travels at 35 to 40mph. The club wants to centralize flying in the county, and wants to turn a field at Frolesworth into an airstrip.

It was claimed by the club at the weekend that the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) welcomed such centralization so that effective checks could be made, and to help to avoid any possible conflict with civil or military aircraft. Villages for several miles around have joined the south Leicestershire action group based at Frolesworth in vigorously opposing the plan.

They say the airstrip adjoins a nature walk on the Fosse Way and list 13 points of objection. These include intrusive noise, poor safety records in the sport, the closeness of homes to the flying area, and the risk of mid-air collision.

Mr Richard Burns, a barrister and secretary of the group, said: "For every person who takes part in this noisy, anti-social sport, there are thousands who live here or come here from the towns to enjoy the peace and quiet of the countryside."

Mr John Wincott, chairman of the Leicestershire club, accused the action group of scare-mongering in its use of emotive phrases which had no factual basis. In its application, the club had designated "no go" areas to exclude flying under 2,000ft.



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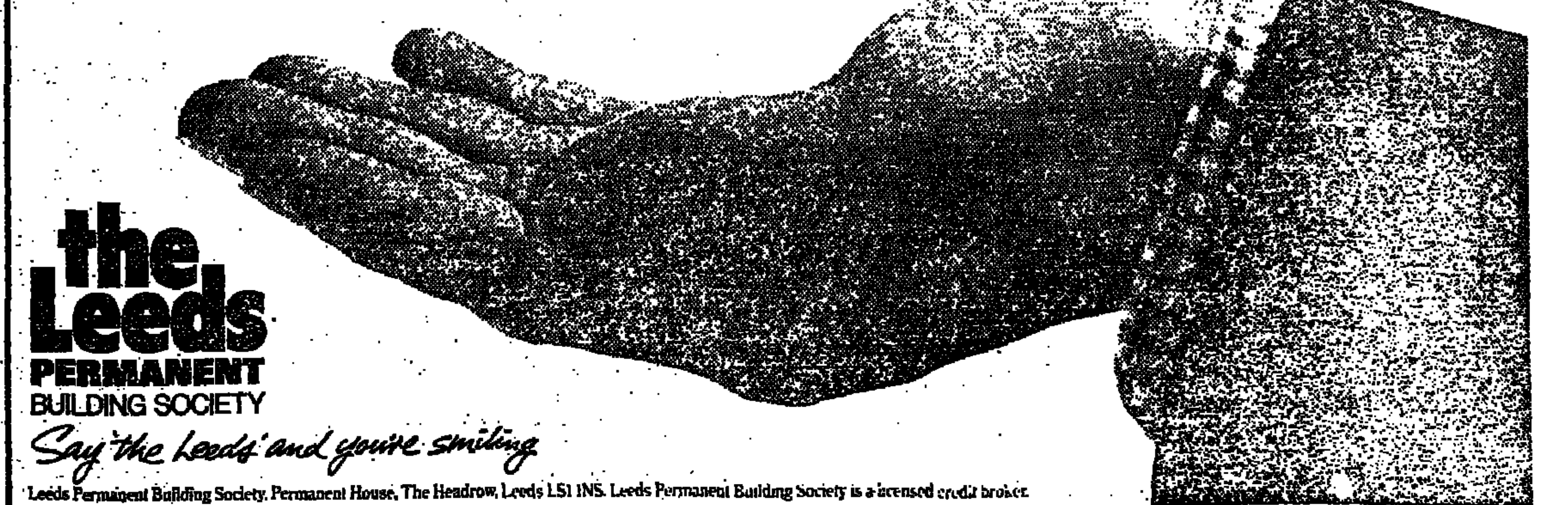
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Brittan supports watch scheme extension to help fight crime

By Peter Evans, Home Affairs Correspondent

Mr Leon Brittan, Home Secretary, has pledged support for an extension of neighbourhood watch schemes by police as part of an important development in penal policy.

"I think they have a lot to offer", he told *The Times*. Mr Brittan sees the schemes as part of a series of Home Office moves aimed at involving the public more in combating crime.

The watch schemes are being introduced by several police forces after their success in America. People are organized to work closely with police in alerting them to suspicious behaviour that could result in crime.

There has been so much interest in the schemes that Sir Kenneth Newman, the Metropolitan Police Commissioner, has given the go-ahead to introduce them throughout the force from September 1. Pilot schemes are to begin at the same time.

Mr Brittan told *The Times* he also wants to introduce "as far and as fast as we can" consultative committees between police and public on the lines of the one already in action in Brixton which has a crime prevention and race relations role. They will have statutory backing in the Police and Criminal Evidence Bill, but he is anxious to see committees established before it comes into force.

Though Mr Brittan does not see the new strategy as an alternative to present ways of tackling crime but as an supplement to them, many in the penal system think that, by concentrating on efforts to catch and reform the offender after the crime has been committed, it has largely failed.

Taking inflation into account, there has been a threefold increase in spending on law and order in the past 20 years. The number of police officers has risen from 78,000 in 1962 to about 121,000. Numbers of prison officers have increased from around 6,300 to about 17,000 and probation officers from fewer than 2,000 to about 5,700 (the figure is nearer 10,000 if paid assistants are included).

Yet recorded crime has risen by 200 per cent in relation to population size in the past 20 years and the prison population has risen by about 50 per cent in the same period.

More effort is now being given to the prevention of crime or new ways of dealing with offenders that do not clog the system.

Mr Brittan told *The Times* he welcomed the growing interest of the probation service in victims, including reparation to them by offenders and conciliation between the offender and his victims.

Mr Martin Wright, former director of the Howard League for Penal Reform, is doing a feasibility study for a reparation scheme in Coventry – one of several experiments springing up in different parts of the country.

West Midlands probation chiefs say it makes sense for the offender to reinstate to the victim what has been taken. In Coventry, employers are being sought to employ offenders on menial tasks so that they can save enough money to make reparation to the victim.

Mr Wright is going to America in October to look at mediation schemes under which victims and offenders are reconciled.



Rail replay 86 years on

Sarah Jones, aged six, with a replica of the GWR locomotive No. 3041 at the Madame Tussaud's Royalty and Railways Exhibition at Windsor and Eton Central Station which reenacts in original surroundings the arrival at the station of Queen Victoria's guests to celebrate her diamond jubilee in 1897. Yesterday the exhibition played host to Southall Railway Centre GWR Preservation Group. (Photograph: Ros Drinkwater).

Evren takes strong line towards Armenia

From Rasit Gurdilek
Ankara

"Turkey will not yield an inch of territory to any country or people", President Kenan Evren said yesterday, reacting to the Armenian terrorist attacks which have claimed the lives of four Turks, six foreigners and five terrorists within a fortnight.

"This land on which we live has been Turkish for a thousand years and will remain so", he said in an address at the central Anatolian town of Nigde.

In a reference to the ten-year-old campaign of attacks by Armenian underground organizations against Turkish diplomats, missions and offices abroad, in which 37 Turks have been killed, President Evren noted that "we did not start this current war, just as it was not us who had started the war with the Armenians in 1915. But they will again see their designs frustrated at the end of this war, as was the case then."

He called on those "who brainwash poor Armenian youths with distorted facts and arm them" to abandon their futile hopes; and he called on Armenian youths to see the realities and stop being taken in by the theories of their mentors.

Finally he called on those countries that had tolerated the terrorist acts to start "an effective struggle against terrorism which threatens to become a scourge for the whole world".

He accused the surviving members of suppressed Turkish extremist organizations of having entered a treacherous alliance with the Armenian terrorists.

● **Party banned:** The exclusion of Turkey's Social Democracy Party from the general election due on November 6 was almost assured at the weekend as the ruling National Security Council vetoed eight more founders who were nominated to replace 21 others banned last June from leading the party.

Among those banned was Mr Erdal Inonu, the party's former chairman. The council had then vetoed 13 other founders, and the party has been unable to meet the legal requirement of at least 30 approved founders under a deadline now set at August 25.

●**PARIS:** Mr Varadjan Garbidjan, an Armenian aged 29, has retracted his confession that he planted the bomb that killed seven people and wounded 57 at Orly airport in Paris two weeks ago, his lawyer said yesterday (Reuter reports).

Mr. Henri Leclerc said that Mr Garbidjan had confessed on July 19, four days after the blast, solely to protect the Armenian community and help to obtain the release of 51 suspected Armenian activists rounded up after the attack.

Racketeers lead Australia into a US-style underworld

In the first of two articles on crime in Australia, TONY DUBOUDIN, Melbourne Correspondent, reports the latest findings on organized racketeering.

CRIME DOWN UNDER
Part 1

Two reports within 10 days indicating that crime in Australia has gained the upper hand and that the country is heading towards an American-style underworld have shocked many people.

The first report, by Mr Douglas Meagher, QC, senior counsel assisting the Royal Commission on the Ships Painters and Dockers Union and released in Perth in May, has started a nationwide debate on the merits of establishing a national crimes commission on American lines. Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister, has already indicated that such a commission would be appointed by next year.

Mr Meagher's report said explicitly that crime was out of control in Australia.

A subsequent report by Mr Xavier Connor, QC, to the Victoria State Government on the advisability of setting up a casino in the state reinforced the Meagher report's conclusions.

It said that there was "a great deal of organized crime in Victoria. *Much of it has interstate and overseas links*".

Mr Connor recommended against establishing a casino and the state Government has accepted his recommendation.

Illegal betting industry in Victoria was worth up to $A1,000m (£586m) and suggested that illegal bookmakers bribed senior Telecom officials to gain quick access to telephones after police raids and at other times.

He also said that the Totalizator Agency Board (TAB), the state government body which runs legal off-course betting, was used by criminals to launder "hot" money. This was done by opening an account for betting with the TAB and depositing money in it, leaving it there for several months after which records of how the money was gained were destroyed and then destroying the money. It was impossible to tell if the money had been won on races.

The Royal Commission on the Ships Painters and Dockers Union was set up by the federal and state Governments in 1980 and has already cost the Australian taxpayer $A3m (£1.75m). Last year it exposed Australia's huge tax avoidance and tax evasion industries and the connexion between these and certain parts of the painters and dockers union. It has been estimated that tax rackets were costing the federal Government hundreds of thousands, probably millions, of dollars in lost revenue.

The commission has been given wide powers including the right to vet tax records of individuals and companies. Some of its findings have been kept secret, while further investigations and criminal prosecutions are made.

It is these wide powers and the possibility that a national crime commission would be given even wider-ranging power which has caused concern over civil liberties.

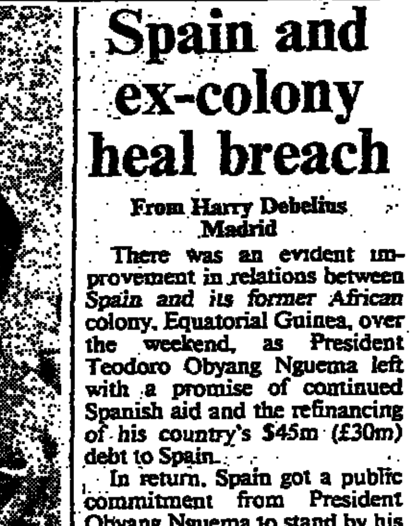
In his report Mr Meagher says that investigations with the royal commission can now identify many of the organizations controlling crime in Australia. At least three of the crime syndicates measure their cash flow in tens of millions of dollars.

The bigger organizations are involved in many types of crime ranging from starting price (SP) bookmaking and pornography to prostitution and drugs.

The report says that close relations have been found to exist between some Australian criminals and the families of some people "high in the Filipino Government". It also says that Hongkong has become the financial centre for a "very large" number of Australian criminal organizations.

Mr Meagher sounded an alarm with regard to the law enforcement agencies where he said that although corruption had not reached epidemic proportions, organized crime had achieved some success. The syndicates took every opportunity to promote corruption and it was only a matter of time before attempts were made to corrupt senior judges.

Tomorrow: The vice industry



Warm welcome: Mr Narasimha Rao (left), India's Foreign Minister, embracing Sahabzada Yaqub Khan, his Pakistani counterpart, on his arrival in Delhi for regional cooperation talks.

Spain and ex-colony heal breach

From Harry Debelius
Madrid

There was an evident improvement in relations between *Spain and its former African* colony, Equatorial Guinea, over the weekend, as President Teodoro Obyang Nguema left with a promise of continued Spanish aid and the refinancing of his country's $45m (£30m) debt to Spain.

In return, Spain got a public commitment from President Obyang Nguema to stand by his agreement to spare the life of Sergeant Venancio Mico, the Equatorial Guinean soldier who sought asylum in the Spanish embassy in Malabo after an unsuccessful coup attempt last May. Sergeant Mico was handed over to the dictator in exchange for a promise that he would not be executed even if sentenced to death.

Both heads of government seemed cheerful and optimistic when they took part in an airport news conference here on Saturday, before the President boarded his aircraft to return home.

The President, who came to power by overthrowing the previous dictator, insisted that he would keep his word regarding the sergeant, but he claimed it would not be easy to do so because the people of Equatorial Guinea wanted to see the convicted plotter shot.



President Nguema: Promised to spare sergeant's life

President Obyang Nguema conferred with Señor Fernando Morán, the Spanish Foreign Minister, and Señor Felipe González, the Prime Minister, on Friday. On Saturday, King Juan Carlos flew to Madrid from his holiday home in Majorca especially to receive the African leader.

The President apparently acceded to the Spanish Government's condition that further aid will be dependent upon control by a Spanish coordinator based in Equatorial Guinea, in order to cut down on widespread misuse of funds and corruption

Falklands aid defended by Prince

By a Staff Reporter

The Prince of Wales has defended the South Atlantic Fund against criticism that there have been unnecessary delays in paying money to the dependants of Falklands victims.

Prince Charles, the fund's patron, said at the weekend: "Some people may have wondered why it has seemed to take so long for grants to be paid out.

"The reason has been that, owing to a wish for a reflective interval on the part of the families, it was decided on a combination of an interim grant to help meet immediate financial needs, followed by a carefully assessed further grant."

The second grant, the Prince said, guaranteed money was distributed fairly and compassionately "to ensure the bereaved are adequately provided for". The Prince was receiving the freedom of Merthyr-Tydfil, Mid-Glamorgan, on behalf of the Welsh guards, of which he is colonel.

The fund had received £15m, and 700 grants totalling more than £10m had been paid out. Further grants would be made before the fund was wound up.

The Prince said the remaining money would be shared by charities covering the Services, to support Falklands casualties who had yet to emerge.

Helicopter design 'adds to hazards'

By Pearce Wright, Science Editor

The reasons helicopter pilots become disoriented and fatigued are described in the latest issue of the *British Medical Journal* by two experts in aviation medicine.

Dr Richard Harding and Dr John Mills, both squadron leaders at the RAF Institute of Aviation Medicine, Farnborough, in Hampshire, recommend improvements in the design of helicopters to prevent crashes.

They describe helicopters as the workhorses of aviation but inherently more difficult to learn to control than fixed-wing aircraft. Flying a helicopter can be uncomfortable and tiring because of the physical position the *pilot* needs to *adopt* to operate the controls, and because of vibration.

Experiences of being disoriented have been reported in a special investigation by 96 per *cent of Royal Navy pilots and* 91 per cent of United States pilots.

The circumstances most frequently mentioned were when pilots were moving their *heads* in a bank or turn, when they made the transition from instrument flying to visual flying, and in misinterpretation of the *horizon* because of a sloping cloud bank.

A *pilot in a "hover" experi*ences a mixture of sensation, which may be more difficult to interpret than the stimuli experienced in fixed-wing aircraft.

A study for the Royal Navy showed the type of operations when pilots became disoriented frequently occur in low hover. They were: over water by night, 29 per cent; by day 16 per cent; under instrument flight rules in dust, snow, rain or over water, 12 per cent.

When hovering over water or long grass a pilot may experience a false sensation of moving forward as the rotor downwash creats a rearward moving pattern. Similarly, a false sensation of moving upward may be generated by the downward movement of snow, rain, or entrained water throught the rotor disc.

Other difficulties include annoyance, confusion, and occasionally epileptic-like episodes caused by flicker from the rotor blades or from lights seen through the rotor disc.

The distance at which overhead wires are detected depends on their size, the background against which they are located, and the general visual conditions in the atmosphere. Wirestrikes are a big cause of military and agricultural accidents, and active research is being done into providing warning systems to help to sharpen vision.

An investigation of US civilian accidents over 12 years showed that 10 per cent of 280 deaths were caused by fire after impact.

'Unwanted' cauliflowers destroyed

By Hugh Clayton
Environment Correspondent

Agents appointed under EEC farm policy tried to give away more than 8,000 tonnes of cauliflowers last year. But they got rid of only three tonnes for human consumption and 56 tonnes for animal feed.

the rest was ploughrd into the ground after their growers had been paid a few pence for each vegetable the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and food has said. Meanwhile, cauliflowers were being sold in shops for more than 30p.

This attempt by the EEC to balance its agricultural books has emerged from Britain's *latest official califlower stat*istics. About 280,000 tonnes were grown and sold in Britain last year and about 50,000 tonnes were imported from elsewhere in the Community to *meet seasonal shortages*.

The figures record that 8,200 tonnes were "withdrawn" under EEC rules. Some foods like butter and grain are bought by official agencies and stored *when prices start to fall*. Others, like cauliflowers, are withdrawn through purchases at low prices by farm cooperatives

They try to give the produce away to "approved institutions" like schools, hospitals and prisons, which if they accept, must then sign an agreement not to buy less than their normal supplies of cauliflowers through usual channels.

Durban fetes soldier of fortune

From Ray Kennedy, Durban

As she passes through the lobby of the Royal Hotel, the Lady Mayor of Durban bestows benediction. Jerry Puren, mercenary, casually acknowledges her greeting. Durban is a small town, he says, and everybody knows everybody else.

A few minutes later as he crosses the street outside somebody calls out: "Welcome back". Mr Puren, until just over a week ago a prisoner of President Albert René of the Seychelles and ostensibly under sentence of death, smiles like a compaigning politician – he has, in fact, stood for office as a *provincial councillor but is now* suspended from the United Party. "Thank you. Thank you very much."

He is a loquacious man, gaunt with a deep tan as befits anyone who has spent the last nine months lazing on a tropical Indian Ocean island. He is clearly perfectly at ease back in the familiar surroundings of his home town busy with his garage and used car business and talking enthusiastically of setting up an import-export agency to trade with the Seychelles.

Mr Puren, aged 58, was one of six mercenaries caught after Colonel "Mad Mike" Hoare's *abortive coup attempt in the* Seychelles in November, 1981, and was involved in the planning of it from two years previously.

But he speaks now with some *bitterness of Hoare whom* he has known since they launched their respective mercenary careers in the Congo in the early 1960s. "They deserve everything that's come to them," he says of Hoare and five others still in South African prisons. "I've no sympathy with them."

The hijack of an Air India Boeing for which Hoare and the rest of the "Froth Blowers" were convicted in South Africa, was, Mr Puren suggests, a transgression of the mercenary rule book.

The entire episode, he maintains now, was "a shambles from beginning to end" and the men *hired to do it* "a load of drunken incompetents."

They were fighting among themselves at Ermelo in the Eastern Transvaal where they stopped overnight on the way to *their departure point in Swazi*land and were drinking throughout the flight to Port Victoria, says Mr Puren. At least 12 of the 47-strong group were too drunk to be effective when their arms were discovered and the fighting started.

It was at the nightstop at Ermelo, says Mr Puren, that the mercenaries were told they would be smuggling their weapons in with them instead of being issued with them in the Seychelles.

One man pulled out but, Mr Puren says, he decided to carry on because "you have a stigma if you pull out. You've got to go."

Mr Puren is enigmatic about the financing of the raid. "The thought came via Mike (Hoare) from Horeau (Gerard Horeau, former Seychelles Minister of Information under ousted President James Mancham) to destabilize the Seychelles," he says.

But he claims that it was only on the flight from Swaziland to Port Victoria that Hoare told him the financial backers in London – whom he will not name – were putting up "only $300,000" and not $6,500,000 *spoken of earlier*.

Each of the 47 "Froth Blowers" was paid $1,000 as a signing-on fee, and promised $10,000 "as soon as its over". With the cost of the flight, hotel reservations and transport, the coup was heading for a $600,000 bill.

"Mike said the balance would come from the treasury when we'd taken over the Seychelles. But the Treasury in a country like that is never very full and Mike knew it. He'd busted enough banks in the Congo."

Mr Puren surrendered 17 days after the main party of "*froth blowers*" *escaped on* board the hijacked Boeing to face trial for treason and imprisonment with the five other captives.

Now, he says, he is finished with the mercenary life.

Mr Puren: Coup attempt 'shambles'.

Special anti-kidnapping courses for detectives

By Stewart Tendler, Crime Reporter

A national programme of training to handle kidnapping and extortion cases has been introduced for detectives.

Men from the nine regional crime swuads in England and Wales have been given courses in specialist surveillance and investigation techniques developed originally by Scotland Yard.

The courses were started last year by Mr John Cass, the national coordinator of the squads, as the number of kidnappings increased.

In 1980, when kidnappings were first nboted as a separate offence in criminal statistics, there were 73 cases. Last year there were 102. In many cases the kidnapping was often domestic involving, for example, children of separated parents and did not involve large demands for money.

But there have been several serious abductions and cases where hostages have been held for ransom.

Scotland Yard has developed a CID programme to ghandle these incidents, laying down *guidelines and practices* for operations which often require a minimum of 80 to 100 officers. Training in surveillance has been drawn up by the Yard's C-11 branch which specializes in criminal intelligence work.

Details of the training for the regional crime squads are confidential.

Health care premiums 'forced up by workers'

By Bill Johnstone

Premiums for private health care would rise substantially if trade unions abandoned their opposition to such insurance schemes, according to a survey in the magazine *Personnel Management* published today.

When companies have extended insurance schemes to manual workers, premiums have risen Mr Geoffrey White, *of Income Data Services*, an industrial relations research organization says.

Manual workers suffer poorer health than those on higher incomes, and the novelty of private medicine leads to a spate of claims, the survey found.

The magazine says: "Although union opposition has been found when employers tried to introduce private medical insurace, a much stronger disincentive in recent months has been the escalation of the costs. Premiums have rocketed, in some cases up to 100 per cent more, and employers who may have been considering spreading a company-paid scheme to lower grade *employees have been put* off. Indeed, the very spread of such schemes to lower grades has in turn helped to increase premiums".

About 1.3 million people are covered by company schemes. The article says: "Even voluntary schemes have experienced some loss of members as premiums escalate.

Computer link to the art market sales

By Geraldine Norman, Sale Room Correspondent

The art market is now available on computer. A new service called Artquest is launched this month which anyone with a telephone in the home or office can use. The first subscriber to the service has proved to be the National Gallery in London.

A computer bureau in the City of London has information stored on all the paintings, drawings and watercolours sold at auction since 1970 which have exceeded a certain minimum price. If you have a computer terminal capable of connexion to a telephone, you can ring up and make any inquiry you like.

Which Renoir paintings were sold last year? What was the spread of prices for Renoir during the last decade?

You can ask most obvious questions about prices for individual artists. Subject matter is more difficult, but every word in the title of a painting can be picked up by the computer.

You have to be a little ingenious. For instance, you cannot ask how many pictures of "naked girls" by Renoir are on file as most of the titles are stored in French. Nor does it respond to "nue". But *if you* ask for *baigneuse*", it falls over itself to tell you.

The service has been prepared by Mr Richard Hislop, who launched his *Art Sales Index* back in 1970. He has published a volume on picture prices at auction every year since then. He also offers a monthly update service and an investment newsletter, which analyses the material that he painstakingly collects from auction rooms world wide.

In the past his annual volume has proved his bestseller, an irreplaceable tool to dealers, auctioneers, collectors and museums.

With this new computer service he could find himself tapping new clients, notably City institutions. If you already have a computer terminal in your office, paying an annual subscription for access to the Artquest data bank is cheap enough at £275 a year.

Insurance companies would be able to provide updating of insurance valuations in line with the average movement of an artist's prices. Investment companies would be able to suggest that a client looked at Boudin beach scenes (key word *plage*) as well as more conventional investments. Banks could check how dangerous it was to accept a Cezanne as securiy for a new loan.

Chinese pledge to keep up drive against Vietnam

From Neil Kelly
Bangkok

China's unbending attitude towards Vietnam over Cambodia has been reaffirmed by *Mr Wu Xueqian, the Foreign* Minister. He said here that China would continue to support the anti-Vietnamese restistance in Cambodian until Veitnam withdrew from that country.

He accused Vietnam of creating confusion with political tricks, one of which was the pretence that Vietnam's invasion was because of threats from China.

Vietnam, he said, would not easily give up its position in Cambodia

France takes both bridge titles

From Keith Stanley Wiesbaden

France took both the open and the women's titles in the European bridge championships at Wiesbaden, a feat previously achieved only by Italy and Britain.

In the open event the French were convincing winners and could afford a 0-20 defeat in the last round, their only substantial reverse in the entire championships.

Italy secured the important second place with a 20-minus 2 victory in the final round over Luxembourg and thus edged Norway into third place.

The women's title seemed to rest between The Netherlands and Britain. However, in the penultimate round Britain lost 4-16 to lowly-placed Sweden and even more astonishingly The Netherlands, unbeaten at that point, lost 1-19 to Israel.

This opened the door to the French who in the final round, had a convincing 15-5 victory over The Netherlands to become worthy winners. The Netherlands took the silver medals wining a split tie with Britain, who took the bronze.

Results: Open series. Round 21. Romania 16½, Portugal 3; Turkey 14, Austria 6; Italy 16, Lebanon 4; Luxembourg 6, Britain 14; France 20, Switzerland minus 1; Denmark 14, The Netherlands 6; Yougoslavia 4, Finland 16; Ireland 20, Belgium 0; Iceland 11, Norway 9; Poland 18, Sweden 5; Spain minus 4, Israel 20; Germany 18, Hungary 2. Round 22: Israel 12, Romania 8; Norway 18, Spain 5; Belgium 13, Poland 7; Finland 13, Iceland 7; Hungary 7, Ireland 13; The Netherlands 2, Yougoslavia 18; Britain 5, Denmark 15; Lebanon 5, France 17; Turkey 1, Luxembourg 19; Austria 15, Italy 5; Sweden 17, Portugal 2; Switzerland 5, Germany 14. Round 23: Romania 11, Sweden 9; Italy 20, Luxembourg minus 2; France 0, Austria 20; Denmark 16, Turkey 4; Yougoslavia 18, Britain 2, Ireland 20, Switzerland 0; Iceland 1, The Netherlands 19; Poland 8, Hungary 12; Spain 7, Finland 18; Portugal 17, Belgium 3; Israel 1, Norway 19; Germany 20, Lebanon 0.

Final placings: 1, France 361; 2, Italy 309; 3, Norway 293½; 4, The Netherlands 278½; 5, Austria 276; 6, Germany 275; 7, Sweden 254½; 11, Belgium 245½; 12, Ireland 237; 13, Britain 232; 14, Israel 219; 15, Rumania 209½; 16, Iceland 208½; 17. [illegible]

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هكذا من الأصل

Israel ready to pull out of Chouf area under eyes of US military

From Robert Fisk, Beirut

Israeli troops are expected to begin their withdrawal from the Chouf mountains above Beirut this week, closely monitored by American diplomats and senior United States military officers.

Mr Robert McFarlane, President Reagan's mew Middle East envoy, is likely to stay in Beirut during the first stages of the withdrawal.

General John Vesey, chairman of the United States Joint Chiefs of Staff, arrived in Lebanon on Saturday and spent much of his time discussing the deployment of the Lebanese Army – supported by troops of the multinational force – in the Chouf after the Israeli withdrawal.

Mr Fadi Frem, commander of the Phalange Militia, said in an interview at the weekend that he was prepared to "end military appearances" in the mountains, where his militia has been fighting the Druze gunmen of Mr Walid Jumblatt's Progressive Socialist Party.

Speaking to the magazine, *Monday Morning*, Mr Frem implied that the Phalange would offer no resistance to Lebanese troops; but it is the Druze who have refused to disarm after an Israeli withdrawal. The Christian militia is relying on the Lebanese army to prevent any further Druze attacks northwards from the Chouf.

Mr Frem also insisted that the dispute with the Israeli army last week over the closure of a Phalangist barracks in southern Lebanon "will not alter the core of the relationship" between the two forces.

In southern Lebanon, Israel was implementing "a policy solely derived from its interests" which, he claimed, did not conflict with the interests of his militia. He still hoped one day to see a peace treaty between Lebanon and Israel.

Nevertheless, Mr Frem knows that the barracks which the Israelis want to close – Kfar Falous south of the Awali river – is a stategic point in the military supply line by which the Phalangists receive weapons and ammunition from Israel for their battles against the Druze further north in the Chouf.

They want to know – although Mr Frem diplomatically failed to mention this – why the Israelis have not placed similar restrictions on the Druze militia.

● WASHINGTON: President Reagan said in an interview broadcast on Saturday that he believes Israel's planned partial withdrawal from Lebanon will help the US persuade Syria to pull out its troops. (Reuter reports).

He told the McLaughlin Group television public affairs panel: "Yes, they (the Isralis) are still there. But they're starting to move. We, with other Arab allies, can lean on Syria and Say 'Come on now, what's your excuse?'."

Israel, planning a partial pullback to secure positions, agreed earlier this year to withdraw totally from Lebanon if Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organization pulled out.

● TUNIS: Mr Yassir Arafat, the PLO leader, appealed to Arab heads of state for urgent intervention to stop the killing of Palestinians (Reuter reports).

In a weekend appeal issued by the Palestinian agency, WAFA, and reported by the Tunisian agency, TAP, he denounced the killing of Palestinians by Israeli forces in occupied areas and "Syrian-Libyan attacks" against Palestinian guerrilla positions in north Lebanon and the Bekaa valley.

"What is happening now is only a prelude to a new massacre like that of Tel Zaatar," he added, referring to a siege in 1976 of a Palestinian refugee camp near Beirut.

● RIYADH: King Hussein of Jordan arrived yesterday at the Saudi royal family's summer residence at Taif for an official visit (AFP reports).

The Qatar news agency in Amman said the visit was part of a tour which would also take the king to Iraq and other Gulf capitals.

Anarchy the aim, page 10



Papal security: A nun having her bag checked at Castelgandolfo, the Pope's summer retreat.

Angola cracks down hard on security

Lisbon (Reuter) – Angola has introduced a tough new internal defence law to combat constant and widespread Unita guerrilla attacks, the Angop news agency said yesterday.

The law puts power and responsibility for security in badly affected parts of the country in the hands of military councils, appointed by President José Eduardo Dos Santos.

The law gives Mr Dos Santos, who was granted emergency powers last December, even greater control over the country, deciding which areas need the military councils and what their powers should be.

The Councils will be able to restrict movement, organize transport of supplies and requisition food or other essentials.

Angop quoted from the text of the law, which said the measures were necessary because imperialism refused to recognize its defeat in Angola.

"Every day it perpetrates acts of aggression, vandalism and banditry against the territory and civilian population, spreading death, destruction and suffering, while working for Pretoria's racist regime, mercenaries and other gangs of killers."

Last week 50 people were killed and 210 injured when a passenger train hit a land mine in eastern Angola. Unita has stepped up attacks in the south and centre of the country.

Almost every week it issues a communiqué claiming the capure of a town or the defeat and killing of government troops, largely along vital Benguela railway.

Mr Paulo Jorge, the Foreign Minister, said in an interview carried by Angop that the attacks did not mean Unita occupied the whole area, but went on missions under the protection of South Africa, which controlled part of Cunene province, in the south.

Reforms to Hongkong 'parliament' welcomed

From Richard Hughes Hongkong

Chinese and expatriate members of Hongkong's Legislative Council have applauded last week's radical changes and reforms in constitutional procedures.

After nine months of study, under Governor Sir Edward Youde's instructions, procedures will be streamlined and the Council's discussions will be more open to the public.

The constitutional changes coincide with the discussions between Peking and London on the future of Hongkong after 1997. They are likely to strengthen Hongkong's insistence on local autonomy and persistence with non-Marxist "hard life, trade, liberty and the pursuit of capitalism".

A senior member of the Council, Mr Roger Lobo, confirmed that nominated members had been consulted and had contributed to the changes in the constitution.

The Chinese and English-language press both front-paged the reforms.

● PEKING: Plans eventually to include Hongkong in a huge economic zone to extend over much of south China are aimed at strengthening economic links and co-operation between Guangdong province and Hongkong and Macão, and not at banning the capitalist system in the territory, according to a senior Chinese official (Reuter reports).

Israel lifts curfew on Arabs in Hebron

From Christopher Walker, Hebron

The curfew on the 70,000 Arab inhabitants of Hebron was lifted yesterday. However the Israeli army has maintained control of the central bus station, a large and commercially important area which has been claimed as Jewish property by Israeli settlers.

The strict curfew had been in effect since the shooting last Tuesday of three Palestinian students and the wounding of 33 others. Although the attack is generally believed to have been the work of settlers, no restrictions at all were imposed on the 4,500 Jews living in the Hebron area.

The Israeli government has come under increasing criticism for the reluctance of some of its officials to acknowledge that Jews may have carried out the attack and, for the lack of success in finding the culprits in recent anti-Arab violence.

Mr Yossi Sarid, a prominent Labour deputy, claimed that Shin Bet, the internal intelligence service - the equivalent of MI5 - had either "collapsed" or was being prevented by the government from investigating attacks on West Bank Arabs.

The continuing Israeli hold on Hebron's bus station – now transformed into a military camp – began after the murder of a Jewish religious student on July 7 at a spot some 300 yards from the confiscated zone. The High Court in Jerusalem has issued a temporary injunction preventing the Israelis from demolishing any buildings in the bus station.

UN agency takes over drought aid

From Alan McGregor Geneva

To speed up relief for drought victims in northern Ethiopia, the UN Disaster Relief Organization, has agreed to an American request that it assume operational responsibilities there.

The urgent request came from Mr Peter McPhearson, the US international aid adminstrator. Washington wanted a guarantee that funds were being monitored and were not in risk of being misused.

UN supervision is expected to be a decisive factor in President Reagan's decision on a request from 50 Congressmen for a special $5m (£3.25m) cash grant for Ethiopian drought relief.

Mr Hans Einhaus, the UN organization's director, believes that the announcement of a US contribution would encourage other governments to be more liberal. Since Mr Dawit Wolde Goirgis, the Ethiopian relief commissioner, expressed dismay at what he regarded as the poor response to an emergency appeal, several countries have come forward with donations.

Warning by Ustinov on Nato arms

From Richard Owen Moscow

Marshal Dmitry Ustinov, the Soviet Defence Minister, has warned the West that Russia feels "duty bound" to respond to "the growing nuclear threat" from Nato in Europe.

In a lengthy interview published yesterday in *Pravda* and in *Red star*, the armed forces newspaper, Marshal Ustinov denied that the Soviet Union's military might was greater than that of the United States.

The tone of the interview was conciliatory, and suggested that the Soviet Union was being forced into a reluctant response to the planned deployment of new American missiles by the end of the year.

Marshal Ustinov did not spell out the "counter-measures" Moscow had in mind, but said they would directly threaten America and Western Europe in the same way that the new Nato missiles would threaten Russia.

He poured scorn on the Reagan Administration's claim that Moscow had embarked on a policy of "super-armament", and said that Mr Reagan's predecessors had acknowledged the "rough equality of forces between east and west".

Soviet party celebrates 80 Communist years

From Our Own Correspondent, Moscow

The Soviet Communist Party celebrated its eightieth anniversary at the weekend, without dwelling on the fact that it was born in a Brussels warehouse and a meeting hall in Tottenham Court Road, London.

The Soviet press yesterday reported that nearly 1,000 party veterans had written to President Yuri Andropov to congratulate him on his leadership of the organization founded by Lenin in the hot summer of 1903.

Tass noted there were now just over 18 million party members, more than half of them workers or peasants. An increasing number were from technical or professional backgrounds, however, and women accounted for nearly 30 per cent of the membership, against 20 per cent in 1960.

The press did not point out that women occupy few senior positions, or that the party is still run by a small, tightly knit group of professionals in the Leninist tradition of central control.

The 1903 congress of the outlawed Russian Social Democratic Party, which began in Brussels and moved to London under police pressure, split into two factions over Lenin's demand that the party should be conspiratorial and dictatorially run to win power in Russia.

At a weekend Kremlin meeting marking the emergence of Lenin's Bolshevik ("majority") faction 80 years ago, a member of the present Central Committee said Lenin had rightly advocated the "dictatorship of the proletariat", unlike Western social democrats.

Mr Mikhail Zimyanin said Soviet Marxism offered an example for Third World nations to follow, and could be applied to the industrial West even though it had first taken hold in "backward Russia."

Mr Zimyanin said that under President Andropov the Communist Party had made "great strides in understanding the long-term tasks which face us".

Mr Andropov did not attend the meeting himself, but afterwards met some of the foreign Communist leaders who were present, including Mr Le Duan, the Vietnamese party leader.

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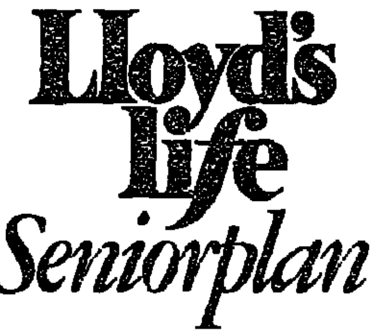
If you already have a British Railcard, your £12 voucher can be used towards your Railcard renewal. Full details for both of these types of Railcard will be sent to you with your policy.

The amount of cover each Plan provides is based on your present age and does not decrease as you grow older. For easy comparison, the amount of cover is issued in "units." One unit costs only £2.96 a month (net)...and two units doubles your cover for *less than twice the cost!* You make similar savings each month if you choose the higher benefits of Plan C, D, E, or F. This is a *permanent saving*—because, once you enrol, *your gross premium is guaranteed* never to increase and your benefit cannot decrease for any reason whatsoever.

Age last Birthday	PLAN A (1 unit) £3.48 mthly £2.96* net of tax relief	PLAN B (2 units) £6.21 mthly £5.28* net of tax relief	PLAN C (3 units) £8.94 mthly £7.60* net of tax relief	PLAN D (5 units) £14.40 mthly £12.24* net of tax relief	PLAN E (7 units) £19.86 mthly £16.88* net of tax relief	PLAN F (10 units) £28.05 mthly £23.84* net of tax relief
M F	GUARANTEED LIFETIME SUM ASSURED					
50	£858	£1,716	£2,574	£4,290	N/A**	N/A**
51	812	1,624	2,436	4,060	N/A	N/A
50 52	768	1,536	2,304	3,840	N/A	N/A
51 53	726	1,452	2,178	3,630	N/A	N/A
52 54	687	1,374	2,061	3,435	N/A	N/A
53 55	648	1,296	1,944	3,240	N/A	N/A
54 56	612	1,226	1,839	3,065	N/A	N/A
55 57	579	1,158	1,737	2,895	N/A	N/A
56 58	546	1,092	1,638	2,730	N/A	N/A
57 59	514	1,028	1,542	2,570	N/A	N/A
58 60	484	968	1,452	2,420	N/A	N/A
59 61	456	912	1,368	2,280	N/A	N/A
60 62	430	860	1,290	2,150	N/A	N/A
61 63	414	828	1,242	2,070	2,898	N/A
62 64	398	796	1,194	1,990	2,786	N/A
63 65	382	764	1,146	1,910	2,674	N/A
64 66	367	734	1,101	1,835	2,569	N/A
65 67	351	702	1,053	1,755	2,457	N/A
66 68	329	658	987	1,645	2,303	3,290
67 69	309	618	927	1,545	2,163	3,090
68 70	289	578	867	1,445	2,023	2,890
69 71	270	540	810	1,350	1,890	2,700
70 72	251	502	753	1,255	1,757	2,510
71 73	233	466	699	1,165	1,631	2,330
72 74	215	430	645	1,075	1,505	2,150
73 75	198	396	594	990	1,386	1,980
74 76	183	366	549	915	1,281	1,830
75 77	168	336	504	840	1,176	1,680
76 78	155	310	465	775	1,085	1,550
77 79	143	286	429	715	1,001	1,430
78 80	131	262	393	655	917	1,310
79	121	242	363	605	847	1,210
80	111	222	333	555	777	1,110

*The net premiums above show tax relief currently at 15%.

**This plan not available (N/A) to these age groups. No policyholder may have more than the maximum units indicated above in one or more Seniorplan policies (whenever issued). While Seniorplan is issued only up to age 80, your protection can continue for your entire lifetime.



Lloyd's Life Seniorplan Administrator, SAI House, 349 London Road, Camberley, Surrey GU15 3HQ.

Lloyd's Life Assurance Limited is the insurance company formed by Lloyd's of London, probably the best-known insurance institution in the world. Lloyd's Life pioneered Seniorplan after extensive research. Today we are proud to guarantee Seniorplan to all men and women between the ages of 50 and 80.

The information given in this advertisement is based on tax relief at 15% and on Lloyd's Life's understanding of present law and Inland Revenue practice.

*Because of the popularity of Seniorplan the enrolment period has been extended.

The Life Insurance APPLICATION that respects your privacy ICT5

YES, send me my Seniorplan policy for the plan indicated below. I have enclosed my £1 registration fee as payment in full for my first month's cover. If I am not completely satisfied with my policy, I will notify you within 10 days for a refund of my £1. Or I can continue my cover by sending my monthly Direct Debiting Mandate or annual payment and I will receive a voucher for a £12 British Railcard free. I understand that no medical exam is required, no health questions are asked, and no salesman will call.

BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE

1. Mr Mrs Miss ______ (First Names) (Surname)
Address ______
Town ______ County ______ Post Code ______
Date of Birth ___/___/___ Day Month Year Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

2. I prefer the cover of (please tick one) ☐ PLAN A (1 unit) ☐ PLAN B (2 units) ☐ PLAN C (3 units) ☐ PLAN D (5 units) ☐ PLAN E (7 units) ☐ PLAN F (10 units)

3. Signature X ______ Date ______

4. Complete this section only if your spouse wants this cover too.
Spouse's Name ______ (First Names) (Surname)
Date of Birth ______ Day Month Year Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female
Circle Plan required: PLAN A PLAN B PLAN C PLAN D PLAN E PLAN F
Spouse's Signature X ______ Date ______

5. Address your envelope and post it with £1 to: Seniorplan Administrator, FREEPOST, Camberley, Surrey GU15 3BR (No stamp needed)

Lloyd's Life Seniorplan

Reagan may take more flexible approach after gesture by Castro

From Christopher Thomas, Washington

The Reagan Administration, faced with a hostile House and growing doubts about the impact of United States-backed guerrillas in Nicaragua, is showing distinct signs of flexibility in its Central America policy.



President Reagan was expecially receptive to a conciliatory interview given in Havana by Mr *Fidel* Castro and broadcast by United States television networks. The Cuban Leader said he was willing to support an agreement by all countries in the area which barred armed shipments from one state to another and required the *withdrawal from Central* America of all foreign adviisers.

Mr Reagan greeted the highly visible – and uncharacteristic – gesture y giving Mr Castro "the benefit of the doubt in any negotiations and so forth." He felt there was a new openness to *negotiations on Cuba's part* and that resulted from the United States show of (military) strength in the region.

He added: "We will take the lead and we have said: 'Yes, we would like a negotiated settlement and a peace.' If he is really serious *about this, I think it's* fine".

The tone of the response does not, Administration officials insist, indicate a willingness by Mr Reagan to meet Mr Castro. He feels that the Organization of American States – long *denounced by Mr Castro* as a tool of the United States – is the best forum.

There is only lukewarm support, it seems, for the peace efforts of the Contadora Group made up of Mexico, Venezuela, Colombia and Panama. Even so, that avenue is being kept open: in two weeks Mr Reagan will meet its principal proponent, President de la Madrid of Mexico, who will leave the US in no doubt about the widespread fears of a United States-inspired conflagration in Central America.

The immediate direction of US stragegy is unclear and is further confused by different evaluations from within the Administration of the progress of United States-backed rebels in Nicaragua.

The most common opinion is that if the Sandinista regime is still in power in six months it will be so entrenched that only total war will dislodge it.

While some officials believe the Nicaraguan government is being seriously harassed, the more widespread belief is that it is more than capable for the foreseeable future of holding off the guerrillas, whose members are variously estimated at between 4,500 and 10,000.

That evaluation has led some commentators to believe that the Administration might accept the Sandinista regime as long as it was in the model of "nationl Communism", such as in Yugoslavia, and was not a base for Cuba or the Soviet Union.

Mr Reagan will soon face another Congressional obstacle to his Central America policy when the House considers the Intelligence Authorization Bill for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The Democratic majority on the House Intelligence Committee will recommend deleting all funds – believed to have totalled $90 million this year – for the Nicaraguan rebels.

According to legislative students neither the Senate nor the White House could overturn a refusal by the House to authorize the spending of puplic money. The only possible White House remedy would be to invoke its authority to spend some funds without Congressional approval in an emergency.

That, however, would raise intense political controversy about what constitutes an emergency. But in any case, such a recourse would *probably* not provide nearly enough money for the guerrillas, who are said to be poorly equipped and more willing than able to destabilize the Saudinista government.

● MANAGUA: Nicaragua reported an air attack near the port of Corinto at the weekend and said a US warship had approached its coast in an offensive and provocative attitude, Reuter reports.

The Foreign Ministry said an unidentified aircraft had fired three rockets which *had missed* their target and exploded in the sea.

The US frigate Clifton Sprague 992 had cruised to within 15 miles of the Nicaraguan coast two days before the air attack.

● *TEGUCIGALPA: The US* is to build a second radar station in Honduras as part of joint US – Honduran ground manoeuvres later this year, military sources said (Reuter reports). The station would be on Tiger Island.

Last February the US built a radar station near Tegucigalpa, which monitors air traffic and is reported to guide secret reconnaissance flights over Central America.

Contadora fail to ease tension

From Martha Honey, Panama City

Nine Latin American foreign ministers, meeting under the auspices of the "Contadora" Group, have made little progress towards reducing military tensions in Central America.

Although some ministers talked of substantial achievements, none was able to specify what they were. They conceded that time was running out for diplomacy.

Señor Juan Amado, Foreign Minister of Panama, told a press conference that the increased militarization in Central America was of grave concern. "We recognize that we must speed up our diplomatic activities".

Señor Rodrigo Lloredo, the Colombian Foreign Minister, stated that although President Reagan's dispatch of the United States naval flotilla to patrol off Nicaragua was not discussed, "we are all aware of this development".

The ministers from the four "Contadora" countries, – Panama, Mexico, Venezuela and Colombia – and five Central American states – Nicaragua, Honduras, El Salvador, Guatemala and Costa Rica – had before them three broadly similar peace proposals. None was adopted and they will apparently be further analyzed before the next meeting.

The communiqué stated that ministers had drawn up a list of issues to be analyzed by each country but Señor Amadao refused to give details.

The most interesting point was a paragraph stating that the ministers should attempt to bring the military in their respective countries into the search for peace. This appeared to be a veiled recognition of the fact that in the majority of the states it is the military that holds the real power.

At least two of the critical issues before the "Còntadora" group involve military matters. One is the removal of foreign military matters. One is the removal *of foreign military* forces from the region, a step which all nine countries verbally support.

Precisely how US advisers will be removed from Honduras and El Salvador and Cuban and Soviet military advisers from Nicaragua remains unresolved. According to Señor Lloredo, "*all Central American countries* agree that the external advisers will have to go eventually but most understand that this must be part of a general agreement." He added: "They all say it, but I don't know if they mean it completely."

There is also the problem of supervision and inspection of such a withdrawal. Señor Amado said that the "Contadora" group agreed there must be an international supervisory force.

Father Muguel D'Escoto, the Nicaraguan Foreign Minister, suggested that supervision could be carried out under the auspices of the United Nations Security Council, while other ministers feel it might be handled by an Organization of American States peace keeping force.

While Father d'Escoto at first declared himself optimistic, he appeared less hopeful as the meeting neared its end.

Curfew clampdown: Troops checking vehicles yesterday in Colombo. All traffic is stopped at every big intersection.

Colombo accused of seeking scapegoats

Colombo (Reuter) – The former Sri Lankan prime minister, Mrs Sirimavo Bandaranaike yesterday said the Government appeared to be trying to find scapegoats for the violence which has swept the island.

On Saturday it banned three left-wing parties and said there was a foreign-inspired plot to overthrow it.

Mrs Bandaranaike, whose Sri Lanka Freedom Party was in power from 1970 to 1977, said: "We don't know if they had a good reason for the ban. We are not being kept informed by the Government. But it looks as if they are trying to *find scapegoats*". The banning of parties could be counter-productive.

She said her own government had locked up members of one of the parties banned by President Junius Jayewardene. The party was the People's *Liberation Front which* was behind an armed insurgency against Mrs Bandaranaike's government in 1971.

"When he (Mr Jayewardene) took over, he let them out," the former prime minister said. She said she was not sure what her party's reaction would be to proposed legislation outlawing separatist parties and effectively banning the main opposition group in Parliament, the Tamil United Liberation Front, which wants a separate state for the island's 2.5 million Tamils.

Mrs Bandaranaike said her party would have to meet to decide its line once the curfew was relaxed. Analysts said her party appeared likely to abstain to avoid repercussions from the majority Sinhalese community.

● Food running out: Hotels on the island are reported to be running out of food. Holiday-*makers arriving in Britain* yesterday said staff at some hotels were too terrified to go out to try to replenish stocks. Many shops had closed and not reopened (the Press Association writes).

Mr Marcus Taverner, aged 25, a lawyer, *who flew* to Sri Lanka from the Maldives with his wife, Debbie, to catch a flight home to London, said: "The tension at the airport was something scary. There were a lot of armed soldiers and police. We had 18 hours to kill so we went to freshen up at a hotel in Negombo – a holiday resort nearby.

"We went to Brown's Hotel. The one next door had been burnt to the ground. We had to get permission to leave the airport because there was an all-day curfew. There were armed troops on the streets and driving around in jeeps and we were stopped three times on the short journey."

Mr Taverner said that during the flight from the Maldives the Tamil passengers on board were very scared. "In particular, there was one Tamil cabin attendant who was petrified of landing in Colombo. He kept saying: 'I don't want to go, I don't know what will happen to me'."

"At the airport we saw Tamil families writing letters to give to people who were leaving – trying to get messages out of the country.

"*Everyone was very furtive* and when we got to the hotel at Negombo we found it was running out of food because the staff were to scared to go out and buy some more.

● DELHI: A multi-party delegation from the southern state of Tamil Nadu arrived yesterday for talks with Mrs Indira Gandhi, the Prime Minister, on the violence in Sri Lanka, which has inflamed feelings in southern India (Reuter reports). The delegation is expected to call for effective steps to ensure the safety of people of Tamil origin in Sri Lanka.

● PARIS: A Sri Lankan died after *falling* from the window of a sixth-floor flat during a fight here early yesterday between rival ethnic groups (AFP reports).

Police said some 20 Tamils burst into the flat in the seventeenth *arrondissement* where a group of Sinhalese were living. One of the occupants, who was not indentified, died instantly after falling out of the window. Two were slightly injuried in the fight.

Police believed the Tamils were taking revenge for an attack on members of their group by a gang of Sinhalese on Saturday. Four Tamils were injured, one seriously, in the earlier attack and 12 people were taken in for questioning.

Iran seizes key peaks on border

Tehran (Reuter) – Iran said yesterday that its forces hoisted the nation's flag on three key border heights seized in a fresh offensive against Iraq and that its troops captured two frontier *posts in the central sector of the* Gulf War battlefront.

It said that more than 1,200 Iraqi troops had been killed or wounded and over 100 taken prisoner, but gave no details of its own casualties.

Iran launched the offensive, the second in a week, early on Saturday with the stated aims of driving Iraqi troops out of Iranian territory around the town of Mehran and capturing high ground along the border.

Tehran radio did not make clear on which side *of the* frontier the three border heights lay. But a communique announcing the capture of the first two suggested they were in Iranian territory. It said they had been in Iraqi hands since the start of the Gulf War in September *1980*, when Iraqi forces invaded Iran.

The Communiqué said Iranian forces had also recaptured the Iranian border post of Farrokhabad, taken an Iraqi post at Dorraji and now controlled the road south on the Iranian side of the border towards the town of Dehloran. The National News Agency quoted a front-line commander as saying that fighting was raging around the road.

A leaflet issued by the Tehran authorities in February showed the Iraqis holding a narrow strip of Iranian territory along this part of the border, with the front line between the two armies apparently on or near the Mehran-Dehloran road. It also showed Iraqi troops holding a finger of Iranian *territory* jutting into Iraq just west of Mehran.

Chad demands combat planes

Ndjamena (Reuter) – Pro-Government militants in Chad took to the streets yesterday to demand that the United States, France and other nations send in combat aircraft in response to alleged Libyan air attacks against a recaptured rebel stronghold.

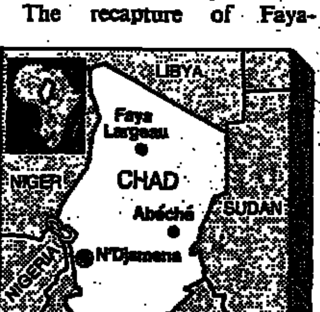
As thousands of supporters of President Hissène Habré's *Government demonstrated here* informed sources said Government officials had already approached Paris and Washington as well as Sudan, Zaire and Morocco to ask them for air cover.

Government and diplomatic sources said the Libyan air Force had resumed bombing raids on positions in and around the strategic northern town of Faya-Largeau, seized by the rebel forces of former President Goukouni Oueddei on June 24 and recaptured after a four hour battle on Saturday.

If confirmed, the raids would represent the first direct intervention of the Libyan Air Force in the current wave of fighting and would suggest deeper involvement by Colonel Muam*mar Gaddafi, the Libyan leader* in the civil war which has raged in Chad for most of the last 17 years.

Colonel Gaddafi so far has limited his support for the rebels to arms and logistical bases across the border, although Chad officials say they have captured Libyan soliers and other mercenaries.

The recapture of Faya-



Largeau, a sprawling oasis town 625 miles north of Ndjamena, by troops loyal to the pro-*Western President Habré apparently* marked a serious blow to the rebels.

● PARIS – French officials yesterday declined to discuss President Habré's request for intervention by the French Air Force (AFP and Reuter reports).

A spokesman at the Elysée Palace said he had no knowledge of the request, which was made in a letter delivered yesterday to the French Ambassador in Ndjamena by Mr Idriss Miskine, the Chad Foreign Minister. At the Defence Ministry an official said that he was aware of the Chadian appeal but could not comment on it.

● TRIPOLI: – Libya yesterday denied that its forces were involved in the fighting in Chad, the official Libyan news agency Jana reported (AP reports).

Anger over Mafia killing puts pressure on Craxi

From Peter Nichols, Rome

Angry reactions to the latest Mafia murders and to Italy's incapacity to meet the problem of summer fires which are known to have cost eight lives gives a sense of urgency to the forming of a new government. Most commentators feel it will be ready by Wednesday.

Signor Bettino Craxi, who is due to be Italy's first Socialist Prime Minister, will tonight have further consultations with leaders of the five parties with whom he intends forming a new coalition.

They met on Saturday, and the session went well; but the outstanding economic problems have still to be faced. Inflation is still running at about 16 per cent, and cuts in public spending are seen to be essential to the new government's economic policy.

The killing in Palermo on Friday of the Judge Rocco Chinnici brought changes in Signor Craxi's programme on law and order. The enormous fires in Calabria and in Sardinia have once again raised problems of defence against civil *disasters*.

What may be disturbing Signor Craxi even more is the Communist opposition's attack on his ideas for a government that accepts right-wing policies, notwithstanding the losses suffered by the conservative Christian Democrats in the June general election.

First test tube quads awaited in Australia

From Tony Duboudin
Melbourne

One of Melbourne's two *in vitro* fertilization teams may have come up with another first, the world's first test tube quadruplets.

Doctors at the Royal Women's Hospital have disclosed that a Melbourne woman is 12 weeks pregnant with quadruplets

Dr Andrew Speirs, of the *Women's Gynaecologist*, said that his patient, aged about 30, "is very pleased, though slightly surprised".

Dr Speirs said it was surprising that all four of the fertilized eggs implanted in the woman should have developed to this stage.

Fifth Brigade withdrawn from Matabeleland

Harare (AP) – Troops of the 5,000-strong North Korean-*trained Fifth Brigade*, blamed for a wave of alleged atrocities against civilians in Matebeleland province, are being withdrawn from the strife-torn province to their barracks in the midlands, Western diplomats said yesterday.

The withdrawal of the troops, mostly of the dominant Shona tribe that support Mr Robert Mugabe, the Prime Minister, is expected to ease tensions in the province which borders South Africa and Botswana.

It is alleged that the soldiers killed, tortured and raped hundreds of civilians and razed whole villages when they were sent to the province early this year to crack down on armed dissidents.

Diplomats say that the withdrawal of the troops from the province reflects military success against the dissidents

Fires sweep countryside as temperatures soar

By Our Foreign Staff

Hundreds of fires blazed in Italian and French countryside scorched by a heatwave yesterday as the start of the traditional August holiday rush brought long traffic queues.

In the toe of Italy, the village of Santa Marina Dello Ionio lay in smouldering ruins and in another village 60 houses were destroyed by fires. Fires raged in Sardinia where police suspected there had been arson in some cases, seeking compensation payments from the European Community. A man was wounded there on Friday when firefighters were shot at, police said. More than 1,000 Italian troops were helping fight fires in the island.

In Corsica, French troops and firemen had most fires under control yesterday but thousands of acres of forests are already burnt. In mainland France, woodlands near Marseilles were closed for fear of fires.

An estimated 5.2 million motorists jammed French roads this weekend. In Italy, the Interior Ministry said more than six million vehicles were on the roads during Friday and Saturday. Temperatures in parts of France reached records of 40C (104F).

Hundreds of tourists in the Riviera resort of Juan-les-Pins ignored a pollution warning on Saturday, swimming in a sewage-ridden bay to get relief from the heat.

In Yugoslavia, more than 2,000 firefighters struggled throughout the night to control a forest fire threatening the resort of Dubrovnik. Officials said the danger was finally averted just after dawn when the wind changed.

A fire near the central Adriatic port of Split destroyed a large area of woodland.

Nigerian Army on elections alert

Lagos (Reuter) – Nigeria's Army has been placed on alert by President Shehu Shagari in case of disturbances during the country's elections starting next Saturday, administration officials said yesterday.

"If anybody causes trouble during the elections, I will not hesitate to send troops to quell it," the President was quoted as saying by the News Agency of Nigeria.

Officials said the Army would remian in its barracks during the five weeks of presidential, national and state elections, but would be deployed if the situation got out of police control.

Metric error made jet land

Ottawa – Air Canada, the state-owned airline, is reviewing its metric conversion procedures after a near disaster last week when one of its jets ran out of fuel during a flight.

A mistake was made in converting imperial measurements to metric ones in fuelling a Boeing 767, carrying 69 people, which had to make an emergency landing hundreds of miles short of its destination.

Basque deaths

San Sebastian (AFP) – Two Civil Guards were shot dead yesterday at Guetaria, in the Basque province of Guipúzcoa, police said. They were guarding a quay when two young people opened fire on them and escaped in a car.

Aquino shock

Manila (AFP) – A Philippines military court has reaffirmed the death sentence against the opposition leader, former Senator Benigno Aquino, at present in the United States but expected to return here by mid-August, the *Manila Times* newspaper reported. The sentence had been set aside by President Marcos to give Mr Aquino a chance to present witnesses.

Pilot sentenced

Maputo (Reuter) – Clive Ciastula, British pilot of a South African-registered light aircraft which made an anuathorized landing in Mozambique, has been sentenced to six months' gaol or a fine of £20 for each day of the sentence for making false statements to the authorities, according to the official news agency AIM.

Oil fraud arrest

Mexico City (Reuter) – Señor Jorge Diaz Serrano, a former director of the Mexican state oil company Pemex, has been stripped of his senatorial immunity and arrested on a charge of defrauding the state of $34m (£22.6m) when to oil tankers were bought in 1981.

Eating out

Stockholm – Miro Baresic, a Croat nationalist serving a life sentence here for killing the Yugoslav Ambassador in 1971, ended a hunger strike at the weekend after 45 days. The Government denies making any consessions to Mr Baresic.

Soviet vandals

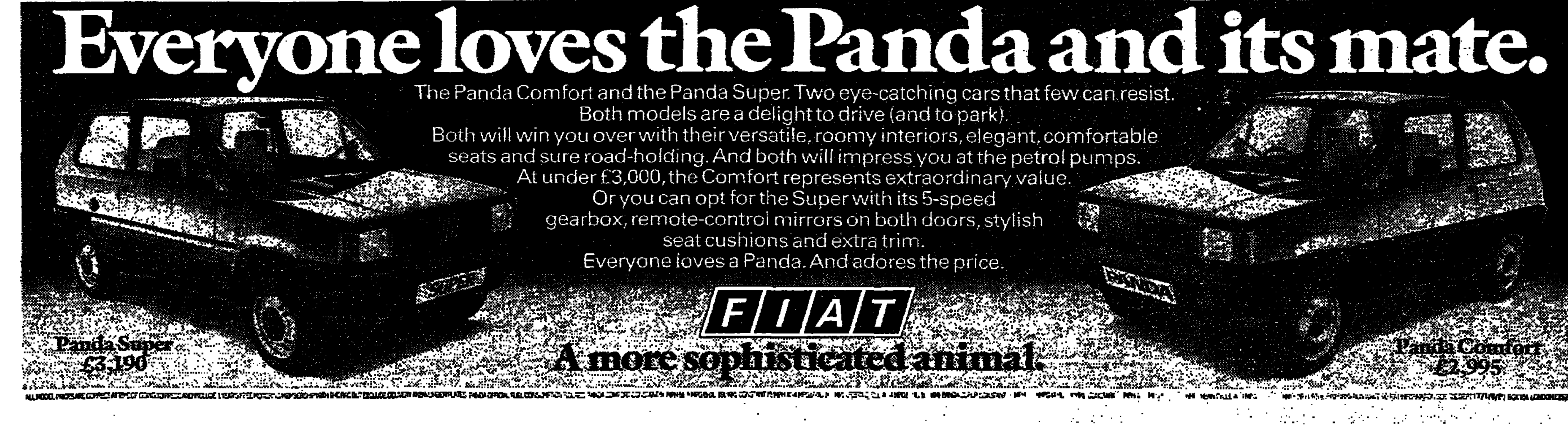
Moscow (AP) – The party youth newspaper *Comsomolskaya Pravda* reported widespread vandalism on electric trains serving Moscow suburbs and urged passengers to do more to stop hooligans smashing up the carriages. "Radio fans" were accused of stealing a total of 2,720 loudspeakers from trains.

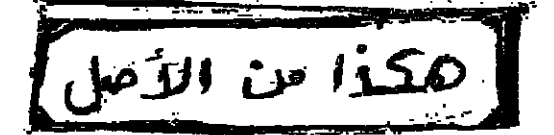
Crash kills 13

Cape Town (AP)–A bus overturned near Atlantis, a housing development for Coloured (mixed-race) people north of here, killing 13 people and injuring 51.

China cricket

Hongkong – St George's cricket club here will make an historic tour of China at the end of next month, playing a series of matches against teams of local foreign diplomatic staff which will be watched by the Chinese.





THE ARTS

PUBLISHING

Machine minded

It could only happen in the USA. Which means that it will happen here a year or two thereafter. At the recent ABA, the annual American booksellers' gathering, Time-Life had in attendance on their stand a four-foot talking robot which accosted passers-by and enthused them about an autumn publication, *Life in Space*. As a result of the presence of the robot, the publisher at the next stand, Tom Congdon of Congdon & Weed, had difficulty in persuading delegates to look at his books. What Congdon did was to sign up Ed Fish, the actor inside the robot, to write his memoirs, *My Life as a Robot*.

* * *

This year's Booker Prize judges will be spending much of what remains of the summer reading through publishers' offerings for what is still Britain's most newsworthy literary award. Publishers are allowed to submit a maximum of four titles each, which is tough on houses such as Cape who publish a lot of trendy fiction and rough on the judges if certain other houses enter their full quota.

The date for submission of entries has passed although the judges may call in any title they think worthy of consideration even if its publisher did not. Certain publishers resolutely refuse to reveal what they have entered in case the authors of novels which have not been submitted complain and think of moving with their next book to imprints with fewer potential prize-winning novelists.

Last year *The Bookseller* persuaded Martyn Goff of the National Book League, which administers the Booker, to slip them the complete list of titles submitted, and it is to be assumed that the same *will* happen this year. Already, as if to pre-empt that, Andre Deutsch has told anyone interested the three titles he has entered. Two are first novels which will get nowhere, the third is Molly Keane's new book which may get somewhere because she has been on the short list before, and there is a tradition (though not unbreakable) that once an author has been on the short list with one book it is easier for him or her to get there again with another.

The judges this year are the New Zealand-born Fay Weldon, chairperson, whose own new novel being published this autumn is presumably ineligible unless her fellow judges insist it has to win; Angela Carter, novelist, reviewer and Gothic essayist; Terence Kilmartin, debonair literary editor of *The Observer* and translator of Proust; Libby Purves, yachtswoman, erstwhile broadcaster, former editor of *The Tatler* and common reader; and Peter Porter, Australian, critic and poet.

At the judges' first meeting, Libby Purves said she hoped that they would not feel obliged to give the £10,000 to some feminist tract. Whether or not this was said to bait the judges, Angela Carter was baited. No doubt Fay Weldon moderated, and poet chatted to literary editor. At the recent dinner where the judges were entertained by the chairman Michael Caine and fellow Booker-McConnell top brass, Fay Weldon made a speech explaining what the judges should be looking for in the novels under consideration which upstaged Mr Caine.

It is generally agreed that this season's new British fiction is, *overall, weaker than for* a few years. The prize, notwithstanding Ms Purves, will probably go to a novel written by a woman published by a small, undercapitalized, little known imprint.

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Craddock nodded, a few weeks ago, in writing that the NBL administraters the Somerset Maugham and Hawthornden prizes (and the latter for the first time this year was worth £750); it is the Society of Authors. And Lisa St Aubin de Teran won the second of her two prizes, a Gregory Award, for her poetry.

E. J. Craddock

Opera: **John Higgins** reviews *Siegfried* at Bayreuth

British fidelity to Wagner's instructions

In an age much concerned with musical authenticity, whether of scores or instruments, why should there not be an equal reverence for original stage directions? That is the question clearly posed by the Hall-Dudley *Ring* after its third evening at Bayreuth. In turning the *Ring* back into a fairy-tale of gods and heroes, villains and dragons, forests and rivers, they have followed Wagner's instructions to the letter in all but a handful of instances, the most notable being the absence of a horse to carry off Brünnhilde and Sieglinde at the end of the second act of *Walküre*. And, since Bayreuth is notoriously unwilling to accept the first version of any new production as also being the last, that horse could well be there when the *Ring* returns next year.

So, for the first two acts of *Siegfried*, William Dudley has provided a pair of highly realistic sets. Mime, like Fafner, lives in a cave with a fine view of the trees through the entrance. Clearly he is in a better way of business then most Mimes, to judge from the size of the furnace and bellows, and rarely have the techical details of work in the smithy been so carefully delineated.

Fafner's premises are in a danker part of the forest, but they do come with a private watering hole and there is every reason for the dragon to feel irritation when Siegfried starts paddling in it. It could easily serve for the Wolf's Glen in *Freischütz* until Fafner and Mime are slain and the gloomy, dripping trees are transformed into summer green, in one of the most magical lighting changes seen so far, as Siegfried follows the Waterbird's call.

Siegfried opened not only with a new tenor in the title role (Manfred Jung for Reiner Goldberg, who left at the dress rehearsal) but a stand-in Wotan as well. Siegmund Nimsgern cancelled because of a throat infection a couple of hours before the performance and Bent Norup took over. So with only Mime and a backstage bear left of the original cast Bayreuth was not exactly fielding the first team.

Parts of the audience were unsympathetic to these substitutions: Jung carefully holding himself back for later in the evening and Norup firm enough of voice but articulating poorly as Wotan. Peter Haage as the grimy, hunch-backed Mime, one of Germany's new crop of actor-singers, was the clear star. In Act II Jung allowed a little more of Siegfried to show through, the uncontrolled adolescent who grows up by the all-too-human way of killing (Fafner and Mime), listening (to the Woodbird) and finally loving (Brünnhilde).

Fafner is a magnificent monster, scaly, spiky, with flashing eyes and only just missing with the gobbet of venom spat at Siegfried. The battle, with Dieter Schweikart's amplified bass sounding at its best, is carefully wrapped in gloom and looks too one-sided, but Fafner's head gives a supreme phallic rear before falling into final detumescence as Siegfried announces his name. It is a mistake, though, for Siegfried to throw the dead Mime into the Fafner-pond *before stuffing him* into the cave. Sylvia Greenberg's Woodbird could have sounded lighter and more airborne.

And so, via Erda, a young and sexy-sounding Anne Gjevange, a singer very much to be watched, to Brünnhilde's mountain retreat. The top slice of the Dudley sandwich reappears through the skies, completing a full trajectory backstage to front with the sleeping Brünnhilde presumably strapped on upside down at the start of the flight.

Siegfried's cry "Das ist kein Mann" usually gets a laugh, but it has rarely been more apposite. Hildegard Behrens is the most feminine of Brünnhildes and she has changed from the St Joan of *Walküre* to a young girl entranced by a golden boy. Behrens for the last section of the opera unleashed a stream of burnished tone. Jung, well aware of the competition on stage, had saved himself for these moments and gave Siegfried some heroic sound. The voice may be small and none too well-coloured, but Jung is supremely professional in making best use of his resources.

As at the end of *Walküre* Sir Georg Solti let the passions take over in the orchestra with sumptuous romantic sound. As on the first two evenings everything is most carefully paced, showing that Solti has completely rethought his approach to the *Ring*. When Decca come to record this Bayreuth *Ring*, as they are expected to next year, it is certainly not going to sound like the earlier Solti version.



Peter Haage's Mime: clearly the star

Television

Marital problems

A Married Man (Channel 4) has carried some of the longest conversations ever televised; in the time it took Clare Strickland, miraculously risen from the grave, to discuss God and socialism both of them died. If she had been in a UN debate, the other delegates would have walked out in protest. Temptation, it seems, was "something to think about when I cooked the children's fish fingers", but the director might have tried to lighten the tone, at least, by showing us the fish fingers.

Anthony Hopkins, playing John Strickland, has never looked more pained. His whole acting career, going from pinnacle to pinnacle of agony, led up to the moment when he broke down on the garden bench. Throughout the series he has hardly been able to speek – you could boil an egg in the pauses between his words – but then he will begin to talk very, very quickly, cramming so many words into such a small space that the other characters relapse into stunned silence. Then he stops; his eyes wander in a marked manner. He is looking for something else to worry about.

The whole drama has been rather hypnotic, in the way that slowly moving objects can mesmerize unsuspecting rabbits. All those acres of guilt and conscience led up to a revelation last night which might have come straight out of an American soap-opera: Graham Greene and *Dynasty* fastened together with some old rope.

There was marital problems also in **The Last Company Car** (Central): here was Tommy making love to his wife, but all he could really think about was his new Ford Fiesta. Perhaps it had less body rust. When he is made redundant he decides to shoot his former employer, having first bored him to death with some agitprop sentiments: "You with your public schools and your private education . . .".

There are few television dramas these days which do not concentrate on the theme of unemployment, although the combined effect of good intentions and bad art adds a new horror to that social problem. But perhaps the intentions of last night's play were not as good as all that: the unemployed man was portrayed as a homicidal buffoon. Is this the backlash?

Peter Ackroyd

Theatre

Sher's dazzling villainy

Tartuffe
The Pit

The assumption behind Bill Alexander's ferociously brilliant production is that *Tartuffe* is much too serious and alarming a work to be insulated behind any English equivalent of French classical style.

The greatest compliment I can bestow on Christopher Hampton's translation is that – unlike the virtuoso versions of Tony Harrison and Richard Wilbur – you hardly notice it. Plain, perfectly phrased blank verse does the job; and when there is a quotable line, such as Tartuffe's solemn announcement that forgiveness is "just not on" from God's point of view, it is there simply to illuminate character. Nothing gets between the spectator and the sight of a sensible man betraying his family, in the false conviction that he is obeying God.

Pride and obstinacy evidently run in Orgon's family, and the production powerfully underscores the main plot with the early squabble between foolishly estranged lovers, hauled back together by Stephanie Fayerman's masterfully funny Dorine.

The central relationship verges on nightmare. You get the flavour of it long before Tartuffe himself arrives from Orgon's treatment of the family. Nigel Hawthorne retains all the external marks of his former self so as to intensify the sense of its absence. Never does he sound more indifferent than when he uses terms of endearment; and, as he rebounds between ingratiation and rage, the comedy takes on the quality of a fatal disease.

When he finally recognizes his error with Alison Steadman's Elmire, there is no comedy at all, only heartbreak. Recreated from within, Hawthorne's Orgon remains in appearance a familiar figure. There is, however, no traditional image for Tartuffe, and the main shocks of the evening begin with the arrival of Antony Sher as a lank-haired imp in a bedraggled grey habit, accompanied by an identical double (the normally unseen valet, Laurent).

Together they share a conspiratorial relationship, conveying the private side of Tartuffe that Molière omitted to supply. Sher's performance is one of dazzling Mephistophelian villainy: passing from lechery to piety in a single breath, achieving his first victory over his enemies by simulating the signs of the stigmata, and executing spell-binding changes from sanctimonious benevolence to the appetite of a succubus with the aid of an obscene flickering tongue. I have never seen a greater Molière performance.

Irving Wardle

Festivals

Operatic trailer

Kate Kelly's Road Show
Chester

Edward Cowie's opera *Kelly* is due at Covent Garden in 1986; it has already produced a number of pre-spin-offs, of which the most substantial, *Kate Kelly's Road Show*, was premièred in the course of the enterprising Chester Festival. So that we become familiar with the story of the Australian outlaw Ned Kelly, Cowie has laid it out clearly in this one-woman monodrama, based on the travelling show which Kelly's sister Kate devised after he was executed in 1880.

In nine episodes, Kate tells of the family's hard life, Ned's violent tendencies, his struggles with the authorities and his final fate. The stories are dramatic enough, but it takes every ounce of Fiona Kimm's resourcefulness – which is considerable – to make them work on stage. She stamps, gestures, glares, studies the players next to her. But because she has no onlookers to react to her tales – presumably that will be different in the final opera – nothing really happens.

Until the final moments, that is, when Cowie disrupts the roadshow with an outburst from a planted audience member, denouncing Kate's "wicked exploitation of your brother's infamy and shame". She collapses – "If this be so, I'm finished" – and the final evocative passage depicts her suicide by drowning.

To accompany this tale, Cowie has assembled a sort of Australian *Soldier's Tale* band, including accordion, bar piano and a buzzing jew's harp. Unlike some of Cowie's large-scale scores, the textures here are crisp and well-defined, with effective use of folksong material, though much of the writing seems at first hearing to be dependent on generalized effects rather than precise pitch material. The vocal line, however, is strongly profiled, remarkably singable and unusually intelligible.

Sir Sidney Nolan has collaborated closely with Cowie – who is a painter himself – on the opera. His designs here were in fact slide projections: bright, *simple paintings* preoccupied with the image of the square suit of armour with which Ned protected himself; the Australian countryside was nicely evoked, but the mood of music and painting did not quite match.

Lontano – who in the first half had given a precisely atmospheric account of *Pierrot Lunaire* with Linda Hirst – played vigorously; the conductor Odaline de la Martinez zipped through the score in 35 minutes rather than the composer's estimated 45, but did so with such panache that she made a fair bid to become Covent Garden's first woman conductor when *Kelly* reaches the boards there.

Nicholas Kenyon



The punks of *La Colombe*: Linda Ormiston, Adrian Thompson

La Colombe
Buxton

Ornithological opera is becoming very much the thing, it seems, with eagles flying to freedom in Wales, doves on the wing at Glyndebourne and now a sister preening itself to the *music of Gounod at Buxton*. The festival's second Boccaccio-inspired opera is *La Colombe*, and the eponymous bird becomes the centrepiece in a tussle of love, social climbing and gastronomy.

The story, already filtered through La Fontaine and the librettists Barbier and Carré, changes Boccaccio's falcon into a dove to please the French sensibility; and Buxton continues the tradition, with Snoo Wilson translating and freely rewriting lyrics and dialogue, *sharpening further the abrasive* humour and self-regard which transmutes the original, darker and more poignant tale.

John Byrne, designing, has set the action (if such it can be called) in a handsomely painted *dolce-vita* style converted pizza van, now the squat of a couple of punks, Horatio (Adrian Thompson) and Mazet (Linda Ormiston), who find themselves having to entertain former lover and contessa Sylvia (Kathryn Harries) and the bespatted major-domo Maitre-Jean (*Donald Maxwell*). *Stuart Burge* ensures that the racy, updated *dialogue* is *pushed* along with a vigour and élan matched by the zestful singing and character acting of Adrian Thompson, Linda Ormiston and particu*larly the all-round resonance of* Donald Maxwell; though Kathryn Harries has a harder time of it in a part originally written for a Callas and Sutherland rolled into one.

Indeed, it is such a convincing piece of theatre that, particularly in Act I, where arias seem ever fewer and farther between, Gounod risks being the loser. No matter how lovingly, and for the most part stylishly, *Anthony Hose and the* Manchester Camerata apply themselves to those swirling string roulades, those chuckling and sighing woodwinds, and no matter how idiomatically the singers handle their long, *mellifluous lines, the music* is in danger of being frozen into episodes as isolated as any *opera seria*.

The work has not been staged in Britain for more than a century, and it is something of a pity that for first-time audiences much of its quintessentially Gallic nonchalance and evanescent charm are inevitably *smothered in a production* whose whole-hearted *joie-de-vivre* nevertheless brings it back credibly and creditably to the repertoire.

Hilary Finch

Promenade Concerts

BBCPO/Downes Nash/Friend
Albert Hall/Radio 3

A Friday evening blockbuster and a Saturday evening serenade provided the weekend's first two Proms: the blockbuster was impressive, in a blunt sort of way; *the serenade* was wholly delightful.

Friday's Prom was the last of three by the BBC Philharmonic, and included the massive "Leningrad" Symphony of Shostakovich. Hard to recapture now the impact that this naively strident tale of battle seems to have had in the dark days of the Second World War: the symphony had nearly 100 hearings in America the year after it was written – no wonder Bartok was moved to parody its irritating march theme in his Concerto for Orchestra.

Now, of course, the Bartok parody is far better known than the Shostakovich original – and with justice. Thanks to Edward Downes for the disinterment of this piece must be tempered by the reflection that it is, on the whole, pretty awful music. That first movment march, growing from the relentless tap of the snare drum – *seemingly twice as* long as *Bolero* and half as effective – is crude in outline, and there is a terrible moment in the coda when the snare drum starts again and one fears the whole exercise will self-repeat.

The BBC Philharmonic played with titanic strength, though, on an intolerably hot night in the hall, there were more than a few slips and nervousnesses in the exposed wind solos. Edward Downes made what he could of the barren slow movement, and allowed the final transformation of the opening theme to blare out with the requisite obviousness.

In the first half, the orchestra had sounded less well focused in Tchaikovsky's *First Piano* Concerto – a work which not so long ago the BBC's Controller of Music defended excluding from the Proms on the basis that we had to distinguish between "the very popular and the very great". A riveting performance could have justified the piece's *return, but – perhaps the heat* was at work again – Elisabeth Leonskaja gave a splashy, vigorous but uncontrolled reading, full of bumps.

We have come to expect bright, imaginative planning from the Nash Ensemble, but in Saturday's programme they (perhaps with the help of the BBC) surpassed themselves. Czech and Russian chamber works rubbed shoulders, with the clever link of jazz between the jangling, cimbalom-dominated texture of Stravinsky's *Ragtime* and the piano vampings of Martinu's *La Revue de cuisine*. The latter was the evening's curiosity: a ballet for kitchen implements which turned out to be more of a music-hall knees-up, wittily scored and full of tunes which nearly turned into Twenties hits.

In the effort to project the small-scale music in the Albert Hall there was a little strenuous over-blowing from the wind in the evening's two subtlest pieces, Janacek's spicy old-man's hymn to youth, *Mladi* (which was however crisply articulated), and Dvorak's gloriously relaxed Serenade in D minor. But the scamperings of the trio in the Dvorak minuet were beautifully done, and the ensemble's hard edge returned in a splendidly pungent finale: Stravinsky's *Renard*, wisely done in English, strongly projected by the singers, and firmly conducted by Lionel Friend.

Nicholas Kenyon

Dance

The Two Pigeons
Covent Garden

The most gratifying feature of the Royal Ballet's short summer season, which ended at Covent Garden on Saturday, is that (although the ranks of principal dancers are *still overweighted* with golden oldies) the policy of *trying to make chances* for the younger talents has been continued and even reinforced.

On Saturday afternoon it was Stephen Sheriff's turn to dance the leading role in *The Two Pigeons* for the first time. This has been quite a season for Sheriff: a scintillating Puck in *The Dream*; a Faun that brought out the full richness of Jerome Robbins's choreography and more than hinted at the underlying shadow of Nijinsky's; and now one of the best roles Ashton ever made for a man.

He is, it seems, never content just to do the steps: there is a sense of their significance, *too*. It does not yet show itself quite so strongly *here as, for instance*, in another of his Ashton roles, the Jester in *Cinderella*, where he alone of recent casts has caught the melancholy as well as the fun. But there were hints of a personal interpretation in the way he threw down his paintbrush, more in sorrow than anger at his model's lack of seriousness, and the challenging way he hurled his waistcoat at his gypsy rival when removing *it before* his solo.

Another time, he needs to hold more in reserve for the short coda in the gypsy scene; precisely because it is so short, it demands an outburst of power. Apart from that, his solo dancing was bold and free, his acting stylish and clear and his partnering secure.

This last used to be something taken for granted in Royal Ballet men, but some of them made very heavy going of the double-work in the gypsy ensembles last week.

Nicola Roberts, without losing any of her tomboy comedy in the early scenes, has found a touching depth for the tender final reconciliation. Genesia Rosato's amusingly artificial playing of the gypsy temptress sparkled brighter for being set against Roberts and Sheriff.

The orchestra, I noticed, was giving Messager's music the polish it deserves; then I saw that it was on loan from Sadler's Wells. Enough said.

John Percival

● Peter Martins, Ballet Master in Chief of the New York City Ballet, is to retire from dancing this autumn to concentrate on his main duties with the company.

Janet Soares
The Place

With all the performing arts feeling the pinch, it makes good sense to devise a dance programme set entirely to piano music. Find a good enough pianist, and you can sail happily between the Scylla of taped music and the Charybdis of high orchestral costs. That was the moral of the programme given by the Janet Soares Company at The Place on *Saturday evening. Unfortunately* it was also almost their only commendation.

Elisenda Fabregas, who played throughout the evening, presented her credentials in the form of three Albeniz pieces (from *Iberia*, Books I and II) as a solo interlude. Bach (a selection of Two and Three Part Inventions), Poulenc's *Trois Novelettes* and a small anthology of Satie's short pieces accompanied choreography by Janet Soares – all much more interesting to listen to than to watch.

The one work where music and movement came rewardingly together was *Contra Dances*, with choreography by Remy Charlip to Beethoven's Contredanses. This is one of Charlip's "Air Mail Dances", devised (with the aid of two spools of thread, according to the programme note) in the form of diagrams and brief instructions drawn and written on two sheets of paper.

The result is more a choreographic joke than a serious dance creation. *Charlip, besides his* career as dancer and choreographer, has written and illustrated 24 children's books. The wide-eyed innocence he brings to them is an important part of his dance work, and he has devised some unexpected patterns of movement around or across the stage that bear a naive, amusing but convincing relationship to the *music*. They demand no interpretation at all, only *punctilious execution*, so the rather stuffy self-importance which Soares and her *partners* bring to their other dances finds a happy release in this *more* childish context.

For all its happy frivolity, Charlip's piece held together as a complete whole. Part of the trouble with Soares's own choreography is that, although full of ideas, it never really took off into continuing movement, but kept stopping and starting. Also, she never seemed to draw much strength of inspiration from the scores. Her one bright idea about using piano music might well be better developed by others.

John Percival



SPECTRUM

Sugar's bitter harvest

It is one of our basic foodstuffs, enjoyed the world over in a million different forms. But research in America now suggests that sugar has a darker side, one that can turn an apparently normal person into a violent criminal. The research has produced evidence that sugar, and diet in general, can change behaviour patterns in humans. And it has started a new train of thought on how to deal with offenders



TWO youths slash the face of a baby girl in her pram while robbing her mother... An eight-year-old handicapped child is beaten up and thrown over a wall by older boys... A woman aged 83 is attacked in her own home, gagged, raped and robbed of her small savings by youths she had befriended... Young vandals set a city bus alight, forcing terrified passengers to flee as the upper deck is gutted within minutes... A four-year-old girl is snatched from a country lane, sexually assaulted and murdered... A man strolls into a crowded supermarket, empties a can of petrol over women and children, tosses a lighted match at them, and escapes with the screams of his victims ringing in his ears...

Stories like these would once have convulsed us with horror. Today they are commonplace. This chilling selection came from a cursory glance through just one week's newspapers: some were reported in a single paragraph. We have become desensitized to violence.

We accept that violent crime – brutal, unprovoked, often unmotivated – is a fact of life in western society today. More and more its victims are those unable to protect themselves: women, old people, the physically handicapped, children and babies.

Just as disturbingly, the assailants are becoming younger all the time. In the 25 years from 1952 to 1977, the rate of arrest in the United States for murder, assault, rape and manslaughter doubled among the 15 to 25 age group and trebled among those aged between 15 and 17. But it increased six-fold among children under 15. In London last year there were over 1,600 attacks on bus drivers and conductors: most of them by schoolchildren.

What turns ordinary people into violent criminals? Why do children become vandals and sadistic brutes?

There is endless debate about the causes, covering a wide range of psychological and social factors such as unemployment, poverty, inner-city tensions, racial problems, disadvantage and deprivation, too much violence on TV and video nasties. And the solutions discussed range from harsher jail sentences to a taste of military discipline. But in all the discussions, one factor is seldom, if ever, considered: diet.

Could there be a connexion between poor diet and anti-social behaviour? Could eating the wrong food help turn children into hooligans? Most people would dismiss the idea as far-fetched, but over the years evidence that this could actually be the case has been steadily accumulating.

Late twentieth century diet is a disaster for millions in the West, especially among the poor and their children. For many of them, the staple of their diet is highly refined carbohydrate – white sugar and white flour, both stripped of so many vitamins and other important nutrients. Other serious nutrient losses occur when food is canned, frozen and processed. Thousands of chemical additives are poured into the products, of which few are tested for their effect on the central nervous system and never in combination. Fruit and vegetables are polluted by residues of pesticides and fungicides never meant for human consumption; fish is contaminated with toxic metal wastes accumulating in the world's oceans; meat and chicken by drugs added to animal feeds; lead – a potent poison – is building up in our environment. Researchers have looked for possible links between these factors and the growth in violent crime, but in the past two or three years they have concentrated increasingly on just one area: hypoglycaemia, or low blood sugar. And the arch-criminal of the piece may well turn out to be sugar, that pure, white and deadly substance which the world consumes in ever-growing quantities.

Whole foods eaten in a healthy diet are slowly broken down into glucose in the bloodstream, and the excess is stored in the liver as glycogen, the process being delicately monitored by hormones. The efficient function of the brain, which uses up more than 25 per cent of the body's glucose supplies, depends on the maintenance of those levels of glucose, or blood sugar.

But refined sugar – sucrose is a concentrated carbohydrate, converted so quickly into glucose that the blood sugar level rocks. The pancreas pours out insulin to bring the level plunging down again; and in turn the adrenal glands respond by releasing epinephrine as a signal to the liver to pour out more blood sugar, thus raising the level again.

These sudden drops in blood sugar evoke the condition known as hypoglycaemia, in which messages from the brain controlling mood, motivation and learning are perpetually disrupted. The result may be a sudden burst of temper, aggression, anti-social behaviour, as well as depression, changes of mood, confusion, fatigue and irritability. Caffeine, alcohol, smoking, and exposure to allergens can all trigger this unbalancing of the body chemistry, but nothing triggers it faster, or more predictably, than sugar.

Signifcantly, the rise in sugar consumption has exactly paralleled the rise in violent crime: today we eat something like 5½ tablespoons of sugar daily for every man, woman and child in Britain: one family, consisting of father, mother, daughter aged four and a six-month-old baby used 11 pounds of sugar a week, apart from that consumed in biscuits, cakes, puddings, soft drinks, breakfast cereals, sweet pickle and even canned vegetables. The average American gets through 128 pounds of sugar a year; but children consume much more than adults with their sweets, chocolate, ice-creams and fizzy drinks.

Interest in the sugar-crime hypothesis was heightened by a study in America in 1975, which found that 85 per cent of offenders checked were found to have low blood sugar. A separate study in America in 1980 showed that a large percentage of juvenile delinquents tested were found to be eating more than 400 pounds of sugar a year in various forms.

One of the most energetic researchers into the diet-crime link is Alexander Schauss, a former probation officer in the United States. While helping heroin junkies in Harlem in the 1960s, he noticed that those eating a healthy diet found it far easier to kick the drug habit than those living on high sugar "junk" food.

And while working with the South Dakota youth service, he found that those group homes with a better record of rehabilitation were the ones providing the juveniles with a better diet. In one home, the inmates had their own vegetable garden and were not allowed sugar, coffee or tea. They ate only "wholesome" food. Juveniles there stayed for an average of only three months, compared to a State average of 18 months.

In the late 1970s, Schauss set up the American Institute for Biosocial Research, concentrating on the biochemical and environmental causes of anti-social behaviour. At first he was regarded by orthodox social workers, doctors and nutritionists as something of a quack.

"I found that my colleagues in the criminal justice system were ready to be interested, to be open-minded", he said. "The resistance came from the medical establishment. I suggested to them over and over again that our science was too immature at this time to make judgments about whether or not our approach was scientifically valid, but that if nutrition could reduce recidivist rates and prevent young people from entering into the criminal system, it was at least worthy of investigation."

His argument was successful and today Schauss is increasingly consulted by those dealing with young offenders. He has orchestrated research programmes, lectured worldwide, and has trained thousands of social workers to initiate and carry out similar programmes.

In 1977, a US Senate Select Committee on nutrition and human needs heard an Ohio probation officer, Mrs Barbara Reed, testify to her success in treating offenders by diet. The offenders were tested for hypoglycaemia with a written questionnaire. She found that a high proportion of the people she questioned not only appeared to be hypoglycaemic, but responded remarkably well to being placed on a diet to correct the condition: no sugar, coffee, alcohol, sweets or processed food containing additives. By 1975 one of the judges was already instructing defendants: "Mrs Reed is going to put you on a diet, and you will stay on it or you will go to jail because you will be back in trouble if you go off it". She said that out of 252 offenders who had stayed on her diet, not one had returned to court.

Among those impressed by her testimony were the directors of the US Naval Correctional Centre in Seattle, who decided to cross off white sugar and white flour from the menu. A year later they reported that there was a reduction in sickness, a reduction in medications needed, and a 12 per cent reduction in disciplinary reports.

But the strongest evidence yet of a link between crime and diet is contained in the results of a two-year study set up by Stephen Schoenthaler, Professor of Criminology at California State University.

The study involved 276 chronic young offenders aged between 12 and 18 living in a Virginia correction centre. Only a few of the staff, and none of the subjects knew that they were acting as guinea pigs. They were led to believe that the vanishing soft drinks machine, and the disappearance of their favourite ice-creams, puddings, cookies – even the sugar bowls on the tables – was purely for health reasons at the whim of their director, who was known to be a keen vegetarian.

The results were startling. The number of well-behaved juveniles jumped by 71 per cent; the number of chronic offenders went down by 50 per cent; and the incidence of anti-social behaviour fell by an average of 47 per cent.

And the evidence is finally beginning to impress. Under Alexander Schauss's direction, the Institute for Biosocial Research launched 95 programmes in the USA and elsewhere, with intensive training courses for the professionals involved.

"It has taken 13 years to set it all up" Schauss says, "and we're unwilling to hand it over as a complete technological package complete with all the information, unless we feel it's going to be handled properly. The first thing that has to be done is to get all professional people interested and informed about it. The state in the forefront of the research is Alabama. For eight solid working days we trained their entire social services staff, right from the top man down. "They had to remodel their own lifestyles at the same time: you can't impress on children the necessity of giving up treats if they see their teachers drinking cokes and smoking all the time."

A month ago, Schauss lectured on his work to a symposium on international nutrition at Surfers' Paradise in Queensland, Australia. The directors of Queensland's social services went along to listen. They were so enthusiastic about what they heard that he's flying back to Queensland next month to set up a ten-year nutritional programme for schools and remand homes.

Schlauss, however, is careful to emphasise the limitations of his work. "I don't know anyone here who regards diet as a panacea: and certainly nobody here believes that crime is caused by poor diet: it's one of many factors. But the more severe a person's behavioural problems, the more likely he is to have physiological problems too: what we have begun to realise is that when a person is placed on a good diet, at least it gives him or her the chemistry to respond to direction, information, to education. There have been a lot of programmes, a lot of studies — and not one of them has failed to show substantial positive results."

Barbara Griggs

moreover... Miles Kington

Full of Eastern promise

You don't really notice slow drivers in cities, because everyone has to drive slowly in cities – it's in the country where they really come into their own. You know the kind I mean. They go through 30 mph limits at a steady 25 mph and then, as soon as the road is derestricted, they shoot up to a breathtaking 29 mph. Soon there is a line of impatient cars behind them, each one of which overtakes the slow driver as and when it can, and sometimes when it can't, and before long it's your turn to overtake. You know it's going to be dangerous, but you feel the pressure of all the drivers behind you, willing you to make a spurt for it. Go on. Do it. There probably isn't a huge lorry coming the other way.

And as you are dicing with death in your mind, like a poker player with a bad hand and an urge to stake more money on it, you find yourself looking at the back of the slow driver's head. It's the kind of back of head you aren't going to get any help from. It's solid and immovable. It has a message for you. And the message is: Go on, overtake and kill yourself! I've seen lots of people die trying to overtake me. One more won't make any difference.

Occasionally the slow driver will slow down, if that were possible, to wave at a passing pedestrian, sometimes a pedestrian who is actually overtaking him, and it's then you realize why he is driving slowly. He's a local, and one of the pleasures of his day is waving at friends, which he couldn't do if he were driving at the 55 mph we are all willing him up to. Well, I don't know about you, but when I realize this I too ease off and I start waving at all his friends. They all wave back. It's amazing how many friends I turn out to have in East Anglia. And how relaxing it is driving at 29 mph.

I say East Anglia, because these reflections came to me last week on a drive from Southwold to Kings Lynn. Another reflection which came to me is that there are no roads leading from Southwold to Kings Lynn, only roads leading somewhere else. I should have known this before I started, when I asked an inhabitant of Southwold how to get to Kings Lynn. "God knows", he said. He'd never met anyone before who wanted to go there. Probably there never had been anyone. Anyway, I found myself wandering down a lot of brown B roads where I made my second interesting observation on East Anglia: East Anglian petrol is totally different once you get off the main road.

Jet, Total, Fina and BP may dominate the A roads, like the Soviet forces in Afghanistan, but once into the back lanes you find the guerrilla petrols taking over. Phoenix, Anglo, Freedom, Valiant, Little David – they all sound like Saxon remnants occupying the countryside where the big boys daren't go. And no doubt giving the locals the amazing power of motoring at 29 mph. "Thanks to Valiant, everyone now waves to me as I pass. Valiant, the friendly petrol."

And the third discovery is that the staple crop of East Anglia is not corn, mustard or broad beans; it is festivals. No town is too small, no church too crumbly, to house a festival. Like jam in Alice in Wonderland, they are all last week or next week, but nevertheless from every field leans a sign promising a festival. Even villages which are too poor to have a festival can put up a sign saying that they had one last week.

In very low-lying areas, such as Beccles, the festivals turn into regattas, and in some places they have carnivals, but carnivals are only festivals without a string quartet. In fact, the five grades of festival can be determined in terms of a quartet.

1. Top festivals, with a top string quartet.

2. Rising festivals, with a string quartet which is going to be very famous very soon, even though it is now quite unknown.

3. Small festivals with a quartet from the far side of the county – the Suffolk Youth String Quartet, as it were.

4. Very small festivals with quartets from the village.

5. Tiny festivals with no music, only flower arranging. But at least they have the option of growing up into a carnival if they want to.

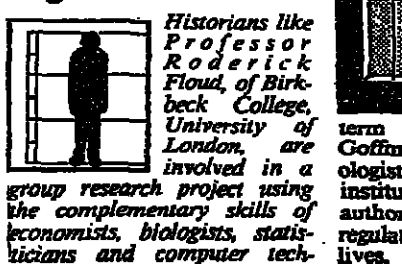
Was it my imagination, or did I see a sign towards the end of my journey reading: "Last Festival before Kings Lynn"? I'm not sure. I was too busy keeping down to 29 mph and waving to local farmers at the time.

Taking a new approach

The research of historians gives a twist to the word "findings". There are, of course, discoveries in the traditional sense – the document that comes to light in an unexpected way, the letters that surface from a family archive, the diary that *can* be authenticated, and the 30-year rule which makes state papers available for inspection after three decades.

Most historical research moves forward, however, not on the back of *objets trouvés*, but as a result of new insights. These shafts of light come either as a result of the application of new methodology, the adoption of new assumptions garnered from other disciplines – like anthropology, sociology, economics – or a change in that amorphous entity, "the climate of opinion", new perceptions about the past derived from current preoccupations with the present.

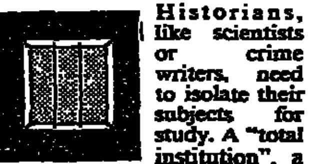
High standards



Historians like Professor Roderick Floud, of Birkbeck College, University of London, are involved in a group research project using the complementary skills of economists, biologists, statisticians and computer technology to assess the evidence of young people's height as an indicator of changes in nutrition, health and welfare of the population of Britain over the past 200 years. Professor Floud sees height as an accurate reflection of the nation's public health: the harder children have to work, the more disease they suffer, the smaller the income of their parents, the greater the exposure to pollution, the slower and more stunted will be their growth.

The results of this research will provide a means of analysing the possible causes and consequences of improvements in the standard of living – for example a healthy population is a more productive one, and evidence of height has fuelled the debate over whether the standard of living rose or fell in the overcrowded, ill-sanitized, smoke-polluted towns of early industrialized Britain. As a result of his research Floud is categoric: the standard of living of the working class did improve during the Industrial Revolution.

Breaking out



Historians, like scientists or crime writers, need to isolate their subjects for study. A "total institution", a term coined by Erving Goffman, the American sociologist, means all forms of institution in which the authorities seek a "total" regulation of the inmates' lives. Goffman's work, *Asylums*, was on American mental hospitals, but the term has subsequently been extended to cover prisons, reformatories, monasteries, convents, schools – even the servants' quarters of country houses or merchant ships.

This year's Social History Conference took total institutions as its theme and, partly influenced by the work of Michel Foucault, a spate of books on prisons and workhouses has appeared in the past couple of years. Now the author of one of them, Michael Ignatieff (*A Just Measure of Pain. The Penetentiary System in the Industrial Revolution*) has begun to cast doubts on the validity of this "enclosure" approach and argues that what is important is not what happens *inside* the walls, but the historical relation between inside and out. He suggests the essential question which historians must ask, is what part an institution played in the reproduction of the social order in the world beyond its walls, the effects on society through the symbolic weight of those walls: for whom was prison a disgrace and for whom simply one of life's unremitting blows. Such information can tell us a great deal about the demarcations in society between the "rough" or "dangerous" classes, and the "respectable" working classes.

FINDINGS

A series reporting on research
HISTORIOGRAPHY

Scots myth

Scotland fights back! For far too long, some of the younger Scottish historians think, Scotland has been regarded as the poor relation of England, its history judged by English standards, appropriate for English traditions – and has been found wanting. The two nations treatment comes together in the person of James VI of Scotland and 1st of England, writes Jenny Wormald, of the University of Glasgow, in this summer's issue of the journal *History. James VI and I Two Kings One?* She instances the Anglo-centric view of a modern English historian of James which sees him as "suspect to the English . . . his ungainly presence, mumbling speech and dirty ways did not inspire respect . . . it was clear that the sanctity of the monarchy itself would soon be called into question", and a Scottish historian's view of James as "a man of very remarkable political ability and sagacity in deciding on policy and of conspicuous tenacity in having it carried out . . . he was assuredly the most successful of his line in governing Scotland". Englishmen, both then and now, Wormald argues, have wilfully ignored the political power and effectiveness of the Scottish parliament because it lacked the sophisticated institutional arrangements of the English model.

Old habits . . .



The move away from the history of events when the past was chronicled as a sequence of dates, to "total history", which looks instead at the broad processes of change to provide a background to political events, has become so accepted over the past 15 years that historians, particularly French historians, have turned to look at the history of attitudes, mentalities, and have engaged in various exercises in emphatic reconstructions of the past.

In Britain this has proved particularly fruitful for some historians of the Ancient World. According to Keith Hopkins, of Brunel University, a classicist turned sociologist, this is because there is so little data about the Ancient World that it allows for a plasticity of interpretation that is not permitted in quite the same way to historians of later periods, hedged around as they are by the oppressive majesty of facts and figures. In Hopkins's own case, this takes the form of a recreation of the phenomenon of brother-sister marriages which constituted about a third of all marriages in Roman Egypt in the third century AD and an examination of gladitorial sports, both of which cause us to re-examine our views about the historical specificity of taboos about incest and murder. And for Moses Finley it means taking the model of slavery in the American south to illuminate the system of slavery in the Ancient World.

Solid theory

In the heady days of the 1960s when ideology was (just) king, historians had a penchant for revolution and change and were continually tapping social and political structures for evidence of instability. Now, in these sober and pragmatic times, the stability and continuity of institutions commands more interest. A good example of this approach is the recent work done on the origins of the Civil War by such historians as Conrad Russell, Kevin Sharpe and John Morrill.

This has rejected the idea of the inevitable collapse of a moribund state when faced with the political fervour of a population incensed by royal encroachments. Rather they stress the basic stability – even dynamism – of the state and the passivity, confusion and neutrality of the majority of the population. They site the origins of the Civil War in the conjunction of two extraordinary sets of circumstances – the blunders and political ineptitudes of one man, Charles I, and the unique position of a powerful parliament under threat at the end of hostilities with Scotland, and emphasize that the war was made by a handful of activists rather than a disenchanted generality.

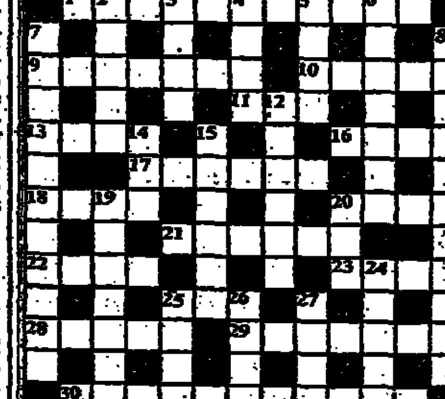
Growing interest



The study of business history gets another boost from the work of the business unit at the London School of Economics, Leslie Hannah is determined that these studies should broaden out into the wider dimensions of economic history. He points out that most economic history studies have tended to concentrate on the declining industries – coal and textiles – rather than the growth industries of the second "industrial revolution," pharmaceutical and electronic production. It is a preoccupation reflected in the title of his latest book, *Engineers, Managers and Politicians*, which is a history of the nationalized electricity industry since the war.

Juliet Gardiner

CONCISE CROSSWORD (No 115)



ACROSS
1 Stealthy mover (11)
9 Older person (7)
10 Cocoa producing tree (5)
11 Last of many (3)
13 Likelihood (4)
16 Extent (4)
17 Eye cover (6)
18 Domed recess (4)
20 Weapons (4)
21 Uproar (6)
22 Wild goat (4)
23 Area unit (4)
25 Tough youth (3)
28 Engine (5)
29 Proud best (7)
30 Weather study (11)

DOWN
2 Untied (5)
3 Is seated (4)
4 Frond plant (4)
5 Cry of pain (4)
6 Elnder (7)
7 Special payments (11)
8 Connoisseurs (11)
12 Felt hat (6)
14 Look at (3)
15 Obtain (6)
19 Ghost (7)
20 Syrian cloth (3)
24 Hold fast (5)
25 Woody plant (4)
26 Beloved (4)
27 Testament (4)

SOLUTION TO No 114
ACROSS: 1 Landing 5 Disco 8 Rue 9 Miracle 10 Canoe 11 Keen 12 Dangler 14 Tenderhearted 16 Applied 18 Iron 21 Get on 22 Adapter 23 Col 24 Elate 25 Theatre
DOWN: 1 Lame 2 Nerve 3 Inconvenience 4 Greed 5 Decontaminate 6 Singlet 7 Override 13 Strangle 15 Naphtha 17 Dealt 19 Octet 20 Brae

هكذا من الأصل

MODERN TIMES



A sideways look at the British way of life

Here's what Lytton Strachey, the naughty girl, was doing in the National Gallery in June 1930:

"There was a black-haired tart marching around in india-rubber boots, and longing to be picked up. We both lingered in the strangest manner in front of various masterpieces – wandering from room to room. Then on looking round I perceived a more attractive tart – fair-haired this time – a pink face and plenty of vitality. So I transferred my attentions, and began to move in his direction when on looking more closely I observed that it was the Prince of Wales – no doubt at all – a custodian bowing and scraping, and Philip Sassoon also in attendance..."

There must be hundreds of equally juicy anecdotes told in the privacy of museum staff-rooms where the attendants put their feet up for a few minutes' tea-break. But museum attendants are frustratingly discreet: they take a pride in their good relations with the public, and are ever alert to any breach in that vast amorphous abstract, security.

On duty, they talk to each other like people at a grand cocktail party, constantly glancing over each other's shoulders to see if somebody more important has come in. In the National Gallery, they are provided with chairs, and are required to wear ties; not many hats. In the Natural History Museum, no chairs or ties, all hatted. In the V&A, hats on, ties off (but in the pocket in case the chief warder changes his mind), and very uncomfortable-looking high stools.

The uniform of many attendants also displays a short length of chrome-plated chain, on the end of which is a whistle. This jailer image was empasized as I watched an attendant with a longer bit of chain than usual, patrolling a room full of musical instruments. Every now and then he peered suspiciously into one of the cases, as if to make sure that the sixteenth-century zither imprisoned there was not going to make a desperate bid for freedom.

He was probably just reading the labels. Unless the museum is very small, an attendant cannot relax if there are no visitors. He can't sit down and read a book. The rooms they work in can be very warm in summer, and bitterly cold in winter. "You can't help but learn". I was told. "Often there's nothing to do but walk up and down and look at the exhibits."

This is why most museum attendants are far more knowledgeable than one might expect, and not just from reading labels. In some museums the staff have access to the director's library during night shifts, and are encouraged to dip into its contents.

Where the staff are members of a union, they like new arrivals to join – usually the TGWU, or sometimes the Civil Service Union. They do not talk much about union business. Security again. With some of the nutters around nowadays, you can't be too careful.

There was a time when security was not so tight, and nutters were more benign. A lady came to a National Trust property, armed with a pair of bicycle handlebars. The attendants could not persuade her to part with them, since she said she had been threatened by a man in the garden. She got quieter as she entered a long windowless corridor, until she came to a large painting of a male nude. *"That's him!"* she shrieked, and shot off down the passage.

Being a museum attendant is not a glamorous job but those who do it have a quiet, protective affection both for their museums and the public – even the bossy ones, who yell "Don't touch please!" with all the relish of a pantomime drill sergeant. In Palm Beach, Florida, however, to be an attendant at the newly-opened Henry Flangler Museum carries an enormous social cachet. Their job applications file reads like the Palm Beach social register, and there are 16 Rolls-Royces in the staff car-park.

George Bonilla, a V & A warder, laughed. "It's not like that here," he said. "Even the director comes to work in an old Ford."

Artemis Cooper

Making an exhibition of themselves



Horror comic

John Webb *(above)* Senior Attendant, Madame Tussaud's. Has been a member of the exhibition staff for 13 years.

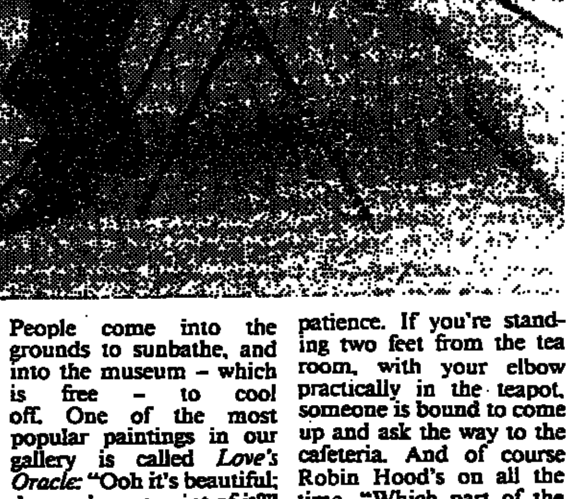
❛ People enjoy taking photographs of each other as JR's girlfriend, or as a Cabinet Minister – but looking after people is as much as part of the job as keeping an eye on them. Children get lost, and in *The Battle of Trafalgar* they sometimes need reassuring: it's so realistic, I was once asked what happened to the cannon balls. I said as a joke that they usually landed in the Polytechnic over the road, and two attendants went round picking them up in the eveing. People hesitate before going into the Chamber of Horrors: they stand on the stairs next to Hitler, and argue about who's going to go in. They don't know what to expect, so the Newgate Bell tolling as they enter really makes then jump. I must say, it makes me jump sometimes. Near the lift is a wax figure of our last Senior Attendant. The girls kiss him – you see lipstick on his bald head. There's immortality for you! The staff are always getting prodded, to see if they're real or not. No, I don't mind, you get used to it. But I have to warn the new attendants that it often happens. ❜

Eyeballer

Olive Vincent *(below)* Museum Invigilator for 12 years. The Ashmolean Museum, Oxford.

❛ I'd rather have the Canaletto in my own home, but Ucello's *Hunt in the Forest* is the most treasured painting here. We had a telephone call about three years ago from someone who threatened to vandalize it, because he didn't approve of blood sports. I once heard a guide describing the artist's technique – she said, 'It's just like darning a sock'. What a thing to say! There was a Russian party in that day – they take their culture very seriously. I remember thinking, I do hope she's not talking to them. People dislike being watched. There was one in particular – soon after I started here: I was keeping an eye on him because I kept hearing rustling paper, as if he were unpacking a picnic. He insisted I call the keeper, and told him he bitterly resented it. The keeper explained that I was just doing my job. There's a man who always comes in when he's in Oxford, and never fails to say hello to 'his ladies', as he calls us. And there's a departmental manager from Debenham's, who comes in at Christmas to see the *Flight into Egypt* by Joos de Momper. ❜







Forest ranger

Jack Gould *(above)* Attendant for 10 years at Nottingham Castle.

❛ I shouldn't like to have lived here. Too cold. But there's always somebody visiting the Castle, whatever the weather. It's always an outing if you've got people staying, and in the summer it gets very crowded. People come into the grounds to sunbathe, and into the museum – which is free – to cool off. One of the most popular paintings in our gallery is called *Love's Oracle*: "Ooh it's beautiful; do you have a print of it?" – It costs them 70p for the print, then probably a tenner to get it framed. . .You must always be calm and civil in this job, but the longer you're standing here, the more the silly questions try your patience. If you're standing two feet from the tea room, with your elbow practically in the teapot, someone is bound to come up and ask the way to the cafeteria. And of course Robin Hood's on all the time. "Which part of the castle did Robin Hood live in?, Where can we see his bows and arrows?" But the most common question is the way to the ladies' lavatory. You'd be surprised how many different ways there are of saying that. . . ❜





Touch judge

George Bonilla *(above)* Museum Warder for 16 years at the Victoria & Albert Museum.

❛ Most of the public are very pleasant, although they tend to ask for things that aren't here like Magna Carta or the Elgin Marbles. They don't mind their bags being searched – some of them ask for a body-search too. Not all are so well-behaved. I found some young boys smoking in the Music Gallery – in fact I once found a *vicar* smoking there. He said there weren't any No Smoking signs. Then there are the compulsive touchers – they like opening drawers and cupboards. During the Fabergé exhibition, an elderly man with a young lady offered me £10 to let him past the queue. "Haven't you got a price like everyone else? "he said. Lots of people were trying to queue-dodge by saying they knew the Director – the Director never dreamed he had so many friends. Or else they were friends of Bing Crosby, whose binoculars were in the exhibition. There's a 24-hour patrol in the museum, so I'm often on night-shift. There's supposed to be a ghost in the basement – of Warder Clinch, who committed suicide there at the turn of the century. ❜

Machine minder

James Pearse *(above)* Security Assistant for 15 years at the Birmingham Museum of Science and Industry.

❛ One room is full of machines, activated by buttons. It's called the Science Section, but the children call it the button room. It doesn't matter what the machines do – they just like pressing the buttons. Sometimes we have to rope off a room for lack of staff – like the bicycle room. Then a man came up to me, and said – 'My friend has come *all the way from Australia* to see those bicycles'. Poor fellow, I thought, if that's all he's come all that way for. The public can be demanding – some come in 15 minutes before closing time, wanting to see everything, and some expect you to look after their children and shopping while they look round. When people are appreciative, you notice it. Like old people who come in to see the machines they used to work on, or a group of handicapped people who were so grateful, they all shook my hand. This job is made by the people, though – it's they who make it alive, and keep your enthusiasm going. When they go, the museum goes. Then it's just rooms full of old machinery. ❜

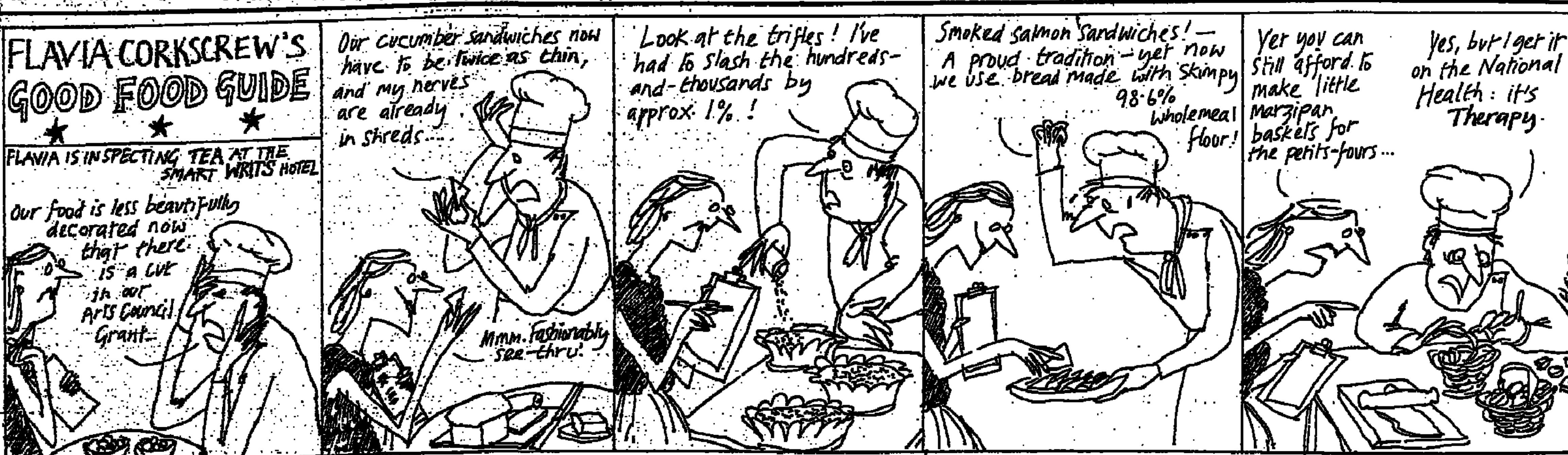


House Husband

Anne Beamis *(above)* Caretaker/Attendant for 3 years at the King's Lynn Museum of Social History.

❛ You can always tell the favourite exhibits by the amount of fingerprints on the glass case. Here, it's the dolls' houses. The kitchen draws a lot of attention, too – children are surprised to hear that water had to be brought to the house in buckets; and some older people remember their mothers using flat-irons, so they are surprised to see flat-irons in a museum! There are two curious objects that are not labelled, sort of accidentally on purpose. That way people's curiosity is aroused, they come and ask about them, and suddenly they have a whole lot more questions they might never have asked. Perhaps because this has been a house, it doesn't feel so much like a museum; people don't feel so shy and reverent. When it gets quite I polish the furniture, or I get a book out of the museum reference library to learn more about the exhibits. And people drop in, sometimes foreign visitors who've been to the museum years before. They poke their heads round the door and say: 'Hello, remember me?' I havea pretty good memory for names, but I can't remember them all. . . . ❜

Artemis Cooper



Penny Perrick

Do come back, Mr Horton

Earlier this year Mr James B. Horton, president and publisher of *Working Woman*, one of the fastest growing magazines in America, came to London to see if there was a market for his journal. Pretty soon he decided that there wasn't. For Britain, it seemed to him, is very short of women "who regard careers as exciting, glamorous and sexy". If Mr Horton had stayed longer he would have been disillusioned further by the British way of life since he would have discovered that, over here, *men* don't regard careers as exciting, glamourous or sexy either. In fact, those adjectives are hardly ever used except to advertise the kind of black chiffon nightdress that men buy their wives every Christmas Eve and which their wives then return to the store every Boxing Day.

Expecting a day at the office to produce the same glow as a candlelit dinner with Robert Redford is asking altogether too much of any working life. On the other hand a career can be interesting, fulfilling and a satisfactory method of paying the rent, something which women are discovering for themselves, as the increasing number of female graduates moving into finance, law, marketing and other potentially high-powered areas shows. All these working women might have bought a magazine like *Working Woman* with its brisk articles on negotiating a reasonable salary and what goes on at board meetings had Mr Horton given them the chance.

Audrey Slaughter, the creator of *Honey* and *Over 21*, would like to launch a new magazine for women who work, but she is finding it tough going. One financier she approached thought women wouldn't like to be seen carrying around That Sort of Thing, as though she were proposing a ruder version of Playboy.

Perhaps he read more into the suggested features on working wardrobes and tax allowances than were apparent to the more innocent eye. Or it could be that he thought that women might be ashamed to have, tucked under their arm, something that smacks so heartily of Getting On.

Here he is on stronger ground because I know a woman publisher who feels no end of a show-off when carrying a briefcase, although no other kind of reticule is as handy for housing her reports and manuscripts and lunchtime sandwich.

Happy accident

By and large, whether male or female, we are not a nation of careerists. When we call someone ambitious we certainly don't mean it as a compliment, which is why people go to great lengths to prove that it was only by happy accident that they found room at the top – "I just happened to meet this bloke who asked me had I ever thought of running a multinational construction company"... "My dad bought me an old typewriter and suddenly Martin Scorsese put in a bid for the film rights."

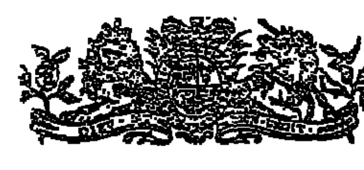
It is not considered mannerly to ask someone you've just been introduced to what they do for a living, even if their glossy pinstripes and cared-for fingernails suggest they have nothing to hide.

Although they may have discovered a cure for diabetes or redesigned half of Birmingham, they insist you wouldn't be interested in hearing about their job and then proceed to bore you with stories about their recent sailing holiday. Probably, were a visiting Martian to ask Mrs Thatcher her line of business, she would lower her eyes modestly, mutter something about dabbling in politics and then give him her recipe for Chicken Véronique.

It is this low-key attitude towards work which has given people like Mr Horton pause. Terry Mansfield, managing director of the National Magazine Company, is always searching for new publishing ideas and thought that even though two out of three women in Great Britain have jobs, the whole area of women and careers is muddled. "The dilemma when it comes down to it is that it's so difficult to translate in magazine terms." This may be true, but so is the undeniable fact that a whole generation of women is growing up with a creeping awareness that come rain or shine, come husband or come children, they will probably have to go on working for most of their adult lives and will need some information on how best to do this. Since existing magazines largely ignore this fact of life, they could do with some specialized attention.

● "Women and elephants never forget", wrote Dorothy Parker in her poem, "Ballade of Unfortunate Mammals". Even more unfortunate, although she didn't write a poem about it, is that men never remember and are therefore doomed to be forever smiting their foreheads and cursing over a forgotten lunch appointment, business meeting or because they have let their Cornish cottage to one family having previously promised it to another for the selfsame fortnight.

There is no proven cure for lack of memory although a course of ginseng tablets is meant to help. I am doubtful that this is the case, since one man, in mid-course, looked at the two capsules in the palm of his hand, scatched his head and asked: "What am I supposed to be taking these for?"



THE TIMES DIARY

Bolshy

The Government and the Greater London Council are set to dance an intricate *pas de deux* over a projected Bolshoi Ballet visit to London next year. The Russians would be coming at the GLC's invitation for the first time since 1974. Ray Whitney, under-secretary at the Foreign Office, has written to the GLC's arts director, Lord Birkett, drawing attention to the Government's guidelines on cultural visits from the Soviet Union. Since January 1980 and the invasion of Afghanistan, these have been unwelcome, and the Government refuses all administrative and financial assistance in arranging them. The GLC is unlikely to be deterred. *In extremis* the Goverrnment could, but surely would not, refuse the Bolshoi visas on the plea that the visit might threaten public order. "We are awaiting a response from the GLC", said a FO spokesman petulantly.

Literary Lady

As Harold Wilson becomes a peer, his wife becomes a judge. She joins the panel for the H. H. Wingate Prize, worth £3,000 to the writer of the book which does most to stimulate interest in Jewish affairs. Lady Wilson, who joins Professor Elie Kedourie, Baroness Kirk and Terence Prittie in the task, is not entirely new to the literary bench. She helped judge the Booker Prize in 1977.

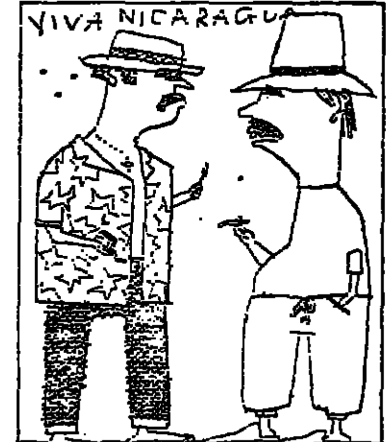
Royal double

This year's Conservation Yearbook, the annual report of the Conservation Foundation, is to be published soon with a kind of double "royal warrant": a foreward by Prince Philip and a speech delivered recently to launch the UK Conservation Strategy by Prince Charles. A delighted *conjoundationist* tells me that each of the authors is almost certainly unaware of the other's contribution.

Ale and farewell

What is happening to London's pubs? It reminds me of the blitz of the Sixties and early Seventies, when not even the most venerable local was safe from trendy interior designers with a lust for plastic fittings and keg beer where once mahogany and hand pumps had ruled. (Bitter public reaction ultimately fed the Real Ale revolution, whose legacy is with us still.) The new vogue threatens to be no less devastating. Once again the pubs are being gutted, to be rebuilt this time as Identikit mock Thirties establishments, all globular lighting, overhead fans and epicene art posters on the walls. The apparent intention is to be bistro, brasserie, Continental café and, almost an afterthought, traditional public house all at the same time. The new customers seem to be mostly young people in fancy dress formerly seen only in certain television commercials or crepitating out of West End discos in the early hours. Usually, though not always, the name of the pub is changed to something arbitrary and whimsical, reminiscent of a Wodehouse character or a stately home. For some reason "Muswell's" is the only one of these curiously anonymous names I can remember; I dub the process "Muswellization", and I deplore it.

BARRY FANTONI



'Things must be bad, amigo. I think I just saw Max Hastings'

Voices off

So many Americans post taped messages to President Reagan at the White House that an office of chief tape reviewer to the President has been created. Alice Reilly, in other life a concert pianist, has the thankless task of weeding out the very few recorded messages the President might actually want to hear something of. "They all feel the President is going to plug them into his bedroom recorder", she says. "Some try to give advice in blank verse. It's even worse when they sing. They leave the reverse side blank, and tell Reagan to send them his thoughts".



British Birds magazine has officially closed its correspondence on the derivation of the word "twitcher" after a letter from R. E. Emmett, who claims to have coined the word with friend in the mid-Fifties to describe the behaviour of Howard Medhurst, a well-known birdwatcher who used to tremble and shiver with excitement when on the trail of a rare bird. Its use has since become pejorative – describing those, unlike the original, whose keenness to tick off another sighting outweighs any genuine interest in or concern for the wellbeing of their quarry, and supplanting earlier usages such as pot-hunter, tally-hunter, tick-hunter or ticker. "Seldom can the origin of a new English word have been so thoroughly documented!" crows *British Birds*.

PHS

Lebanon: is anarchy the aim?

Robert Fisk in Beirut explains why the mutual slaughter of Druze and Christian could serve the interests of both Syria and the Israelis

The young officers of C Squadron, the 1st Queen's Dragoon Guards, stood by the low roof parapet of the British headquarters outside Beirut, sipping glasses of rum punch and enjoying the evening show. "Having quite a go at each other tonight, aren't they?" a major with a thin moustache commented cheerfully. "Oh, boy, look at that." A line of bright pink tracer curled lazily over the village of Kfarshima and settled into the hillsides above us. A few seconds later there was a small, clearly defined flash near the Druze headquarters high up on the mountains, and an incoming shell exploded among the Phalangist positions below.

Over in the darkened copse to our right, the Israeli tank crews watched in silence. Only late in the evening, after almost four hours of anarchy in the area which they are meant to control, did they fire off a few rounds. The Chouf thereupon closed down for the night.

This dreadful spectacle is now being watched with ever increasing attention by all the armies in Lebanon: by the Lebanese who will have to enter the mountains when the Israelis leave; by the Americans and French and Italians and British who will have to support them; by the Syrians who have armed many of the Druze militia and are fuelling the battles; by the Israelis who armed the Phalangists and are doing so little to prevent the conflict. Up at his presidential palace at Baabda, President Amin Gemayel can sit in the royal box with a grandstand view of the chaos he will inherit when the Israeli army withdraws to the Awali river. What price now President Reagan's commitment to Lebanese sovereignty?

Syria for one intends to make sure it is a high one. She has poured Katyusha rocket launchers into the Chouf for the Druze gunmen and has encouraged the preposterous Walid Jumblatt to set up a National Salvation Front with two other satrap Lebanese politicians in order to break Gemayel's prestige and wreck the Americans plans for foreign troop withdrawals from Lebanon.

Syria is also planting the seeds of future civil chaos in Lebanon, organizing Lebanese gangsters into militias and introducing more Libyan troops and Iranian revolutionary guards – of all people – into the country. Syria will not withdraw her own troops. If the Chouf burns nightly for the next few months, its glow will illuminate no horrified faces in Damascus.

But Syria is not alone in her disgrace. Up in the Chouf itself, the Israelis have virtually abdicated responsibility for the mutual slaughter of Druze and Christian. "A Druze leader the other day claimed that our moral conscience should force us to stay here until peace is restored", an Israeli reservist major said last week. "He said we have to wait until a new National Covenant has been worked out that prevents Phalangist domination. But it's got nothing to do with moral conscience. It isn't our job to sort out these centuries-old quarrels."

This is true – but it is not the whole truth. The Druze-Christian conflict has indeed simmered on ever since the Druze massacred 10,000 Maronites in 1968, but until the Israeli army arrived with their heavily armoured Phalangist allies in the Chouf last summer, there had been no wholesale civil war in the area for many years.



Treatment for a wounded Christian released by the Druze in a recent prisoner exchange.

Now, for the 400,000 people who live in these 200 square miles of mountains and valleys, life has become a nightmare, as one incident that occurred not long ago near Deir el Qamar illustrates. Christians kidnapped Druze motorists from their cars. They selected 15 young men, separated them from their wives and children, and took them to an old bridge over a rocky gorge. There, a man systematically plunged a 2ft butcher's knife into each one's body and the corpses were thrown on to the rocks below. The knife just missed one man's heart and he survived because the bodies of the others cushioned his fall. He thus survived to tell the tale. The Druze, needless to say, are dispatching Christian captives with equal savagery.

All these incidents are occurring in an area which – as the maps issued to the press by the Israeli army always state – falls "under Israeli control". But armies have a duty to protect the civilians in their area of occupation. Occasionally, the Israelis arrange an exchange of hostages but it would take more than their 1,500 troops in the Chouf to bring law and order to the mountains. So they have abandoned any attempt to do so. Indeed, just after Christian gunmen had tried to kidnap a colleague, a woman passenger and myself on the main Damascus highway recently, an Israeli patrol drove past without even asking the gunmen who they were. The Israelis talk daily about the need to stamp out terrorists: yet the Chouf is packed with terrorists and they are doing nothing about it.

Little wonder therefore that Lebanese ministers – and a few American diplomats based in Beirut – privately voice their suspicion that the Israelis want the anarchy to continue. If it does, the Lebanese army may be unable to control the mountains, thus proving that southern Lebanon should remain in Israeli hands.

Why, for example are the Israelis permitting Syrian 122mm guns to pass through their lines and reach the Druze? The Lebanese are wondering whether Israel now wants to abandon the Phalange and compete with Syria to set up a Druze mini-state that will act as a buffer zone north of the Awali River.

The argument contains a curious irony since the Syrians certainly do want the anarchy to go on. If Mr Gemayel's government fails in its duties and collapses, America's credibility will collapse with it and US Marines will inevitably be drawn into the subsequent fighting. Increased US involvement in Lebanon may – according to the Lebanese – be an aspiration of both Syria and Israel, though for different reasons.

Even without the Chouf, however, there is likely to be no respite for Israel. Like the Syrians, Israel has armed Lebanese gangsters in her area of occupation and turned them into militias. The Shia military now operating on Israel's behalf is becoming increasingly nervous lest it be cast aside like the Phalange. Perhaps this is why there are now as many Israeli gunmen – Shin Beth agents and plainclothes military intelligence men – to be seen on the roads of southern Lebanon as there are Syrian gunmen – secret servicemen from Damascus and "Mohaberat" agents – in eastern and northern Lebanon.

Even the military withdrawal agreement – the so-called "normalization of relations" pact with Lebanon which Israel now proclaims – has brought the Israelis no real comfort. President Gemayel has not signed the treaty and so far the Lebanese authorities have shown their gratitude by prosecuting merchants who sell Israeli fruit and by banning *The Jerusalem Post* in Beirut. Last week, almost incredibly, Katyusha rockets fell again in north Galilee, on the land which Israel's invasion was meant to protect forever. They were fired from southern Lebanon.

In the end, both Israel and Syria will probably conclude that their military adventures in Lebanon have brought them nothing but grief. Syria may appear to have the advantage at the moment, but she has few Arab allies and her alliance with the Soviet Union remains secure only so long as the superpowers maintain such poor relations with each other. An agreement on nuclear arms or an Andropov-Reagan summit would quickly diminish Syria's strategic and political demands in Lebanon.

The real loser is likely to be the United States, which now supports a city state and pretends it is a country. Her withdrawal plans are in pieces, relations with the Arabs are at their lowest point in recent years, her leverage over Israel reduced still further. The PLO's arcane rejection of the Reagan peace plan has destroyed any chance of a Palestinian settlement in the near future. The Americans are locked into Lebanon as surely as all the other armies which so blithely came here.

Mr Robert McFarlane, Mr Reagan's new envoy, will be in Beirut soon to survey the ruins of the city. He will also be able to observe the ruins of his own country's Middle East policy.

Druze leader Walid Jumblatt, encouraged and armed by the Syrians to break the prestige of President Gemayel (right) and wreck the American plans for foreign troop withdrawals.

Anne Sofer

An old-fashioned marriage for Couple of the Month

I have developed a theory about political commentators and it is called the Theory of Wrong Advice. It is distinguishable from the Socialist Theory of the Media Conspiracy in that it promotes the idea that political commentators invariably give wrong advice to *all* political parties – not intentionally but because they are really no more prescient than the rest of us.

For instance, they encourage the Conservative Pary to behave as if Margaret Thatcher were both immortal and invincible and will get away with murder indefinitely (which is, in the nature of things, unlikely). They are at present advising the Labour Party to reject its own left wing and most of the policies that 90 per cent of its members believe in (which makes about as much sense as telling Napoleon he could have won the battle of Waterloo if only he had sent the French army home).

For the SDP, the advice – only days after the party was founded – was to cut out all the promotion and razzamatazz and get down to detailed policy making (a bad error of timing in retrospect). Now we are being told to jettison serious policy making and sort out our relationship with the Liberals. My gut reaction, as well as the guidance provided by the Theory of Wrong Advice, tells me they have got it exactly the wrong way round. Protracted discussion of our relationship with the Liberals now could create division where none need exist; while the need for fundamental thinking about policies for a post-industrial society is urgent, and is not being done by either of the other political groupings.

However, it looks as if the wrong advice will be heeded, after all. The outside world has developed a keen interest in what is going on between us. We have become Couple of the Month and, like all politicians eager for the limelight, we are playing up to it. Our discussions on How Far Can We Go Before Marriage? will interest the media far more than our ideas on the future of the National Health Service. Unfortunately.

So all local groups in both parties are holding meetings and submitting views on the issue. We had ours last week. It was an excellent debate, but my heart went out to the member who said at the end: "I came to this meeting with a completely open mind and nobody yet has said anything to change it".

In truth, I suspect that at the grass-roots level in both parties are a majority of people who think the relationship is going swimmingly and feel both harassed and embarrased by the different pieces of advice being received from various quarters: on the one hand "This liaison must be regularized!" and on the other "You're young yet! Don't make up your mind too quickly!"

Political allegiance probably has more to do with self-image than it has to do with policies. (Why else did not more moderate members of the Labour Party join us when they agreed with every sentence of the Limehouse Declaration?) Liberals see their party as the natural home of the radical tradition, the dignity of the individual and of community politics. Social Democrats see themselves as a modern European party of the left, with a mission to abolish poverty and challenge the institutionalized inertia of Britain's social, political and industrial life. There is nothing incompatible here. It is the self-image of people, rather than their fundamental political philosophy, that would be damaged by a total merger.

The important debates which both our parties (and indeed the whole nation) will have to have will not divide on strictly party lines. The balance between growth and the environment, the practicalities of the greater devolution of power in which we both believe, the difficult moral issues implied by the continued existence of private health and private education – in any mixed Alliance forum in which these issues are discussed I have found both Liberals and Social Democrats on either side of the argument.

But it would be foolish to disparage self-image. Probably the relationship most of us would like to emulate is the sort of contemporary marriage where both partners keep their own surnames, jobs and bank accounts, but are none the less in both a formal and an emotional sense committed to each other. Nobody in the SDP wants to become just "Mrs Liberal", or even "Mrs Alliance". But we do want the rest of the world to be in no doubt that we are staying together.

What we need is a formula to encapsulate this combination – and for the formalities to be concluded as quickly as possible so that we can get on with the business.

There should be no doubt as to what the business is. In that sense, it should be a thoroughly old-fashioned marriage. In other words, one whose chief purpose is procreation. We are in the business of increasing and multiplying, and peopling the nation with the fruit of our Alliance. By the time the registrar comes round we will have worked out what surnames go on the birth certificates.

The author is the SDP member of the GLC and Ilea for Camden, St Pancras North. She is a member of the SDP National Committee.

Gerald Kaufman

Tory torpedos for shipbuilding

Not long ago, Britannia still ruled the waves. As recently as 1962, we were the world's leading shipbuilder. That has changed drastically. Last year Britain was down to a demeaning ninth place internationally; and even this low ranking concealed the humiliating truth that British shipbuilders in 1982 obtained only 1.8 per cent of the world's construction orders.

Shipbuilding in this country has suffered a painful trauma. In the past six years the workforce has fallen from 87,469 to 62,583 and 9,000 jobs are to go in the next two years. Yards have closed; repairs have contracted almost to vanishing point. Yet since 1979 this industry has received £780m in aid from the Treasury. When the latest massive loss was reported last week by British Shipbuilders, the reaction of the Department of Trade and Industry was to promise yet more money. What is a Tory government doing, handing over such huge sums to a tiny, state-owned, loss-making industry? Do we really need a shipbuilding industry at all?

That we still need ships is incontrovertible. Even today we possess the sixth largest merchant fleet in the world, with most of those countries apparently ahead of us – such as Liberia and Panama – sheltering under flags of convenience; and of course we remain an important naval power. Obviously, we must build our own warships. It would be unthinkable to place our battle fleet at the mercy of foreign suppliers.

Our merchant shipowners seem to feel the necessity for a domestic shipbuilding capacity much less keenly. While recently Belgian owners have ordered 94.4 per cent of ships from their own yards, the French 91.8 per cent and Italians 99.4 per cent, it is lamentable that British owners have seen fit to obtain only 47 per cent of their needs from their own country. Even the Central Electricity Generating Board placed an order in Korea not long age. While such lack of patriotism is to be deplored, does it not harshly indicate that British Shipbuilders merchant division, now with fewer employees than the warship yards, has become a costly irrelevance?

Even if we set aside the melodramatic consideration that a huge merchant fleet unable to renew itself in its own country would become a prisoner of Far Eastern conglomerates, it is undeniable that the peculiar economics of warship construction require the maintenance of substantial British merchant shipbuilding capacity. Naval work is centred on three big specialist yards, but these cannot alone cope with the Royal Navy's needs, let alone satisfy the small but still sizeable export trade.

Mixed yards, capable of building both warships and other kinds of vessels, are essential too. Because of the irregular flow of naval orders, these British Shipbuilders' subsidiaries have to provide their yards with other work in order to maintain the labour force and concomitant facilities needed for the naval programme. In brutal fact, merchant shipbuilding, subsidized though it may be by the Department of Trade and Industry, in its turn subsidizes naval shipbuilding and is indispensable to its well-regulated continuance.

That is why the Government's proposals to sell off the naval yards to private owners are industrially illiterate as well as politically spiteful. The statement to the Commons last Thursday by Mr Norman Lamont, the Minister of State, had originally contained a paragraph worded: "As I have already made clear, however, some parts of BS are profitable. The Government remains firmly committed to privatizing British Shipbuilders' activities as soon as possible, and wherever possible." At the last moment, in the second sentence, the words "British Shipbuilders" were deleted and the word "those" inserted in their place. This almost imperceptible change tellingly revealed the Government's view that only profitable yards should be privatized. The state would be left with the rest, which it could then be excused for closing down, despite the terrifying employment implications for the Lower and Upper Clyde, the Tyne, the Wear and elsewhere.

Yet of course the main difference between the naval yards and the merchant yards is that, while the merchant yards are partly subsidized, the naval yards are wholly subsidized. Every penny they "earn" comes either from the Treasury or from export orders directly dependent on the domestic naval work.

The Government plans to throw merchant shipyard workers on to the scrapheap, even though ministers admit that every shipbuilding nation in the world subsidizes its merchant yards at least as much as Britain does. At the same time, that same Government intends to provide vast subsidies to private owners of naval yards, whose guaranteed profits will be provided not by Mrs Thatcher's god of the market place but by the generous British taxpayer. Our shipbuilding industry, like all others throughout the world, is in a mess caused by the international recession. The Tory solution is to transform it into a uniquely British, impeccably ideological, mess.

The author is Labour MP for Manchester Gorton.

Bernard Levin: the way we live now

Show me that nuclear woe

Not long ago, I drew pointed attention to a great lie that provides much of the foundation for the organized advocacy of unilateral nuclear disarmament by the West; the claim that *because* unlimited nuclear war would be a catastrophe without parallel, *therefore* the best way of avoiding the catastrophe is for our side to disarm alone. The lie resides not in the claim, which I believe is mistaken but can be argued; it is in the "therefore", for the whole thrust of the unilateralist movement is to suggest that the horrors of nuclear war themselves prove the case for western defencelessness. The logical hiatus between the two halves of the argument is as plain to the unilateralists as it is to me, but propaganda and veracity have rarely shared a bed, and this instance is no exception.

There are, however, two more lies that poison the wells of the nuclear argument. One is the constant suggestion, as impudent as it is mendacious, that only those who advocate unilateral nuclear disarmament want peace. The very word "peace" has been stolen from its honourable place in the language and used to suggest that those who believe that peace may be more easily and safely secured by strength are not really seeking peace at all; indeed, much of the time the disarmers go further, and use of themselves the word "anti-war", with the clear implication that those who reject their case are "pro-war".

But it is the last part of the Triad of Untruth that concerns me today, particularly since it is the part that has been least remarked and least commented upon, though its exposure and rebuke are no less important than in the case of the two other *suggestiones falsi*.

I think it will be widely agreed that a nuclear war would not be much fun ("My dear, the *noise* – and the *people*"). Indeed, so little fun would it be that at first glance there is nothing very surprising in the suggestion that contemplation of the dangers is attended on all hands by great gloom and fear, and leaves those doing the contemplating wan and wrinkled, with a tendency to burst into tears if somebody slams a door. The shadow cast by the bomb is so dark and sinister that it disturbs the mind, paralyses the will, deadens the feelings and leads inevitably to aimlessness, social unrest and a constant increase in the incidence of crime, divorce, unemployment and *herpes*. The nation, obsessed by its impending fate, is mindful every time it puts its Sunday leg of lamb in the oven that it may shortly be badly overcooked itself. Conversation deals with nothing else, and the unbroken silence of an evening in every pub in the land, as unhappy patrons stare into their glasses and think upon their end, bears eloquent witness to the way in which thoughts of nuclear annihilation now occupy attention to the exclusion of all other subjects, from the ballet to the football pools.

It will be at once apparent that my account is exaggerated. What may not be so readily understood is that even a less extravagantly worded account of the situation would be equally baseless. Yet it is part of the case made by those who advocate nuclear disarmament by our side alone (those urging unilateral disarmament on the Soviet Union are for some reason not numerous in these parts, and their demonstrations rarely if ever make difficulties for the traffic) that the effect of the very existence of the bomb is to cause untold misery on all sides.

The truth is that although there is indeed a danger of nuclear war (though not nearly so great as is made out by those in the business of frightening innocent folk for their own ends), and although if such a conflict were to break out the results would indeed be terrible (on this point the frighteners hardly need to exaggerate, though they do), nobody actually spends time worrying, or even thinking, about it.

Test your own experience and see whether it does not accord with mine. (Unilateralists, in answering, will be obliged to take a lie-detector test and swear their statements before a commissioner for oaths.) I have discussed matters nuclear with those of every persuasion on the spectrum, from pacifists who would never knowingly harm an insect, let alone a human being, to advocates of a substantial *increase* in nuclear arms, and I have yet to meet anyone, however passionate in the cause argued, who shows any sign that his or her life is actually affected by it, that any sleep is lost or meal pushed away untouched, that burglary and wife-beating begin to seem less wrong in view of the likelihood that the world will shortly come to an end.

This, as a matter of fact, is what we would expect, as an analogy will make clear. We all know the facts about road accidents, but we *never* go about the streets in a state of apprehension, dwelling on the possibilities of being run down, over or into. And that is not because we do not care about our lives, or because we are hardened against feeling in view of our knowledge of the dreadful casualty figures, but because our feelings, and even our subconsciouses, have got better things to do with their time than worry about such dangers, real though they are.

But we can be less subjective. Take those who are most clamorous in advocating nuclear disarmament as the way to Mr Andropov's heart. What is the most striking fact about them all – so striking that it is instantly visible before they have said a word on the subject that concerns them? It is that they are all having the most *marvellous* time. Indeed, whenever I see the sleek, plump, wonderfully self-satisfied face of Monsignor Kent I watch the television screen waiting for a sign that reads "Do not adjust your set – the sound you hear is His Reverence purring".

Camping at Greenham Common may not be your idea of fun, and it certainly is not mine, but it plainly suits the campers down to the ground, even when the ground is muddy; the whole enterprise is symbolized and summed up by the lady who left the family for a weekend under canvas with the girls, and found the experience so delightful that she never returned to her home. And when we see pictures of the girls on television, rain or shine, they are invariably smiling, and frequently dancing, to boot. (The Aldermaston March, in the old days, was a wonderful bank holiday outing for the participants, with nothing to be seen but happy faces and nothing to be heard from the winding column but merriment and music.)

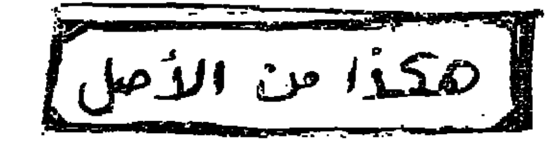
As for Mr E. P. Thompson, he has made an entire new life, clearly stimulating and enjoyable, out of urging military weakness upon the West; if all the world's nuclear weapons were to vanish overnight, together with the knowledge of their manufacture, his thoughts would surely turn to self-ending. (No they wouldn't, though; he would speedily discover unimaginable dangers in the *conventional* weapons possessed by Nato in general and Britain in particular.)

Obviously, those whose trade is persuading Britain to disarm have an interest in trying to make our flesh creep, and a further interest in maintaining that our flesh actually is creeping. The dangers and horrors of nuclear war, however, are just as plain to *me* as they are to the members of CND, yet I do not feel obliged to paint a picture of a nation going mad with worry.

Of course, CND would reply that that is only natural, since I would eagerly welcome a nuclear holocaust, partly because I am a callous and bloodthirsty brute and partly because I have been supplied by the authorities with a lavishly-equipped bomb proof shelter. The truth is otherwise; I know that Britain is not a land of trembling neurotics consumed with ineradicable hopelessness at the ever-present thought of Armageddon, and I think it is important to point out that those who argue along those lines do so falsely. I will not be blackmailed into accepting that the threat of nuclear war means that the only way to ensure that it will not happen is to be weak; I will not be defamed into accepting that we who believe that strength is the best way of avoiding it are not truly seeking peace; and I will not be deceived into accepting the unilateralist case by the baseless claim that because of Britain's nuclear weapons the country is drowning in terror and despair.

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GOVERNMENT FIAT

Twice since being confirmed in office the Government, in the person of Mr Cecil Parkinson the new Secretary of State for Trade, has intervened to frustrate judicial processes where major matters of private and public interest were involved. The circumstances of these two exceptional interferences are very different from each other, but they have enough in common to suggest that their proximity is not mere coincidence.

In the case of the Stock Exchange and its restrictive practices the Government has effectively halted proceedings before the court by promoting an "out of court settlement". The settlement does not, as might be supposed, take the form of agreement between the parties to the litigation – on the contrary, one of the parties, the director of the Office of Fair Trading, has publicly expressed his dissatisfaction with what has been arranged. The settlement takes the form of a compact between the other party, the Stock Exchange Council, and the minister. This, though it appears to dispose of the matter, will require parliamentary validation, possibly in the form of primary legislation, removing the Stock Exchange from the ambit of the restrictive practices legislation.

The other matter concerns allegations before tribunals in the United States that British Airways and British Caledonian participated in commercial actions encompassing the downfall of Laker in 1982 contrary to the anti-trust laws contained in the Sherman and Clayton Acts of the United States Congress. Here the signature of the minister suffices to exempt his clients. He has ordered those two airlines, by power given him under the Protection of Trading Interests Act 1980, not to produce to the United States Department of Justice or to the courts there documents held outside the territorial jurisdiction of the United States or to disclose to them any commercial information demanded in those proceedings. Mr Parkinson did not report to Parliament either his order or his reasons for making it. Nor, amazingly, has he been questioned in the Commons about it during the five weeks that have passed since he made the order.

The effect of this order was considered by the Court of Appeal last week in related proceedings. British Airways and British Caledonian had asked for an injunction restraining Laker from pursuing a civil action for damages before the district court of the District of Columbia, invoking United States anti-trust legislation.

The Master of the Rolls explained that an English court should be extremely slow to make litigation abroad inaccessible in cases where there is no domestic tribunal to which recourse can be had. He emphasized that the Court of Appeal in no way questioned the jurisdiction of the American district court: both British airlines "carry on business sufficiently in the United States to make them amenable to the jurisdiction of its courts". Nor had the English judges any criticism of the methods of doing justice, though different, of their "cousins in law" in the United States. Nor had they any feeling of hostility towards American anti-trust laws or would ever wish to denigrate them.

What caused the Court of Appeal to grant the injunction at the end of the argument was the earlier intervention of the minister. His order to the airlines forbidding them to cooperate with the American court had rendered the case "untriable". Neither could Laker adequately document their charges against the British airlines, nor could the airlines adequately defend themselves.

The Government of course has substantial reasons for deliberately aborting these two sets of proceedings. It is now of the opinion that litigation under the Restrictive Practices Act is not the most suitable way of cleansing the Stock Exchange and fitting it to adapt to fast changing techniques in international financial markets.

There is much in that. But it is the same government, give or take a minister or two, which let the reference stand when it first came into office in 1979 and which has allowed it to go forward for seven years with accumulating costs to the parties of some £1.5 million. Only now does it wind it up. And the substitute the Government has provided – agreement on an outline for self-reform by the Stock Exchange Council without a monitoring agency – is undoubtedly a much less searching examination of practices which may have more to do with the convenience and profit of the practitioners than with the maintenance of an efficient and adaptable exchange in stocks and shares purged of artificial expense.

As the Government sees its intervention in the Laker case as another round in its resistance to Washington's habit of making extra-territorial application of its commercial law. Parallels are drawn with the Administration's purported interference last year in the Russian pipeline contracts. The parallel is not very exact. An international combination in restraint of trade of the kind alleged, the two chief elements of which are price fixing to drive Laker out of business and concerted pressure to block financial rescue, is not easy to pin down territorially. (Within whose jurisdiction does the transatlantic telephone lie?) But the facts alleged certainly have a prominent American dimension.

However, the Government has another leg to stand on. Air services between the United States and the United Kingdom are regulated by a treaty concluded in 1977 known as the Bermuda 2 Agreement. It provides for the mutual arrangement by the two countries' regulatory agencies of such matters as routes, frequencies and fares. It also prescribes procedures to be followed in case of disagreement, leading ultimately to arbitration. The British Government claims that by going outside Bermuda 2 and wheeling on its anti-trust laws (the United States Department of Justice cites the two British airlines in its investigation of the Laker collapse before a grand jury) the United States Government is in breach of its treaty obligations.

This is an argument the layman hesitates to enter, unless it be to suggest that there could well be commercial activities of an unlawful kind alleged against foreign airlines in the United States (fraud for instance) that would not be removed from the jurisdiction of the United States courts by any treaty regulating the provision of air services; and that the allegation about combining to block the Laker rescue operation might fall into that category even if the allegation about "predatory fares" might not.

Anyway, however solid the Government's ground may be for seeking to exempt the two British airlines from these anti-trust proceedings and the enormous penalties they might impose, and however important success in that endeavour may be for the Government's plans for the early privatization of British Airways, the upshot is that application of the free world's most effective measures against restraint of competition is partially frustrated in respect of one of the free world's least openly competitive international businesses.

There is irony in this recital. This is a government that is fully alive to the benefits of competition and to the primary role that market forces must play in the economies of nations. Yet here it is intervening both domestically and abroad to call off the agencies that enforce the laws explicitly enacted to vindicate those principles and promote the relevant practices.

These are ministers, too, who are the sworn opponents of "big government", of the assumption of ever-wider powers by the central political organs of the state, and of the perpetual intervention by executive government in the affairs of individuals and autonomous public agencies. Yet here they are using their executive authority to interrupt judicial process. The same tendency towards the aggrandizement of central authority is also seen in the Government's itch to decide the rate levels for particular and perhaps all local councils, and the speed with which it has nominated itself to become next controller of London's regional public transport system.

None of these actions is out of order, each comes with justification attached, yet all jar with the account the Government's apologists give of its principles and purposes. They contribute to the impression of fading coherence that has been noted in Mrs Thatcher's administration since it was confirmed in June.

THE OVER-VALUED DOLLAR

The United States of America is now running the biggest budget and balance-of-payments deficits in history. The budget deficit, which may approach $225,000m this year, has already received a great deal of comment. The imbalance on America's international payments had until recently been relatively small and has therefore attracted less attention, but there are signs that this is changing.

On Friday it was announced that the American trade deficit was $4,960m in June, compared to $6,910m in May. In other words, the trade deficit is now running at an annual rate of at least $60,000m. The prospect is for further deterioration. With economic recovery gathering pace, companies will need to rebuild their stocks of raw materials and consumers will step up their demand for foreign products. The United States Commerce Secretary has frankly acknowledged that the trade deficit "could reach $100,000m next year if present trends continue".

The current account position will be better because of a surplus on invisibles which may amount to $30,000m. But it will still be on an unprecedented scale. The largest current account deficits recorded, were under $15,000m in 1977 and 1978. The prospect for the rest of 1983 and 1984 is a figure that will be several times greater. It is not wild to suggest that the current account deficit will exceed $50,000m, although the OECD in its most recent *Economic Outlook* put forward a forecast of $37,500m.

Such numbers are vast and, in the long run, unsustainable. The nation which is supposed to act as the guardian of the international financial system cannot indefinitely run payments deficits of this size and expect the dollar to retain a reserve currency role. But, for the moment, there is widespread complacency about the balance-of-payments outlook. The reason is that the dollar, far from suffering speculative attacks on the foreign exchanges, remains an extremely strong currency.

The dollar's apparent defiance of economic logic calls for an explanation. It is a commonplace that a country with a large current account deficit should have a weak currency. There is no doubt that this simple principle applies very effectively to France, Italy and dozens of smaller deficit nations around the world. But it does not seem to work with the United States. The American deficit next year will be at least five times the size of the French, but the dollar is at the top of the foreign exchanges' popularity list while the franc is near the bottom.

The point is that the American current account deficit has been outweighed – at least, until now – by heavy capital account flows. Money is sent to the United States as a haven from political risk and invested in the dollar because it is regarded as a secure store of value. The capital flows are being given further encouragement by the high level of dollar interest rates. Indeed, there is a general view that interest rates may move up in the next few weeks to counter above-target money supply growth. A major background influence behind the monetary difficulties is the big budget deficit.

But short-run dollar appreciation can only aggravate the long-run adjustment problem. By making American exports even more uncompetitive on world markets, a higher dollar today implies an even larger current account deficit in a year's time. The accumulation of dollar assets in foreign hands is fine while it is proceeding, but in due course the United States will have to pay increased interest and dividends to overseas investors and these payments will be another debit item on the current account.

At some stage the capital inflows will slow down and may even be reversed. No one can say when this will happen. But it is certain that the longer the day of judgment is deferred, the harsher the judgment will be.

Fifty years ago, when President Roosevelt and his Treasury Secretary, Morgenthau, were manipulating the gold price from day to day, Keynes described American policy as "a gold standard on the booze". Today we have a grossly overvalued dollar, record real interest rates, the largest budget deficit ever known and the prospect of a current account shortfall which is a multiple of the worst previously registered by any nation. The combination may fairly be described as the dollar standard on the booze.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Mounting tension in Nicaragua

From Mr Jeremy Corbyn, MP for Islington North (Labour) and others

Sir, It is with grave concern that we witness the recent escalation of tension in Central America and the dispatching by President Reagan of a task force of eight carriers, with 6,000 troops and some 70 aircraft: a force the same size as that sent to the Falklands.

This obvious intention to seek a military rather than a peaceful solution for the area is to be condemned. The pressure (verbal, *economic and military*) on Nicaragua has increased since President Reagan took office and during this year has escalated dramatically. The peace moves by the Contadora group of countries and the six-point peace plan put forward by Nicaragua show a flexibility and a readiness to seek a peaceful solution. The United States had insisted that any negotiations be multilateral. Nicaragua has now agreed.

Are we to see once again the Reagan Administration search for some other pretext to continue its attacks against Nicaragua? For so long we were told that the aggressive policy against Nicaragua was to halt the flow of arms from that country to El Salvador. No convincing proof has ever been exhibited to back up this claim that this flow of arms exists, even though the US has used the most sophisticated techniques available (ships, planes, tracking stations). Now we are told that this would not now be sufficient and that President Reagan sees little hope of asatisfactory solution while the current government remains in power.

It is this Government that over the past four years has tackled the severe social problems of Nicaragua: the injustices and inequalities so prevalent in the area. Programmes of land reform, health, education, and housing have been initiated. The standard of living has improved. All this has been achieved despite the economic pressure used by President Reagan in cutting direct government loans and vetoing Nicaragua's requests in international banking circles.

As tension mounts, there has been little or no serious debate of Nicaragua's peace plan: only President Reagan's reaction to it. For people who have suffered US occupation in the past and a barbarous dictatorship of the Somoza family for more than 50 years, it is our responsibility to help them find a peaceful solution to the current crisis and raise our voices on their behalf against the obvious war intentions of President Reagan.

Yours sincerely,
JEREMY CORBYN, TONY BENN
ROLAND BOYES, STUART HOLLAND
NORMAN BUCHAN, TAM DALYELL
BOB CLAY, MARTIN FLANNERY
CHRIS SMITH, MICHAEL MEACHER
MARK FISHER, HARRY COHEN
ERIC HEFFER
The Cooperative Hall,
129 Seven Sisters Road, N7.
July 29.

A defective term

From the Reverend Edward Yarnold, SJ

Sir, Richard Harries (article, July 23) speaks kindly of the Anglican-/Roman Catholic International Commission's "remarkable achievements". But he fails to understand one aspect of the commission's work. If he thinks that it has simply passed the issue of infallibility on to its successor, being content to replace the contentious term "infallibility" by "indefectibility" – especially when the latter quality is understood, as by Professor Küng, as if it were that of a boxer who gets a hammering in every round but is miraculously on his feet at the final bell.

ARCIC was not engaged in semantic juggling; it tried in its usual way to identify the point at issue and to establish the extent to which the two churches are in agreement over it.

The commission took the issue to be the way in which the Holy Spirit uses human means to maintain the Church in the truth of the Gospel. It believed that there was a large amount of agreement between the two churches concerning the part the universal primate would play in this process, among other human means.

The churches have now to decide whether the commission's estimate of the two traditions is accurate. The ball is in their court, rather than in that of ARCIC II.

Yours faithfully,
EDWARD YARNOLD,
Campion Hall,
Oxford.
July 23.

Vacation village

From Mr Frank Hooley

Sir, The reply (Cmnd 8979) by the Government to the report by the Select Committee on Foreign Affairs about the building of an airport on Providenciales in the Turks and Caicos Islands should not be the end of the matter. It should rather be the beginning of a thorough investigation into the administration and development of this small British dependency.

The Government's reply sheds no light at all on the mystery as to why Club Mediterranée, though bound by a legal contract, failed to build its vacation village by the due date of December 31, 1982; yet foreign speculators apparently found it well worthwhile to invest $13m in the tiny island of Providenciales, presumably because of the construction of an international airport there (paid for with your money and mine).

The Government claim that as a result of the airport project budgetary aid to the TCI will be substantially reduced. However, they have already lost two years' revenue from the Club Med village (even if it is eventually completed by December 31, 1984, and I remain sceptical about that), and the village itself will be 174 beds smaller than originally envisaged.

By contrast, the cost to the taxpayer of the airport has gone up from £4.69m to £6.11m.

The reply takes umbrage at my suggestion in the House on March 14 (Hansard, col 46) that the ODA (Overseas Development Administration) had fiddled the figures to make the project show a real financial return; in fact, Whitehall was so incompetent in its appraisal that a senior ODA official gave the wrong set of figures in evidence to the Select Committee and did not even know at the time that he was giving the wrong figures. Whether the calculations were "fiddled" is, I suppose, a matter of semantics; at the minimum they were "massaged".

There are two further serious questions which arise from the Government's reply. The select committee's genuine worry about drug trafficking is airily dismissed as "based on opinion not evidence". The minister himself gave evidence that the local police had formed a special drug squad and that the United States Drug Enforcement Agency had undertaken several major operations in the islands against the trade (select committee report, p24). The select committee was also told that the Governor and Chief Minister, no less, had had high-level discussions in Washington on the subject as recently as December, 1982. Maybe Whitehall should take the trouble to re-read its own evidence.

Secondly, the reply indicates that the TCI are now becoming a "finance centre" with a view to "attracting off-shore investment business". Put less politely, they are to be a haven for tax evasion and similar dubious operations. Perhaps the Commons could inquire just how much the working people of the TCI will benefit from this particular kind of "development".

It is my belief that Parliament would be neglecting its duty to the people of the TCI – and I mean the people, not business and financial interests – if it did not now press for a rigorous examination of all aspects of the administration of this territory, and explore with some care for whose benefit the so-called "development" – paid for with our money – is taking place.

Yours sincerely,
FRANK HOOLEY,
6 Mayland Drive,
Sutton Coldfield,
West Midlands.
July 20.

Consumers' view of energy profits

From the Chairman of the London Electricity Consultative Council

Sir, I would like to support Lady Burton's letter (July 29) about the profits of the gas industry by drawing attention to the comparable position for electricity consumers. This will become clear to all concerned when the industry's accounts are published on Thursday.

In real terms, electricity prices have risen by 50 per cent since 1974. In the last financial year, the London Electricity Board has made a clear surplus of nearly £23 million over and above the financial target set by the Government. LEB has achieved this unprecedented result, in part because inflation was lower than expected during the year, and in part because it improved the cost-effectiveness of its own operating performance.

At its meeting held on June 16, the London Electricity Consultative Council welcomed the LEB's containment of its operating costs, and formally recommended the Board to repay the excess surplus to consumers. It was clear to the Council that they had been required to pay more for their electricity in 1982/83 than was necessary for the Board to meet its statutory duties and the Government's target. When the Board met on June 28 to consider the recommendation, it was invited to endorse a chief officer's report which recited reasons as to why the money should not be given back.

These included "administrative problems"; that the amount involved was "only" three per cent of turnover in the last year (but most consumers would, I am sure, have welcomed a 12 per cent reduction on one quarterly bill this year); and that the government's cash-limit rules would not allow a rebate, because if last year's surplus were to be given back this year, then since we are now in a new financial period the amount repaid would have to be recovered next year. The Board – an autonomous statutory body – made no apparent attempt to see whether a way could be found to circumvent the rules, but (with my abstention) voted to retain the money.

My Council, which considered the Board's response on July 25, has found it hard to believe, let alone understand, the LEB's refusal of our request. In our view, the time is long overdue for consumers and their representatives in Parliament to complain far more loudly about the cost of electricity. They should *demand* of the industry and of the Department of Energy (which until recently has taken a positively laid-back view of the industry's manifest inefficiencies) a more cost effective service at the lowest possible rates.

Yours faithfully,
ALEX HENNEY, Chairman,
London Electricity Consultative Council,
Newspaper House,
8 Great New Street, EC4.
July 29.

SDP constitution

From Mr Edward Lyons, QC

Sir, As SDP legal affairs spokesman in the last Parliament I was interested in the talk of joint selection of candidates by the SDP and Liberal parties for the European elections in 1984.

Under the SDP constitution the national committee has no power to order such a process. Its relevant powers are limited to ordering SDP area parties not to put up candidates (so a Liberal has a clear field) and to recommending SDP voters to vote for a candidate of another party with similar principles.

Further, a cardinal principle of the constitution is "one member, one vote" – a principle frequently reasserted by the requirement to hold a postal ballot, e.g. for president, leader, nationally elected members of the national committee and area party officers and committees.

For the selection of parliamentary candidates (both Westminster and European) the national committee is entitled to disregard this basic rule only in emergencies – for example, when there is insufficient time to conduct a postal ballot. The national committee has no authority to order a selection process for the European elections which dispenses with postal ballots or includes non-SDP members (e.g., at joint meetings).

The proper and democratic approach for those on the national committee who wish such fundamental changes is not to attempt cleverly to by-pass the elected Council of Social Democracy and the general membership but to seek to persuade them to change the constitution appropriately.

Yours etc.
EDWARD LYONS,
4 Primley Park Lane,
Alwoodley,
Leeds.
July 25.

Helicopter tragedy

From Mrs Jane E. S. Fortin

Sir, The Scilly Isles helicopter disaster, which killed 20 people, including my sister and her family (the Nye family), occurred on July 16. It was not until nearly two weeks later, on July 28, that we received any letter of sympathy from British Airways. Their failure to write sooner was, at the very least, insensitive.

To make matters worse, however, the letter enclosed a copy of a message from the Queen dated July 17 asking British Airways to convey her sympathy to the bereaved families. Naturally, we are comforted by her message but are enraged by the failure of British Airways to convey it to us sooner.

Yours faithfully,
JANE E. S. FORTIN,
5 Dealtry Road, SW15.
July 28.

The treasure-seekers

From Mr Tim Tatton-Brown

Sir, The Editor of *Current Archaeology* (July 23) is correct in saying that we must reduce the over-inflated value of antiquities, increasingly bought as a hedge against inflation.

Thanks to the "pioneering work" of unscrupulous men like Duveen (whose ill-gotten gains ironically paid for the gallery in the British Museum that now houses the Elgin/Parthenon Marbles), antiquities all over the world are being looted from archaeological sites and then sold for ridiculous prices at Sotheby's, Christie's, etc. This means that in Britain more and more money had to be found for our national museums to purchase finds, and less and less is being spent on the rescue archaeology needed to discover the stratified contexts in which splendid objects are found. The antiquities dealers and auction houses are thus destroying our past as much as the treasure-hunters.

A two-pronged attack is therefore needed: first against the treasure-hunters, as suggested by the Director of the Council for British Archaeology (July 16) and secondly against pedlars of and dealers in antiquities.

Yours faithfully,
TIM TATTON-BROWN,
Chairman,
Canterbury Archaeological Trust,
92a Broad Street,
Canterbury,
Kent.

Tour ban anomalies

From Mr Donald Woods

Sir, Mr N. M. Forster (July 27) asserts that South Africa has a free press. It has not. South Arfican newspapers have to contend with more than 200 legislative restrictions under 26 statutes enacted to suppress publication of material which would be regarded in any democratic country as legitimate news.

Three examples suffice. The Prisons Act, the Degfence Act and the Police Act severely limit publication of any penal, military or police matters not approved beforehand by the state.

Apart from the many and complex publication laws there are also the arbitrary powers the state uses to silence jounalists without prosecution or trial. I was editor of one of South Africa's oldest-established newspspers, the *Daily Despatch*, for 12 years until October 19, 1977, when I was banned and house restricted by the Minister of Police. During my editorship the state also imprisoned three of my reporters without any semblence of trial proceedings.

And although I have now been out of South Africa for five years, it would still be a criminal offence for any South African newspaper to print anything I say or write on any subject, even if it were a commendation of the Surrey County Cricket Club for repairing the wall of the Oval.

If that is Mr Forster's idea of a free press he is evaluating it against curious criteria.

Yours sincerely,
DONALD WOODS
PO Box 130A,
Surbiton,
Surrey,

Parental authority and the pill

From Mr Ian S. P. Barker

Sir, The recent case of Gillick v West Norfolk and Wisbech Area Health Authority (Law Report, July 27) has brought into question the problem of parental control over the medical treatment of their children.

I am sure that Mrs Gillick has the best of motives in trying to assert her control as a parent, but I would suggest that full parental authority is not desirable in relation to medical treatment.

Such authority would be based on the misconception that *all* parents are as concerned for the welfare of their children as Mrs Gillick.

Lord Devlin (July 29) seems to desire a greater degree of parental control and quotes Lord Radcliffe as saying, in relation to public policy, ". . . there are some things the law will not stand for". Is it possible that the law would stand for the reprisal by parents, perhaps on religious grounds, to allow a blood transfusion to a child that might otherwise die?

The cases of Re B (a minor) [1981] 1 WLR 1421 and Re D (a minor) [1976] 1 All ER 326 illustrate the danger of allowing absolute parental control over children. In the former case, the parents of a child suffering from Down's Syndrome refused to give consent to a life-saving operation on the child. Fortunately, the child was made a ward of court, and so the operation was performed. If full parental authority had been accepted in the case of Re D, a slightly retarded girl of eleven years would have been sterilised, even though she would eventually have had the intellectual capacity to marry.

Concern and the wish to control are natural, laudable, and desirable, but in terms of medical consent it is vital that these be balanced with the interest of the children, which cannot always be determined by parents.

I respect the concern of Mrs Gillick, but would suggest that there may be hidden dangers in altering the present balance of the law.

Yours faithfully,
IAN S. P. BARKER,
17 Benslow Rise,
Hitchin,
Hertfordshire.
July 29.

From Professor A. W. B. Simpson

Sir, Lord Devlin (July 29) hopes that the common law may yet decide whether parents or health authorities are to decide whether to provide those under 16 with "the means of sexual promiscuity". He exaggerates the powers of both. Nature provides the means, and the onset of puberty the inclination.

Yours etc,
A. W. B. SIMPSON,
University of Kent at Canterbury,
Darwin College,
The University,
Canterbury,
Kent.
July 29.

First Jewish MP

From Mr Stephen Schick

Sir, The caption under the photograph in *The Times* today (July 27) of the Chief Rabbi, the Home Secretary and Mr Greville Janner, MP, at a luncheon states it was held to celebrate "the 125th anniversary of the election of the first Jewish MP Baron Lionel de Rothschild."

This is not so. Baron Lionel was first elected as a Whig MP for the City of London in August, 1847, but felt unable to take the oath, as required, "on the true faith of a Christian" and was debarred from taking his seat. He was subsequently returned for the City on five different occasions until, in 1858, a campaign inside and outside Parliament succeeded in allowing the House of Commons to modify the oath against the opposition of the Lords. Baron Lionel then sat in the House for 15 years without once speaking publicity.

Queen Victoria refused, on grounds of Baron Lionel's religion, to accept Gladstone's recommendation in 1869 that he be made a peer and the struggle for Jewish parliamentary emanicpation was only finally won when his son, Nathaniel, became the first Lord Rothschild in 1885.

Yours faithfully,
STEPHEN SCHICK,
Reform Club,
Pall Mall, SW1.
July 27.

Intimations of mortality

From Mr Arthur Lyall

Sir, I, too, Have had to steel myself against the sort of kindness referred to by Mr Latham (July 26), but in different circumstances.

Early in 1977 I bought one of the last models of a small Swedish motorcar to be imported after being made obsolete. The dealer assured me that there would be no trouble about spare parts, adding: "Anyway, this will see you out all right."

I am a 1910 model of Mr Latham's generation and, like him, I was unaccompanied.

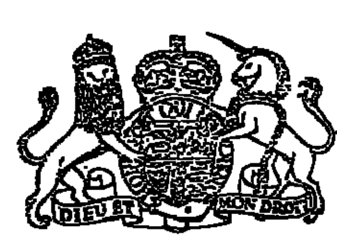
Yours sincerely,
ARTHUR LYALL,
Warmstall House,
Chideock,
Bridport,
Dorset.
July 26.

Lucky dip

From Mrs Jolyon Monson

Sir, I have just had my sheep (one) transported, dipped – according to Min of Ag. instructions – and returned to her field. Cost 25p. Cheap sheep?

Yours faithfully,
SHERRY MONSON,
Coes Farm,
Rotherfield,
Sussex.
July 29.



COURT AND SOCIAL

COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
July 30: The Duke of Edinburgh, Master of Trinity House, this evening attended the Elder Brethren's Reception on board THV Patricia at Cowes.

Lieutenant-Commander Andrew Wynn, RN was in attendance.

By command of The Queen, the Lord Lyell (Lord in Waiting) was present at Heathrow Airport – London this morning upon the departure of The President of the Republic of the Ivory Coast and bade farewell to His Excellency on behalf of Her Majesty.

July 31: The Duke of Edinburgh this evening attended the Regatta Church Service at Holy Trinity Church, Cowes.

His Royal Highness, Admiral of the Royal Yacht Squadron, presented the Chichester Award to Mr Jonathan Sanders at the Royal Yacht Squadron Castle and afterwards attended the Cowes Combined Clubs' Reception at the Castle.

The Duke of Edinburgh, Patron of the Royal Thames Yacht Club, was present at a Reception given by the Club at the Royal London Yacht Club, Cowes.

Lieutenant-Commander Andrew Wynn, RN was in attendance.

KENSINGTON PALACE
July 30: The Prince of Wales, Colonel, Welsh Guards, this morning accepted the Freedom of the Borough of Merthyr Tydfil on behalf of the Regiment. His Royal Highness, attended by Captain Simon Stephenson, travelled in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight.

The Queen will hold investitures at Buckingham Palace on October 20, November 1, 3, 8 and 30 and December 6.

A memorial service for John Anthony Alexander Rous, 4th Earl of Stradbroke, will be held in St Edmundsbury Cathedral, Bury St Edmunds on Tuesday, September 20, 1983, at noon.

Service dinners

7th Regiment, Royal Horse Artillery
The living-in mess members of 7th Regiment, Royal Horse Artillery held a subscription dinner at Roberts Barracks, Osnabruck, on Saturday. The guests included the Commanding Officer, Lieutenant Colonel P. R. F. Landrey; the Quartermaster, Lieutenant Colonel C. L. R. Hellon; Lieutenant Colonel W. R. Tinlin, Major M. B. Cooper and Major R. R. H. Clayton. Major J. A. Fairley presided.

The Suffolk Regiment
The Suffolk Regiment held their annual dinner at the Angel Hotel, Bury St Edmunds, on Saturday. Lieutenant-General Sir Richard Goodwin, presided.

Christening

The infant son of Mr and Mrs Gordon Giles was christened Jamie Guy in Southwark Cathedral on Sunday, July 31, by Canon Peter Penwarden, Vice-Provost of Southwark Cathedral. The godparents are Mr Andrew Brice, Mr Jamie Muir (for whom Mr Frank Muir stood proxy), Mrs Kenneth Loughnan and Miss Joan Fitzgerald.

Reunion

A reunion took place on July 30, 1983, to mark the tercentenary in England of the Huguenot family of Landon. A thanksgiving service was held at the French Church, Soho Square, London, at which the Rev Roderick MacLeod officiated and the lessons were read by Lieutenant-Colonel Lionel Landon and Major Charles Landon. A reception was then given by Mr and Mrs Theodore Landon at The Holme, Regent's Park.



Westward bound: Miss Helen Edwards, aged 22, of Gwent, who will be singing at the White House as part of an American tour in October. Miss Edwards, who won the Morriston Orpheus award to the most promising young singer in 1981, and last year collected the Pernod Arts award for the most outstanding young performer, has just won an Arts Council scholarship to further her studies.

Latest wills

Sir George Stanley Midelton White, the third baronet, of Rudgeway, Avon, who died in March, aged 69, left estate valued at £1,304,888 net.

Sir George who was a member of George White, Evans Tribe & Co, stockbrokers of Bristol and a former managing director of Bristol Aeroplane Co, left most of his property to his family.

Mr William George Hart, of Finchley, London, who left estate valued at £131,951 net, has left £250 to set up prizes for young people.

He left £50 to St Barnabas Church, Woodside Park, for a trust fund for a prize to be given on Christmas Day to the head choirboy or choirgirl "in appreciation of his or her leadership of the choir".

He left £100 each to Woodhouse Grammar School and Christ Church Church of England School, Finchley, for prizes to go to the person who had made the greatest contribution in the field of voluntary service.

Mrs Dorothy Mabel Holmes, of Poole, Dorset, has left her home, The Wych, to the National Trust, on condition that it does not develop the property for 20 years, and maintains it in its present condition. Mrs Holmes left £515,421 net.

Mrs Sylvia Victoria Moorby-Smith, of Bournemouth, Dorset, left £575,212 net. Her bequests included £20,000 and some effects to her housekeeper Florence E. King, if in her employ at her death, or £5,000 if not in her employ, and £9,000 to charity.

The Hon Valentine Maurice Wyndham-Quin, of Kensington, London, former chairman of the RNLI, left £35,740 net.

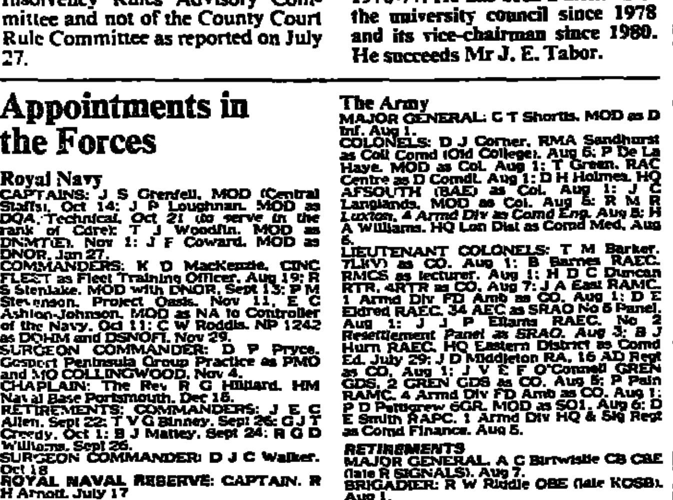
Other estates include (net, before tax paid):
Allen, Mrs Mary Ruth, of Notting Hill, London, the actress Ruth Dunning £68,348
Barker, Mr William Harry, of Eastbourne £365,829
Dudley, Mr Harold, of Stourbridge £261,465
Davies, Mary Margery Margaret, of Swansea £200,117
Dorrell, Miss Nancy, of Worcester £211,350
Lasocka, Countess Elaine Scott Luis, of Kensington, London £26,123
Nieser, Brian Douglas, of Enfield, London £213,578
Richardson, Gordon, of Hinckley, Leicestershire £223,521
Wethered, Mrs Joan, of Cilgerran, Dyfed £354,259
Joice, Mr Roger Thomas, of Fakenham, Norfolk £699,618
Monksfield, Mrs Florence Amelia, of Cheam, Surrey £271,963
Trewin, Mr Eric, of Poughill, Cornwall £223,218
Watson, Mrs Hilda Helen, of Barford, Warwickshire £338,368
Wotton, Mr Andrew, of Ivybridge, Devon, farmer £220,318

Latest appointments

Latest appointments include:
The Duke of Wellington to be President of the Council for Environmental Conservation. This is the first such appointment for the council.
Mr Glyn England to be chairman of the Council for Environmental Conservation. Mr England, a former chairman of the Central Electricity Generating Board, succeeds Lord Craigton, who retired last month.
Mr John Alvey to be Managing Director, Development and Procurement, and Engineer-in-Chief, on the board of British Telecom, in succession to Mr John Whyte.

Legal

Mr R. O. A. Dixon to be joint County Court Registrar and joint District Registrar of the High Court in the Leicester group of courts and Registrar at Boston and Spalding, from August 30.
Mr Registrar Gavin has been appointed a member of the Insolvency Rules Advisory Committee and not of the County Court Rule Committee as reported on July 27.



Sir Andrew Stark, who has been appointed chairman of the council of Essex University. Sir Andrew was Ambassador to Denmark from 1971 to 1976 and a deputy under-secretary of state at the Foreign and Commonwealth Office in 1976-77. He has been a member of the university council since 1978 and its vice-chairman since 1980. He succeeds Mr J. E. Tabor.

Appointments in the Forces

Royal Navy
CAPTAINS: J S Grenfell, MOD (Central Staffs), Oct 14; J P Loughnan, MOD as DQA, Technical, Oct 21 (to serve in the rank of Cdre); T J Woodfin, MOD as DNMT(E), Nov 1; J F Coward, MOD as DNOR, Jan 27.
COMMANDERS: K D MacKenzie, CINC FLEET as Fleet Training Officer, Aug 19; R S Stenlake, MOD with DNOR, Sept 13; P M Stevenson, Project Oasis, Nov 11, E C Ashton-Johnson, MOD as NA to Controller of the Navy, Oct 11; C W Roddis, NP 1242 as DOHM and DSNOFI, Nov 29.
SURGEON COMMANDER: D P Pryce, Gosport Peninsula Group Practice as PMO and MO COLLINGWOOD, Nov 4.
CHAPLAIN: The Rev R G Hilliard, HM Naval Base Portsmouth, Dec 16.
RETIREMENTS: COMMANDERS: J E C Allen, Sept 22; T V G Binney, Sept 26; G J T Creedy, Oct 1; B J Matley, Sept 24; R G D Williams, Sept 26.
SURGEON COMMANDER: D J C Walker, Oct 18
ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE: CAPTAIN, R H Arnott, July 17

The Army
MAJOR GENERAL: C T Shortis, MOD as D Inf, Aug 1.
COLONELS: D J Corner, RMA Sandhurst as Coll Comd (Old College), Aug 5; P De La Haye, MOD as Col, Aug 1; T Green, RAC Centre as D Comdt, Aug 1; D H Holmes, HQ AFSOUTH (BAE) as Col, Aug 1; J C Langlands, MOD as Col, Aug 5; R M R Luxton, 4 Armd Div as Comd Eng, Aug 8; H A Williams, HQ Lon Dist as Comd Med, Aug 6.
LIEUTENANT COLONELS: T M Barker, 7LKV) as CO, Aug 1; B Barnes RAEC, RMCS as lecturer, Aug 1; H D C Duncan RTR, 4RTR as CO, Aug 7; J A East RAMC, 1 Armd Div FD Amb as CO, Aug 1; D E Eldred RAEC, 34 AEC as SRAO No 5 Panel, Aug 1; J J P Ellams RAEC, No 2 Resettlement Panel as SRAO, Aug 3; B J Hurn RAEC, HQ Eastern District as Comd Ed, July 29; J D Middleton RA, 16 AD Regt as CO, Aug 1; J V E F O'Connell GREN GDS, 2 GREN GDS as CO, Aug 5; P Pain RAMC, 4 Armd Div FD Amb as CO, Aug 1; P D Pettigrew 6GR, MOD as SO1, Aug 6; D E Smith RAPC, 1 Armd Div HQ & Sig Regt as Comd Finance, Aug 5.
RETIREMENTS
MAJOR GENERAL, A C Birtwistle CB CBE (late R SIGNALS), Aug 7.
BRIGADIER: R W Riddle OBE (late KOSB), Aug 1.

Science report

Danger of overwrapping babies

By Pearce Wright, Science Editor

The idea that babies, especially when unwell, should be kept very warm is described in the current *British Medical Journal* as folklore that can be responsible for a devastating but preventable illness.

A call for a halt to the old-fashioned practice of over wrapping to be made an important part of health education comes from Dr Christopher Bacon, of Friarage Hospital, Northallerton, North Yorkshire, and Dr Martin Bellman, of the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street, London.

Their appeal for awareness of the hazards of heatstroke in babies is timely because of the heat wave. But the connexion with the hot weather is coincidental.

An investigation began after five babies were admitted to hospital in Newcastle with a sudden catastrophic illness for which no explanation could be found, except the possibility of heatstroke. They showed symptoms of brain damage, convulsions and other severe distress.

As there had been no other reports to determine if other similar cases were occurring, Dr Bacon and Dr Bellman examined the notes of children who were part of the National Childhood Encephalopathy Study (although that investigation was connected with the issue of whooping cough vaccination and brain damage).

The histories of a particular group of cases were scrutinized. They were all children under 12 months old who had been put into a category of either a near-miss cot death, acute inflammation of the brain or an excess of urea in the blood caused by defective operation of the kidneys.

Those histories were than matched with the circumstances of the Newcastle children, and the common factor to emerge in 15 out of 35 of the babies in the national group indicated overheating.

All 15 babies had been put to bed well or with trivial infections and were found later, usually next morning, desperately ill. The cases occurred mainly in the winter, and they were spread throughout the country.

There was suggestive evidence for overheating in most of the cases. In their conclusions, the doctors advise that temperatures taken on admission may mislead because babies quickly cool on the way to hospital and, contrary to traditional teaching, the presence of sweating does not preclude the diagnosis of heatstroke.

Forthcoming marriages

Mr X. R. Y. Guillard and Miss F. J. Wain
The engagement is announced between Xavier, son of M and Mme R. Guillard, of Bort-les-Orgues, France, and Fiona, daughter of Mr and Mrs J. Wain, of Forder Green, Ashburton, South Devon. The marriage will take place on October 1 in Bort-les Orgues.

Mr B. M. Kesterton and Miss A. Ellis
The engagement is announced between Bruce Murray, eldest son of Mr and Mrs Brian Kesterton, of Esher, Surrey, and Amanda, only daughter of Mr and Mrs Roy Ellis, of Esher, Surrey.

Mr V. McGill and Miss N. Turl
The engagement is announced between Victor, son of Mr and Mrs McGill, of Dublin, Republic of Ireland, and Naomi, daughter of Mr and Mrs Turl, of Coulsdon, Surrey.

Dr D. B. G. Oliveira and Miss P. M. Williams
The engagement is announced between David Benjamin Graeme, only son of Mr and Mrs A. B. Oliveira, of Ryde, Isle of Wight, and Patricia Margaret, only daughter of Group Captain J. E. F. Williams, CBE and Mrs P. E. Williams, of Northwood, Middlesex.

Marriages

Mr A. Dent and Lady Rosanagh Taylour
The marriage took place at Holy Trinity Church, Eccleshall, Stafford, on Saturday of Mr Andrew Dent, eldest on of Mr and Mrs Robin Dent, of Olivers, Painswick, Gloucestershire, to Lady Rosanagh Taylour, elder daughter of the Marquess of Headfort, of Manila, and the Hon Mrs Knight, of Horsley Hall, Eccleshall. The Dean of Lichfield and Prebendary R. F. Jackson officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Peregrine Knight, Catherine Carter and Lucy Lywood. Mr Rupert Dent, brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

A reception was held at the home of the bride and the honeymoon will be spent abroad.

Mr P-J. S. Corbett and the Hon Melanie Moynihan
The marriage took place at the Church of St Giles, Ashtead, Surrey, on Saturday of Mr Peter-John Corbett, son of the late Mr John Corbett and of Mrs Corbett, of Sedlescombe, Sussex, to the Hon Melanie Moynihan, daughter of the late Lord Moynihan and of Mrs Neville Hayman, of Cheam, Surrey.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her stepfather, Mr Neville Hayman, was attended by Philippa Nevard, Sarah Corbett and Miss Susan Fletcher. Mr Robert Hackford was best man.

A reception was held at the home of the bride and the honeymoon will be spent abroad.

Mr E. Bailey and Miss C. From
The marriage took place on July 30 at the Temple Church, London, EC4, between Mr Edward Bailey, elder son of Mr and Mrs G. Bailey, and Miss Claire From, only daughter of Mr and Mrs W. A. From.

Mr H. R. I. Berridge and Miss A. M. Woolrych
The marriage took place on Saturday, July 30, at the Church of St Thomas-à-Becket, Warblington, of Mr Ian Berridge and Miss Amanda Woolrych. The Rev David Partridge officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Hermione Thomas and Gabrielle Penfold. Mr Michael Hayle was best man.

A reception was held at Warblington Lodge and the honeymoon will be spent abroad.

Mr J. K. D. Cooper and Mrs K. S. Young
The marriage took place quietly on July 30, 1983, at Christ Church, Southgate, London, between Mr John Cooper and Mrs Kate Young.

The Rev T. P. N. Devonshire Jones and Miss S. J. S. Holmes
The marriage took place on July 30 at St Mark's Church, Regent's Park, London, of the Rev Tom Devonshire Jones and Miss Susan Holmes.

Mr M. A. Hopkins-Clarke and Mrs A. L. M. Udal
The marriage took place in Bath on Saturday, July 30, between Mr Maurice Alan Hopkins-Clarke and Mrs Ann Leone Murray Udal, followed by a service of blessing at Claverton Parish Church. The Rev D. W. Harvey officiated.

Mr D. H. McLean and Mrs N. R. Howarth
The marriage took place on Saturday, July 30, at the Church of the Ascension, Blackheath, of Mr David McLean to Mrs Nanette Howarth.

Mr M. W. G. Stibbe and Miss A Teale
Mr Mark Stibbe and Miss Alison Teale were married by the Bishop of Norwich in Southwell Minster on July 3.

Mr I. P. Stuart and Miss G. E. Cattell
The marriage took place on July 30 in Jesus College Chapel, Cambridge, between Mr Ian Stuart, elder son of Dr and Mrs Peter R. Stuart, and Miss Gillian Cattell, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs Ronald C. Cattell. The Rev Dr Christopher Rowland officiated.

Mr M. Village and Miss J Ryde
The marriage took place on July 9 in Hampstead between Mr Martin Village, eldest son of Malcolm and Margaret Village, and Miss Julia Ryde younger daughter of Peter Ryde and the late Anne Ryde.

Birthdays today

Professor Sir Arthur Armitage, 67; Mr Lionel Bart, 53; Mr Frank Hauser, 61; Sir William Hayter, 77; Admiral Sir Nigel Henderson, 74; Major-General R. C. Macdonald, 72; Professor W. H. Morris-Jones, 65; Mr Geoffrey Rowett, 58; M Yves Saint Laurent, 47; Professor Laurie Taylor, 48.

OBITUARY

LUIS BUNUEL

Master surrealist of the cinema screen

Luis Buñuel, who died in Mexico City on July 29, aged 83, was one of the handful of indisputably great cinema artists and the supreme exponent of surrealist-anarchist ideas on the screen. His remarkable career began with two short films that were considered so shocking that they were banned from public showing for many years, survived a 15-year period of virtual inactivity, and finally blossomed when Buñuel was past his sixtieth year, in poor health and increasingly deaf.

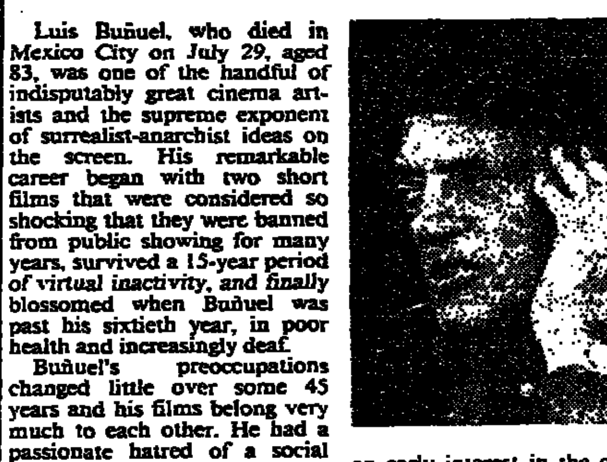
Buñuel's preoccupations changed little over some 45 years and his films belong very much to each other. He had a passionate hatred of a social system that condemned people to live in poverty and, as he showed in one of his finest films, *Los Olvidados*, brutalised and degraded them. He was a bitter critic of bourgeois hypocrisy, and, above all, of the church.

Buñuel was also a searching critic of individual behaviour and used the surrealist techniques of dream sequences, and deliberately shocking images – often from the insect world – to show the torments existing beneath a placid surface.

As a film-maker he was totally unostentatious. He never paraded technique for its own sake and as a result his films have few virtuoso sequences which can be detached and quoted as examples of "film art". With Buñuel, the ideas were paramount and his aim was to express them with as little fuss as possible. His work sometimes looks casual but it is usually difficult to see how a particular sequence could have been better shot.

Buñuel was born on February 22, 1900 in the Spanish village of Calanda, in Aragon. His family were prosperous landowners and he was the oldest of seven children. His early education by the Jesuits at Saragossa goes a long way towards explaining his fierce anti-clericalism.

He studied philosophy and literature at Madrid University, where he came into contact with the leading Spanish artists and writers of the day – Ortega y Gasset, the playwright Lorca and Salvador Dali. His friendship with Dali introduced him to the surrealist ideas which were to be such a potent influence on his work. He was an actor for a time and showed



an early interest in the cinema by founding one of Spain's first film clubs at the university in 1920.

After taking his degree, Buñuel went to Paris, was quickly attracted to the surrealist movement there, and became assistant to Jean Epstein on the Films *Mauprat* and *The Fall of the House of Usher*. Buñuel's own debut as a film maker came in 1928 with *Un Chien Andalou*. Scripted by Dali, it contained a series of shock images which have become part of cinema history – a girl's eye sliced in half by a razor, ants crawling over a man's hand, a dead donkey on a grand piano, a couple making love after witnessing a road accident.

L'Age D'Or, which followed, again with some help from Dali, set out the themes which Buñuel was to amplify and explore for the rest of his career. There are bitter attacks on the church and secular authority, frequent use of Freudian symbols and (considering that sound had only recently come to the cinema) a remarkably sure handling of techniques like the interior monologue, overlapping dialogue and the ironic use of music.

In 1932 Buñuel directed *Los Hurdes (Land Without Bread)*, a highly subjective documentary about a depressed region of Spain and the wretches who eked out their living there.

After this film, for reasons which have never been clear, Buñuel gave up directing and worked on the dubbing of American films. With the fall of the Republican Government, he went to the United States, working at the Museum of Modern Art (until dismissed when his association with *L'Age D'Or* was revealed) and later in Hollywood, again on dubbing.

It was the producer Oscar Danzigers who rescued Buñuel from this 15-year oblivion and invited him to direct films in Mexico. Buñuel, now nearing fifty and the best years of his life apparently gone, was able to take up as if he had never left off. After directing a couple of commercial chores, he was given a free hand to make his first substantial film for nearly 20 years and the result was *Los Olvidados* which appeared in 1950, won the Grand Prix at Cannes and re-established Buñuel as one of the world's foremost film-makers. The subject is the degradation and brutality thrown up by the slums of Mexico City: it is an extraordinarily complex and powerful film which combines straight social comment with typical Buñuel excursions into the realms of symbolism and fantasy.

In the next five years, Buñuel made eleven films in Mexico, mostly commercial assignments which he was forced to shoot very quickly on small budgets. But even the most routine melodrama contained typical Buñuel touches and the films of this period do include such individual works as *El*, notable for another blistering attack on Christianity, adaptations of two English classics, *Wuthering Heights* and *Robinson Crusoe*, and a "black" comedy, *The Criminal Life of Archibaldo de la Cruz*, about a would-be sex killer whose victims always die just before he can get at them.

In the mid-1950's, Brũuel returned to France and made one his favourite films, *Cela S'Appelle L'Aurore*, a parable about an island governed by a wealthy industrialist. A far better known work from this time is *Nazarin* (1958), charting the adventures of an idealistic young priest whose attempts to lead a completely Christian life bring him (and other people) nothing but trouble.

Three years later, he took up the same theme of the impossibility of absolute Christianity in a corrupt world, when he was invited by a producer to direct a film in Spain (his first there for 30 years): though the script was submitted to the censor in advance and apparently passed, the result was more than the authorities had bargained for and the picture was hurriedly suppressed. Elsewhere, *Viridiana* (though criticised for blasphemy: there is a cruel parody of The Last Supper) was accalimed as one of Buñuel's major works.

Viridiana was followed by a lighter, comic-surrealist piece, *The Exterminating Angel* about a dinner party which the guests are afterwards prevented from leaving, not through any physical barrier but some unspecified psychological one. In 1967 Buñuel had his greatest popular success with *Belle de Jour*, which won the Golden Lion award at Venice. He was again exploring beneath the surface of respectable middle-class society in the story of a young wife, played by Catherine Deneuve, who though happily married, spends her afternoons in a brothel working out her masochistic fantasies.

Buñuel, whose health had been failing, continued to produce work as fresh, assured and uncompromising as at any time in his long career. There was another attack on the heresies of the Church in *La Voie Lactée* (The Milky Way); *Tristana*; the study of a young girl's loss of innocence; and *The Discreet Charm of The Bourgeoisie*, in which a group of socialites keep trying to arrange a dinner party but never get beyond the pâté. The last won the Oscar for best foreign language film.

The Phantom of Liberty, which appeared in 1974, again demonstrated that age and ill health had done little to sap Buñuel's creative powers: it was a deliciously funny re-working of the theme dearest to his heart, the hypocrisy of bourgeois attitudes to politics, sex and religion. *That Obscure Object of Desire*, made in Buñuel's 77th year and charting a wealthy middle-aged man's strange relationship with a young maid, was another supremely inventive film. To show the different sides of the girl's character, Buñuel used two different actresses to play her.

Early this year, Buñuel, who had been living for nearly 40 years in Mexico and had taken Mexican nationality, was given belated recognition by his native country. The new socialist government in Spain presented him with the highest official decoration the Grand Cross of the Order of Isabel la Catolica.

He leaves a widow and two sons.

MISS LYNN FONTANNE

Miss Lynn Fontanne, the British-born actress who, with her husband, Alfred Lunt, formed a famous partnership in American theatre, died in the United States on July 30. She was 90.

It might be said that the United States discovered and made her a star, and then by loaning her to the British theatre, allowed us on many occasions to endorse its judgment of her. Her talent found its ripe expression in her partnership with Alfred Lunt in high comedy.

Lynn Fontanne was born at Woodford, Essex. Ellen Terry accepted her as a pupil, and she walked on in the Drury Lane pantomime of 1905. She got her first speaking part in London and paid a brief visit to New York as a member of Weedon Grossmith's company in 1910; and she did two plays for the management of Vedrenne and Eadie at the old Royalty Theatre in Soho. Laurette Taylor, who was appearing in London in *Peg o' My Heart*, saw her there, and in 1916 sent for her to join her own company in the United States.

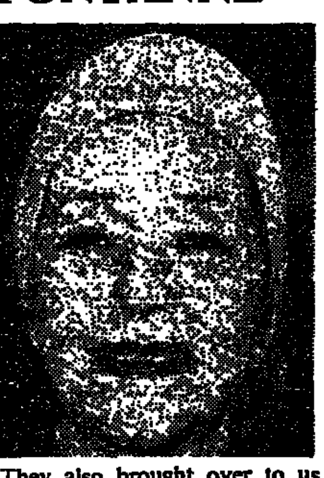
Lynn Fontanne supported Laurette Taylor in four pieces in New York, all written by the star's husband, Hartley Manners. She accompanied Laurette Taylor to London in 1920, having meanwhile played *Anna Christie* in the first version of O'Neill's drama, and was called back to tackle the part which established her on Broadway, the name part in Marc Connelly and George Kaufman's comedy *Dulcy*. The audience at the opening night in 1921 included Alfred Lunt, the actor from Wisconsin.

She was married to Lunt on May 26, 1922, at the City Hall, New York.

The real starting point of their stage partnership was their engagement by the Theatre Guild for Molnar's comedy *The Guardsman* in 1924. The Guild presented them jointly in three plays by Shaw and in Copeau's production of *The Brothers Karamazov*, and singly in two plays by O'Neill.

The Guild also introduced them as a team to London in 1929. London found the play, Sil-Vara's *Caprice*, uninteresting, and was somewhat taken aback by the speed and the close "interaction" of these two players.

They came back to the English stage in 1934, having in the meantime appeared as Elizabeth I and Essex in a play by Maxwell Anderson and together with Noël Coward in the latter's *Design for Living*.



They also brought over to us Robert Sherwood's *Reunion in Vienna*, and Giraudoux's *Amphitryon 38*.

At the outbreak of the Second World War they were in the middle of a Coast-to-Coast tour of *Amphitryon 38*, *The Seagull* and Sherwood's *Idiot's Delight*.

In 1943, deciding that her rightful place was now in England, she returned in order to appear here with her husband in Sherwood's play about life in an occupied country *There Shall be No Night*.

They played in the West End till the Aldwych Theatre was damaged by flying bombs, in camps and hospitals, and again the West End during the last months of the war in Europe in Terence Rattigan's *Love in Idleness*. Later they went on a European tour with this comedy, playing to audiences of Allied troops, before taking it to North America.

They celebrated the jubilee of their partnership in 1949 and London did not see them again till 1952, in the third Noël Coward play to be written for them, *Quadrille*. It proved to be an anticlimax for those who remembered the excitement of the Lunts' war years.

Next time they came over, it was to break altogether fresh ground in an adaptation of a play by Friedrich Dürrenmatt. Their verison of it, afterwards entitled *The Visit*, was admittedly not very like the original spine-chilling comedy, but their performances, regarded simply as such, added to their reputations.

Lynn Fontanne and her husband were together in one silent film and a talking film of *The Guardsman*. A contract for seven more films was then offered to them by MGM., but they refused it. In 1943 they appeared as themselves in Frank Borzage's film *The Stage Door Canteen*, and in 1957 they made their television debut in a production of the stage play *The Great Sebastians*.

Alfred Lunt died in 1977.

MR RAYMOND MASSEY

Mr Raymond Massey, the stage and film actor, who was, in particular known for his impersonations of Abraham Lincoln, and latterly, Dr Gillespie in the television series, *Dr Kildare*, has died in Los Angeles aged 86.

Few people between the wars were more immediately recognisable in the London theatre than this tall, gaunt Canadian. He could look so like Abraham Lincoln that it was no wonder he was cast in New York for Robert Sherwood's young *Abe Lincoln in Illinois*. In later years he became an American citizen.

Aged 26 when he reached the theatre, his technique developed swiftly. Besides acting, he both went into management and directed several West End plays.

Raymond Massey, born of an affluent Toronto family in 1896, was educated at public and private schools in Canada and had two post-war years at Balliol, Oxford. He served four years with the Canadian Army (he was wounded in 1916) and at length, after working temporarily in the Massey farm machinery business, left to start a stage career in London.

At The end of a fruitless search he went to Hampstead to try the Everyman, then in repertory. Within minutes he was rehearsing the American seaman in O'Neill's *In the Zone*.

Presently he found himself playing (Royalty, 1923) the gauche young man in C K Munro's profitable *At Mrs Beam's*.

From January 1926, with Allan Wade and George Carr, he took on the Everyman management. Back in the West End (1927-8) he had a rich sequence as the Khan in H. M. Harwood's *The Transit of Venus* about a Middle East battle for oil; as a Levantine financier in Harwood's *The Golden Calf*; and, far from either, a humourless scientist at heart an emotional romantic, in S. N. Behrman's *The Second Man*. There followed (June, 1928) probably his favourite part, an embittered former doughboy in an American satirical melodrama and anti-war play *Spread Eagle*. Sadly, it failed.

In New York (1931) he made an American début as Hamlet, scarcely obvious casting and recalled today for Hamlet's doubling with the Ghost, controversial then, since repeated elsewhere.

Back in England he showed his virtuosity as the nerve-racked classics master in Keith Winter's *The Rats of Norway* (Playhouse, 1933) which he directed; the commander of a German fighter squadron who drank to hide his fears, in *The Ace* (Lyric, August 1933); Cleon in Sherwood's picture of Periclean Athens, *Acropolis* (Lyric, November 1933), and undeserved failure; and the protagonist of Keith Winter's *The Shining Hour*, done in Toronto and New York before its London opening (St James's, 1934) under Massey's direction.

He created the tormented Ethan Frome (New York, 1936) in a version of Edith Wharton's novel; and in 1938 (Apollo, London) he was the wry, bragging vaudeville dancer, Harry Van – complete with cabaret act – in Sherwood's *Idiot's Delight*.

Massey left it for another Sherwood play and his famous portrait of *Abe Lincoln in Illinois* (Plymouth, New York, September 1938), so true that it is hard to imagine why, uncertain of his effect, he had once asked to be released.

It was the entre of Massey's career. Thereafter he played some Shavian parts; joined the Canadian Army in 1942 and served on the Adjutant-General's staff until invalided out in 1943; toured Europe (1945) as the Stage Manager in *Our Town*; and following a New York Higgins in *Pygmalion* (Gertrude Lawrence as Eliza), and the Captain in Strindberg's *The Father*, continued for a long time, from 1942, in readings of Stephen Vincent Benét's poem, *John Brown's Body* (with a cast of three).

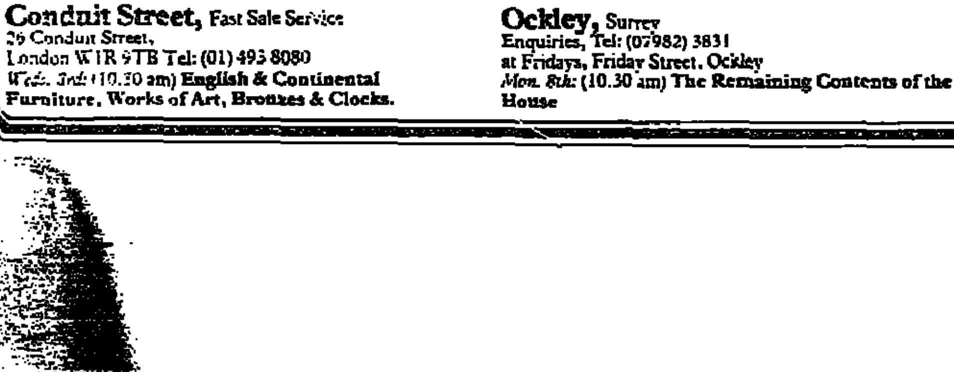
He went back to Shakespear during 1955, Burtus and Prospero at the luckless opening of the Festival Theatre at Stratford, Connecticut.

He toured in Norman Corwin's unsatisfying Linclon chronicle, *The Rivalry*; played in New York the title-part in *J.b.*, Archibald MacLeish's retelling of the story of Job (1958); and during 1970 was applauded for his belated return to London in a piece about old age, *I Never Sang For My Father* (Duke of York's).

Massey acted in over seventy films, of which the most popular were *The Scarlet Pimpernel*, *Things to Come*; *Fire over England*; *The Drum*; *Abe Lincoln in Illinois*; *East of Eden*; *Arsenic and Old Lace*; *The Women in the Window*; *Mourning becomes Electra*; and *The Naked and the Dead*.

For years he was in the television series, Dr KildareHe wrote a first-rate melodrama, *The Hanging Judge* New, London, 1952) from Burce Hamiliton's novel; and after retiring in 1976 because of artﬁritis, two autobiographies, *When I was young* and *A Hundred Different Lives*.

He was married three times, to Margery Fremantle, to the Actress Adrianne Allen – both marriages were dissolved – and, finally, to Dorothy Whitney. Two of his children, Anna and Daniel, work in the theatre. His eldest brother, Vincent, was Canada's first Canadian-born Governor-General.



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هكذا من الأصل

Investment and Finance

City Editor
Anthony Hilton

THE TIMES

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STOCK EXCHANGES

'T Index: 711.2 down 10.2
'T Gilts: 78.99 down 0.17
'T All Share: 445.65 down .22. (Datastream estimate).
Bargains: 20788
Datastream USM Leaders Index: 96.89 up 0.09
New York: Dow Jones Average 1199.22 down 17.13.
Tokyo: Nikkei Dow Jones Index, 9078.75 down 33.32.
Hongkong: Hang Seng Index, 072.02 down 2.27.
Amsterdam: 147.6 down 2.1
Sydney: A O Index, 672.1 down 3.7.
Frankfurt: Commerzbank Index, 972.90 down 4.0.
Brussels: General Index, 34.38 up 0.88
Paris: C A C Index, 129.00 down 1.00
Zurich: S K A General, 293.0 up 1.1

CURRENCIES

LONDON CLOSE
Sterling $1.5210 down 40 pts
Index 85.4 up 0.1
DM 4.0250 up 0.01
FrF 12.0950 up 0.05
Yen 367.75 up 0.25
Dollar
Index 127.5 up 0.6
DM 2.6430 up 0.0145
NEW YORK CLOSE
Sterling $1.5165
INTERNATIONAL
ECU 0.566836
SDR 0.693093

INTEREST RATES

Domestic rates:
Base rates 9½
Finance houses base rate 10½
Discount market loans week 9¼-9⅛
3 month interbank 10-9⅞
Euro-currency rates:
3 month dollar 10¼-10⅛
3 month DM 5¼-5⅛
3 month Fr F14-13¾
US rates
Bank prime rate 10.50
Fed funds 9⅜
Treasury long bond 88⁷⁄₁₆-88⁹⁄₁₆
ECGD Fixed Rate Sterling Export Finance Scheme IV Average reference rate for interest period June 2 to July 5, 1983 inclusive: 9.878 per cent.

GOLD

London fixed: (per ounce): am $422.25, pm $422.00, close $421.25-$422.00 (£277.00) down $3.375
New York close: $423.00
Krugerrand* (per coin): $434.00-435.50 (£285-286)
Sovereigns* (new): $99-100 (£65.00-65.75)
*Excludes VAT.

BOARD MEETINGS

TODAY – **Interims:** Forward Technology Industries, Tozer Kemsley & Millbourn (Holdings). **Final:** Mersey Docks and Harbour Company.
TOMORROW – **Interims:** Silverthorne Group. **Finals:** Equipu, Jacksons Bourne End, Unitech.
WEDNESDAY – **Interims:** Bank Baumu, J Bibby, Glynwed International, Marley. **Finals:** Asprey, Caledonian Associated Cinemas, TR City of London Trust.
THURSDAY – **Interims:** Barclays Bank, Hoover, Johnstone's Paints, Law Debenture Corporation, Lonno, Newmarket (1931), Reed International (1st Quarter), Westminster Property Group. **Finals:** Peter Black, Gnome Photographic Products, Malaysia Rubber, Nova Jersey (Amended), Routledge and Kegan Paul.
FRIDAY – **Interims:** Aquis Securities, Ferguson Industrial Holdings, Kennedy Brookes, Standard Telephone and Cables. **Finals:** Banks Sidney C, Capital Reserve Fund, Longton Industrial (Holdings).

ANNUAL MEETINGS

TODAY–**The Dominion & General Trust**, 3 Albyn Place, Edinburgh (10.15); **Norcros**, Spencers Wood, Reading, Berks (noon).

TOMORROW–**Gossop**, Vale Road, Tonbridge, Kent (noon); **Stead & Simpson**, Fosse Way, Syston, Leicester (11.00); **Sutcliffe, Speakman**, The St James's Club, St James's House, Charlotte Street, Manchester (12.30); **United Electronic Holdings**, Great Eastern Hotel, Liverpool Street, EC2 (noon); **Varnford Investments**, Chartered Insurance Institute, 20 Aldermanbury, EC2 (noon).
WEDNESDAY–**KCA International**, The Savoy Hotel, (The Abraham Lincoln Room, River Entrance The Embankment WC2 (noon); **Oil and Associated Investment Trust**, Great Eastern Hotel, (Room 114), Liverpool Street, EC2 (noon); **Powell Duffryn**, Hilton International London, Park Lane, W1 (noon).
THURSDAY–**Baker Perkins Holdings**, Hyde Park Hotel, Knightsbridge (12.15; **Bradford Property Trust**, Victoria Hotel, Bridge Street, Bradford, W Yorks (noon); **Bristol Stadium**, 11 Mansfield Street, Portland Place, W1 (12.30):

FRIDAY–**J Billam**, Royal Victoria Hotel, Sheffield (noon); **Brickhouse Dudley**, Strathallan Hotel, 225 Hagley Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham (noon); **Ferguson Industrial Holdings**, Appleby Castle, Cumbria (11.30); **GEI International**, The Savoy Hotel, Strand, WC2 (noon);

Forecasters say manual category faces bigger fall than in 1970s

Part-time work expected to dominate new jobs with 4m unemployed

By Frances Williams, Economics Correspondent

The underlying level of jobless will remain above 4 million in the rest of the 1980's with economic growth too sluggish to make any significant dent in the total, according to the Institute for Employment Research in its annual Review of the Economy and Employment.

The government funded Institute, which is based at Warwick University, says new job opportunities until 1990 will be concentrated in part-time work, chiefly the preserve of women, and in white collar occupations such as management, the technology sector and the professions.

The recession has affected part-time work far less than full-time work, according to the Institute, which sugests that the number of part-time employees could increase by more than 300,000 to 5 million plus by the early 1990s. *Meanwhile*, the number of women workers will rise by 1 per cent so that 44 per cent of the workforce is likely to be women by the end of the decade.

But the decade, the Institute says, will see a further drop of 1.7 million manula jobs, even bigger than the fall in the 1970s, only partly offset by a gain of nearly 500,000 non-manual jobs.

Total employment in 1990 is expected to be below its level 10 years earlier despite a bigger workforce.

The security industry is the only sector where employment is expected to increase, with a 25 per cent rise from today's 386,000 employees.

The largest job losses are projected for the less skilled workers and non-engineering craftsmen and labourers.

The biggest single growth area for jobs, the Institute says, will be in literary, artistic and sports occupations, where the numbers employed are expected to increase by 26 per cent from the 447,000 employed at the beginning of the decade.

The Institute expects economic growth to average nearly 2 per cent a year between 1982 and 1990 on unchanged government policies.

An average of 3 million people claiming unemployment benefit is expected during the period.

On the recently-abandoned basis of counting people registering for work the numbers would be 400,000 higher, while hidden unemployment and those removed from the dole queues by special employment measures takes the total to above 4 million, the Institute claim.

HOW JOBS WILL RISE AND FALL	1980 '000s	1980-1990 + or – %
Managers, administrators	2,129	+5.7
Education professions	984	–4.3
Health professions	986	+9.4
Other professions	562	+11.5
Literary, artistic, sport	447	+26
Engineers, scientists	576	+14.3
Technicians, draughtsmen	601	+12.5
Clerical	4,056	+0.5
Sales	1,417	–5.6
Supervisors, foremen	104	–10
Engineering craftsmen	2,143	–5.3
Other transferable craftsmen	907	–18
Non-transferable craftsmen	675	–27.4
Skilled operatives	622	–15.3
Other operatives	4,712	–18
Security occupations	386	+25
Personal service occupations	2,932	–3
Other occupations	789	–38.1
Non-manual	11,755	+3.8
Manual	13,271	–12.9
All occupations excluding HM Forces	25,026	–5

Source: University of Warwick Institute for Employment Research, using Warwick occupational categories.

City Editor's Comment

Interest rates need an autumn break

British manufacturers, poised for modest recovery this year, must be viewing the latest antics in the world currency markets with gloom and trepidation.

The rocketing dollar and the fears of higher American interest rates that propel it, threaten to ensure that revival of the world's economy – outside the US is a pretty feeble affair.

In Europe, where the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has already predicted an unturn too show to reverse inexorably rising unemployment, the strong dollar inhibits moves to lower interest rates, dampens growth and discourages the pick-up in investments which is crucial if the recovery is to be sustained beyond next year.

In the Third World, swelling dollar debt mountains will prolong economic retrenchment and aggravate the risks of default and financial collapse which could push the world into a decade of depression.

The prospect of only sluggish growth of world output and trade has been worsened by protectionist moves in the United States, prompted by the havoc wreaked on American industry by the sky-high dollar. And all this means fewer opportunities for British exporters and heightens the international scramble for our domestic markets.

But industry now faces a second crippling handicap in the struggle for survival. Buoyed once again by its petrocurrency status, the pound is being pulled along in the slipstream of the dollar to grossly uncompetitive levels against the currencies of Europe, notably the Deutschemark.

The last time the pound went above DM4 – in the run-up to the general election – the British authorities were sufficiently concerned to make a cut in interest rates a top priority for the new Conservative Government.

But this time the appropriate response is far less obvious. The adverse reaction of the foreign exchange markets to the half point cut in June demonstrated only too clearly how easily confidence in the currency can be undermined if traders believe the authorities want sterling lower.

The Government cannot risk a currency collapse – which would imperil its objectives on inflation. And even if a rout were avoided, further depreciation against the dollar, where the pound is already weak and slipping, threatens to push up the costs of imported fuel now and raw materials that industry needs to stoke production.

Domestic monetary affairs, moreover, clearly point away from interest rate cuts. The money supply is racing ahead, due not simply to above-target government borrowing (which is fairly impervious to interest rate changes) but to a fresh sruge in bank lending (which is not).

To cut interest rates in these conditions would be tantamount to telling the *markets that the Government* no longer cared about monetary growth – a move calculated to raise inflationary fears and damage the Government's ability to sell debts.

The Prime Minister is reported to be anxious to get interest rates down. British Industry will be squarely behind her. But with financial markets in a dither a judicious delay, at least until the autumn, when the domestic money figures may look better, would be advisable.

Industry will not be well served by a repetition of the events of last winter when the Government forced the pace on interest rate cuts, only to see them wiped out within weeks by the pound's fall from grace.

£20m hypermarket for Odhams site

By Our Financial Staff

Mr Robert Maxwell's British Printing & Communication Corporation and J Sainsbury have agreed a £20m deal to redevelop the former Odhams printing plant site at Watford.

A *hypermarket and a science* and technology park are planned for the 18 acre site, and local authority approvate is likely within the next few weeks.

Last night Mr Maxwell was unable to comment on the plans, but Henry Ansbacher & Co, the merchant bank advisers to BPCC, confirmed that the project was put to the local authority last week and that there are unlikely to be any problems.

News of the deal which will transform the BPCC balance sheet, has emerged ahead of tomorrow's closing date for BPCC's £13m 11-for-5 share takeover offer for John Waddington, the Monopoly games company. The BPCC bid is topped by a rival £15m offer for Waddington by Norton Opax, the lottery ticket company.

BPCC bought the loss making Odhams plant from Reed International for £1.5m last December. In the year to March 31 1982, the plant lost £12m, making aggregate losses of £30m at the plant in the 10 years to 1982.

Mr Maxwell announced the closure of the Odhams plant, which employed 1,600 people, in May, after discussions with print unions. The workload at the plant has been transferred to Sun Printers, Odham's sister company, also in Watford.



Maxwell: boost for BPCC balance sheet

As part of the deal with the unions, Mr Maxwell agreed to help soften the redundancy blow by developing a science and technology park and nursery units for industry on the Odhams site.

About 14 acres of the Odhams site is earmarked for a 175,000 square foot Savacentre Hypermarket with car parking space for 1,600 acres.

Sainsbury and British Home Stores, which jointly operate the Savacentre hypermarket chain, would pay £1m a year to rent the site, which is in a prime location by the M1 and proposed route for the M25 motorway.

At present, Odhams is valued at only £7.5m in the BPCC balance sheet, while The Savacentre development would have an estimated capital value of £20m.

'Teeth' for advertisers' watchdog

By Derek Harris

A crackdown on advertisers who make misleading claims is expected soon, with Sir Gordon Borrie, Director-General of Fair Trading, being given powers to *add teeth to Britain's self-regulatory* advertising system.

A European Economic Community directive clamping down on misleading advertising claims is expected soon. In Britain, it affects advertisers in media other than television and radio, both of which have statutory controlling bodies.

An advertiser flouting the Advertising Standards Authority (ASA), Britian's self-regulatory body for most Press, magazine and poster advertising, would face action by Sir Gordon, probably in the form of a court injunction.

The EEC directive is expected to take effect next year.

Action on misleading advertising *has been long overdue*. The Office of Fair Trading investigated the situation and recommended the introduction of legal back-up powers as long ago as 1978. Then more than two years ago, a Department of Trade working party made similar recommendations

Home loans 'sending money off target'

By Graham Searjeant

The success of governments measures to promote home ownership is causing the mortgage market to overheat to such a degree that the effects will spread through the financial system, according to the *Lloyds Bank Economic Bulletin*, published today.

Mr Christopher Johnson, the bank's economic adviser, fears that bank base rates may have to go up by the autumn as competition for deposits between banks and building societies intensifies.

In this event, "the monetary targets will continue to be exceeded as deposits rise. The Government's best policy would be to admit that they have been set too low to meet the combined requirements of industry and home ownership."

About 1 million people could borrow an extra £15bn or more this year in net new mortgage advances, with building societies supplying about £11bn and the banks £3bn. But this 20 per cent rise will not sto mortgage queues forming.

Mr Johnson sees demand being fuelled by 200,000 council tenants exercising the right to buy and by people taking advantage of this year's increase in the ceiling for tax relief on mortgages, as well as rising real disposible incomes for those in work.

On the basis of the increases so far reported by building societies, although disputed elsewhere, house prices may rise by about 13 per cent,

This rise in relative house prices is stimulating extra demand

If this happens, mortgages will take more than the wholee increase in bank credit to the rest of the economy at a time when industry's needs are increasing.

The banks, says Lloyds, may therefore get intto an auction for deposits with building societies.

From September, some societies will introduce two-year term shares returning the equivalent of *12.9* per cent before tax.

In order not to run down their liquidity even more, the societies will need to raise an extra £6bn in deposits during the second half of the year,

Check on offices

By Philip Robinson

A detailed study which could result in tighter policing of Britain's 900,000 registered companies, has been ordered by Mr Alex Fletcher, Minister for Corporate and Consumer Affairs.

The work of Companies Registration offices in Cardiff, London and Edinburgh will be examined to see if they could be hived off from the Department of Trade. It could mean that additional resources would be made available.

Companies Registration offices keep a record of all company information which is required to be filed by Company Law.

It is the job of the Registrar of Companies to pursue those which break the law by not filing their report and account or changes of shareholders and directors within the specified time.

Co-ops agree to merge in South-east

By Our Commercial Editor

A merger has been agreed in principle which should create a new South East co-operative society with a £100m turnover that would put it among the top ten retail co-ops.

But it comes as problems are mounting in the dash to stem increasing losses in the Co-op by persuading retail societies to merge into bigger units. The Cooperative Union, the Co-operative movement's key advisory body, is putting new pressure on a number of ailing societies which have baulked at prospective mergers.

Due to merge in the South East, subject to approval by members' meetings, are the Croydon-based South Suburban Co-operative Society and the Invicta Co-operative Society with headquarters at Dartford, Kent.

Both societies, like Royal Arsenal which is the other big co-op in the highly competitive South-east area, have been running into mounting losses.

The loss-making Barrow in Furness Co-operative Society in West Cumberland has narrowly voted down a merger with the profitable Cumbrian society based in Carlisle. There is mounting anxiety that at its present rate of losses Barrow within two years could be nearing the end of its resources.

Officers hit at P&O bid

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

Merchant navy officers are urging the Monopolies and Mergers Commission to block the attempt by Trafalgar House, owner of Cunard line, to take over Peninsular Orient Steam Navigation Co.

The Merchant Navy and Airline Officers' Association opposes the merger on trading, employment and defence grounds, arguing that it would probably accelerate the decline in ships flying the British flag.

"We are not convinced that an overall advantage would flow from a takeover by Trafalgar House; that the employment prospects of our members in both companies would be secured; that new employment opportunities would be created, or that British registered tonnage would not be reduced," says the association.

International trade

How to avoid the Banjo

By John Lawless

Goods that fail to fight their woy through Nigeria's import bureaucracy end up at the monthly "Banjo" – a public auction which can take on carnival proportions.

The simplification of International Trade Procedures Board is so concerned about the hazards facing sellers to Nigeria that it has produced its first handbook devoted to one market.

"It is a horrifying document", said Mr Gordon Wilson, chairman of the Tropical Africa Trade Advisory Group. "Its 22 *pages continually* emphasize that not the slightest error in documentation is allowed."

British exports to Nigeria last year were worth £1.25bn. But in the first five months this year, they were worth only £341m as falling demand for oil hit the country's exchange reserves.

The Nigerian Government has finally been forced to act against forgeries and counterfeit documents being used by importers to keep their flow of goods going (and to cheat foreign suppliers out of several million pounds' worth of goods each year).

It has published a list of agencies which are no longer allowed M-forms. Without these documents, buyers cannot get an allocation of foreign exchange – but UK exporters now report that they are even receiving forged M-forms.

The Nigerian report is available from SITPRO, Almack House, 26/28 King Street, London SW1Y 6QW, price £4.95 inc p&p.

● Building an airport in the atrocious winter weather of the South Atlantic is more appealing than it sounds.

In the three weeks since a contract was placed for a new Falklands airport, more than 6,000 labourers, carpenters, quantity surveyors and other building industry workers have applied for jobs.

The Laing-Mowlem-Amey Roadstone consortium has opened a recruitment office in Surbiton to handle the demand for the 1,000 jobs available from this autumn onwards, which will rise to 1,400 when work is at its peak.

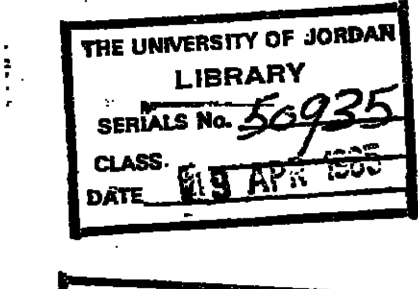
It declines to say how much it is paying to induce workers away from their families for months at a time, but acknowledges that British unemployment is a big factor.

The £215m overall contract signals a mini-sales boom for exporters of many more things than concrete-handling equipment and airport machinery.

In true Klondyke-style, a whole township is being brought in – as the first of many contracts to be placed over the next few weeks demonstrates.

The £6m order received by Wyseplan, the Humberside subsidiary of P&O, calls for everything from a chapel, fire station and bakery through to bars, video games, pool tables and table tennis balls.

Wyseplan got in first on the new round of Falkland business after supplying 205 accommodation units for the British garrison last year.





Extract from Interim Balance Sheet

	30th June 1983	31st December 1982
	£'000	£'000
Capital Funds	150,132	126,787
Deposit Liabilities	2,575,445	2,324,746
Loans	1,211,391	1,045,312
Total Assets	2,798,600	2,531,748

Shareholders: Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency.
National Commercial Bank (Saudi Arabia), Riyad Bank.
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd., Banque Nationale de Paris.
Deutsche Bank AG., National Westminster Bank PLC and Union Bank of Switzerland.

INVESTORS' NOTEBOOK ● USM Review

Statham hopes to score hat trick

The Stockbroking firm Statham Duff Stoop has wasted littl time in celebrating the successful debut of Metal Sciences last week before announcing another two additions to the Unlisted Securities Market.

Investors ploughed more than £124m into the offer for sale of 10.8 million shares in Metal Sciences at 11p a share which was 108 times oversubscribed. First-time dealings saw the share price nearly treble to 30p before ending the week at 27p a premium of 16p.

The first of Statham's newcomers is the Promotions House, which specializes in travel offers of the sort seen on the back of your favourite breakfast cereal or offered by your local car dealer after buying a new car.

Statham is placing 2.4 million shares, about 20 per cent of the equity, at 25p a share to raise £600,000 to expand the business and provide extra working capital.

The group was formed in 1970 by the late Mr Leonard Pearl and Mr Al Taylor before reversing into the old Meru Tim where it held a full stock market quote until 1976.

When Meru changed its name to Maddock and diversified into ceramics, the Pearl family and Mr Taylor bought the business back and it has been owned privately ever since.

Last year the group made pre tax profits of £249,000 on turnover of £5.7m and for the current year the group is forecasting pre tax profits *£350,000. Mr Roger Jeffries, at* Statham, estimates the group will make nearer £500,000 next year.

PH is split into two separate subsidiaries: Taylor Pearl Promotions and Taylor Pearl Travel, an ABTA travel agent. According to Statham, PH, through its Travelcash package, is available for an off-the-shelf promotion capable of adapting to a clients' needs at short notice.

Statham estimates the group's p/e at 17.8, while the forecast dividend of 1p gross yields 4 per cent. Dealings start on August 9.

Statham's other newcomer is Pevril Group, the commercial printer, greetings card publisher and retail computerized business service group. Statham is making a placing of 3.5 million shares at 30p a share valuing the entire group at £3.4m.

Pevril hopes to raise nearly £1m from the placing of about *30 per* cent of the equity, which will be used to reduce borrowing and increase working capital.

For the year to October 31, *the group is forecasting pretax* profits of £100,000 on turnover of £3m, but there is no dividend and the group says it will not be paying one until next year at the *earliest.*

Aaronite, the fire protection group with interests in the North Sea protecting oil platforms, has confirmed *The Times* report *last week that it* intends to join the USM.

Merchant bankers Lazard Brothers and brokers Rowe & Pitman are placing 1.3 million shares at *115p. This amounts to* about 24.8 per cennt of the equity and values the company at £6m putting it on a p/e of 20.

Existing shareholders are *selling 800,000 while the re*maining 500,000 are new shares.

The group's profits have grown fromm £156,000 to *£455,000 in the past five years* and about 80 per cent of this comes from the North Sea. But the group now hopes to expand into other high-risk fire areas including hotels, computer centres and nuclear power stations.

For the year to October 31, the company is forecasting pretax profits of £600,000 on turnover of £6.58m and is recommending a total dividend of 1.78p gross, yielding 3.1 per cent.

With the official seal of approval from Lazards and Rowe & Pitman the market thinks the shares should open at *between 125p and 130p when* dealings start on Wednesday.

By contrast, broker Greene & Co has scored another own goal on the USM with its offer for *sale of 750,000 shares in* Technology for Business, the computer company which supplies systems to the legal profession, at 100p a share.

Dealings started last week at 86p after application totalling only 258,000 shares (34.35 per cent of the issue) were received.

Stainless Metalcraft which *came to the market in May* by way of an offer for sale of 3.35 million shares at 120p also opened at a discount. On Friday the shares were trading at about *108p.*

Argyle Trust, the financial services company run by Mr Nick Oppenheim, has confirmed that it is floating off its *highly profitable Lloyd's* insurance broking subsidiary, Dewey Warren, on the USM.

Michael Clark

Unlisted Securities

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
13.8m	A & G Security	260	+2	2.6	1.0	49.2
648,000	Acsis Jewel	12	+1	..e	..	..
24.2m	Adam Leisure	97	..	1.4	1.5	16.8
7,647,000	Aerospace Eng	161	+4	13.9	8.7	9.7
9,847,000	Aldcom Int	81	..	0.9	1.1	60.4
12.2m	Air Call	318	-10	8.0	2.5	15.1
18.8m	Airship Ind	150	-3	..	..	..
10.9m	Anglo Nordic	34½	+½	2.9	8.4	10.1
45.0m	Asprey & Co	£7½	..	21.4	2.9	17.4
24.6m	Baltic Leasing	217	-7	4.0n	1.8	11.3
6,212,000	Bell Electronics	221	+1	..	..	..
3,984,000	Bemons Crisps	83	+5	2.7	3.3	20.8
3,115,000	Berkeley & HH	10¼	+1¼	..	..	..
3,227,000	Berkley Exp	65	-3	..	..	..
35.1m	Bespak	335	-10	4.3	1.3	20.1
12.0m	Bio-isolates	157	-26	..	..	..
9,185,000	*Biomechanics*	*110*	-1	..	..	..
2,589,000	Black M.	63	-2	4.3n	6.8	9.1
3,656,000	Booth C.	16	-1	..	..	..
5,833,000	Breville Europe	35	-1	7.0b	20.0	3.3
2,486,000	Bryant D.	113	-2	7.5b	6.6	..
11.2m	Bula Resources	12	..	..	..	..
7,215,000	Business Comp	123	..	1.4	1.2	20.2
20.8m	CPU Computer	126	-2	2.0	1.6	31.5
65.1m	*Candecca Res*	*175*	*+10*	..	..	..
5,162,000	Canvermoor	125	+7	5.3b	4.2	..
9,825,000	Cass Grp	175	..	3.6	2.0	21.7
8,280,000	Castle GB	69	-3	3.6b	5.2	..
12.0m	Chem Methods	95	..	3.5b	3.7	..
24.6m	Cifer	158	-12	..	..	16.8
3,369,000	Ciro	108	..	2.9	2.6	14.0
1,162,000	City Site Est	32	..	0.8	2.4	64.0
6,275,000	*Clyff Oil*	55	+2	..	..	..
6,681,000	Do B	55	+2	..	..	..
96.7m	Clyde Petrol	115	+2	0.9	0.7	..
10.3m	Cobra Emerald	103	+1	..	..	..
3,852,000	Coleman Milne	60	+2	2.1b	3.6	11.8
3,118,000	Consults (C&F)	315	+48	4.3	1.4	37.9
6,843,000	C'ntl Microwave	680	-15	..	..	20.4
11.1m	Cornell Hldgs	193	-7	..	..	..
2,168,000	*Cramphorn*	£9	-½	28.6	3.2	10.3
5,280,000	De Brett A	66	..	3.6	5.4	12.9
1,488,000	Delmar Grp	30	-1	1.4	4.7	14.8
9,801,000	Dencora	81	-2	..b	..	25.3
15.2m	Druck Hldgs	305	..	1.6	0.5	37.6
1,086,000	Dunton Grp	9½	-½	..	..	45.2
1,044,000	Ecobric Hldgs	90	-3	..	..	..
12.2m	Edinburgh Sec	125	+2	0.2	0.2	..
14.9m	*Eldridge Pope*	707	..	18.4	2.3	19.6
4,136,000	Energy Finance	42	-6	1.9	4.5	7.3
4,652,000	Equipu	105	..	4.6	4.4	10.7
4,400,000	Exeter Building	145	+5	10.0	6.9	5.2
15.6m	FKI Elec	22½	-1½	0.3b	1.3	43.3
21.6m	Feedback	258	+10	3.6	1.4	26.3
886,000	First Talisman	39	..	0.9	2.2	33.3
14.6m	Fitch & Co.	365	-5	4.0b	1.4	33.1
11.0m	*Floyd Oil*	91	+1	..e	..	..
14.7m	Framlington Grp	737	+17	9.3	1.3	25.7
25.2m	Fuller Smith	£12½	..	14.3	1.1	26.8
6,336,000	Garfunkels	136	-2	1.4	1.1	14.1
10.0m	Gee (Cecil)	115	..	3.0	2.6	22.8

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
3,611,000	*Gilbert Hse Inv*	21	-2	..	..	..
2,579,000	Godwin Warren	72	..	2.0b	2.8	10.4
5,761,000	Good Relations	173	..	5.4	3.1	..
2,477,000	Gould Laurence	121	-2	4.3	3.5	..
8,366,000	Grainger Tst	193	-3	5.4b	2.8	..
811,000	Greenwich Cable	30	-3	..	..	..
931,000	Guernsey At Sec	138	+6	..	..	60.0
3,920,000	HB Electronics	98	+3	1.6	1.6	18.6
2,394,000	*Hadland Hldgs*	75	-3	3.6	4.8	..
74.4m	Hadson Pet	120	+4	..b	..	..
2,460,000	Hardanger Prop	123	+1	14.0n	11.4	3.1
3,081,000	Hartons Grp	11½	+1	0.3b	2.2	16.9
1,288,000	Harvey & Thomp	41	+2	..e	..	..
3,516,000	Hayters	150	..	15.0	10.0	7.2
1,880,000	Heelamat Hldgs	60	+4	8.0	13.3	5.9
2,067,000	Humberside Elec	16	-1	0.0	0.1	14.3
11.4m	*Hunterprint*	138	+2	4.6	3.3	12.1
6,163,000	ICC Oil	28	+2	0.0	0.1	35.9
12.2m	Im Bus Systems	181	-5	..	..	..
2,505,000	Ind Fin & Inv	83	-3	2.9b	3.4	21.3
8,307,000	Inn Leisure	39	+3	0.6	1.5	34.5
9,150,000	Int'europe Tech	188	-2	5.7b	3.1	26.0
6,245,000	Intervision Vid	31	+1	1.4	4.6	..
1,962,000	JSD Comp Grp	36	-1	3.0	8.3	20.3
1,170,000	Jayplant	33	-1	..	..	..
28.3m	Jebsens Drill	177	+7	25.0b	14.1	2.8
14.7m	Johnstone Paints	140	-5	5.4	3.8	10.6
18.5m	Juliana's Hldgs	338	..	7.0	2.1	23.8
4,904,000	KLP Group	119	+10	..	..	25.9
42.9m	Kean & Scott	48	-1	1.4	2.9	0.1
8,382,000	Kennedy Brookes	216	-7	1.8	0.8	12.7
573,000	Ldn & Man Secs	14	-2	..	..	..
2,736,000	Do 10p Ord	15	-1	..	..	..
5,496,000	Ldn Cont Adv	35	..	0.3	0.8	12.3
5,654,000	Do 8p Ord	36	+1	0.3	0.8	28.6
1,300,000	Ldn Priv Health	32½	+1	..	..	92.9
3,800,000	Lorin Elec	118	..	1.4b	1.2	30.7
1,500,000	MMT Computing	75	..	2.4b	3.2	17.4
49.9m	McCarthy Stone	300	+5	2.9	1.0	34.4
6,316,000	McLaughlin & H	156	..	9.1	5.9	7.9
5,665,000	Mellerware	103	..	3.6b	3.5	..
12.5m	Memory Comp	250	..	2.3b	0.9	35.4
8,822,000	Merrydown Wine	385	+30	7.1	2.0	15.3
5,825,000	Metal Bulletin	133	..	8.6	6.4	12.9
28.5m	Micro Business	420	+5	3.2b	0.8	31.4
1,870,000	Microfilm Reprg	55	+2	3.6	6.5	..
59.8m	Micro Focus	590	-80	..b	..	..
13.0m	Microgen Hldgs	448	+40	5.7b	1.3	46.3
5,270,000	Microlease	155	-6	2.9b	1.8	..
4,046,000	Midland Marts	125	+22	5.7	4.6	14.9
812,000	Midsummer Inv	140	..	3.6	2.6	15.5
4,011,000	Miles 33	191	-2	2.9	1.5	20.4
2,652,000	Miss World	136	+3	4.3b	3.2	17.0
24.1m	Mnemos	54	-2	..	..	..
813,000	Morland Sec	43	..	2.9	6.7	21.3
450,000	Morley (RH)	18	..	..	..	..
7,320,000	Mumford & White	227	-3	3.7b	1.6	27.0
8,855,000	NMW Computers	206	+1	5.7	2.8	22.9
13.6m	New Ct Nat Res	41	-1	1.7	4.2	16.6
81.2m	Nimslo Int	74	-8	..	..	..
81.2m	Oceonics PLC	310	-80	2.1	0.7	15.7

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
16.1m	*Oilfield Inspec*	228	..	3.0b	1.3	21.5
11.8m	Owners Abroad	22½	-½	0.7	3.2	10.1
510,000	Parkfield Fndry	17	..	..e	..	..
3,900,000	Pict Petrol	65	+12	..	..	..
2,500,000	Pineapple Dance	125	-3	8.0b	6.4	14.3
3,257,000	Radio City	148	-5	8.0b	5.4	17.3
3,454,000	Ramus Hldgs	78	+5	7.1	9.2	13.2
996,000	Reliant Motor	18	-1	..	..	4.5
64.8m	Renishaw	211	+11	1.6	0.8	74.6
14.9m	Resource Tech	164	-2	..b	..	27.3
3,253,000	Rivlin ID&S	40	-3	0.1b	0.4	..
2,825,000	Rolfe & Nolan	113	+8	3.9	3.5	11.7
8,557,000	Ruddle (G.)	181	+8	4.7b	2.6	18.5
1,460,000	Sampang (Java)	29	..	..	..	..
28.4m	Saxon Oil	176	-2	..	..	..
3,940,000	Scan Data	175	..	2.9	1.6	14.2
7,146,000	Securiguard	133	..	2.5	1.9	28.7
4,527,000	Selec TV	33	..	..	..	..
5,845,000	Sheldon Jones	113	..	5.7	5.1	8.7
4,614,000	Sheraton Sec	12	..	..	..	66.7
3,425,000	Sinclair W.	73	..	6.1	8.3	..
1,066,000	Do Dfd	70	..	0.1	0.2	..
8,004,000	Slaters Food	138	-2	1.7	1.3	12.1
19.1m	S.W.Resources	19½	-½	0.8	4.1	..
57.8m	Sovereign Oil	244	+10	..	..	..
14.7m	Spring Ram	140	..	4.3b	3.1	..
5,400,000	Stainless Metal	108	-2	..	..	..
706,000	Stanelco	52	..	..	..	..
4,117,000	Strikes Rests	67	..	1.9	2.9	..
—	Sunleigh Elect	16	..	..	..	..
1,330,000	Swindon Pr Hosp	85	..	..	..	..
3,957,000	Technofan SA	£262½	..	1773	6.8	10.3
5,289,000	Tel Serv Int	24	-3½	0.1	0.6	7.0
15.8m	Television Sth	65	-1	..	..	0.1
2,201,000	Thames Inv&Sec	63	..	..	..	7.8
1,224,000	Thorpac	53	-5	2.7	5.1	6.8
2,800,000	Tops Estates	58	-2	..	..	..
1,625,000	Trident Comp	65	..	2.1	3.3	13.6
31.1m	Tunstall T'com	183	-2	1.6	0.9	..
8,547,000	Twinlock	49	-2	1.3	3.2	13.3
1,114,000	Utd Ceramic	46	+2	4.3	9.3	17.3
5,816,000	Utd Electronic	60	..	1.4	2.4	27.6
30.3m	Utd Friendly	200	-3	14.0	7.0	..
3,146,000	Utd Packaging	99	+7	..	..	..
3,850,000	V.W.	70	..	3.6	5.1	..
4,200,000	Webber Electro	218	..	5.0	2.4	12.0
8,007,000	Wight Collins RS	250	..	3.9	1.6	35.5
459,000	Willaire Syst	4	..	..	..	..
13.1m	Wingate Prop	190	..	..	..	29.4
4,758,000	Yelverton Inv	60	+1	..	..	96.8
5,950,000	Yorkgreen Inv	34	+2	2.0b	5.9	12.9
700,000	York Mount	70	-6	7.1	10.2	7.4
3,700,000	Zygal Dynamics	100	..	1.1	1.1	26.4

• Ex dividend. a Ex all. b Forecast dividend. c Corrected price. e Interim payment passed. f Price at suspension. g Dividend and yield exclude a special payment. h Bid for company. k Pre-merger figures. n Forecast earnings. p Ex capital distribution. r Ex rights. s Ex scrip or share split. t Tax free. y Price adjusted for late dealings. .. No significant data.

American notebook

Depression over M1 grips market

The financial markets in the United States were showing signs of acute nervous exhaustion, on Friday night.

Bonds had had a dismal week, as prices had been progressively reduced on the expectation of rising inflation and another bad money supply figure on Friday.

By Thursday, stocks had caught the disease and had a raging case of depression. On Thursday, and Friday combined, the Dow Jones Industrial average fell more than 31 points.

When the money number was finally announced on Friday afternoon, it was at least as bad as feared. After revisions M1 rose $1.5bn (about £961m) following a rise of $300m the previous week and a huge increase of $5.6bn in the first week of July.

As a result, M1 now stands about $2.9bn over the present target. What is more, the target has only just been revised upwards very substantiall.

Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, announced this revision in his testimony the week before last to the Congress. He said the massive increase in M1 during the first half of the year would not be counted as part of the new targets, which were based on the average of the second quarter.

An annual growth rate band of 5-9 per cent on top of this second quarter average was to be *permitted during* second half of this year.

But M1 is already over the top of this target range which many critics of the Federal Reserve said was far too generous a portion of money growth for an economy expanding as vigorously as the United States is at this time. In the second quarter, real gnp rose at an annual rate of 8.7 per cent and informed analysts, including the highly respected Citibank team, believe that the second quarter gnp could show a rise of 8-9 per cent in real terms

In the last two weeks, there has also been *a sharp rise in* commodity futures. The Commodity Research Bureau index of commodity futures rose from 248 to 260 in the past two weeks—a very sharp increase of nearly 5 per cent over such a short period.

Big United States Goverment Treasury borrowing requirements have also taken their toll of the nervous systems of financial market participants.

The upshot has beena sharp rise in interest rates. The "bellwether" 10⅜ 2012 US Treasury bond had fallen to 88 by the close on Friday, to give a yield of 11.8 per cent. In early May before fears of excessive money growth and burgeoning inflation took hold, these long bonds were yielding 10.3 per cent.

The immediate outlook is for a further rise in these long yields, to something in the range of 12 -12.5 per cent. The driving force for the upturn in yieds is the fear of returning infaltion. Recent surveys of US money managers reveal a strong increase in inflation fears.

Gold and dollar have both been affected by the determination of the American financial markers not to be "stung" again by the depradations of inflation on the value of fixed interest assets. Gold is stuck around $415-425. The dollar keeps vaulting to ever greater heights. When the dollar pass effortlessly through the "barrier" of DM 2.60 and went on to close very near to DM 2.65, currency bears had to run for cover.

The stockmarket cannot escape the effects of the rapidly spreading fear that money growth is out of control and that a rate of inflation of about 7-8 per cent in the second half of next year is inevitable.

The stock markets have gone nowhere since the end of April and seem likely to be held down under the weight of the gloom in the bond markets.

The problem the Administration has had in getting reluctant Congress to agree to provide an additional $8bn for the International Monetary Fund has also required restraint by the banks on interest rates – as they are seen by the public at large as the prime beneficiaries of the IMF "bailout".

Financiering Maatschappij d'Oranjeboom BV

US $75,000,000

11¾ per cent. Guaranteed Bonds 1991

Guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

Allied-Lyons PLC

Paid as to US $1,250 per Bond and payable as to US $3,750 per Bond on 10th August 1983.

NOTICE is hereby given to persons entitled to Bonds that payment of the final instalment of US $3,750 per Bond is due to be made to Financiering Maatschappij d'Oranjeboom BV (the "Company") on 10th August, 1983 (the "due date") in immediately available funds.

Accordingly:—

(A) any such person whose holding of partly paid Bonds is shown in the records of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as operator of the Euro-clear System ("Euro-clear") must pay to Euro-clear, so as to be received not later than its opening of business on 9th August, 1983, and authorise Euro-clear to debit his account with Euro-clear on that day with, the amount due in respect of his holding of partly paid Bonds as shown in Euro-clear's books at its close of business on 9th August, 1983 at the rate of US $3,750 per Bond.

(B) any such person whose holding of partly paid Bonds is shown in the records of CEDEL S.A. ("CEDEL") must pay to CEDEL, so as to be received not later than its opening of business on 9th August, 1983, and authorise CEDEL to debit his account with CEDEL on that day with, the amount due in respect of his holding of partly paid Bonds as shown in CEDEL's books at its close of business on 9th August, 1983 at the rate of US $3,750 per Bond.

The Company has the right to accept payment of the final instalment in respect of any Bond which has not been forfeited at any time after the due date of payment subject to payment of interest on such final instalment at a rate of 13¾ per cent. per annum calculated from and including the due date to but excluding the date of payment thereof.

The Company may at any time after 24th August, 1983 elect (without giving published notice) to forfeit all or any of the Bonds in respect of which the final instalment together with interest as aforesaid has not been duly paid, whereupon the Company shall be entitled to retain the first instalment on such Bonds and shall be discharged from any obligation to repay such instalment, or to pay interest thereon for any period, but shall have no other rights against any holders whose Bonds have been so forfeited.

Neither Euro-clear nor CEDEL will clear any transaction in the Bonds for settlement on or after 10th August, 1983 unless such transactions are in fully paid Bonds.

1st August, 1983 — Financiering Maatschappij d'Oranjeboom BV

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange

Evode Group p.l.c.

(Incorporated in England under the Companies Act 1948 No. 748589)

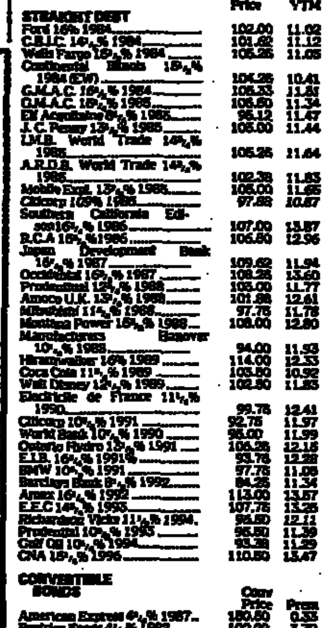
Allotment of £3,979,248 8 per cent. Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 2003/2008

The above mentioned Stock, allotted by way of rights, has been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange. Particulars of the Stock are available in the Extel Statistical Services and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted), up to and including 22nd August, 1983, from:

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited, New Issue Department, 21 Austin Friars, London EC2

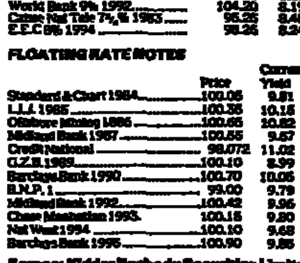
Grieveson, Grant and Co., Windsor House, 39 King Street, London EC2

Eurobonds prices (yields and premiums)



STRAIGHT DEBT	Price	YTM
Ford 16% 1984	102.00	11.02
C.B.I.C. 14⅜% 1984	101.62	11.12
Wells Fargo 15⅞% 1984	105.25	11.05
Continental Illinois 15⅞% 1984 (EW)	104.25	10.41
G.M.A.C. 16⅛% 1984	105.33	11.81
G.M.A.C. 15⅞% 1985	106.50	11.34
Elf Aquitaine 8⅜% 1985	95.12	11.47
J.C. Penny 13⅞% 1985	105.00	11.44
I.M.B. World Trade 14⅞% 1985	105.25	11.64
A.R.D.B. World Trade 14⅜% 1985	102.38	11.83
Mobile Expl. 13⅞% 1985	105.00	11.65
Citicorp 10⅝% 1985	*97.88*	*10.87*
Southern California Edison 16⅜% 1986	107.00	13.87
R.C.A 16⅜% 1986	106.50	12.96
Japan Development Bank 16⅞% 1987	109.62	11.94
Occidental 16⅞% 1987	108.25	13.60
Prudential 12⅞% 1988	103.00	11.77
Amoco U.K. 13⅞% 1988	101.88	12.61
Mitsubishi 11⅜% 1988	97.75	11.78
Mountain Power 16⅛% 1988	108.00	12.80
Manufacturers Hanover 10⅞% 1988	94.00	11.93
Hiram Walker 16% 1989	114.00	12.33
Coca Cola 11⅝% 1989	103.50	10.92
Walt Disney 12⅞% 1989	102.50	11.85
Electricite de France 11⅝% 1990	99.75	12.41
Citicorp 10⅞% 1991	92.75	11.97
World Bank 10⅞% 1990	95.00	11.99
Ontario Hydro 15⅞% 1991	106.25	12.15
E.I.B. 16⅛% 1991	93.75	12.28
BMW 10⅞% 1991	97.75	11.08
Barclays Bank 8⅞% 1992	84.25	11.34
Amex 16⅛% 1992	113.00	13.57
E.E.C 14% 1993	107.75	13.25
Richardson Vicks 11⅞% 1994	95.50	12.11
Prudential 10⅞% 1995	95.50	11.39
Gulf Oil 10⅞% 1994	93.38	11.29
CNA 15⅞% 1996	110.50	13.47

CONVERTIBLE BONDS	Conv Price	Prem
American Express 4¾% 1987	180.50	0.35
Beatrice Foods 4½% 1992	*100.00*	3.70
Eastman Kodak 4½% 1988	91.50	25.50
Ford 6% 1988	112.00	0.13
Galveston-Houston 8% 1994	102.50	109.02
Lear Petroleum 8% 1989	128.50	0.70
Morgan J.P. 4¾% 1987	135.50	-2.51
Revlon 4⅞% 1987	99.00	14.48
Sperry Rand 4¼% 1988	99.00	19.96
Warner Lambert 4½% 1987	86.00	39.56
Northern Telecom 7% 1977	*165.50*	.500



DEUTSCHMARK ISSUES	Price	Ytm
World Bank 8% 1989	99.85	8.09
World Bank 9% 1992	104.20	8.19
Caisse Nat Tele 7¾% 1993	96.25	8.46
E.E.C 8% 1994	98.25	8.24

FLOATING RATE NOTES	Price	Current Yield
Standard & Chart 1984	100.05	9.81
L.L.I. 1985	100.35	10.15
Offshore Mining 1986	100.65	10.82
Midland Bank 1987	100.55	9.57
Credit National	98.072	11.02
G.Z.B. 1989	100.10	8.99
Barclays Bank 1990	100.70	10.06
B.N.P. 1	99.00	9.79
Midland Bank 1992	100.42	9.96
Chase Manhattan 1993	100.15	9.80
Nat West 1994	100.10	9.68
Barclays Bank 1995	100.90	9.85

Source: Kidder Peabody Securities Limited.

CORRECTED NOTICE

BANCO DE CHILE

US$35,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1988

accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the next Interest Period has been fixed at 10$^{15}/_{16}$% per annum. The Coupon Amount will be US$56.51 in respect of US$1,000 denomination and US$565.10 in respect of US$10,000 denomination and will be payable on 31st January, 1984, against surrender of Coupon No9.

1st August, 1983.

Manufacturers Hanover Limited
Reference Agent

Base Lending Rates

ABN Bank	9½	%
Barclays	9½	%
BCCI	9½	%
Consolidated Crds	9½	%
C. Hoare & Co	*9½	%
Lloyds Bank	9½	%
Midland Bank	9½	%
Nat Westminster	9½	%
TSB	9½	%
Williams & Glyn's	9½	%

* 7 day deposits on sums of under £10,000, 6%; £10,000 up to £50,000, 7%; £50,000 and over, 8%.

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an invitation to subscribe for or procure any securities.

U.S. $150,000,000

J. P. Morgan International Capital N.V.

(Incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles)

11⅝% Guaranteed Notes Due 1990

and

Warrants to Purchase

U.S. $150,000,000 10¾% Guaranteed Notes Due 1990

The 11⅝% Notes and 10¾% Notes will be unconditionally guaranteed as to payment by

J. P. Morgan & Co. Incorporated

(Incorporated in Delaware, U.S.A.)

The following have agreed to purchase the Notes and Warrants:

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited — Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Goldman Sachs International Corp. — Merrill Lynch International & Co.
Morgan Stanley International — Salomon Brothers International
Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited — Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited
Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. — Amro International Limited
Bank of Tokyo International Limited — Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.
Banque Nationale de Paris — Banque Paribas
Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft — Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank
Citicorp International Bank Limited — Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft
Continental Illinois Limited — County Bank Limited — Crédit Agricole
Crédit Commercial de France — Crédit Lyonnais — Daiwa Europe Limited
Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft — Enskilda Securities Skandinaviska Enskilda Limited
IBJ International Limited — Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb International, Inc.
Lloyds Bank International Limited — LTCB International Limited
Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited — Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited
The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. — Nomura International Limited
Orion Royal Bank Limited — Société Générale
Société Générale de Banque S.A. — S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.
Wood Gundy Limited — Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

The 11⅝% Notes, issued at 100 per cent plus accrued interest (if any), in denominations of U.S. $5,000, the Warrants issued at U.S. $15.00, and the 10¾% Notes in denominations of U.S. $1,000 issuable at 100 per cent plus accrued interest (if any), have been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange subject only to the issue of temporary global Notes and the global Warrant. Interest on both Note issues is payable annually in arrears on August 16.

Particulars of the Notes, the Warrants and the Issuer are available in the Extel Statistical Service and may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including August 15, 1983 from:—

Cazenove & Co., 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC2R 7AN

Morgan Guaranty Ltd, 30 Throgmorton Street, London EC2N 2NT

August 1, 1983

Norwest Holst Group

A Subsidiary of Dunham Mount Limited

Another year of substantial achievement

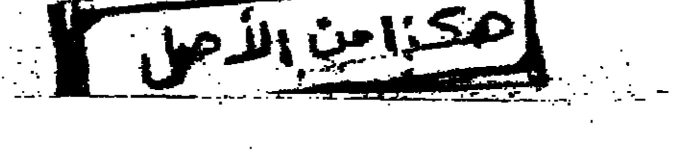
Audited results for the year ended 31st March
(Following the demerger of all non contracting interests)

	1983 £'000	1982 £'000
Turnover	160,204	165,161
Trading Profit	6,376	4,927
Taxation	75	(268)
Extraordinary Items	1,532	913
Retained Earnings	7,983	5,572

* Trading Profit exceeds £6·3 million
* Shareholders' Funds up to £29 million
* Secured Workload up by 30%
* Fixed Assets and Properties up by 47%
* Net Cash Balances up to £29 million

Norwest Holst
total capability in construction





Today, the most familiar name in "tombstones" makes its first appearance.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group and Merrill Lynch International & Co. are now Merrill Lynch Capital Markets. The new name reflects a new approach to investment banking, designed to better serve the increasingly complex, increasingly international needs of corporations, institutions and government entities. Our globally integrated investment banking organization combines leadership in a wide array of financing and investing specialties—and an exceptional competence in each—with a firm-wide coordination of effort to maximize the benefit of all these services to our clients.

Corporate Finance — State and Municipal Finance

[illegible] Venture Capital — Merchant Banking

International Finance and Investment — Economic and Investment Research

Equity and Fixed Income Sales and Trading

Commodities and Futures — Asset Management Services

Financial Advisory and Evaluation Services

HOW TO ... MOVE

Merrill Lynch
Capital Markets

Merrill Lynch

USM REVIEW
THE TIMES BUSINESS NEWS
EVERY MONDAY

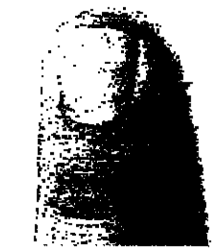
Stock Exchange Prices

Capitalization and week's change

ACCOUNT DAYS: Dealings Began, Today. Dealings End, Aug 12. § Contango Day, Aug 15. Settlement Day, Aug 22.
§ Forward bargains are permitted on two previous days.
(Current market price multiplied by the number of shares in issue for the stock quoted)



[illegible]



THE WEEK AHEAD

Mixed forecasts for Barclays' interims

Barclays Bank completes the season of leading clearing bank results with half-year figures on Thursday. Brokers' forecasts vary widely with pretax profits of £230m to £250m expected, against £236m last time. Of the three London clearers that have reported so far, Lloyds is the only one to announce lower pretax profits and that was largely because of accounting changes.

Analysts have tended to underestimate the extent of bad debt provisions but equally, they have misjudged the extent of the improvement in underlying profits.

Results from Barclays are expected to indicate that its problems in the United States have eased, but it may not be until next year that any significant recovery occurs.

Friday sees half-year results from **Standard Telephones and Cables**. STC is not the most forthcoming of companies when it comes to keeping brokers in touch on its progress. Even so, there is a surprising consensus with nearly all brokers going for pretax profits of about £40m, against £26.4m last time.

STC is thought to have brought in about £10m of the profits being made on the Anzcan submarine cable project during its first half. Although the contract was under way during the comparable period, there was no profit taken.

There will also be a first-time contribution of about £4m from International Aeradio, which STC purchased from British Airways in March.

At the same time, STC bought some businesses from its one-time American parent company, International Telephone and Telegraph, and these may have contributed about £750,000.

In the full year, STC could aproach pretax profits of £100m, against £61.3m last time.

Thursday also sees half-time results from vacuum cleaners and washing machines manufacturer *Hoover*. The restructuring and recovery of Hoover has been such a long haul that few brokers now follow the stock closely. Nevertheless, in the last month, Hoover shares have risen strongly outperforming the index by about 11 per cent.

Brokers suspect that the company has not recovered from its production problems so it may not have fully benefited *from the high street boom*.

But second quarter profits should still cancel out the pretax losses of £736,000 recorded in the first quarter.

In the third three months the company is expected to trade at breakeven and then resume a reasonable level of profits in the final quarter.

Half-year results from **Lonrho**, Mr Roland "Tiny" Rowland's international trading group, are issued on Thursday. At the annual meeting, Mr Edward du Cann, deputy chairman, said the company would make more than £100m this year, against £75.1m last time.

Those who follow the company are expecting it to exceed this by up to £10m, with about 40 per cent of the surplus falling in the first half.

Higher precious metal prices, lower interest rates, loss elimination and an outstanding performance from the Volkswagen distributorship, have combined to boost profits.

Tozer Kemsley & Millbourn (Holdings), the trader and motor distributor, reports half time figures today amid growing speculation of a bid or a refinancing package.

Delayed full-year results from **Acrow**, the earth moving equipment group, are expected on Thursday. Brokers expect losses to reach £5m.

Jeremy Warner

ECONOMIC VIEW

Interest rate worries deepen

The continuing strength of the dollar is likely to occupy pride of place this week in the attention of the financial markets, where worries over the early prospect of higher American interest rates have deepened.

Even though the economic fundamentals point to a lower exchange rate – especially the yawning trade deficit – investors simply cannot ignore the attraction of short-term dollar yields which promise to buoy the dollar as far as the eye can see.

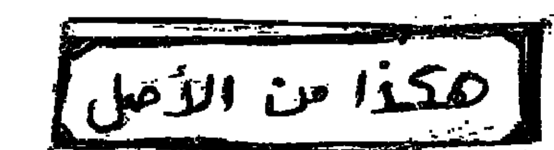
This is bad news for governments in Europe, where recovery is still fragile. They want cuts in interest rates to propel their own economies out of recession but are now inhibited by fears that further currency depreciation against the dollar would stoke the inflationary fires.

The British authorities, however, are likely to leave interest rates alone, especially in view of the pound's renewed strength against European currencies.

Economic indicators out this week include the July unemployment figures, which will be swollen by a big influx of school-leavers. The underlying trend is also still upward though in recent months there have been signs that the pace of increase may be slackening. The figures will, however, continue to be distorted by new schemes involving the removal of thousands of older men from the official count.

The CBI's latest Industrial Trends Survey, published tomorrow, will be scrutinized for evidence that the recovery is being sustained

Other indicators released this week include the balance of payments and last year's overseas earnings of the City (today); the July official reserves (Tuesday); June advance energy statistics and housing starts (Wednesday); and final figures on motor vehicle production in June (Friday).



Personnel swap between Whitehall and companies brings exports results

How the other half does business

By Wayne Lintott

A fundamental change in the relationship between government and industry could evolve from a programme started by the civil service to swop senior personnel with leading British companies.

The programme gives future senior civil servants the opportunity to work within a company for two or more years and gives industrialists the chance to study the workings of government from within.

The programme is already producing results. Mr Roger Holmes, a senior secretary from the Department of Trade and Industry, is now company secretary at the independent telecommunications group Mercury, having already served with Sir Michael Edwardes, Mercury's chairman, at British Leyland.

Mr Patrick Hodgson, from merchant bankers Schroder Waggf, is making his presence felt within the DTI's project and export policy division, figghting to increase the range and scope off government support for companies in overseas markets.

Although it is still early days, the merger of Trade and Industry and a change of politicl attitude at highest levels presage more action there.

Sir Brian Hayes, new permanentt secretary at the department, find the comparison with Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry invidious. But he admits that "it is common sense for the two departments to work closely together ad be more supportive of industries' aims."



Carey left, and Hayes: architects of the experiment

Such a scheme was tried in the 1964-70 Labour Administration when Lord George-Brown was Minister of Trade. It was not fully committed or tried again until Sir Peter Carey's reign at the department. It is he that Sir Brian from the agriculture department, has replaced.

Among the 20 companies involved in the scheme are Mercury, Schroder Wagg, Goldman Sachs in new York, BICC, Balfour Beatty, British Leylannd, Thompson Group, United Biscuits, Ocean Inchcape and British Aerospace.

BICC was more than satisfied with the help of Mr David Morphet, number two at the Department of Energy, during his stay. The company said he played a vitally important part in helping to win ta railway contract in Zimbabwe.

Mr Holmes said his three and a half years with Sir Michael evolved from a need by BL for someone who knew Whitehall.

There has never been a conflict of interest. "The situation is perfectly clear. When I was seconded, my loyalty was to the company. I am not some form of fifth columnist and the arrangement has worked very well. It has been beneficial to me because I went straight into the civil service from university", Mr Holmes said.

The benefits to the company, according to Mr Holmes, are considerable. Apart from a guide to the machinations of Whitehall, it gets good secretarial assistance. "If a civil servant is worth his salt, he is a good organizer who can also brief his director to deal with a complicated mix of problems."

It was Sir Michael who requested his executive appointment at Mercury.

Mr Hodgson, from Schroder Wagg, is equally enthusiastic. "They tend to throw you in at the deep end around here (the trade department's project and export policy division). But that teaches you how to get round the system and its problems. I help them judge what they should be doing and how", he said.

One of industry's oldest complaints about the civil service is that companies find themselves continually repeating themselves to different departments.

There is some truth to that, Mr Hodgson agrees. "Usually we end up in a battle with the Treasury over the range and level of support we give companies trading abroad. We compromise. The problem is that there is no single specified objective."

Apart from Davy Corporation and Babcock and Wilcox, Mr Hodgson said there is a lack in Britain of umbrella organizations which can harness a multiplicity of sub-contractors to compete for the billion-pound turnkey projects coming up in the world, a thought that could be useful on his return to merchant banking. "We have had some success with thermal power projects in China and India. But we are nowhere near as successful as we could be."

How far should the Government intervene in industry's efforts abroad? "That whole area is a fascinating process. There is a great deal of intellectual agonising going on about that particular point. Although there are some areas of business which will not work together," Mr Hodgson said.

Both civil servants and company management agree that Mr Cecil Parkinson, Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, must resolve the quandry and help prevent unnecessary competitive waste, within government and industry. They suggest that this programme could be expanded into a working committee of the most experienced from both sides – to help eliminate obstacles and facilitate the harmony arising from administrative guidance as they say at the Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry as a euphamism for being told what to do.

APPOINTMENTS

British-American Tobacco Co: Mr E A A Bruell, formerly deputy chairman and managing director, has become chairman following the retirement of Mr C H Stewart Lockhart. Mr R J Pritchard, director responsible for Leaf, production and purchasing, becomes deputy chairman.

Manufacturers Hanover Export Finance: Mr David Olley has been appointed managing director.

Process Plant Association: Mr John Crawford, group chief executive of Mothewell Bridge Holdings, has been elected president.

Offshore and International Funds

Prev W'end Offer	Ch'ge on Week	Trust	Bid	Current Offer	Yield
		Arbuthnot Securities (CI) Ltd.			
		PO Box 284 St Helier, Jersey. 0534 [illegible]			
[illegible]	[illegible]	Dollar Inc	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Eastern Int	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Govt Secs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Sterling Fxd (3)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
		Barclays Unicorn International (Ch Is) Ltd.			
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
		Rothschild Asset Management (C.I.) [illegible]			
		PO Box 58, St Peter Port, Guernsey. 0481 [illegible]			
[illegible]	..	Int Bond US$	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	..	Int Equity US$	21.46	22.58	1.61
1.70	..	Int Svgs 'A' US$	1.62	1.70	..

Prev W'end Offer	Ch'ge on Week	Trust	Bid	Current Offer	Yield
2.49	..	Int Svgs 'B' US$	2.37	2.49	..
16.70	..	Cap Reserve £	16.50	16.70e	0.34
134.18	..	Special Sits	127.30	134.18	2.15
115.30	..	Sterling Inc	110.70	115.30	11.27
352.80	..	Channel Isle	331.20	352.80	2.35
1.10	..	Dollar Income $	1.05	1.10	12.35
		Kleinwort Benson Group.			
		20 Fenchurch Street EC3		01-623	8000
[illegible]	[illegible]	Transatlantic $	[illegible]	58.46	1.75
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
		Rothschild Asset Management (C.I.).			
		P.O. Box 58, St Julians Ct, Guernsey.		0481	26331
4.35	..	OC America $	4.09	4.35	1.80
133.2	..	OC Commodity $	125.3	133.2	2.14
39.88	..	OC Dir Cmdty $	37.40	39.88	1.73

Prev W'end Offer	Ch'ge on Week	Trust	Bid	Current Offer	Yield
38.47	+2.55	OC HK Fd HK$	38.58	41.02	..
196.2	..	OC Smaller Co's	184.5	196.2	1.41
		Save & Prosper International.			
		Dolphin Hse, Colomberie, St. Helier.		0534	73933
9.54	..	Dollar Fxd Int $	8.91	9.54	9.32
15.96	..	Gold Fund $	14.76	15.96	1.83
12.82	..	Int Growth $	12.01	12.82	..
21.54	..	Far Eastern $	19.92	21.54	..
12.26	..	N. American $	11.35	12.26	..
23.28	..	Sepro $	21.53	23.28	..
158.5	..	UK Growth Fnd £	148.5	158.5	0.98
114.6	..	Commodity	108.7	114.6	..
171.7	..	St Deposit	171.6	171.7	8.15
121.3	..	St Fixed Int	114.7	121.3	11.47
10.75	..	D'mark Bnd DM	10.14	10.75	5.13
1,380	..	Yen Bnd Fund y	1,309	1,380	..
		Tyndall-Guardian Group (Bermuda).			
		P.O. Box 1256, Hamilton 5, Bermuda.			
12.88	+0.37	Overseas (5) $	12.98	..	..
24.18	+0.44	N.American (5) $	24.60	..	..
2,083	+42.00	Pacific (5) Yen	2,105	..	..
20.27	−0.17	Com'ty (40) $	20.10	..	..
21.19	+0.03	Money (5) $	21.22	..	..
15.75	−0.37	Eurobond (40) $	15.38	..	..
19.57	+0.04	Mortage (40) $	19.61	..	..
		Tyndall Group (Isle of Man).			
		Victory Hse, Prospect Hill, Douglas.		0624	24111
113.4	..	H Inc Gilt Dist	111.2	113.4	12.60
181.0	..	Do Accum	177.4	181.0	..
		Tyndall Group (Jersey).			
		2 New Street, St Helier, Jersey.		0534-37331	
117.2	−0.4	Gilt Dist (3)	114.6	116.8e	10.37

Prev W'end Offer	Ch'ge on Week	Trust	Bid	Current Offer	Yield
278.6	−0.8	Do Accum	265.0	280.8	..
230.6	+8.5	Far East Dist	223.8	229.1e	0.73
249.4	+9.7	Do Accum	242.9	259.1	..
186.4	+0.6	Jersey Dist (3)	152.8	167.0e	7.34
312.2	+0.4	Do J Accum	236.0	312.6	..
366.6	+1.2	Do K-J Accum	338.6	367.5	..
241.9	+1.8	American Dist	229.8	242.8e	1.82
278.8	+4.6	Do Accum	265.0	282.6	..
19.00	+0.50	TOPSL	18.26	19.50e	1.36
34.2	−0.8	Do Accum	32.6	35.0	..

e Ex dividend. * Not available to the general public. † Guernsey gross yield. ‡ Previous days price. a Ex all. c Dealings suspended. e Subdivided. f Cash value for £100 premium. g Ex bonus. h Estimated yield. k Yield before Jersey tax. p Periodic premium. s Single premium. Dealing or valuation days—(1) Monday. (2) Tuesday. (3) Wednesday. (4) Thursday. (5) Friday. (20) 25th of month. (21) 2nd Thursday of month. (22) 1st and 3rd Wednesday of month. (23) 20th of month. (24) 3rd Tuesday of month. (25) 1st and 3rd Thursday of month. (26) 4th Thursday of month. (27) 1st Wednesday of mont. (28) Last Thursday of month. (29) 3rd working day of month. (30) 16th of month. (31) 1st working day of month. (32) 20th of month. (33) 1st day of Feb. May. Aug. Nov. (34) Last working day of month. (35) 15th of month. (36) 14th of month. (37) 21st of each month. (38) 3rd Wednesday of month. (39) 2nd Wednesday of month. (40) Valued monthly. (41) Last Thursday of Stock Exchange account. (42) Last day of month.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

Borden Overseas Capital Corporation N.V.
5% Convertible Guaranteed Debentures Due 1992

Redemption Date: August 31, 1983
Conversion Right Expires: August 31, 1983

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of outstanding 5% Convertible Guaranteed Debentures Due 1992 (the "Debentures") of Borden Overseas Capital Corporation N.V. (the "Company") that in accordance with terms of the Indenture dated as of September 1, 1972 (the "Indenture") among the Company, Borden, Inc., as Guarantor (the "Guarantor"), the Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, as Trustee, the Company has elected to redeem all of the outstanding Debentures on August 31, 1983 (the "Redemption Date") at a redemption price of 101¼% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest from September 1, 1982 to August 31, 1983. Payment of the redemption price and accrued interest, which will aggregate $1,062.36 for each $1,000 principal amount of Debentures (the "Redemption Price"), will be made upon presentation and surrender of Debentures, together with the September 1, 1983 and all subsequent interest coupons attached, at the option of the holder either (a) at Citibank, N.A., Receive and Deliver Department, 111 Wall Street, 5th Floor, New York, NY 10043, or (b) subject to any laws or regulations applicable thereto in the country of any such office, at the offices of the additional Paying and Conversion Agents set forth below.

On the Redemption Date the Redemption Price will become due and payable upon each Debenture. No interest will accrue on the Debentures on and after August 31, 1983.

CONVERSION OR SALE ALTERNATIVES

Debentureholders have, as alternatives to redemption, the right to sell their Debentures through usual brokerage facilities or, on or before the close of business on August 31, 1983 to convert such Debentures into Common Stock of the Guarantor. The right to convert the principal of the Debentures to be redeemed will terminate at the close of business on August 31, 1983.

The Debentures are presently convertible into Common Stock of the Guarantor at the price of $31.50 per share, resulting in a conversion rate of approximately 31.75 shares of Common Stock per $1,000 in principal amount of the Debentures. The Guarantor will pay a cash adjustment in United States dollars in lieu of fractional shares in accordance with Section 3.03 of the Indenture.

So long as the market price of the Common Stock exceeds $33.46 per share, the market value of the shares of Common Stock into which the Debentures are convertible is greater than the Redemption Price. On July 18, 1983, the closing price of the Guarantor's Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange as reported by the Western Edition of the July 19, 1983 Wall Street Journal was $58.50 per share.

To convert Debentures to Common Stock, the Debentures, with the September 1, 1983 and all subsequent interest coupons attached, together with written notice of election executed by the holder that the holder elects to convert such Debenture, and specifying the name or names in which the shares of stock deliverable upon conversion shall be registered, with the address(es) of the person(s) so named, must be delivered to either (a) the New York office of Citibank, N.A., mentioned in the first paragraph of this notice, or (b) subject to any laws or regulations applicable thereto in the country of any such office, to the offices of the additional Conversion Agents set forth below.

ADDITIONAL CONVERSION AND PAYING AGENTS

Citibank, N.A.
Herengracht, 545/549
Amsterdam, Netherlands

Citibank, N.A.
Piazza Della Republica 2
Milan, Italy

Citibank, N.A.
60, Avenue des Champs-Elysees
75361 Paris, France

Citibank, N.A.
Neue Mainzer Strasse 40/42
D-6000 Frankfurt/Main 1, Germany

Citibank, N.A.
Citibank House
336 Strand
London WC2R 1HB, England

Citibank, N.A.
Avenue de Tervueren, 249
B1150 Brussels, Belgium

Banque Generale du Luxembourg, S.A.
14 Rue Aldringer
Luxembourg Ville, Luxembourg

ADDITIONAL PAYING AGENTS ONLY

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National Trust and Savings Association
Paris Branch
43-47 Avenue de la Grande Armee
75116 Paris, France

Bank of America
National Trust and Savings Association
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25 Cannon Street
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Dated: August 1, 1983

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For further details contact:
C R SHERLING
Arthur Andersen & Co
1 Surrey Street
London WC2R 2PS
01-836 1200



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Citicorp Overseas Finance Corporation N.V.

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Netherlands Antilles)

Unconditionally guaranteed by

CITICORP

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the third one-month sub-period has been fixed at 10⅛% per annum and that the interest payable for the third one-month sub-period in respect of US$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US$92.81.

The total amount due for Coupon No 15 payable August 31, 1983 is US$251.47.

August 1, 1983, London
By: Citibank NA (CSSI Dept), Agent Bank

CITIBANK

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange.

Aurora plc

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SHARE CAPITAL FOLLOWING THE CAPITAL REORGANISATION

Authorised £'000		Issued £'000
1,000	Ordinary Shares of 10p each	281
8,000	6.5 per cent. Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of £1 each ("Redeemable Shares")	8,000
9,000	9 per cent. Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Ordinary Shares of 10p each ("Preferred Ordinary Shares")	9,000
18,000		17,281

Following the Capital Reorganisation becoming effective on 29th July, 1983, the Ordinary Shares and the Preferred Ordinary Shares have been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange. No application has been made for the Redeemable Shares to be admitted to the Official List. Particulars of the Preferred Ordinary Shares are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited and copies may be obtained during business hours up to and including 15th August, 1983 from:—

N. M. Rothschild & Sons Limited,
New Court,
St. Swithin's Lane,
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1st August, 1983

AMERICA'S CUP

Australia II not 12-metre yacht, officials say

Newport, Rhode Island, (Reuter) – A dispute over whether Australia II is a legal 12-metre yacht broke out onn Saturday as she was beating another Australian yacht Challenger 12. It was Australia II's 31st win in 43 races in the challengers' America's Cup trials on Rhode Island Sound.

The New York Yacht Club challenged the legality of Australia II's controversial keel. In a memorandum signed by Ammerica's Cup committee chairman, Robert W. McCullough, the committee said that Australia II, with the appendages on its keel, has not been fairly rated under the rating rule and measurement instructions of the international 12-metre class.

The Australia II syndicate's executive director, Warren Jones, immediately denied it had tried to circumvent the rules and pointed out that in international measurement committee had certified Australia II as a legal 12-metre yacht.

The committee's memorandum said three conditions applying to Australia II required that its rating be recalculated to make it equitable. They were: 1, The keel appendages are a 'peculiarity', which is defined as being different from the usual or normal; 2, The keel appendages give the yacht an advantage she otherwise would not enjoy; 3, That benefit or advantage was not contemplated by the rules makers and is therefore unrated.

The memorandum further cited the 'unusual, albeit questionable lengths' to which Australia II's owners had gone to maintain complete secrecy about the exact nature of the keel. It said this was 'conclusive proof of the peculiarity.'

It said AustraliaII's measured draft from the waterline to the bottom of her keel was 2.645 metres, approximately nine feet, when the yacht was in an upright position.

When the yacht heeled over to the sailing angle it would have in a moderate to fresh breeze, the appendages on her keel increased her depth 2.712 metres, the last 0.67 metres of which was unmeasured, it said.

The memorandum contended that the extra depth provided by the keel appendages increased Australia II's rating to 12.476 metres and it was therefore would not be a legal 12-metre yacht. It will now be up to the international yacht racing union to decide the issue.

Mark Vinbury, a member of the international committee which measured Australia II, said he felt the yacht was legal but whether the rating was fair and equitable was another matter. Mr Vinbury said he had sent a copy of the New York Yacht Club memorandum to Anthony Watts, the international chief measurer, who is now attending a pre-Olympic regatta in Long Beach, California. Any expectation is that he [Watts] will talk to the chairman of the keelboat technical committee for IYRU (international yacht racing union) and see if the whole committee wants to look at this further, Mr Vinbury said.

Jones said that his syndicate would not discuss their yacht with the New York Yacht Club prior to it being selected as challenger. But he said he would follow the wishes of Watts in the matter.

RUGBY UNION

Champagne for Argentina

Brisbane (Reuter) – Argentina defeated Australia by 18-3 in the first rugby Union international yesterday at the Ballymore Oval to record their first victory in nine international matches. The result was upset for the Australians and afterwards Ednardo Yanguela, the elated Argentine manager raced off to order a dozen bottles of champagne for his team who were playing their first international in Australia.

Bob Dwyer, the Australian coach, bluntly summed up his view of the game by saying: "no scrum, no lineouts, no goal kicker, no nothing." W. Campese missed three early penalties and Ella, the Captain, missed another, but their inaccurate kicking was not to blame for Australia's defeat.

The key to Argentina's performance was the power play of their forwards wh controlled the scrums, dominated the loose and outjumped their opponents in the lineouts. As a result the lively Australian backs were never given a chance to display their talents.

Argentina were unsettled by the fierce Australian tackling early on but quickly settled down to take complete control with their forwards. Petersen, the flank forward, openned the scoring with a try midway through the first half when Courreges, the Argentine hooker, won a crucial scrum against the head on the Australian five-metre line.

Porta, the stand-off half and captain, added the conversion, then kicked a penalty to give Argentina a 9-0 lead after a iolent first half in which Vaughan, the Australian half back had been forced to leave the field after being heavily tackled.

The tension rose further in the second half and Campese was able to narrow the gap with a penalty when Courreges kicked the ball as Ella bent to take a quick tap kick.

Porta then calmly dropped a goal from a five-metre scrum and a second pushover try, this time by Minguez, the No 8, gave Argentina a clear victory.

Afterwards Yanguela acknowledged the huge debt the Argentine team owed to their frwards. "Our forwards worked very hare and we got what we came here for," he said.

Ella also praised the Argentine pack. "They were too good for us. Our pack did OK but the Argentine forwards were technically more correct and they stopped us from getting controlled ball to the backline," he said. But he added that he felt the Australians would be much improved in the second and final international next Sunday.

AUSTRALIA: R Gould; D Campese, A Slack, M Hawker, B Moon; M Ella (captain), D Caughan (replacement A Parker); D Hillhouse, S Pilecki, W Ross, D Curren, S Poidevin, C Roche, D Hall, D Codey.
ARGENTINA: B Miguens; J Palma, M Loffreda, R Madero, M Campo; H Porta (captain), A Soares Gache; S Dengra, A Courreges, E Rodriguez, T Petersen, E Ure, G Milano, E Branca, M Minguez.
Referee: C Norling (Wales).

Rugby rebels defeated

South African XV 37 International XV 35

The rebel international rugby union team, made up of players from New Zealand, France, Britain and Ireland, lost 37-35 to a South African XV in the last match of their unofficial tour in Cape Town yesterday.

Twelve tries were scored in an exciting game part of a three-match tour celebrating the centenary of the Western Province union.

John Murphy of Ireland emerged as top scorer kicking 15 points, while there were two tries each for Ray Mordt and Carel du Plessis of South Africa in a game where the lead constantly changed hands.

The tourists led 20-18 at half-time, but consistent kicking by Errol Tobias and two tries from Strofbery and Povey were enough to give the Springboks a 2-1 win in the series.

SCORERS: South Africa XV: Tries: Mordt (2), du Plessis (2), Stofberg, Breedt, Povey; Penalties: Tobias; Conversions: Tobias (3). International XV: Tries: Knight, Gallion, Shaw, Wheeler, Lafont. Penalties: Murphy (3); Conversions: Murphy (3).
SOUTH AFRICAN XV: G Pienaar; C du Plessis (J Heunis), W Cupido, J Villet, R Mordt; E Tobias, D Serfontein (captain); J Breedt, R Louw, R Visagie, H Bekker, T Stofberg, du Toit, S Povey, O Oosthuizen.
INTERNATIONAL XV: J Murphy (Ire), G Davies (Wales), B Fraser (NZ); L Cusworth (Eng), J Gallion (Fr); W Duggan (Ire), M Shaw (NZ), B Moriarty (Wales), J Perkins (Wales), D Leslie (Scotland), G Knight (NZ), P Wheeler (Eng, captain), J Ashworth (NZ).

ROWING

Whispering behind the boathouse

From Richard Burnell
Copenhagen

A German friend here asked me, "What has happened to British rowing?" What, indeed? Only three years ago the proud boast was that Britain was "Best in the West". Today they are just "One of the Rest". That would be sad enough if it were suffered with dignity but the fact is that today it is daggers behind the back and whispers behind the boathouse.

One of the main purposes of Copenhagen was to be the appearance of the new national squad lightweight eight. But yesterday, for the second day running, they were withdrawn. It will take all the ingenuity of Peter Coni, QC, chairman of the ARA international rowing committee, to come up with a plausible, let alone an agreed, version of what has happened.

Having talked to Terry O'Neil, coach of the London Rowing Club lightweight eight, who rowed yesterday and finished fifth, and to Hugh Matheson, coordinator of the national squad lightweights, I could only reach the superficial conclusion that there has been a total lack of communication. I cannot even report that innocent oarsmen have been the victims of administrators, for it seems to me that it may well be a case of the dogs wagging the tail.

For the rest, Baillieu and Spencer-Jones also withdrew from the double sculls, Spencer-Jones being off colour and their point having been made when they won well on Saturday. Steven Redgrave narrowly hung on to win the single sculls.

John Melvin left his finishing spurt too late and finished second in the lightweight sculls. De Grammant and Stuart won for the second day in succession in the lightweight pairs. Cusack and Hopkins finished fifth in the lightweight doubles.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS: Heavyweight: Coxless fours: Denmark, 6min 22.59sec. Double sculls: East Germany (Kalisch and Habermann), 6min 44.50sec (Great Britain withdrew). Coxless pairs: Netherlands (Hoekstra and Adema), 7min 11.95sec. Single sculls: Great Britain (Redgrave), 7min 23.24sec. Coxed pairs: Poland (Stadniuk and Stadniuk), 7min 38.18sec. No British entry. Coxed fours: Italy, 6min 28.91sec. Quadruple sculls: Italy 6min 02.11sec. Eights: Soviet Union, 5min 50.60sec. Lightweight: Coxless pairs: Great Britain (De Grammant and Stuart), 7min 40.97sec. Single sculls: Denmark (eltang), 7min 28.10sec; 2, Great Britain withdrew. Double sculls: Italy, 6min 38.98sec; 4, Great Britain (Cusack and Hopkins). Eights: Denmark, 5min 54.10sec; 5, Great Britain (London RC). ARA Squad withdrew.

SATURDAY: Men: Coxless pairs: Italy (Baldacci and Pasovich), 7min 51.68sec. Single sculls (lightweight): J Melvin (GB), 8min 40.57sec. Coxless fours (lightweight): Italy, 7min 18.04sec. Coxless pairs (lightweight): Great Britain, (De Grammant and Stuart), 8min 13.79sec. Double sculls: Great Britain, (Spencer-Jones and Baillieu), 7min 17.61sec. Eights (heavyweight): East Germany 6min 34.28sec. Double sculls (lightweight): Denmark (Espersen and Kruse), 7min 49.95sec; 2, Great Britain (Smith and Forbes), 7min 58.86sec. Quadruple sculls: Italy, 6min 52.46sec. Single sculls: S Redgrave (GB), 8min 38.11sec. Coxed fours: Italy, 7min 12.73sec. Coxless fours: Romania, 6min 52.02sec. Eights (lightweight): Denmark, 6min 35.03sec; 3, Great Britain (London RC), 6min 45.55sec. Women: Eights: Romania, 3min 33.71sec.

GOLF

No fairytale ending but a bit of a nightmare

By John Hennessy, Golf Correspondent

A fairy tale finish to the English amaterur golf championship was distinctly on the cards halfway through Saturday's final at Wentworth. at that stage Craig Laurence, the favourite, emerged from the 18th green (for the first time in eight rounds) one down to Ashley Brewer, a 20-year-old three-handicap player who teeters on the verge of a place in the Berks, Bucks and Oxon team.

Events had been so heavily oversubscribed, in spite of a field of 256, that there had to be a ballot among those on three to decide who would provide the required amount of cannon-fodder for the big guns. Brewer was lucky enough not to be among the 30 or so who had to drop out without firing a shot. His original ambition had been to survive until Wednesday, implying winning two matches. Yet here he was in his eigth match, the final, and leading a professional-looking 19-year-old opponent after 18 holes.

The fairytale then turned into something of a nightmare. Laurence went to the turn in 32, three under par, and had won six holes as his opponent's game fell apart. When Laurence, for once in trouble at the sixth after winning three of the first four holes, Brewer let him off the hook by pitching too strongly. Therafter Brewer matched par only once in six more holes, and that from a silkent chip from down the bank beside the tenth green. A bunkered second at the 11th and a pushed tee shot with a three wood (he uses nothing bigger) at the 12th brought the encounter to an abrupt end. Laurence won 7 and 6, the biggest margin of victory for 15 years.

Brewer may take some comfort from the fact that, as well as exceding all reasonable ambitions, he may be spared the ordeal of a place in the England team, which would have been automatically his had he won the title. He would surely be cruelly exposed in the home internationals at Portmarnock in September.

As for Laurence, he seems to have all the golfing equipment to make good as a professional in the years ahead. Whether or not he has the srength of character we shall hot know until the time comes for him to follow in the footsteps of a marginally younger British champion, Nick Faldo.

● The Welsh golf selectors have announced a youthful team to contest the home international series at Portmarnock from September 14 to 16. They have brought in five teenagers.

TEAM: M Calvert (Royal St Davids), G Davies (Pontypool), J R Jones (Langland Bay), S P Jones (Aberystwyth), M Macqara (Maesdu), R Morris (Padeswood and Buckley), D McLean (Holyhead), A P Parkin (Newtown), R N Roderick (Pontartawe), K H Williams (North Wales), D K Wood (Rochford Hundred). Travelling reserve: E O Jones (Bull Bay). Non-playing captain: E M Davies (Prestatyn).

Hockey's goals hit home

By Lewine Mair

Making the point that the PGA Cup side are possibly easier to captain than a Ryder Cup team because club professionals are "less insular" than their tournament-playing counterparts, Keith Hockey led Great Britain and Ireland to a 14½-6½ win over the United State at Muirfield.

As the home side entered the last nine singles with a seven point lead, Hockey told each of his men to go out and beat an American "for your own personal pride".

When Jim Farmer and Phil Weaver, playing first and second, each fell behind, it looked as if rather more than personal pride might be at stake. But the picture was soon to change with Bob Cameron's burst of four successive birdies, the deed which did most to keep the Americans in their place.

The match was ultimately won for Great Britain and Ireland when Alistair Thomson halved the 15th to ensure that he could not lose to Denis Husse. However, it was Martin Gray, of Ladybank, who had the most substantial win of the afternoon and indeed of the week, when he defeated Jim King by 7 and 6.

It was 11 years ago that Muirfield had, so to speak, brought Gray to his knees. He joined friends for a last-minute practice round on the eve of the Open, whacked a drive away without so much as a practice swing and felt his back go. In leaning down to pick up his ball on the first green, he collapsed and that night had to have manipulation under anaethetic. To this day his back has never been right

SINGLES: (GB and Ireland names first): J Farmer lost to L Gilbert 3 and 2; P Weaver bt T Robertson 3 and 2; J Chillas lost to J Seltzer 5 and 4; A Thomas bt D Husse 4 and 2; D Dunk bt K Morris 6 and 5; T Minshall lost to J Logue 1 hole; B Cameron bt B Lendzion 2 and 1; M Gray bt J King 7 and 6; M Ingham lost to G Borek 2 holes.
SINGLES RESULT: GB 5 USA 4.
MATCH RESULT: GB 14½, USA 6½.

A rookie leads old campaigners

Oakville, Ontario (Reuter). – Ralph Landrum, playing in his first week on the U.S. Professional Golf Association tour, took the lead in the $425,000 Canadian Open tournament on Saturday with a third-round, four-under-par 67.

Landrum, aged 25, had a 31 on the outward half with five birdies and a bogey and held steady

LEADING SCORES: 207, R Landrum, 65, 75, 67; 208, T Purtzer, 72, 66, 70; 209, B Lietzke, 72, 67, 70; J Cook, 68, 71, 70; 210, F Conner, 72, 71, 77; F Zoeller, 70, 66, 74; J Miller, 75, 68, 67; D Miller (Aus), 68, 71, 71; G Norman (Aus), 67, 73, 70; 211, C Beck, 70, 71, 70; A Sills, 72, 73, 66; J Fought, 72, 71, 69; J Nicklaus, 73, 68, 70. British scores: 213, P Oosterhuis, 70, 69, 74.

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Second Test: nearing the end of an innings that has lasted over half a century

Only a dour Gower can stop the history-makers

By John Woodcock Cricket Correspondent

HEADINGLEY: England, with four second-innings wickets in hand, lead New Zealand by two runs.

New Zealand should win the second Test match sponsored by Cornhill, at Headingley today and so gain their first victory over England in England. For there to be any other result a rearguard action will be needed by England of the kind which Botham led against Australia on the same ground two years ago.

For three days England have been outplayed, basically because New Zealand have bowled much better. This should not, I suppose, come as a surprise. By the end of last winter it was happening, albeit in one-day cricket, with depressing regularity, and the two sides are substantially and significantly the same.

The difference between England's bowling and New Zealand's has been startling. England entered the match pleased to think that in terms of the speed they had an attack of almost West Indian dimensions. In the event it has been a pitch not for digging the ball in but for a full length and good control. Coney, for example, at the gentlest of medium paces, has been twice as dangerous as Dilley.

What an irony that England would probably have done better with an attack, if you like, of Monkhouse, Tremlett, Ontong and Inchmore, simply because their methods would have been better suited to the conditions. After his first two overs at the start of England's second innings, Hadlee, at nothing like his old pace, had already beaten the bat more often than England did in the last three hours of New Zealand's innings.

Botham's failure to strike the right length has been crucial. At his best he would have finished, as was once his habit, with five or more inexpensive wicktes. As it was, England, with the ball likely to move off the seam, were obliged to use 45 overs of spin. Edmonds, on the whole, bowled pretty well. New Zealand, so far, have bowled one over of spin and yet, even with Hadlee still to take a wicket, they have pushed England to the brink of defeat.

With Edgar, plus runner, scoring an admirable tenacious 84, 65 of them after he had returned from injury, and Hadlee making some more powerful blows, and Cairns pulling Edmonds twice in one for six, and Bracewell doing his stuff, New Zealand finished their first innings with a lead of 152. Only twice before, against England, have they enjoyed such an advantage as that. They led by 171 runs on the first innings at Lord's in 1949 and by 298 runs, also at Lord's in 1973.

England went in again on Saturday just before 2.30. Having been fortunate to survive Hadlee's splendid opening spell, Tavaré and Fowler seemed over the worst when, in successive overs, Chatfield removed them both. Fowler was caught at the wicket, which is always the likliest way of his getting out, and Tavaré was the victim of a horrible shooter.

So long as Lamb and Gower were together the game was still wide open. By the time the evening drinks were taken – it was another beautiful day – they were scoring so freely and with such fine strokes that England actually held the initiative.

Drinks, however, "proved fatal", as the newspaoer headlines used to put it. First Lamb chopped on to Coney, trying to force a ball that was barely short enough for the stroke: and then Botham, making to pull a leg-side ball of little merit from Coney, miscued, probably off the back of the bat, to slip, where Howarth ran back for the catch.

It that was unlucky for Botham, it was a little careless, too. Off his first ball Botham had survived an impassioned appeal for a catch at silly point off bat and pad. His second he had driven majestically for four.

By the close of play Randall and Edmonds were also out, both of them caught at the wicket off Chatfield. As in England's first innings, Randall got a ball that lifted. Witnessing all this was Gower, to whom such disasters are commonplace. He himself was playing beautifully, being never in a hurry and timing the ball as only the highly gifted can. Today, if England are to have the slightest chance of escape, it will be up to Gower.

Against Australia in 1981 England, in their second innings, were still 92 runs behind when their seventh wicket fell. Except that New Zealand's bowlers will return refreshed this morning, England's present position, compared with that, is positively auspicious.

Dilley, as he was then, is one of the survivors. For Botham, whose 149 not out turned the tables two years ago, read Gower. If England were to leave New Zealand 120, perhaps even 100, they could just win. If not, we shall at least see history in the making. India had been coming to England for 29 years before winning their first victory here, South Africa for 28 years, the West Indians for 20 years. New Zealand come first in 1931.



The stump that came up from down under. Edgar, bowled Willis

Scoreboard at Headingley

ENGLAND: First innings 225 (C J Tavaré 69, A J Lamb 58; B L Cairns 7 for 74)

Second innings

C J Tavaré b Chatfield	23
G Fowler c Smith b Chatfield	19
D I Gower not out	54
A J Lamb b Coney	28
I T Botham c Howarth b Coney	4
D W Randall c Smith b Chatfield	16
P H Edmonds c Smith b Chatfield	0
G R Dilley not out	1
Extras (b 8, l-b 1)	9
Total (6 wkts)	154

†R W Taylor, *R G D Willis, N G Cowans to bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–39, 2–44, 3–116, 4–126, 5–142, 6–142.

BOWLING (to date): Hadlee 19–8–25–0; Chatfield 19–4–65–4; Cairns 8–2–24–0; Coney 8–1–30–2.

NEW ZEALAND: First Innings

J G Wright c Willis b Cowans	93
B A Edgar b Willis	84
*G P Howarth run out	13
M D Crowe l-b-w, b Cowans	37
J J Crowe run out	0
J V Coney c Gower b Willis	19
R J Hadlee b Cowans	75
J G Bracewell c Dilley b Edmonds	16
†I D S Smith c Tavaré b Willis	2
B L Cairns not out	24
E J Chatfield l-b-w Willis	0
Extras (b 1, l-b 4, w 1, n-b 8)	14
Total	377

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–52, 2–168, 3–169, 4–169, 5–218, 6–304, 7–348, 8–351, 9–377, 10–377.

BOWLING: Willis 23.3–6–57–4; Dilley 17–4–36–0; Botham 26–9–81–0; Cowans 28–8–88–3; Edmonds 45–14–101–1.

Umpires: B J Mayer and D H Constant.

EQUESTRIANISM

Schockemöhle and Deister take the gold with ease

By Jenny MacArthur

After a brilliant display of jumping over three gruelling days of competition, Paul Schockemohle from West Germany and his 12 year old Hanoverian Deister held on to their individual title in the European championship sponsored by Silk Cut at Hickstead yesterday. Recalling Munich in 1981, when Schockemohle first took the title, *Deister collected no jumping faults* throughout the three day championship.

Hardly less heroic was the great Ryan's Son, ridden by Britain's John Whittaker, who won a silver medal although only included in the championship at the last moment as a substitute for Nich Skelton and the injured St James. The bronze medal went to Fréderic Cottier from France on the experienced and courageous Flambeau, who was off work for several months earlier in the year because of injury.

Schockemohle and Deister made the jumping look so effortless yesterday that it was surprising to hear the great rider say afterwards: "I worried for every fence even though I knew Deister was on form and jumping well."

He bought Deister from his great friend, the late Hartwig Steenken. *It* has proved a formidable partnership, particularly at Hickstead. They won the grand prix at the May meeting this year and the Hambro Life jumping derby last year, a title which Schockemohle returns to defend at the end of this month.

Whitaker described the silver medal as his greatest victory so far, surpassing even the silver he won at the 1980 alternative Olympics in Rotterdam. "Today was different – it had an edge to it as I was not included in the original team even though I had saved Ryan's Son for the championship all year. When I heard I was in the team after all I thought 'right, now I've got it all to do'."

Neither his determination nor that of his indomitable 15 year old partner were in any doubt yesterday. Speaking afterwards, Whitaker said he had ruled out the Olympics because of his horse's age, but now he was not so sure.

In a dramatic final part to the individual championship, Schockemohle retained his lead throughout. The three Swiss riders who held the next three places went to pieces and *finished with no individual medals.*

This last leg involved two rounds, with the 20 best from the first going through to the second. The imposing treble combination in the first round took its toll, and Whitaker, going 21st, gained the first clear round.

This was followed in rapid succession by clear rounds from Cottier, Malcolm Pyrah on Towerlands Anglezarke and Hugo Simon on Gladstone. This was when disaster struck the Swiss riders Thomas Fuchs, Willi Melliger and Walther Gabathuler who all had three fences down, relegating them to 10th, seventh and sixth places respectively.

The first round ended with Schockemohle in the lead, followed by Simon, Pyrah, Cottier and Whitaker.

In the crucial final round, jumped as before in reverse order of merit, Whitaker went clear and gradually moved up from fifth as first Cottier and then Pyrah and Simon all had fences down. Pyrah, the defending silver medalist hit the two white *palisade fences which put him out of* the running for a medal. Schockemohle, the last to go, was in the happy position of knowing that he could have two fences down and still win. But Deister had not come through three faultless rounds to fail at the last. He jumped round clear and even his 1.25 seconds time fault could not dim his moment of glory.

David Broome and Mr Ross, who *played a key part in helping Britain* to win the team silver medal, retired during the first round of yesterday's competition when Mr Ross refused the last part of the treble. Broome was reluctant to push the gallant Mr Ross too hard because he has been in work for a fornight.

Harvey Smith, who was lying 28th in the individual, withdrew Sanyo Olympic Video from yesterday's competition *on the* advice of Ronnie Massarella, the chef d'equipe.

Saturday

SILK CUT INTERNATIONAL STAKES: 1, Ubegabe (E Wauters, Bel), clear, 59.19sec; 2, Sunny Boy (T Fruhmann, Austria), clear, 61.43; 2, Livia (W Helliger, Switz), clear, 64.43.
SILK CUT BOWL: 1, Sanyo Galaxi (H Smith, GB), 62.07; 2, Mostrim (G Mullins, Ire), 62 10; 3, Carlsberg (Wauters), 62.28.
SILK CUT INDIVIDUAL: 1, P Schockemohle (Deister, WG), 2.49 faults; 2, J Whitaker (Ryan's Son, GB), 9.27; 3, F Cottier (Flambeau, Fr), 13.18; 4, W Gabathuler (Beethoven, Switz), 16.0; 5, H Simon (Gladstone, Aust), 16.28; 6, W van der Ham (Feinschnitt, Neth), 16.64; 7, M Pyrah (Towerlands Anglezarke, GB), 16.89; 8, H Robbiani (Jessica, Switz), 18.87; 9, T Fuchs (Willora, Switz), 19.87; 10, W Melliger (Van Gogh, Switz), 20.57.

● Ireland include three women in their five-strong team for the European three-day event in Switzerland from August 18 to 21. Jessica Harrington rides Amoy, Yvonne Monahan takes Santex, and Mona Croom-Carroll rides Croan. The two men are Brendan Corscadden on Wills Wilde and David Foster on Inis Meain.

Rice grows tall in the rain

By Richard Streeton

Trent Bridge: Nottinghamshire (4pts) beat Yorkshire by nine wickets.

Clive Rice hammered an unbeated 66 in appalling light to bring Nottinghamshire a remarkable success against Yorkshire, the John Player League leaders, in Derek Randall's benefit match. Rain reduced the game to a 13-over one and Nottinghamshire were left 107 to make and they won with four balls to spare at 7.0.

Randall, utilizing the Test match's rest day, spun the coin on Rice's behalf, and did his side what would have been a significant turn in normal circumstances by winning the toss and putting Yorkshire in on a green pitch. A start was made at 3.0 to what was intended to be a 31-over game and Yorkshire scored 14 without loss from three overs before rain brought a halt for two hours.

When play restarted Boycott off-drove a classic four before he was bowled moving out to repeat the stroke. Stevenson contributed briefly before Bairstow and Athey put on 60 in five overs. While Athey swung and swished Bairstow picked the gaps with relatively more discrimination.

Nottinghamshire, who are bottom in the table, declined the chance to go off for bad light when the umpires gave them the chance to do so in the fifth over. Rice and Birch, driving and pulling fearfully against Dennis and Ramage, took the total to 43 by the halfway stage when they were already ahead of Yorkshire's run rate.

Nottinghamshire's target was 20 from the final two overs when Sidebottom replaced Ramage. Rice pulled *Sidebottom's first two balls* for six and four and took 19 from five balls, including two no-balls.

YORKSHIRE:

G Boycott b Bore	11
C W J Athey l-b-w b Bore	40
G P Stevenson b Cooper	9
†D L Bairstow c Birch b Bore	24
J D Love not out	0
K Sharp run out	0
S N Hartley run out	8
Extras (b1, l-b 7, w5)	13
Total (6 wkts, 13 overs)	106

A Ramage, A Sidebottom, *R Illingworth and S J Dennis did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–19, 2–36, 3–96, 4–96, 5–105, 6–106.

BOWLING: Cooper, 5-0-35.1, Bore, 6-0-41.3, Saxelby, 2-0-17.0.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE:

C E B Rice, not out	66
J D Birch, run out	26
R T Robinson, not out	1
Extras (l-b 10, w 3, n-b 1)	14
Total (1 wkt, 12.2 overs)	107

B Hassan, P Johnson, E E Hemmings, B N French, R A Pick, K E Copper, M K Bore and K Saxelby did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–61.

BOWLING: Dennis, 6.2–0–31–0; Ramage, 5–0–43–0; Sidebottom, 1–0–19–0.

Umpires: K Ibadulla and A G T Whitehead.

Richards shows talent with the ball

By Michael Stevenson

OLD TRAFFORD: No result. Lancashire 2pts, Somerset 2.

Somerset, in thei pursuit of Yorkshire at the head of the John Player League, bowled out Lancashire for a modest 132, before scoring seven off one over yesterday. Then the heavens opened spectacularly and the match was abandoned without another ball being bowled.

The two points which Somerset *acquired and the fact that they have* two matches in hand over Yorkshire means that they are well placed to win the competition. Certainly their outcricket yesteday was of an exceptionally high calibre.

Richards, so often the key to Somerset's successes, has gained so many accolades got his batting that yesterday's spectacular bowling return must have come as a pleasant change. He took six for 24 off eight accurate and intelligently varied overs and one of the six victims was his West Indies captain, Clive Lloyd, whose brilliant stroke-play seemed at the time to be swinging the match.

Somerset won the toss, invited Lancashire to bat and at once Garner established his customary stranglehold. David Lloyd, Abrahams and O'Saughnessy were all out when Lloyd went on to the attack.

He struck a couple of sixes and *six fours in his exhilarating knock of* 46 before holing out to a beautiful catch by Denning on the mid-wicket boundary from a mishit pull-drive that almost carried for six. Hughes struck one sweet straight six off Marks but Richards, supported by superb catching, seemed invincible and had done enough, had it not been for the weather, virtually to guarantee Somerset victory.

LANCASHIRE:

D Lloyd, c Denning, b Dredge	2
S J O'Shaugnessy, c Garner, b Palmer	16
J Abrahams, c Garner, b Palmer	8
*C H Lloyd, c Denning, b Richards	46
D P Hughes, c Popplewell, b Richards	18
N H Fairbrother, b Richards	1
†C Maynard, c Palmer, b Richards	9
J Simmons, c Gard, b Richards	2
N Watkinson, l-b-w b Richards	0
I Folley, not out	11
L L McFarlane, c Garner, b Dredge	2
Extras (b 1, l-b 11, w 4, n-b 1)	17
Total (38 overs)	132

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–5, 2–28, 3–35, 4–90, 5–95, 6–102, 7–107, 8–107, 9–114, 10–132.

BOWLING: Garner, 7–2–6–0; Dredge, 5–1–8–2; Palmer, 7–0–41–2; Marks, 8–0–26–0; Richards, 8–0–24–6; Popplewell, 3–0–10–0.

SOMERSET:

P M Roebuck not out	1
P W Denning not out	5
Extras (w 1)	1
Total (no wkt)	7

J W Lloyds,* I V A Richards, P Slocombe, N E M Popplewell, C H Dredge, V J Marks, †T Gard, J Garner and G V Palmer did not bat.

BOWLING: Folley, 1–0–6–0.

Umpires: D G Levensand J W Holder

Sussex have best of the weather

By Peter Marson

LEICESTER: No result. Leicestershire 2pts, Sussex 2pts.

Sussex were saved by the rain at Grace Road yesterday. At 105 for seven from 34 overs when they came in defeat loomed darkly on an equally gloomy horizon. A readjustment in Leicestershire's target, 90 to win from 29 overs came to nought as the rain came driving in. Leicestershire, who had scarcely began their innings, were then obliged to suffer the afront of seeing Sussex make off with half the spoils

Sussex were in trouble immediately when they batted as Parker, Mendis and Imran fell to Roberts and Taylor for 14 runs in nine overs. Parker although out of form, was still Sussex's most successful batsman when he took guard yesterday. He has a batting average of 45.85. Yet survived only three balls before playing on, thereby helping Roberts make a mess of his stumps with the last ball of the opening ovetr.

Nowadays Mendis straightens into a Gooch-like posture as he prepares to meet the bowler and beats a modulated tattooo with his *feet he shifts his balance, too. But,* with preliminaries completed Mendis was next to go. Two gone for seven runs was bad enough, but losing Imran to a full toss and Roberts put Leicestershire into a seemingly invincible position.

There followed a hint on rumbustuous resistance from Gould wuntil he was caught by Taylor off Clift. Colin, the older of the Wells brothrs, had made 29 when Alan, the younger, joined him and both were appropriately in tune, hitting sixes to mid-wicket in a promising stand of 42 runs in 10 overs when Alan fell to the wiles of Steele in his first over, the 27th. There would be time only for another seven overs before the weather closed in.

SUSSEX:

G D Mendis c Garnham b Taylor	2
P W G Parker b Roberts	0
C M Wells c Clift b Cook	46
Imran Khan l-b-w b Roberts	4
†I J Gould c Taylor b Clift	14
A P Wells c Briers b Steele	24
R Cowan not out	9
*J R T Barclay c Roberts b Steele	0
A C S Pigott not out	1
Extras (b1, l-b4)	5
Total (7 wkts, 34 overs)	105

D A Reeve and C E Waller did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–1, 2–7, 3–14, 4–52, 5–94, 6–94, 7–100.

BOWLING: Roberts, 7–2–11–2; Taylor, 6–1–14–1; Clift, 8–1–25–1; Parsons, 1–0–9–0; Cook, 8–0–34–1; Steele; 4–0–7–2.

LEICESTERSHIRE

J P Butcher not out	10
N E Briers not out	0
Extras (b 2)	2
Total (No wkt)	12

†M A Garnham, B F Davidson*, R W Tolchard, P B Clift, A M E Roberts, G J Parsons, J F Steele, N G B Cook and L B Taylor did not bat.

BOWLING: Imran Khan, 1.5-0-9.0; Reeve, 1-0-1.0.

Umpires: B Leadbeater and C Cook

Worcs v Northants

AT WORCESTER

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

D J Wild c McEvoy b Pridgeon	13
W Larkins c Pridgeon b Patel	53
P Willey b Patel	24
Kapil Dev st Humphries b Illingworth	12
*G Cook b Patel	10
R J Boyd-Moss c and b Patel	6
†G Sharp st Humphries b Illingworth	4
D J Capel c d'Oliveira b Illingworth	6
N A Mallender c Humphries b Patel	6
T M Lamb not out	1
B J Griffiths run out	0
Extras (l-b 9, w 6)	15
Total (33.4 overs)	147

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–35, 2–97, 3–114, 4–117, 5–130, 6–133, 7–137, 8–141, 9–146, 10–147.

BOWLING: Elcock, 5–2–12–0; Pridgeon, 5–0–18–1; Weston, 5–0–21–0; Inchmore, 5–1–21–0; Illingsorth, 7–0–27–5; Patel, 6.4–0–27–5.

WORCESTERSHIRE

M S A Mcevoy c Sharp b Kapil dev	17
D N Patel c Learkins b Griffiths	52
*P A Neale c Sharp b Griffiths	0
D B d'Oliveira c Wild b Griffiths	5
M J Weston not out	9
D A Banks not out	0
Extras (l-b 10, w 3)	13
Total (4 wkts, 19.5 overs)	96

†D J Humphries, J D Inchmore, A P Pridgeon, R M Ellcock and R K Illingworth did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–76, 2–76, 3–76, 4–86.

BOWLING: Kapil dev 9–1–24–1; Mallender 3–0–17–0; Willey 2–0–21–0; Griffiths 4.5–0–18–3; Lamb 2–0–3–0.

Umpires: H D Bird and R Julian.

Worcestershire (4pts) beat Northamptonshire on a faster scoring rate.

CHESTER-LE-STREET: Durham 191 for 5 dec, (G Lister 81, Wasim Raja 67 not out): Northumberland 137 for 4.

Glamorgan v Surrey

AT SWANSEA

SURREY:

A R Butcher c Davies b Barwick	5
†C J Richards c Davies b Selvey	8
D M Smith c Davies b Derrick	37
M A Lynch c Jones b Lloyd	22
D J Thomas b Ontong	72
S T Clarke b Selvey	9
*R D V Knight c Henderson b Selvey	4
I R Payne not out	33
G Monkhouse not out	4
Extras (l-b 9, w 1)	10
Total (7 wkts, 26 overs)	204

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–13, 2–17, 3–82, 4–109, 5–127, 6–143, 7–182.

A J Stewart and A Needham did not bat.

BOWLING: Selvey, 6-0-53-3; Barwick, 6-0-29-1; Lloyd, 6-0-29-1; Ontong 6-0-52-1; Derrick, 2-0-23-1.

GLAMORGAN:

J A Hopkins c Stewart b Thomas	1
A L Jones not out	77
Javed Miandad c Smith b Thomas	1
R C Otong c Smith b Clarke	29
S P Henderson not out	4
Extras (l-b4, w2)	6
Total (3 wkts, 12 overs)	228

C J C Rowe, †T Davies, J Derrick, B J Lloyd, *M W W Selvey and S R Barwick did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–4, 2–30, 3–112.

BOWLING: Clarke 5-0-22-1; Thomas 2-0-40-2; Knight 3-0-27-0; Monkhouse 1-0-23-0.

Umpires: P J Eale and R Palmer.

MINOR COUNTIES

OXFORD: Oxfordshire 169 for 5 dec, (J Manger 77 not out): Shropshire 35 for 7 (K Arnold 6 for 42).
READING: Wiltshire 198 for 3. (D Mercer 75, D Simpkins, 56 not out). Berkshire 138 for 2. (A Dindar 75).

Hampshire v Gloucs

AT BOURNEMOUTH

Hampshire:

C G Greenidge not out	52
C L Smith c Shepherd B Lawrence	56
T E Jesty C Broad B Lawrence	23
V P Terry not out	0
Extras (b2, l-b 7 w5)	14
Total (2 wkts, 20 overs)	145

M C J Nicholas*, N E J Pocock, N G Cowley, M D Marshall, T M Tremlett†R J Parks and S J Malone did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–104, 2–144.

BOWLING: Lawrence, 7-0-54-2; Sainsbury, 6-0-36-0; Shepherd, 7-1-41-0

GLOUCESTERSHIRE: First Innings

B C Broad b Marshall	33
P W Romaines not out	80
Zaheer Abbas b Tremlett	1
A J Hignell not out	20
Extras (b 6, l-b 3, w 5)	14
Total (for 2 wkts, 19.3 overs)	148

P Bainbridge, J N Shepherd*, D A Graveney†, R C Russell, J H Childs, G E Sainsbury and D V Lawrence did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–73, 2–86.

BOWLING: Tremlett, 6-0-63-1, Malone, 4-0-36-0 Malone, 4-3-0-35, Marshall, 7-3-0.35-1.

Umpires: W E Alley and K E Palmer.

Gloucestershire (4pts) beat Hampshire by 8 Wkts.

● Eight under-13 eight-a-side teams will contest the national finals of the Ken Barrington Cup, sponsored by Nat West Bank, at Sherbourne School, Dorset, from August 8-12. They are: Wolverhampton (North-West), Lanchester (North East and Scotland), Staincliffe (Yorkshire), Moseley (West Midlands), Northampton Saints (North Midlands), Wanstead (Eastern), Cheltenham (South West) and Chestfield (South and South East).

Emburey wolf in the fold

By Alan Ross

LORD'S: Middlesex (4pts) beat Warwickshire by 10 runs.

Because of interruptions both during and after Middlesex's innings, Warwickshire were eventually set the modest task of making 92 to win in 18 overs. After a promising start the Warwickshire batsmen went like sheep to the slaughter, Middlesex bowling them out for 82, Emburey taking five for 36.

Middlesex, in fact, had scored 163 for eight in an innings reduced to 32 overs, but the second of two periods of thundery drizzle reduced the equation still further.

Middlesex's innings was notable as much as anything for the dopey running between the wickets, Barlow and Slack both being run out. Gatting, having given Slack 12 overs start, overhauled him in five minutes, striking Ferreria for one skimming six over square leg. Gatting, swinging at almost every ball, made 47 before being bowled by Hogg in semi-darkness.

Of the other Middlesex batsmen only Downton got in any real blows. Small took a terrific return catch to remove Williams, an act of bravery he appeared to regret. Slack was slow to warm up, Radley was comprehensively bowled by Ferrerira, *and Ellis's timing was faintly* awry.

Warwickshire, needing five runs an over, ought to have lost two wickets quickly.

At the halfway stage Warwickshire were 39 for the loss of Lloyd. Kallicharran was soon stumped and then Amiss, who had produced several thrilling hooks off Daniel, was caught at the wicket off Slack's first ball. Ferreira looked dangerous enough for Daniel to have to be recalled and he got him with his second ball. Humpage now pulled Williams hard to Carr at midwicket and Warwickshire were 59 for five, needing 33 off five overs. A quick sprint and throw by Carr ran out Smith in the same over and a stumping off Emburey made it 65 for seven.

Small hit a full pitch to midwicket and Warwickshire needed 20 off the last over with two wickets left. They got 10 of them and lost both the wickets.

MIDDLESEX:

G D Barlow run out	2
W N Slack run out	28
C T Radley b Ferreira	17
*M W Gatting b Hogg	47
R G P Ellis b Small	18
J E Emburey st Humpage b Gifford	8
†P R Downton c Amiss b Ferreira	20
N F Williams c and b Small	4
K D James not out	6
J D Carr not out	0
Extras (b-1, l-b-10, w-4)	15
Total (8 wkts, 32 overs)	163

W W Daniel did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–9, 2–39, 3–77, 4–110, 5–123, 6–143, 7–153, 8–157.

BOWLING: Small, 7-0-21-2; Hogg, 5-0-15-1; Ferreira, 5-0-22-2; Kallicharran, 8-0-44-0; Gifford, 7-0-46-1.

WARWICKSHIRE:

T A Lloyd b Daniel	10
D L Amiss c Downton b Slack	24
A I Kallicharran st Downton b Emburey	7
G W Humpage c Carr b Williams	7
A M Ferreira c Radley b Daniel	8
K D Smith run out	1
R I H B Dyer b Emburey	5
P A Smith st Downton b Emburey	2
G C Small c James b Emburey	0
N Gifford, b Emburey	3
W Hogg not out	9
Extras (b1, l-b5)	6
Total (17.5 overs)	82

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–26, 2–41, 3–43, 4–57, 5–59, 6–60, 7–65, 8–67, 9–73, 10–82.

BOWLING: Daniel, 6-0-29-2; Emburey, 7.5-1-36-5; Slack, 1-0-8-1; Williams, 1-0-3-1.

Umpires: J Harris and J van Geloven.

Derbys v Kent

AT CHESTERFIELD

DERBYSHIRE

*K J Barnett run out	25
I S Anderson c Cowdrey b Baptiste	6
A Hill c and b Baptiste	3
G Miller not out	55
J E Morris c and b Ellison	16
R J Finney not out	31
Extras (lb 4, w 2)	6
Total (4 wickets, 31.3 overs)	146

W P Fowler, C J Tunnicliffe, †B J M Maher, O H Mortensen, and M A Holding did not bat.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1–24, 2–36, 3–47, 4–76.

BOWLING: Jarvis, 6-0-23-0; Baptiste, 6-1-16-2; Woolmer, 6-0-35-0; Ellison, 4-0-20-1; Penn, 3.3-0-27.0; Cowdrey, 2-0-47.0.

KENT: R A Woolmer, C Penn, D G Aslett, M R Benson*, C S Cowdrey †, A P E Knott, G W Johnson, R M Ellison, E A Baptiste, D L Underwood, K B S Jarvis.

Umpires: D O Oslear and O R Shepherd.

No result. Derbyshire 2pts, Kent 2.

Middlesex pull away from their pursuers

By Ivo Tennant

It says much for the character of the Essex side that they can put their recent disappointments in the two knockout competitions behind them, and continue to close the gap on Middlesex, the championship *leaders. At the start of play on* Saturday, they were a mere point in arrears.

It must have been another disappointment to them, that, through no fault of their own, they did not play. So Middlesex, once again, are pulling away. They collected maximum bonus points in bowling out Warwickshire, who are in third place, for 253, a century from David Smith notwithstanding. We await eagerly this Saturday's Essex-Middlesex encounter at Chelmsford, coming, as it does, just two weeks after they met in the Benson and Hedges final.

Of the othr countries in relative contention, Hampshire were indebted to another hundred by Chris Smith, his sixth of the summer, and *timely made in light of Englan's* latest batting collapse; Kent, who ran up 437-9 against Derbyshire, owed much to Aslett, who hit a chanceless 168. Considering how little championship cricket he has played, his consistency is staggering. Benson, Baptiste and Ellison all made sixties. Each of the four is 25 or under.

There was high scoring at Leicester, too, although no-one reached three figures. Balderstone and Davison, who have courted controversy in the past few weeks, led the charge. Note the fifth change bowler in the Sussex attack: Imran Khan, gradually working his way back to full fitness, took one for three in four overs.

Away from the beaten track, Nottinghamshire made the mistake of giving Yorkshire first innings at Worksop, an under-used ground, where the wicket, contrary to belief, is often a good one. Certainly Boycott thought so on Saturday. Remorselessly he ground on and on, not giving a semblance of a chance and rarely hitting the ball in the air.

This was a shame, for another school of belief has it that it is possible to hit a six on that ground into Nottinghamshire, Derbyshire or Yorkshire. Boycott, needless to say, was more interested in making his 135th hundred, and being still there at the close.

As can be gleaned them, with first day pitches being dry all over the country, it was a batsman's day. Only one bowling performance stood out – at Northampton, Mallender captured six Worcestershire wickets. Only Neale – is he the only first-class cricketer who speaks Russian? – kept him at bay.

CHESTERFIELD: Kent 437 for 9 dec (D G Aslett 168, M R Benson 66, E A Baptiste 63, R M Ellison 63; O H Mortensen 4 for 73): Derbyshire 30 for no wkt.
SWANSEA: Surrey 303 (M A Lynch 90; R C Ontong 4 for 35); Glamorgan 107 for 1.
PORTSMOUTH: Hampshire 362 for 4 dec (C L Smith 125, M C J Nicholas 76, C G Greenidge 71). Gloucestershire 22 for no wkt.
OLD TRAFFORD: Somerset 185 (J Simmons 4 for 54); Lancashire 105 for 1 (J Abrahams 52 not out)
LEICESTER: Leicestershire 356 for 5 dec (B F Davison 85, J C Balderstone 82, I P Butcher 59); Sussex 42 for two.
LORD'S: Worcestershire 273 (P A Neale 92; N A Mallender 6 for 48); Northamptonshire 9 for no wkt.
WORKSOP: Yorkshire 324 for four (G Boycott 158 not out, M D Moxon 68) v Nottinghamshire.

Romaines provides the thrills

Romaines struck his highest one-day score, 80 mot out, including three sixes and six fours, to give Gloucestershire a thrilling eight wickets victory over Hampshire *with three balls to spare at* Bournemouth.

Gloucestershire requried 146 to win in a game restricted by rain to 20 overs a side. Romaines and Broad put on 73 in a dozen overs before Broad was bowled by Marshall for 33.

Greenidge and Chris Smith had scored 26 from six overs for Hampshire when bad light was *followed by heavy rain* which reduced the game to 20 overs. In their last 14 overs, Hampshire made 119 to total 245 for two after an opening stand of 104 in 15 overs.

SWANSEA: Alan Lewis Jones scored an unbeaten 77 off just 36 deliveries to lead Glamorgan to a remarkable win over Surrey on a faster scoring rate. Jones' innings included four sixes and eight fours and his partnership with Ontong produced 82 runs off seven overs. Ontong was out for 29 with six runs needed.

Largely due to Jones' aggression, Glamorgan, who had been set a target of 118 off 15 overs, got home with three overs to spare. The match was reduced to 26 overs.

WORCESTER: Worcestershire gained only their second win of the season when they beat Northamptonshire on a faster-scoring rate after two rain interruptions.

CHESTERFIELD: Rain washed out Derbyshire's game with Kent after Miller, the Derbyshire all-rounder ignored by England this season, had scored a splendid unbeaten 55.

John Player League

	P	W	L	NR	T	Pts
Yorkshire (16)	12	7	3	2	0	32
Somerset (9)	10	6	1	3	0	30
Sussex (1)	10	6	2	2	0	28
Kent (4)	11	5	2	4	0	28
Derbyshire (12)	10	5	2	3	0	26
Essex (5)	11	5	3	3	0	26
Hampshire (5)	12	6	5	1	0	26
Middlesex (2)	11	5	4	2	0	24
Lancashire (10)	12	3	4	4	1	22
Glamorgan (10)	11	4	5	2	0	20
Leicestershire (3)	12	3	5	4	0	20
Gloucestrshire (14)	10	3	3	3	0	18
Worcestrshire (15)	10	2	3	2	3	18
Northmptnshire (8)	12	5	7	0	0	20
Surrey (12)	10	1	5	4	0	12
Nottinghmshre (5)	11	2	7	1	1	12
Warwickshire (17)	11	1	7	2	1	10

(1982 positions in brackets)

Ethel cleans up at Rochdale

By Peter Ball

The tractor which pulls the heavy roller at Dane Street, Rochdale cricket club's ground in the centre of the town, is called Ethel. How old she is no one can remember, but her "new" engine formerly powered a Morris Minor and she is undoubtedly a link with the days of Charles Barnett and Cecil Pepper, if not Sydney Barnes, Learie Constantine and Cecil Parkin, who all represented the club in the heydey of the Central Lancashire League

Those were glamourous days. Rochdale's vice-president's list was virtually a guide to London society. Jimmy White, the finacier, who was then president persuaded a host of the great and the not-so-good, including General Pershing, Lord Halifax, Steve Donoghue and Horatio Bottomley, the politicion and journalist to donate £25 for the honour. Although those days are gone the club are living very *successfully with more straightened* modern circustances.

The scrubby banks which used to mean says Brierly, that "we spent half the afternoon looking for the ball," have been cleared, the outfield enlarged, paths laid and fences built. Ethel plays her part ensuring that there is no danger of Rochdale being warned officially abput the state of their grounds, unlike League leaders Oldham.

Although there was little evidence of it on Saturday, as Stewart Saunders, Rochdale's young Tasmanian comprehensively lost the professional contest against the experienced Keith Boden, the cricket too is looking up. While Oldham have reached the top, thanks largely to the 100 wickets already clamimed by Franklyn Stephenson, their West Indian fast bowler Rochdale's amateurs have taken their share of the responsibility and the club are a healthy fourth.

With the under-15 team reaching the Lancashire final of a national junior compwetition, there seems little danger of a return to the dark days when Brierley says "I f we won a three point victory, let alone a five point one, we weren't sober again until Wednesday."

ROCHDALE: 124 (J Simpson 27; P Davey 5 for 39; K Boden 4 for 56)
MIDDLETON: 128 for 3 (K Boden 62 not out, S Saunders 3 for 49).

MOTOR CYCLING



Roberts: exhuberant in victory but also realistic

Double tragedy mars victory of Roberts

By Adrienne Blue

The bold and important victory of Kenny Roberts at Silverstone yesterday in the 500cc British Grand Prix was marred by a fatal crash to which officialdom responded only tardily. Racing continued for two laps, although Norman Brown, who had been killed instantly, and Peter Huber, who died on the way to hospital and their motorcycles lay in the middle of the track in the exit to Stowe Corner. It was only after the pack of riders themselves slowed down or stopped racing, that the crossed flags at the site of the accident and yellow flags, indicating danger, were replaced by the red ones.

On lap seven Kenny Roberts, who had been leading when the crash occurred on the sixth lap, waved *his fists* at the start line marshal. Moments later the race was stopped. All of the riders were highly critical of the officials, but Vernon Cooper, Clerk of the Course, of the Auto-Cycle Union – the sport's governing body – insisted the race was stopped as soon as possible.

Under the international rules, the grand prix was divided into two legs, counting for equal points. Roberts, on the V4-Yamaha won both decisively. It was a crucial victory and he needed to keep his world championship chances alive. He now trails Freddie Spencer, the Honda rider, by just two points. Spencer, the 21 year-old American, who is 10 years Roberts's junior, was second by 0.27sec in that short final leg.

In the 23 second leg, run in the rain, no one questioned Robert's domination after he took the lead at the end of the first lap. But the battle raged for second, third and fourth. "It was a tight race and we had a fight very close to our limits" Randy Mamola, the Suzuki rider said, who had been in the thick of it in both legs.

Mamola was third overall. When aggregate times were recorded, Roberts who had set the fastest lap, 1min 28.20sec (119.47mph), had a time, a fast one of 42min 19.07sec (116.20mph). Spencer, who was second was more than 5sec behind, with Randy Mamola, followed by Roberts's Yamaha team mate Eddie Lawson, both only milliseconds behind.

The next Grand Prix is next Sunday in Sweden. Roberts, in his red leather was exhuberant in victory, but also very realistic.

Barry Sheene riding a year-old Suzuki knew he had no chance of victory, and indeed surprised everyone with a stirring ride in which he finished overall ninth earning unexpected championship points. Two other Britons, Ron Haslam on a works Honda, and Keith Huewen on a Suzuki, rode very credibly. Haslam was overall seventh with Huewen 10th.

250cc: 1, J Bolle (Fr) Pernod, 38min 22.29sec; 2, T Espie (Fr) Chevlier, 38:22.46; 3, C Sarron (Fr) Yamaha, 38:22.58; 4, C Lavado (Ven) Yamaha, 38:22.60; 5, M Wimmer (WG) Yamaha, 38:2269; 6, R Roth (WG) Yamaha, 38:23.91.
125cc: 1, A Nieto (Sp) Garelli, 33min 52.34sec; 2, B Knebuubler (Switz) MBA, 33:52.45; 3, H Muller (Switz) MBA, 33:52.56 4, W Perex (Arg) MBA, 33:53.59; 5, A Auinger (Austria) MBA, 34:4.72; 6, F Gresini (It) Garelli, 34:25.17
500cc: 1, K Roberts (US) Yamaha, 42min 19.07sec; 2, F Spencer (US) Honda, 42:23.18; 3, R Mamola (US) Honda 42:23.18; 4, E Lawson (US) Yamaha, 42:27.44; 5, M Fontan (Fr) Yamaha, 42:48.82; 6, T Katayama (Jap) Honda, 42:50.55; 7, R Haslam (GB) Honda, 43:00.32; 8, B Van Dulem (Hol) Suzuki, 43:32.96; 9, B Sheene (GB) Suzuki, 43:32.99; 10, K Huewen (GB), Suzuki, 43:40.01.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

CRICKET

Second Test match (11.0 to 6.0)
HEADINGLEY: England v New Zealand
County Championship (11.0 to 6.30)
CHESTERFIELD: Derbyshire v Kent
SWANSEA: Glamorgan v Surrey
PORTSMOUTH: Hampshire v Gloucestershire
OLD TRAFFORD: Lancashire v Somerset
LEICESTER: Leicestershire v Sussex
LORD'S: Middlesex v Warwickshire
NORTHAMPTON: Northamptonshire v Worcestershire
WORKSOP: Nottinghamshire v Yorkshire
Minor Counties Championship
Falmouth: Cornwall v Buckinghamshire
Lakenham: Norfolk v Staffordshire
Chester-le-Street: Durham v Northumberland
Reading: Berkshire v Wiltshire
Oxford (Christ Church): Oxfordshire v Shropshire

OTHER SPORT

CROQUET: Hurlingham tournament.
TENNIS: Inter-Services championships (Wimbledon).



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ATHLETICS: COE STILL CANNOT FIND HIS FINISHING TOUCH

Cram's confidence leaves Coe's kick in cold storage

By Pat Butcher

Steve Cram gave himself the best possible send-off to the world championships in Helsinki next week but compounded Sebastian Coe's agony by winning the 800 metres in front of his home crowd in Gateshead yesterday.

Coe, the only world record holder, could finish only fourth after promising to sprint and then struggling down the home straight, as he has done in his three 1500-metre and one-mile defeats in the last six weeks.

Cram was jubilant after beating all three of Britain's 800 metres contenders for Helsinki and agreed that this was the best possible preparation for his 1500 metres challenge as reigning European and Commonwealth champion.

But Coe, looking for his first major 800 metres title in Helsinki, after two successive European and an Olympic defeat, must now be wondering what has gone wrong after starting his season in record form. Uncharacteristically, he had little to say afterwards except that he would be on the starting line for the 800 metres next Sunday in Helsinki. After the race he was applying an ice pack to his left ankle.

Cram said that he thought Coe would bounce back, but that is not self-evident. An involuntary quote from Cram exemplified the difference between the men's results under pressure. "You've got to believe in yourself," said Cram.

The prospect of a confrontation between Cram, who has not lost in the Gateshead stadium since 1980, and Coe brought a full house of 14,000 spectators to the international meeting, sponsored by Rank Xerox. The race lived up to most of their hopes.

Cram proved yet again that the best 800 metre races are run at an even pace. He made it seem like an excuse when he later said that he could not follow the 51.45-second first lap of William Wuyke, last week's AAA champion from Venezuela. But Cram's time of just over 52 seconds for ninth place at the bell proved invaluable when he outstayed everyone in the finishing straight.

Wuyke was still leading at that point and Coe had started a challenge which was to prove as ineffectual as that in his mile defeat against Steve Scott last week. Coe was looking round painfully even before he got up to Wuyke's shoulder with 70 mtres to go and it was already evident that he was in trouble. Cram went from fourth place at the top of the straight to win in 1:45.03, his fastest of the year. Wuyke held on well for second place and Peter Elliott passed Coe just before the line to fulfil one of his career ambitions: to beat the world champion. Coe recorded 1:45.31.

Coe's erstwhile rival, Steve Ovett, was doing all that seemed necessary to win a pedestrian 1,000-metre race later, when Don Paige of the United States had different ideas. Paige a world-class 800-metre runner who succumbed to injuries three years ago, came back in the finishing straight as strongly as he has come back to top competition this season. He forced Ovett all the way down the straight to prove that the Briton is maintaining the sort of form that will keep him as one of the favourites, with Cram, for the 1500-metres title in Helsinki.

Mary Decker challenge for a gold medal in Helsinki is gathering conviction with each race. Following her run away 1500-metres victory in the USA versus Scandinavia match in midweek, she ran another American record yesterday, this time in the 800-metres.

Olive Dwyer-Brown of Jamaica took Miss Decker through a first lap in 56.84sec, and the American ran away to victory in 1:57.60.



Local hero: Cram (left) beats Coe into fourth place

Gateshead results

[illegible] 31.67sec; 2, R Callan (GB) 13:34.46; 3, M McLeod (GB) 13:34.94.
110 METRES HURDLES: 1, T Campbell (US) 13.73sec; 2, D Wright (Aust) and M Holton (GB) 14.08.
400 METRES HURDLES: 1, D Lee (US) 49.50sec; 2, A Hamada (Bahrain) 50.83; 3, P Rhamwanda (Uga) 50.90.
HIGH JUMP: 1, L Williams (US) 2.25 metres (7ft 4½in); 2, J Howard (US) 2.25m; 3, I Sakamoto (Jap) 2.20m (7ft 2½in).
TRIPLE JUMP: 1, W Banks (US) 16.75 metres (54 ft 11½in); 2, K Connor 16.57m (54ft 4½in); 3, A Jouner (US) 16.50m (54ft 1½in).
POLE VAULT: 1, D Ripley (US) 5.50 metres (18ft ½in); 2, I Takahasi (Jap) 5.30m (17ft 4½in); 3, K Stock (GB) and J Gutteridge (GB) 5.20m (17ft ½in).
DISCUS: 1, R Slaney (GB) 60.30 metres (197ft 10in); 2, R Weir (GB) 59.54m (195ft 4in); 3, P Gordon (GB) 56.58m (185ft 7in).
HAMMER: 1, R Weir (GB) 73.68 metres (241ft 8in); 2, C Black (GB) 72.54m (238ft); 3, S Murofushi (Jap) 72.50m (237ft 10ins).
JAVELIN: 1, M O'Rourke (NZ), 84.14 metres (276ft); 2, E Vilhjalmsson (Ice), 83.52m (274ft); 3, P Yates (GB), 79.68m (261ft 5in).
WOMEN'S 100 METRES: 1, K Cook (GB), 11.46sec; 2, S Thomas (GB), 11.59; 3, J Cuthbertson (Jam), 11.63.
WOMEN'S 800 METRES: 1, M Decker (US), 1min 57.60sec (UK allcomers' record); 2, A Purvis (GB), 2:1.31; 3, M Baumgartner (Aus), 2:1.73.

Mel Lattany, of the United States, celebrated his late inclusion in the world championship team as a replacement for the injured Larry Myricks in the 200 metres, bu setting a world best for the rarely run 300 metres.

Lattany was beaten in midweek by Pietro Mennea, of Italy, and responded by breaking Mennea's world best with 32.15sec. Mennea himself recorded 32.52sec at a meeting in Formia on Saturday.

MEADOWBANK: Six nations meeting (Saturday): Men: 100m: C Sharp (Scot) 10.37sec; 400m: O Sigurdsson (Ice) 47.21; 1500m: S Martin (NI) 3:53.71; 10,000m: L Spence (Scot) 29:53.37; 4x100m: Scotland 39.59; 400m hurdles: P Beattie (NI) 51.77; high jump: G Parsons (Scot) 2.15m (7ft ½in); long jump: R Jones (Wal) 7.34m (24ft 1in); hammer: C Black (Scot) 73.34m (240ft 7½in); javelin: E Vilhjalmsson (Ice) 88.54 (290ft 5in); shot: D Jackson (Ice), 18.80m (61ft 8½in). Women: 100m: K Jeffrey (Scot) 11.47sec; 400m: A Bridgeman (Scot) 54.21; 800m: E McArthur (Scot) 2:9.95; 400m hurdles: M Southernden (Scot) 59.50.

YESTERDAY: Men: 200m: D McMaster (Scott) 20.98; 800m: P Forbes (Scot) 1:48.48; 110m hurdles: N Walker (Wal) 14.19; 3000m steeplechase: P Llewellyn (Wal) 8:50.47; 5000m: A Hutton (Scot) 13:57.36; 10,000m walk: L Faber (Lux) 44;10.94; 4 x 400m relay: Iceland 3:10.36; Pole Vault: S Sigurdsson (Ice) 5.10m (16ft 8½in); Discus: V Hafsteinsson (Ice) 58.40m (191ft 7in); Triple Jump: D Wood (Wal) 15.45m (50ft 8½in) Match result: Scotland 91pts: Wales 89: Iceland 74: Northern Ireland 70: Israel 63: Luxembourg 44. Women: 100m hurdles: J Lindsay (Scot) 14.00; 200m: K Jeffrey (Scot) 23.58; 1500m: R Olafsdottir (Ice) 4:21.24; 3000m: A Everett (Scot) 9;32.2; 4 x 400m relay: Scotland 3:39.19; High Jump: U Faye (NI) 1.82m (5ft 11½in); Long Jump: b Holm (Ice) 6.17m (20ft 3in); Shot: G Ingolfsdottir (Ice) 13.67m (44ft 10½in): Match result: 1, Scotland 53pts: 2, Iceland 45: 3, N Ireland 32: Israel 20.

Strong words on the British record

Shirley Strong moved closer to world class with her 12.95sec win in the Women's AAA championships, sponsored by Trustee Savings Bank, at Crystal Palace on Saturday, Pat Butcher writes. She was pleased to become the first British woman under 13 seconds in the 100-metre hurdles, delighted with the sponsors award of a gold bracelet, but coldly realistic about her chances in the world championships in Helsinki next week.

Miss Strong believes, like Kathy Cook, that she will do well to get to the final of her event in Helsinki. Unlike Mrs Cook she is beginning to realize that it is the administrators of her sport who are doing the least to help British women back into world class reckoning.

Matches this season against mediocre national teams like Yugoslavia, Belgium, the Netherlands, Switzerland and Finland do nothing to raise standards. But that seems to be the limit of the imagination of Women's AAA administration.

"What we need is a female Andy Norman", said Miss Strong, referring to the official who has done most to drag British men's administration into the latter half of the twentieth century.

The call for amalgamation of the men's and women's administrations, with some support from a recent Sports Council report, is gathering momentum.

WINNERS: 200 metres: M Scutt (Stretford), 23.17sec; 400m: D Boyd (Aust), 51.62sec; 800m: S Bailey (Croydon), 2min 00.58sec; 1500m: G Green (Birchfield), 4min 12.53sec; 100m hurdles: S Strong (Stretford), 12.95sec (UK national record); 400m hurdles: Y Wray (Stretford), 57.82sec; 5000m walk: A Peel (Card), 24min 26.04sec; High jump: G Evans (Hull), 1.91m; Long jump: R Lorraway (Aust), 6.74m; Shot putt: J Oakes (Croydon), 17.81m; Discus: L Whiteley (Enfield), 53.88m; Javelin: F Whitbread (Thurrock), 65.24m.

GOLF

Pavin gains a first European title

From Mitchell Platts, Cologne

Corey Pavin resisted a strong challenge from Severiano Ballesteros to record his first success in Europe when he returned a final round of 69 in the German Open, sponsored by Lufthansa, on the Cologne course yesterday.

By the end the young American had three strokes to spare but it was touch and go until he finished with a flourish by securing a birdie at each of the last two holes.

Pavin, the first American to win the German Open since its inception in 1912, completed the championship with an aggregate of 275, which is 13 under par. It is also seven strokes more than the total with which Ballesteros won the title on this course in 1978. That might seem surprising, in the knowledge that conditions were perfect throughout the four days, but the greens were not ideal for putting. Ballesteros placed defeat fair and square on his lack of form in this department.

The irony for Ballesteros is that he flies to California this morning to compete in the United States PGA Championship. Pavin hails from Camarillo, some 40 miles from Los Angeles, and even more galling for Ballesteros is the knowledge that Pavin tried unsuccessfully to earn a United States players' card at the school last year.

Even so, the slim, curly-haired Californian has made an impressive start since he left the amateur ranks last September. He won the South African PGA championship in January and by collecting the £11,000 first prize yesterday he took his winnings from four events in Europe this summer to £17,628.

He certainly never wavered in the scorching heat as Ballesteros threw down a typical challenge. Pavin helped himself to a couple of birdies in the first four holes on the way to reaching the turn in 34. Ballesteros, who started four shots behind his rival, had three birdies in his first five holes, to cover the outward nine in 33. Then he moved to within one stroke of Pavin with an eagle three.

Both players found the 16th a stumbling block, each dropping a shot, but Pavin gave himself a two-stroke cushion with a superb four iron at the 17th which left the ball only 8ft from the hole. He made that putt for a birdie and, by the time he holed from 15ft for another at the last, Ballesteros's challenge was over.

The Spaniard was denied second place on his own by Tony Johnstone, of Zimbabwe, who had seven birdies in an excellent 66. Simon Bishop, 23, from Dorset, who had won only £657 since the start of the season, had a change of fortune when he put together a 69 to share fourth place.

Leading final scores (GB unless stated): [illegible] 75, 294: D Feherty 72, 75, 73, 74.

IN BRIEF

Scots relay teams to the rescue

Scotland's relay squads stole the limelight, and saved the day for the home country, in a six-nation athletics international at Meadowbank yesterday. The women's 4×400 metres relay team cut more than two seconds off the two-year-old Scottish record with 3 minutes 39.19 seconds. Doubts were cast on the authenticity of the record as Angela Bridgeman, who ran the final leg, was not born in Scotland.

That success helped the Scots to win a four-cornered contest by eight points from Iceland, with Israel and Northern Ireland trailing well behind. 24 hours earlier the Scottish men's 4×100 metres team – including Allan Wells and Cameron Sharp – set a native record of 39.59 seconds.

The most crucial race yesterday was the men's 4×400 metres relay – the last track event of the meeting – in which the Scots had to finish two places ahead of Wales to win the match. They came second to the Welsh fifth place.

OLYMPIC GAMES: Iran will boycott the 1984 Games in Los Angeles after "taking into account the position of the United States with relation to underprivileged peoples, their interference in the Middle East, their support for the regime occupying the holy places (Israel) and particularly the crimes committed by the United States in Latin America, in El Salvador and in the rest of the world".



Palmer: celebratory win

● The president of the Los Angeles Olympic organizing committee is to go to Moscow next week to attend the Spartakiade, and talk to Soviet officials about the 1984 Games.

MOTOR RACING: Britain's Jonathan Palmer, who will soon have his first Formula One outing, celebrated his promotion by winning yesterday's Formular Two European championship race at Enna in Sicily. His Ralt Honda RH6 completed the 45 laps in 1 hr 10 min 11.32 sec.

RUGBY LEAGUE: Kent Invicta, the Maidstone-based second division club, are signing two New Zealand players – Gary Freeman and Graeme Norton, a half-back and forward respectively.

FENCING: France retained the men's épée team title in an exciting final on the last day of the world championships in Vienna on Saturday. The French, who took the title in Rome last year, beat West Germany 9-7.

YACHTING

The German's cup is full at the moment

By John Nicholls

The German team scored most points of the 15 nations competing for the Admiral's Cup series, sponsored by Champagne Mumm, after the Channel race which finished at Gosport yesterday. They moved into the overall lead on points after three races, displacing the Americans, who were overtaken also by the Australians.

The British team of Indulgence (Graham Walker), Ragon (Brian Saffery Cooper) and Black Topic (Dixon Atkinson), had their best race yet, finishing second to the Germans and climbing to fourth place in the points table. Apart from the skill they obviously showed, the British were helped by the conditions and a slow race wich favoured teams with small boats.

The Irish, for example, had boats at the extreme ends of the 30 to 40ft rating band. Justine (Harold Cudmore), the small boat, was 31st across the finishing line, but third on corrected time, while Moonduster (Denis Doyle) the joint scratch boat, finished first at 09.25 yesterday but was 44th on corrected time. The overall winner of the Channel race was the Class 4 entry Oystercatcher (Richard Matthew) with Sebastian (Andre Viant, France) finishing first, a few minutes ahead of Moonduster.

Meanwhile, Cowes Week, now sponsored by American Express, is managing very well without the Admiral's Cup, which was originaly promoted to give the Week a filip. Entries run into hundreds and for the past two days and the next seven, the Solent will be alive with yachts. So far the competitors have seen little wind, but no doubt will be more liverly racing before next Sunday.

The principal events for the larger entries are the Britannia Cup on Wednesday, and the New York Yacht Cup on Thursday, when the Cowes Week entries will be joined by many of the Admiral's Cup fleet.

ADMIRAL'S CUP: Channel race: 1, Magistri (Canada); 2, Sabina (Germany); 3, Justine (Ireland); 4, Outsider (Germany); 5, Espada (Austria); 6, Shenandoah (US). British placings: 9, Black Topic; 12, Dragon; 16, Indulgence. Team positions after three races, subject to protest: 1, Germany 396 pts; 2, Australia 342; 3, US 342; 4, Britain 331; 5, Italy 313; 6, Canada 308. Individual yacht points after three races: 1, Diva (France) 161 pts; 2, Outsider 140; 3, Sabina 139; 4, Scarlett O'Hara (US) 131; 5, Hitch hiker (Australia) 130; 6, equal Almagores (Italy) and Justine 128.

Results from Cowes Week

ROYAL THAMES YC REGATTA: Etchells: Scorpio (A Henderson). Darings: Dunna (J and Miss A Green). J24: Little Eagle (Aiglon College, SA). Swallows: Clodagh Mary (P M Andreae). Mermaids: Scylla (Brig R N Ohlenschlager). Flying Fifteens: Fred Quimby (Mr and Mrs G King). Squibs: Quibble (P R Keeble). Victory: Zest (K and S Taylor). Contessa 34: Quadrille II (J Dare). Sigmas: Insignia (A Brigden and M Kent). Contessa 32: Chameleon (N Froy). Impalas: Lancarola (R Beavis and D Rogers). Sonatas: Frussli II (R Eglin). Dragons: Asterisk (P D Lloyd). Redwings: Prawn (Mr and Mrs M Andreae). Sunbeams: Query (J Oldham). XOD: Whimbrel (R Boyle and A Law).

Class 1 (Glazebrook Cup): 1, Intuition (E G Juer, 4hr 0min 44sec; 2, Mayhew (B Jackson, 4:05:34); 3, Blue Buzzard (M C Gibson, 4:07:29). Class 2: Kelly's Eye (D Jefferies, 2:28:32. Class 3: Olessa (J Warnecke, WG, 3:16:45. Class 4: Humming Bird (P G Curtis 1:34:59. Class 5: Randale (P Struck, WG, 1:28:13.

Saturday

ROYAL SOUTHAMPTON YC REGATTA: Etchells: Scorpio (A Henderson). Darings: Darling (C Sharples and W Sise). Dragons: Leviathan (L de Rothschild and the Hon W S Pease). J24: Succubu (R and J Trafford). Swallows: Clodagh Mary (P M Andreae). Redwings: Redstart (J Janson). Sunbeams: Argosy (W and Mrs S Dickson and P Deaney). South Coast One Design: Aderyn (Dr D W Kirkby). Mermaids: Scylla (Brig R N Ohlenschlager and R Dobbs). Flying Fifteen: Green Bear (T Bennett). Squibs: Yankari (P C Nicholson). Queen's Cup: Class I: Intuition (E G Juer), 4hr 11min 8sec. Class II: Jumbo J (J C Rogers), 4:19:01. Class III: Savage (G A Kaye), 4:9:58 (overall winner of Queen's Cup). Class IV: Flash (B H Bullen), 3:21:34. Class V: Lady Lion (A V Leeuven, Neth), 2:50:12. OD 34: Sunbeat III (W J Courteney). Sigmas: Warp Factor I (R Fielder). Contessa 32: Binkie II (C Wetherall). Impalas: Lancarola (R Beavis and D Rogers). XOD: Whimbrel (R Boyle and A Law).

Elimination rules all

Newport (Rhode Island) July 30 (AFP) – Australia II stretched its lead in the America's Cup eliminator series on Saturday with a victory over another Australian yacht, Challenge 12. Italy's Azzurra sponsored by Alitalia, jumped from fifth to second place in the standings with a victory over Canada I, but the scheduled race between France 3 and the third Australian yacht, Advance, never took place.

France 3's skipper, Bruno Troubie, declined a "cheap" victory when Advance was forced to default because of a broken mast suffered on Friday while racing Challenger 12.

Both France 3 and Advance, who have been eliminated from the competition, asked that their race be rescheduled.

France 3 retired against Chalenge 12 of Australia with a broken spreader on her mast. The race committee refused a request from Trouble for a two and a half hour delay to repair the damage.

The Italian yacht, Azzurra, dropped out against Australia II when trailing by over two minutes on the sixth and final leg of the course.

The Italians explained that a bilge pump broke early in the race and their yacht was taking too much water aboard. They were racing in the heaviest winds of the summer, gusting to over 20 knots with four to six foot seas.

Advance joined France 3 in a protest to the race committee, claiming it had violated the rules by giving Challenge 12 extra time to repair damaged equipment in a race.

Olympic team satisfied

From a Special Correspondent

After enjoying perfect conditions, the British Olympic yatching team emerged from the first day's racing at Long Beach on Saturday with as good a set of results as they could have wished for. A first by Rob White and David Campbell-James in the Tornados was nearly matched by last year's Soling winner Chris Law, who led throughout from Dave Curtis, of the United States, only to drop to second when the forestay broke.

Tony Wetherall and Andy Barker were third behind the Italian Chieffi brothers in the 470's after a race that saw the lead change several times. At one point, the eventual winners, the New Zealanders Jones and Kerry, dropped to sixth after capsizing their boat to fix a jib fishing. On righting the boat they stumbled on a left-hand flyer crossing the fleet to finish comfortably ahead. Mike Homes and Ossie Stewart were eigth.

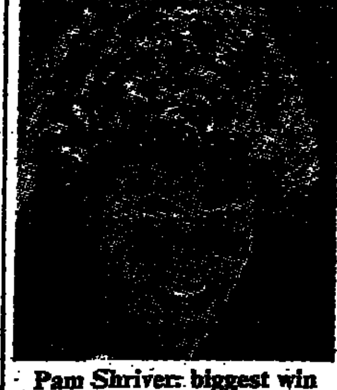
Jo Richards and Peter Allam, favourites to win the FD class, may well have fared better than sixth had their choice of Genoa matched the conditions – 15 knots and a moderate swell.

Richard's sixth and Pat Blake's 12th were good in the circumstances, especially after an agonizing week repairing their boats, which had been damaged in transit. Richards' hull was gouged and Blake's foredeck punctured.

David Howlett's and Tim Tavinor's seventh place in the Stars and Mike McIntyre's eleventh in the Finns – boty classes were, convincingly won by West Germans – only emphasises the srenght in the competition. Thirty seven nations have sent their best teams in preparation for next year's Los Angeles Olympics.

RESULTS: Flying Dutchman: 1, A Adler (Br). British placing: 6, J Richards; 12, P Blake. Windglider: 1, K Maran (It). British placing: 25 N Tillett. 470: 1, M Jones (NZ) British placing: 3 T Wetherall; 8, M Holmes. Star: 1, J Griese (WG) British placing: 7, D Howlett; 5, J Boyce. Soling: 1, D Curtis (US). British placing: 3, C Law. Tornado: 1, R White (UK) Other British placing: 15, Flag White. Finn: 1, W Gaz (WG) British placing: 11, M McIntyre; 20 R Bridge.

TENNIS



Pam Shriver: biggest win

Mrs Lloyd loses title and record

Pam Shriver scored her first-ever victory over Chris Lloyd yesterday to win the McDonald's A$250,000 invitation tennis tournament in Sydney, 6-2, 6-4.

The American pair first met five years ago in the final of the US Open when Miss Shriver was only aged 16, and Mrs Lloyd has won each of their 14 encounters since.

Miss Shriver, now aged 21, dominated the 64-minute final with her aggressive serve and volley game and was in total command at the net, using her superior height and reach to full advantage.

To add to her satisfaction, the A$100,000 first prize was the largest amount she has ever won. Mrs Lloyd, the defending champion, collected A$60,000.

"You have to play two great sets to beat Chris, she is so consistent," Miss Shriver said afterwards. "But today I read her passing shots so well. When you're on your game and you feel sharp, you get a lot of shots which sometimes you just wave goodbye at."

It was a double disappointment for Mrs Lloyd, who on Friday lost for the first time to Sylvia Hanika. She may now have second thoughts about continuing to experiment with a new size graphite racket which she used for the first time in this tournament.

Earlier, in the play-off for third place, Wendy Turnbull of Australia beat Andrea Jaeger, the defeated Wimbledon finalist, 6-4, 6-3 to collect A$35,000.

● Paul Dainty, an Australian tennis promoter, hopes to lure Bjorn Borg, five-times Wimbledon champion out of retirement for an exhibition tournament in Sydney next February.

CYCLING

A 'downfall' for Miss Jones

By John Wilcockson

A shower of rain is all that stood between Mandy Jones, from Rochdale, the world road race champion, and her fourth successive national 3,000 metres pursuit title at Leicester yesterday. Before the interruption in the second day's programme, Miss Jones displayed excellent form to catch Helen Parritt, her semi-final opponent, with two of the nine laps remaining.

In the other semi-final, Barbra Collins, of Lincoln, improved her personal best by a second to get inside 4min 8sec, beating Catherine Swinnerton, the 1982 runner-up by 10 metres.

Also on the way to retaining his title is Mark Barry, the amateur sprint champion. He comfortably went through to the final by defeating Eddie Alexander, the promising Edinburgh teenager, first from behind, then from the front, for a 2-0 win.

When the rain came out, the other semi-final was locked, one match each, between Paul Swinnerton, the 1981 champion, who is back to form after a bout of glandular fever, and the rejuvenated Paul Sydenham, from Halesowen. Four times a national champion in the tandem sprint, Sydenham is showing solo skill for the first time, and he recorded the fastest final 200 metres time of 11.153sec, in the preliminary rounds.

Three titles were decided on Saturday, and a fourth, the professional motor-paced, was cancelled. None of the four entries signed on.

This was in sharp contrast to the amateurs' 20 kilometres scratch race, for which an entry of 187 was whittled down to 30 men for the final. It proved a splendidly speedy race, rattled off in a championship record time of 24 min 21.46 sec.

Most eyes were on Malcolm Elliot, the double Commonwealth Games champion, who was making a welcome return to track racing. But before he had a chance to display his famous turn of speed, his thunder was stolen by Shaun Wallace the Brisbane pursuit silver medalist.

Wallace went determinedly to the front 400 metres from the line, and he suprisingly remained their to win the gold medal.

RESULTS: Amateur 20 kilometres final: 1, S Wallace (VC Nottingham) 24:21.46; 2, G Mitchell (West Croydon Wheelers); 3, G Sadler GS Strada); 4, K Gray (Manchester Wheelers); 5 D Lightfoot (Manchester Wheelers); 6, N Barnes VC Londres). Schoolboy 500m time trial: 1, M Beevers (Southend and County Wheelers) 35.935s; 2, K Niblett (Mid-Shropshire Wheelers) 36.190; 3, A Webster (Ratae RC) 37.047. Women's 3,000m pursuit: semi-finals: 1, B Collins (Lincoln Wheelers) 4:07.979 bt C Swinnerton (City of Stoke) 4:10.383. Semi-final 2: M Jones (Hull Thursday RC) caught H Parritt (Charnwood CRC) after 3:10.55. Amateur 1,000 sprint: semi-finals: First semi-final: M Barry (VC Nottingham) bt E Alexander (City of Edinburgh) 2-0 (11.342 and 11.448). Second semi-final: P Swinnerton (City of Stoke) and P Sydenham (Halesowen ACC) one match each (11.305 and 11.808).

● Phil Anderson and Stephen Roche, the Tour de France riders, head the cast for the first instalment of the five-race Kelloggs cycling championship at Bristol tonight. With a prize fund of £30,000, and each event to be televised by Channel 4, these city centre races give British professionals a fine opportnity of promoting their sport. An added attraction is the appearnace of Francesco Moser, the former world road race champion from Italy.

Anderson is the favourite to win the series.

FOOTBALL

Brazilians to play Hamburg

The European champions, Hamburg, are to meet their South American counterparts, Gremio Porto Allegre, of Brazil, in the World Club Championship final in Tokyo. But the date has yet to be fixed.

Hamburg have still to find a date to play the European Cup Winners' Cup Holders, Aberdeen, in the European Supercup. The Scottish team's programme is made difficult by midweek fixtures.

Gremio won the Libertadores Cup to become South American champions this week when they beat the current world club champions, Penarol, of Uruguay, 3-2 on aggregate.

Previous world club finals in Tokyo have been played in December, but Hamburg's advertising manager, wolfgang Beyer, said: "The only thing that's certain is that Tokyo is where we'll be playing."

● France, who are hosting the European Championships next year, have filed an application to stage the 1990 World Cup finals.

The French football federation (FFF) said an application had been filed with the international football federation (FIFA), but French football sources said France would withdraw if Italy, who have indicated they want to stage the 1990 tournament, went ahead with an application.

France want to capitalize on the resurgence of home interest in football following the 1982 World Cup finals in Spain when the national team finished fourth.

The 1986 finals have been awarded to Mexico and FIFA is due to decide later this year which European nation holds the 1990 competition. The sources said that if France dropped their application for the 1990 finals, they would press for the 1998 tournament.

● Billy Bingham's World Cup success with Northern Ireland continues to bring him benefits from FIFA. After sending the Irish manager to Mexico to act as an observer at the recent world youth championships, FIFA have now given Bingham a coaching course in Jamaica, starting on August 4.

● Liverpool, the League champions and Milk Cup winners, report a profit on last season of almost £90,000, following a loss of £190,000 the previous year. In a turnover of £3.3m, the wage bill was slightly down at £1,375,000, with two members of staff each having earned between £80,000 and £85,000.

● A big clean-up operation among Soviet football referees has resulted in 10 officals being struck off the list, either permanently or temporarily, for blunders made during matches.

POLO

Harmony in the rain

By John Watson

Cowdray Park started five goals up on handicap at home against the Maple Leafs in the final of the Cowdray Park Challenge Cup yesterday, and in six chukkas, in very wet conditions, lost by nine goals to seven.

The Maple Leafs fielded by Galen Weston, of Canada, were patently superior in harmony as well as handicap. Cowdray Park, never at their best under preasure, seemed to be very agitated, as illustrated by the stream of abuse hurled at Charles Pearson, thier back who in fact was playing quite adequately. When Nicky Evans their No 2 retired with a knee injury in the fourth chukka, James Lucas played back and Pearson moved forward to one.

The Maple Leafs, playing with great coordination – especially Tony Devcich and Cody Forsyth their two New Zealanders – equalized at 6-6 in the fourth chukka. By that time the rain was coming sown so hard that spectators were finding it difficult to follow the game, or to see whose mallets were scoring the goals. For the drenched, Devcich scored four, Weston and Forsyth two each and Kent one for the winners.

Maple Leafs: 1, G Weston (2); 2, A Kent (7); 3, T Devcich (7); Back, C Forsyth (8).
Cowdray Park: 1, N Evans (3); 2, P Withers (7); 3, P Churchward (5); Back, C Pearson (2).

FOR THE RECORD

EQUESTRIANISM

METROPOLTAN POLICE tournament. Services show jumping: Wren Firth (RN) on Say When. Team tent pegging with lance; Lancashire Constabulary. Handy Horse (Metropolitan only): Pc Compton on Cranwell. Individual tent pegging with lance; Pc Edwards (Metropolitan) on Galaxy. Team jumping: Lancashire Constabulary. Sword, lance and revolver: Pc Osborne (Metropolitan) on Zealous.

MOTOR RALLYING

BELFAST: Ulster rally: 1, S Blomqvist (Audi Quattro), 3hr 8min 28sec; 2, B Fisher (Opel Manta 400), 3:9.43; 3, R Brookes (Vauxhall Chevette), 3:14; 4, J McRae (Rothmans Opel Manta 400), 3:21.52; 5, R Lyons (Talbot), 3:22.50; 6, G Robinson (Vauxhall Chevette) 3:27.

CANOEING

LOFER, Austria: Class A slalom international: Women's Kayak: 1, E Sharman (GB) 3min 21.6sec; 2, S Erbers (WG) 3:47; 3, G Allen (GB) 3:39. Other British placings: 7, S Ward; 17, C Pallatt (youth); 20, J Wilson. Men's Kayak: 1, N Sattler (Austria) 2:55.2; 2, I Hilgert (Czech) 2:58.2; 3, E Wolffhardt (WG) 2:59.3 British placings: 14, P McCookey; 17, M Druce. Canadian singles: 1, J Sennelier (Fr) 3:19.8; 2, J Taylor (GB) 3:24; 3, A Bonanni (It). Other British placings: 6, L Williams; 12, J Doman.

RUGBY UNION

BULAWAYO: Tour match: Zimbabwe 35, Moseley 9.
Harare: Tour match: Zimbabwe Mashonaland Province XV 13, Lancashire Schools XV 19.
Timaru: New Zealand: South Canterbury 25, Tonga 8.
Nairobi: Tour match: Kenya National XV 7, Penguins 19.

ROWING

Maidenhead: EIGHTS: Elite B: Maidenhead bt Kingston by ¾l, in 2 min 48 sec. Senior B: Maidenhead b Kingston by 1l, in 3:05. Senior C: Maidenhead b Kingston by 2l, in 3:04. COXLESS FOURS: Elite B: Kingston bt Maidenhead by 1½l, in 3:03. Senior C: Kingston bt Maidenhead, not rowed out. COXED FOURS: Elite B: Kingston bt Maidenhead by 2½l, in 3:09. Senior C: Putney Town/Midland Bank bt Cygnets by 1l, in 3:35. Novice: Twickenham bt Kingston easily in 3:31. Women's Senior B: Thames bt Staines by 3½l, in 3:54. Women's Senior C: Maidenhead bt Furnivall, easily in 4:08. COXLESS PAIRS: Elite: Star and Arrow bt Maidenhead, by 1l in 3:27. Senior A: Star and Arrow bt Auriol Kensington, by 2l, in 3:32. DOUBLE SCULLS: London bt Maidenhead by 3l, in 3:18. SINGLE SCULLS: Elite: 1, E R Sims (Maidenhead), 2, G Pratt (Kingston), 3, P R L Lion (Maidenhead) by 1½l in 3:30. Senior A: 1, G Johncox (Loughborough Students), 2, G Bagnall (Thames), 3, P Rushent (Maidenhead), by 4l in 3:39. Senior B: A P S Kittermaster (Barclays Bank) bt G Anson (London) by 3l in 3:47. Senior C: R Herrod (Kingston) bt I McKenzie (St Paul's School), by 3lt, in 3:50.

CHERTSEY: DOUBLE SCULLS: Senior: P. Levy and K. Sheppard (Thames Valley). Junior/Senior: J. Goodchild and J. Tims (Wraysbury). Juniors: S. Hannaford and A. Jenkinson (Wraysbury, by ¾in 1min 57secs. Novice: G. Coupland and G. Hatrick (Wraysbury), by 1l, in 1 58; Veteran: G. Steer and G.J. Lewis (Skiff Club. Mixed: Mrs M. Cox and P. Barnsfield (Wraysbury). SINGLE SCULLS: Senior: A. Tompkins (Wraysbury), by 1½l, in 1 57. Junior/Senior: R. Stephens (Skiff Club). Junior: R. Rowland (Skiff Club), by 2½l, in 2 07. Novice (Div. A): G. Coupland (Wraysbury). (Div. B): N. Goodwin (Dittons), by 2l. Women: DOUBLE SCULLS: Junior/Senior: Miss J. Waldock and Mrs C. Crane (Thames Valley), by ¾l in 2 01. Junior: Miss F. Cordy and Miss D. Hall (Dittons), 3l, in 2 12. Novice: Miss C. Futers and Mrs M. Cox (Wraysbury). SINGLE SCULLS: Novice: Miss Cordy (Dittons) by 1½l in 2 28.

WEIGHTLIFTING

MOSCOW: Spartakiade: Super-heavyweight: A Kurlovitch and A Pisarenko 460 kg (world record) Snatch: V Mossibit 205 kg (world record.
MOSCOW: Soviet National Games: Heavyweight Jerk: V Klokov 243kg (world record).

MOTOR RACING

ENNA, Sicily: European Formula 2 championship: 1, J Palmer (GB) Ralt RH6 Honda, 1hr 10min 11.32sec; 2, P Streiff (Fr) AGS BMW, 1:10:18.09; 3, M Thackwell (NZ) Ralt RH6 Honda, 1:10:24.65; 4, B Gabbiano (It) March 632 BMW, 1:10:45.73; 5, J Gardner (Austria) Spirit BMW, 1:10:58.22. Championship standings: 1, J Palmer (GB), 57pts; 2, B Gabbiani (It) M Thackwell (NZ), 34; 4, C Danner (WG), 18; 5, P Streiff (Fr), 17.

GLIDING

LESHAM: National championships: (316 km triangular through Yeovil and Lympfield) Open Class: 1, C Rollings Jantar 75.7 kph 1,000 pts; 2, R Jones Nimbus 3 74.5 kph 990 pts; 3, J Glossop ASW 17 72.1 kph for 970 pts. Class A Speed index above 104 per cent: 1, M Randle Kestrel 20 62.3 kph; 2, G Cunningham ASW 20 59.2 kph; 3, A Norrie Ventus 58.1 kph 966 pts. Class B Speed index below 103 per cent: 1, C Iby Libelle 67.6 kph 1,000 pts; 2, D Smith LS 4 66.4 kph; 3, J Smithers ASW 19 64.5 Kph. Final results: 1, Open Class R Jones 4,3916 pts; 2, J Taylor 4,654; 3, D Roberts 4,398. Class A: 1, K A K and D Watt 4,745; 2, M Randle 4,733; 3, A Norrie 4,289. Class B: 1, D Eade 4,564; 2, D Smith 4,494; 3, D Breeze 4,350.

GOLF

TULSA: US Womens's Open: 216, J Stephenson (Australia), 72, 73, 71; 218, D Maisterlin, 72, 73, 73; P Sheehan, 71, 71, 76; 219 P Bradley, 72, 76, 71; L Howe, 72, 73, 74; 220, A Alcott, 76, 74, 71; J Lock (Aus), 75, 73, 72; H Farr, 78, 69, 73; 221, M van Hoose, 77, 72, 72; D Germain, 73, 72, 76.
SOUTHDOWN: Welsh Amateur championship: J R Jones (Langland Bay) bt A P Parkin (Newtown) 2 holes.

WATER SKIING

READING: International jumping tournament: 1, S Duvall (US) 191ft; 2, M Hazelwood (GB) 189ft; 3, G Thurlow (Aus) 185ft.

Baseball

AMERICAN LEAGUE (Friday): Baltimore Orioles 8, Texas Rangers 6; Chicago White Sox 7, New York Yankees 2; Toronto Blue Jays 4, Cleveland Indians 2; Oakland Athletics 5, California Angels 2; Minnesota Twins 4, Seattle Mariners 3; Milwaukee Brewers 11, Boston Red Sox 5. Saturday: Toronto Blue Jays 6, Cleveland Indians 5; (15 innings); Boston Red Sox 10, Milwaukee Brewers 5; Baltimore Orioles 7, Texas Rangers 4; Chicago White Sox 5, New York Yankees 1; Seattle Mariners 7, Minnesota Twins 3; Oakland Athletics 13, California Angels 8 and 2-1; Detroit Tigers 4, Kansas City Royals 1 and 10-1.
NATIONAL LEAGUE (Friday) Pittsburgh Pirates 2, New York Mets 1; San Francisco Giants 5, Los Angeles Dodgers 2; Houston Astros 4, Cincinnati Reds 1; Philadelphia Phillies 3, Chicago Cubs 2; Atlanta Braves 2, San Diego Padres 1and 5-6 (12 innings). Saturday: San Francisco Giants 8, Los Angeles Dodgers 0; Pittsburgh Pirates 6, New York Mets 3; St Louis Cardinals 3, Montreal Expos 2; Cincinnati Reds 3, Houston Astros 2; Chicago Cubs 4, Philadelphia Phillies 3 and 3-4; Atlanta Braves 5, San Diego Padres 2.

FOOTBALL

NORTH AMERICAN LEAGUE: San Diego Sockers 2, Tampa Bay Rowdies 0; Fort Lauderdale Strikers 3, Golden Bay Earthquakes 1; Chicago Sting 2, New York Cosmos 1; Tulsa Roughnecks 2, Vancouver Whitecaps 1; Seattle Sounders 2, Toronto Blizzard 1.
BOGOTA: International Match: Colombia 0, Ecuador 0.

YACHTING

VANCOUVER: World Dragon championship: seventh race: 1, R Burgess (Can). Final placings: 1, R Burgess (Can); 2, R Stiffe (Aus); 3, J Wilmot (Aus); 4 M Glas (WG); 5, T Jones (Can).

TENNIS

BEAVER CREEK, COLORADO: M Wilander (Swe) bt R Tanner (US) 6-4, 6-3; J Conners (US) bt D Denton (US) 6-3, 7-6.
NEWCASTLE: ESAB tournament: Final: Men's singles: R Frawley bt J Feaver 5-7, 6-1, 6-4. Doubles: M Cox and Frawley bt A Broomhead and N Fulwood 6-1, 6-3. Women's doubles: Miss V Marler and Miss D Parnell bt Miss L Gracie and Miss C Berry 6-2, 6-3. Mixed doubles: T Mabbitt and Miss J Holden bt R Scott and Miss Gracie 6-4, 6,4.
WESTHAMPTON, Long Island: Women's tournament: H Sukova (Cz) bt S Leo (Aus), 6-2, 6-4; I Madruga-Osses bt B Herr, 7-5, 6-0: Semi-final: Miss Sukova bt S. V. Wade (GB), 6-4, 6-1; Miss Madruga-Osseg bt K Rinaldi (US), 7-6, 4-6, 6-3.
SYDNEY: Women's tournament: a Jaeger (US) bt L Allen (US), 7-5, 6-0; C Lloyd (US) bt W Turnbull (Aus), 6-4, 6-4; P Shriver (US) bt S Barker (GB), 6-1, 6-1.
NORTH CONWAY, New Hampshire: G Vilas (Arg) bt S Birner (Cz), 6-1, 6-3; J-L Clerc (Arg) bt J Aguilera (Sp), 6-3, 6-2; J Brown (US) bt E Dibbs (US), 6-2, 6-4; J Gurfein (US) bt H Leconte (Fr), 7-5, 7-6; A Gomez (Ecu) bt H Sundstrom (Swe), 6-3, 6-3; J Higueras (Sp) bt F Luna (Sp), 6-3, 7-6; J Arias (US) bt C Barazzutti (It), 7-5, 7-5; M Purcell (US) bt C Panatta (It), 6-3, 3-6, 6-0. Quarter-final round: Higueras bt Purcell, 7-5, 6-4; Gomez bt Vilas, 5-4, 6-4.

HOCKEY

England put defeat in its place

England were beaten 1-0 by the touring Kenyan side on the artificial turf pitch at Bisham Abbey yesterday. The match classified as unofficial, served as a useful exercise for England in preparation for the European championship in Amsterdam from August 18 to 28, Sydney Friskin writes.

The Kenyans, fielding a powerful combinations of Indians and Africans, are preparing for the African Cup in Cairo from September 23 to October 2. The winner of this event will represent Africa in the Olympic Games next year. The Kenyans have already toured Mexico and the United States where they were unbeaten in 14 matches.

The match with England was won about a minute before the interval when Julius Akumu converted a short corner. England, who did more of the attacking in the first half, were a little unlucky not to have scored from two short corners.

The general feeling in the England camp was that they just lost a game against a powerful and experienced side, and indeed might have won had the Kenyan umpire applied the advantage rule and allowed play to continue instead of awarding a free hit on several occasions when England looked likely to score.

On Saturday the Kenyans defeated London Indians 5-3 in a fast and exciting game at the same venue. The Kenyan side included Brajinder David, of Slough, who represented Kenya in the first World Cup in 1971.

CANOEING

Jackson and Williams take first place for Britain

The British pair, Stephen Jackson and Alan Williams, won their event in the finals of canoeing world championships in Tampere, Finland yesterday. They came first in the Kayak 10,000 metres with Hungary second and Sweden third.

YESTERDAY: Men: Semi-finals: K-1 500m (British placings): Second race: 4, D Upson, 1min 56.88sec (eliminated). K-2 500m: First race: 8, R Ayres, D Battershell, 1min 50.55sec (eliminated). K-4 500m: Third race: 2, G Bourne, J Rakiborski, A Sherriff, J West, 1min 35.44sec. C-1 500m: First race: 5, S Train, 2min 24.15sec (eliminated). Women: Semi-finals: K-4 500m repichage: 6, A Craske, A Crawley, H Parker, L Smithers, 1min 54.32sec (eliminated). Finals: Men: K-1 500m: 1, V Partenovick (USSR), 1min 59.08sec; 2, I Ferguson (NZ), 1:59.67; 3, A Staehle (EG), 2:00.45. K-2 500m: 1, F Fischer, A Wohllebe (EG), 1min 47.58sec; 2, V Pargenovitch, S Souperata (USSR), 1:48.14; 3, H Fisher, A Morris (Can), 1:49.58. C-1 500m: 1, C Olaru (Rom), 2min 15.88sec; 2, U Papke (EG), 2:17.43; 3, A Volkov (USSR), 2:17.86. C-2 500m: 1, M Ljubek, M Nisovic (Yug), 1min 58.00sec; 2, I Klementiev, S Oesadtchiy (USSR), 1:58.51; 3, D Batiu, F Gurei (Rom), 1:59.90.

K-4 500m: 1, East Germany (Heim, Hempel, Marg, Staehle), 1min 33.37sec; 2, Soviet Union (Kolokolov, Chuhral, Veta, Vodovator), 1:35.17; 3, Hungary (Ikmal, Csazzar, Lacrinczy, Rayna), 1:36.11; 9, Great Britain (Bourne, Rakiborski, Sherriff, West), 1:42.52. K-4 10,000m: 1, Soviet Union (A Avdeer, N Baranov, A Erntlov, N Astaptovich), 37min 51.32sec; 2, Norway (H Amundsen, L Gran, G Kvilum, A B Slettsjoe, 38:31.18; 3, Poland (I Ciurzynski, A Klimaszewski, R Oborak, K Szczepanski), 38:35.45; 4, Britain (C Ballard, A Croucher, D Blyth, K Smith, 38:37.84.

C-1 10,000m: 1, V Vrdlovec (Cz) 50min 52.02sec; 2, G Titu (Rom) 52:44.44; 3 T Wichmann (Hun), 52:59.70. C-2 10,000m: 1 Hungary (T Buday, I Vaskuti) 46:05.48; 2, Romania (I Patzaichin, Simionov) 46:22.33; 3, Soviet Union (S Petrenko, Y Lapitkov) 46:32.84; 5, Britain (A Train, S Train) 47:34.14. K-2 10,000m 1, Britain (S Jackson, A Williams) 41:49.12; 2, Hungary (I Szabo, I Toth) 41:55.79; 3, Sweden (B Andersson, K Sundqvist) 42:26.90. K-4 500m: 1, East Germany (B Fischer, K Guisse, C Kühn, R Walther) 1:45.48; 2, Soviet Union (I Shipulina, N Yefremova, N Kalashnikova, G Alekseyyeva) 1:46.69; 3, Romania (T Borsanea, A Guhayev, N Ionescu, M Stefan) 1:48.16.

SATURDAY: Winners and British placings: Men: K-1 1,000m: R Helm (EG), 4min 00.57sec; 5, S Jackson, 4:09.86. K-2 1,000m: East Germany (F Fischer, A Wohllebe), 3min 45.71sec. K-4 1,000m: Romania (I Constantin, N Fedosei, I Letcas, A Velea) 3min 21.86sec. C-1 1,000m: V Berasa (USSR), 4 min 4.75sec. C-2 1,000m: Romania (I Patzaichin, T Simionov), 4min 15.28sec. Women: K-1 500m: B Fischer (EG), 2min 13.75sec; 8, L Smithers, 2:25.02. K-2 500m: East Germany (B Fischer, C Kuehn), 1min 57.78sec.

RUGBY LEAGUE

Youngsters are overwhelmed

The British amateur Rugby League youngsters lost their unbeaten record in the last game of their New Zealand tour when they were beaten 48-16 in the second international at Auckland. The same side gave a brilliant display of fast open rugby before 7,000 spectators to level the series at one-all.

The man of the match was the New Zealand winger Orr, who oppened the score in the second minute and went on to score four tries with a spectacular display of powerful running. New Zealand led 32-4 at half-time, with Britain's solitary response being a try by the prop Roberts.

The British rallied slightly in the second half, their captain Schofield and the scrum half Fox scoring tries, both of which were converted by Rippon.

RACING

Carson collects a ban after his bouquet

By Michael Phillips, Racing Correspondent

A bitter sweet week for Willie Carson ended at Goodwood on Saturday on a high note when he was presented with the RitzClub Charity Trophy as leading rider at the meeting. This was the sixth trophy of its type that Carson has won and with seven victories to his credit during the five-day meeting there was certainly no hiding his flair.

Before he received his award Carson had a taste of the other side of life when the stewards suspended him from riding for eight days, from August 8-15, for what they deemed to be careless riding in the Nassau Stakes.

Clearly incensed by their verdict, Carson siad that he will appeal to the Jockey Club's disciplinary stewards against the sentence. When asked whether he would appeal Carson snapped "Of course, it was not careless riding. I gave her one slap with my stick and she ducked away from it."

The incident in question occurred about a furlong from home. At the time La Grigia, Gaygo Lady and Air Distinque were tighly grouped and racing virtually in line when Carson on the hot favourite, Air Distinque, drew his whip in his left hand and gave her, as he said, one crack. The filly immediately ducked to her right and Steve Cauthen, on Gaygo Lady, became the meat in the sandwich.

That Air Distinque would and should be disqualified there was no doubt. The argument that raged afterwards was whether Carson had been careless or whether it was purely an accident.

Pontificating about events that happen when there is so much at stake and horses and jockeys are travelling at 40 mph is not easy. With the benefit of hindsight it is possible to reason that Carson should have had his whip in his right hand as horses invariably tend to drift to their right with the camber towards the far rails at Goodwood. If he had, Air Distingue would probably have never ducked to her right.

In giving Carson an eight-day suspension the stewards, in fact, gave him the most lenient at their disposal because this was his second offence this season. Now it is up to the powers that be in Portman Square to have the last word.

All this melodrama tended to detract from the excellent performance by the winner, Acclimatise, who swept back to form, thanks to a beautifully judged and sympathetic ride from Geoff Baxter.

I tipped Air Distingue but the eventual result did not surprise me after looking at the runners in the paddock. There, Acclimatise looked cool and calm and infinitely better in herself than at any time this season whereas Air Distingue was a bundle of nerves, permanently on the jog.

It was obviously that nervous disposition which caused Air Distingue to shy away from the whip in the race itself and that is a piece of evidence that Carson will do well to call upon when he sees the Stewards again.

While the favourite was in that spot of bother Baxter and Acclimatise were winging their way to a well deserved success, free from trouble up the middle of the course. This coveted prize was no more than they deserved after hard and unavailing attempts to beat the likes of Sun Princess and Give Thanks in the Oaks and the Lancashire Oaks.

Again with the benefit of hindsight, Acclimatise may be better at a mile and a quarter than she is at a mile and a half. That comment certainly applies to Morcon who bounced back to his best with an emphatic victory in the Chesterfield Cup. That meant that his trainer, Dick Hern, was able to indulge yet agin in one of his favourite pasttimes. After saddling a winner at Goodwood it has become a ritual to return to his house at West Wittering and go down to the beach where he draws in the sand a winning post, a horse and the name of his winner! Who knows the next time that the major draws a picture of Morcon in the sand the place could easily be the beach at Deauville after the Prix de la Cote Normande on August 15.

Evidence of Morcon's ability can be gauged by the fact that *his time was only just outside* Prominent's record set 10 years ago and that for a three-year-old winning easing up by four lengths was an achievement.

Nothing can really compensate for the disappointment and anger that Daniel Wildenstein felt when Vacarme, so clearly the best horse in the race, was disqualified after winning the Richmond Stakes on Wednesday. At least though his week ended on a better note when Page Blanche, who had herself been disqualified after "winning" as Ascot in June, finally came up trumps with an emphatic victory in the Surplice Stakes.

Later in the day the varying cost of success in racig these days was nicely illustrated when Bluff House ($35,000) won the Rous Memorial Stakes an hour before another two-year-old, Milord ($500,000) led from start to finish, under 9st 7lb, to put a stamp of class on the Lavant Nursery.

So the curtain came down on another feast of fine racing at Goodwood. Thanks to the fine weather seldom can its glorious tag have been more applicable over a duration. The weather, improvements to both the conditions of some of the races and the overall amenities, catering included, as well as betting on the Tote and good-sized fields throughout the week combined to increase the overall attendance by almost five per cent to 80,000.

Crowds were up on every day except Tuesday compared with last year, Friday's attendance being the best for five years. This can only have been a heartening experience for the new clerk of the course, Roderick Fabricius, who in his first year also contrived to produce fast, fair ground with a good covering of grass in the midst of a dry spell that nobody complained about.

Meanwhile at Newmarket Shoot Clear lived up to her name when she won the Tolly Cobbold Trophy with a decisive burst of speed in the last quarter of a mile. Al-Mamoon, also did his stuff nicely at Thirsk to book his ticket for the Gimcrack Stakes at the big York meeting.



Hard held: Morcon and Willie Carson coast home by four lengths in the Chesterfield Cup at Goodwood

Grant breaks a leg at Market Rasen

The new National Hunt season started disastrously for the Northern reider Chris Grant, who broke his left leg in a freak accident at Market Rasen on Saturday. Gran T. stable jockey to the Bishop Auckland trainer Denys Smith, had a nasty fall when his mount, Crackerjill was hampered in the closing stages of the Gainsborough Maiden Hurdle (Div. One), won by Handylad.

Grant who was taken to Lincoln County Hospital, said "I was lying in fourth place on the long bend approaching the second last flight when John Harris's horse 'Hillsdown Lad' collided against the rails, and hit my mare as he bounced back off them. Crackerjill stumbled and I went over the top. It was one of those unfortunate occurances which happens so quickly that there is nothing you can do to save yourself".

There were also two equine casualties at the meeting. Mandy's Time and Pinero each broke a leg in running and had to be put down.

● Following further heavy support over the weekend, Corals have cut Abdoun to 13-2 favourite for the Tote Ebor at York later this month. Dick Hern's Band is next best at 12-1 along with Mubarak of Kuwait.

● The Greek owner Marcos Lemos will be sending his son Dimitrious to the races more often. At Newmarket on Saturday the 27-year-old ship broker deputised for his father and saw Swing To Me win the Cardinal Handicap by a head from *Dick 'E' Bear*. The last time Dimitrious was asked to represent Lemos the distinctive blue and white colours were carried to victory by Guns of Navarone and Pebbles on this course last month.

STATE OF GOING Folkestone: firm. Ripon: firm. Wolverhampton: straight course good to firm round course firm. Market Rasen: firm. Newton Abbot: firm.

TOMORROW Redcar: firm. Ayr: good. Brighton: firm.

BLINKERS FIRST TIME: Folkestone: 1.45 Amigo Loco, 2.45 Stylish Mover. Wolverhampton: 8.35 Nakterjal. Ripon: 2.30 Viewers Choice, Glossy Tips.

Ripon

Draw advantage: Low numbers best.

2.30 SEE-SAW STAKES (2-Y-O selling: £1,282: 6f) (8 runners)
1 0041 PANIC STATIONS (Mrs P Makin) P Makin 9-3 Pat Eddery 5
3 01030 CHOCOLATE ECLAIR (Mrs B Bishop) W Bentley 9-0 T Ives 1
4 320 HIGH REEF (C Blackwell) Hbt Jones 8-11 E Hide 6
5 00030 VIEWERS CHOICE (B) (W Springett) R Ward 8-11 – 3
6 003 FREE LIGHT LASER (Mrs P Gilbert) J Gilbert 8-8 Susan Gilbert 7 4
7 030 GLOSSY TIPS (B) (R Stubbs) R Stubbs 8-8 W Wharton 7
8 4000 JOSCELINE WINIFRED (G A Farndon) R Hollinshead 8-8 S Parks 8
11 00030 RED TARA (B) (H Zeisel) D Hanley 8-8 D Dinsley 2
15-8 Chocolate Eclair, 3 Panic Stations, 9-2 Josceline Winifred, 6 High Reef, 12 Free Light Laser, 16 others.

3.0 TOMMY SHEDDEN HANDICAP (3-Y-O: £1,951: 1m 1f) (9)
3 003-000 HARI-HARI-MOU (B) (R Armstrong) R Armstrong 9-7 B Raymond 4
4 1-40 AMILA (HH Aga Khan) M Stoute 9-5 W R Swinburn 3
6 040232 UNDER THE HAMMER (L Fenning) D Arbuthnot 9-4 M Hills 3 2
7 020031 MISTOFFOLEES (Mrs T Stack) J FitzGerald 9-2 (5 ex) E Johnson 5
10 034311 BOCCACCIO (J Greathouse) S Norton 8-13 (5 ex) J Lowe 9
18 20-002 RELDA (Mrs J Bricken) B Hobbs 8-7 E Hide 7
20 040000 LUCY PLATTER (R Sangster) M W Easterby 8-3 J Bleasdale 6
22 000302 *NARROW AND SHORT (Sheikh Mohammed) M H Easterby 8-3 M Birch* 1
24 00-04 SPANISH ESTATES (Coope Durrant Ltd) J Toller 8-0 P Robinson 8
7-4 Mistoffolees, 7-2 Boccacio, 9-2 Under The Hammer, 8 Spanish Estates, 10 Relda, 20 others.

3.30 'TURN TO YORKSHIRE' HANDICAP (3-Y-O: £2,271: 6f) (12)
2 4-03301 FLEET BAY (B) (D) (V Cooper) J W Watts 9-7 E Hide 8
4 412-032 AL TRUI (Mrs J Kahn) W Musson 9-3 T Ives 12
6 01-4 RED ROMAN (Sheik Mohammed) J Dunlop 9-1 – 5
8 413430 KYNASTON (B) (D) (J Brown) J Berry 8-10 S Horsfall 7 2
10 00-2004 BELINDA BROWN (P Jones) T Barron 8-7 S Webster 4
12 000310 TENNIS TUNE (D) (Mrs K Platts) D Garraton 8-5 (7 ex) M Birch 3
13 000-4 TO-NISAKI-MAS (Capt M Lemos) C Brittain 8-1 P Robinson 1
15 301300 EASY AIR (D) (M Robinson) R Armstrong 8-1 J Lowe 7
16 100024 BEST BIDDER (D) (K Fischer) R Hollinshead 7-11 N Carlisle 3 11
17 003104 OFF YOUR MARK (D) (A Duffield) J McNaughton 7-9 L Charnock 10
18 000-000 PANGULO (C Barber-Lomax) T Fairhurst 7-7 A Proud 6
19 120303 RAPID LADY (G Simpson) Mrs M Nesbitt 7-7 S Griffiths 7 9
100-30 Red Roman, 5 Al Trui, 11-2 Easy Air, 8 Off Your Mark, 10 Fleet Bay, Tennis Tune, 14 Best Bidder, Kynaston, 20 others.

4.0 TRAMPOLINE STAKES (2-Y-O maidens: £1,898: 5f) (7)
1 000 CAPTAIN VIGILANTE (R Cooke) J Etherington 9-0 J Seagrave 2
3 *INDIAN DREAM (Mrs M Baldwin) H Wharton 9-0 D Nicholls* 4
10 090 RICHARD'S RETURN (Mrs E Bell) Hbt Jones 9-0 E Hide 5
12 0002 SPEAK NOBLY (T Upton) W Guest 9-0 Pat Eddery 3
14 CONRARA (D Brotherton) M H Easterby 8-11 M Birch 6
15 0 FOURTH OF APRIL (J Hayes) R Ward 8-11 – 1
18 0 MELAURA BELLE (Maj P Bell) 8-11 S Webster 7
2-5 Speak Nobly, 8 Captain Vigilante, 14 Conrara, Richard's Return, 16 Melaura Belle, 25 others.

4.30 PLAYGROUND HANDICAP (£1,867: 1m 4f) (7)
2 0-30201 YELED (CD) (G Kaye) P Kelleway 5-10-1 (8 ex) Gay Kelleway 7 1
15 00-0134 HABUS (CD) (W Gredley) M H Easterby 5-8-8 M Birch 6
16 330-212 LA BIRD (Miss J Eaton) H Wharton 5-8-4 M Fry 3 4
18 0210/0- AUDIT (B) (R Preston) D Yeoman 5-8-1 S Webster 5
20 40-0423 BALLAMETTI (Mrs J Scott) W Bentley 5-8-0 L Charnock 7
21 00-0000 AL KHASHAB (D) (P Barrett) R Hollinshead 6-7-13 W Ryan 5 2
22 0/0-030 JCG (W Musson) W Musson 6-7-13 Paul Eddery 3
2 Habus, 11-4 Yeled, 7-2 La Bird, 8 Sallametti, 12 others.

5.0 CHILDREN'S DAY STAKES (3-Y-O maidens: £2,074: 1m 2f) (7)
1 0000-0 ALLODIUM (G Leatham) M W Easterby 9-0 E Hide 5
3 0 BLUE HILL (Oceanic Ltd) R Houghton 9-0 M Birch 6
7 0 HATTERAS (Col R Hutchinson) M H Easterby 9-0 K Hodgson 2
8 000 MASKED BALL (P Calver) P Calver 9-0 – 3
13 02-3203 RIVER OF KINGS (J Pearce) G Wragg 9-0 Pat Eddery 7
21 0 RUSTY BABY (Don E Incisa) E Incisa 8-11 O Gray 1
22 00-2 SLIX (D prenn) J Dunlop 8-11 B Raymond 4
11-8 River Of Kings, 5-2 Slix, 6 Blue Hill, 12 Rusty Baby, 16 others.

Ripon selections

By Our Racing Staff

2.30 Chocolate Eclair. 3.0 Amila. 3.30 Red Roman. 4.0 Captain Vigilante. 4.30 La Bird. 5.0 River Of Kings.

By Our Newmarket Correspondent

3.0 Amila. 3.30 Easy Air. 4.0 Speak Nobly. 4.30 Yeled. 5.0 River Of Kings.

Newton Abbot

2.15 SOUTH ZEAL HURDLE (Div I: novices: £713: 2m 150yds) (13 runers)
2 PU0 Hill Laugh 6-11-10 S May
3 0/ Meeting Hill 7-11-10 –
6 000- Ice (B) 5-11-7 R Kington
7 442 Lewis Estates 5-11-7 R Morshead
8 RPR- Tavy Lord 5-11-7 Jessie Turner 7
10 0/P0- Faxta's Girl 7-11-5 A Webb
11 300- Franca 9-11-5 –
12 00/P- Lackadaisical Miss 6-11-5 J Suthern
13 3- Sand Lady 6-11-5 J Francome
15 0/00- Blonde Bombshell 5-11-2 M Williams
18 003- Bloemfontein 4-11-0 K Burke 7
21 Running Light 4-10-9 B De Haan
22 0- Stratta Girl 4-10-9 Mr A Chamberlain 4
13-8 Lewis Estates, 11-4 Sand Lady, 9-2 Ice, 8 Bloemfontein.

2.45 BORDER FOX CHASE (handicap: £1,921: 2m 150yds) (7)
1 F3F- Corby Glen 11-12-4 S Morshead
2 400- Catby's Courtier 10-11-12 S Smith Eccles
3 P0F- Washington Heights 8-11-6 J Suthern
4 000- Mister Cool 9-11-6 J Francome
5 0FP- North Yard 7-10-13 H Davies
6 1FP- Some Jinks 7-10-12 A Webber
8 403- *Grey Dolphin (B) 8-10-3 G Davies*
9-4 Mister Cool, 3 North Yard, 11-2 Some Jinks, 10 Corby Glen.

3.15 RUGANTINO CUP Conditional Jockeys Handicap Hurdle: (£1,215: 2m 150yd) (8)
2 0/00- Top of the Table 7-11-7 P Dever
3 03F Crown Land 8-11-4 –
4 P00 Sterridge Valley 5-11-2 B Powell
5 00P- Penny Debt 6-11-2 Jessie Turner
6 000- Nutty Slack (B) 5-10-12 W Newton
7 10/0- Solerof (B) 5-10-11 L Bloomfield
11 Porto Louise 4-10-0 M Byles
12 00- Young Crottie 5-10-0 R Arnott
5-4 Solerof, 15-8 Nutty Slack, 6 Crown Land, 12 Sterridge Valley.

3.45 TORBRYAN CHASE (selling handicap: £643: 2m 150yd) (5)
1 U1/ Grey Tarquin 11-11-10 J Suthern
2 230- Denton (B) 7-11-6 S Smith Eccles
3 44- Notter Mill 10-11-3 S May
9 0P-0 Bonnie de Lyon 10-10-2 W Morris 4
11 PP3- Bow Butts 8-10-2 R Kington
4-7 Denton, 7-2 Notter Mill, 13-2 Grey Tarquin, 12 Bow Butts.

4.15 NORTH BOVEY HURDLE (handicap: £1,676: 2m 150yd) (6)
2 410- Quistador 7-11-8 K Burke 7
4 4P0 Rusthall 10-10-7 K Mooney
7 000- Admiral Grenville 7-10-2 J Francome
9 310- Sunshine Gal 5-10-0 DOUBTFUL
12 30F- *His Master's Voice 5-10-0* S Morshead
14 400- Princeton (B) 6-10-0 P Leach
2 Quistador, 100-30 Rusthall, 5 Sunshine Gal, 6 Admiral Grenville.

4.45 SOUTH ZEAL HURDLE (Div II: novices: £715: 2m 150yd) (16)
1 030- Golden Beach (B) 7-11-10 M Brisbourne
2 Graig-Y-Newadd 8-11-10 P Carvill
3 30- Italian Affair 7-11-10 A Webb
5 220- Barley Birch 5-11-7 P Leach
6 2P- Golden Match 5-11-7 John Williams
7 00P- Pardi Nickel 5-11-7 Jessie Turner 7
8 00F- Ringabing 5-11-7 C Brown
11 000/ Pomrodena 8-11-5 P Nicholls 4
13 000- Major Symphony 5-11-2 Mr P Schofield 7
14 Dashing Deano 4-11-0 K oonoy
16 000- Isom Dart 4-11-0 L Bloomfield
18 000- Just Graylo 4-11-0 W Morris
20 PPP- Allured (B) 4-10-9 J Francome
21 0P0- Darican 4-10-9 M Coyle
22 Villanovan 4-10-9 K Burke 7
23 Webbs Jewel 4-10-9 H Davies
11-8 Barley Birch, 9-4 Isom Dart, 11-2 Dashing Deano, 8 Italian Affair.

NEWTON ABBOT SELECTIONS: 2.15 Ice. 2.45 North Yard. 3.15 Crown Land. 3.45 Nottes Mill. 4.15 Rusthall. 4.45 Isom Dart.



Market Rasen

2.30 HULL HURDLE (Selling handicap: £603: 2m) (20 runners)
1 104- Danzig 6-12-7 K Whyte
3 ppp- Okehampton 8-11-9 A Brown
5 010- Grangehill 8-11-7 –
7 43p- Parson's Price 8-11-5 –
8 000- Hot Cross Bun 10-11-4 –
9 000- Bridgadier Green 6-11-3 J O'Neill
10 000/ Mulberry Walk 7-11-2 M Brennan
11 p00- Lilian May (B) 6-11-0 W Elderfield 7
13 3f0- Hartfield Lad 4-10-13 S Johnson 4
14 000- Royal Raccal 5-10-12 –
16 204- Ceremonious (B) 5-10-9 –
21 040- Frazer's Friend 6-10-5 S Kettlewell 4
22 2p0- General Patterns 8-10-4 –
25 00p- Caveman 9-10-3 Mr Donnelly 7
26 000- Midnight Mary 8-10-1 Mr Carden
27 f4-3 Cheeky Monkey 4-10-1 –
28 0p0- Dear Remus 11-10-0 Vicki Harris 7
29 000- Whatton Marina 5-10-0 K Simms 7
31 pr0- Prisoner Of Zenda (B) 11-10-0 J Wathen 7
33 000- *Call-Me-Morisis 10-10-0 Mr Avery*
7-2 Hartfield Lad, Cheeky Monkey, 5 Brigadier Green, 6 Midnight Mary.

3.0 KINGSTON CHASE (Novices: £1,098: 2m) (11)
2 223- Blood Orange 8-11-9 P Tuck
5 00-3 Fordel 8-11-9 G Graham
10 000- No Match 7-11-9 D Nolan
11 30f- Operau 8-11-9 P Scudamore
12 03p- Paddy's Peril 7-11-9 P Barton
14 203- Viscount (B) 9-11-9 Mr Thompson 7
15 24-4 Winking Fields 7-11-9 R Crank
16 003- The Aspel (B) 5-11-5 C Pimlott
17 300/ Orphan Grey 5-11-0 Mr Walton
18 000- Bishops Ride 4-10-5 J O'Neill
19 f4-3 Cheeky Monkey 4-10-0 –
5-2 Fordel, 7-2 Operau, 4 Paddy's Peril, 5 Bishops Ride.

3.30 OVREVOLL HURDLE (Novices: £784: 2m 4f) (8)
1 p0p- French Bob (B) 9-11-3 J Wathen 7
4 /pp- *Red Toff 6-11-3 C McSharry 7*
7 Conn The Cobbler 5-11-0 Mr Walton
9 Mandoleke 5-11-0 G Gray 4
11 440- Pixie's Party 6-10-12 J Burke
14 Burnham Bill 4-10-7 P Barton
15 000- Carlingford Bay 4-10-7 Mr Thompson 7
16 232- Lochlinnhe 4-10-7 J O'Neill
1-2 Lochlinnhe, 4 Mandoleke, 6 Pixie's Party, 10 Burnham Bill.

4.0 HUMBER BRIDGE CHASE (Handicap: £1,465: 2m 5f) (9)
2 000- Spring Chancellor 8-11-7 K Jones 7
4 420- Parcelstown 8-11-4 P Barton
5 4fu- Walking Cane 7-11-0 J Hansen 4
6 032- Ronan-Paul 10-10-10 A Brown
8 p/p- Jacks Pride 8-10-8 W Worthington 7
10 310/ Retainer 9-10-2 Miss Grinyer 7
12 020- Owen Luck 9-10-1 –
15 40p- Warren Gorse 9-10-1 P Carvill
18 000- Frankness 7-10-0 S Kettlewell 4
6-4 Parcelstown, 5-2 Ronan-Paul, 5 Spring Chancellor, 7 Walking Cane.

4.30 HUMBERSIDE HURDLE (3-Y-O: £885: 2m) (11)
1 Monks Gold 10-12 A Brown
2 Pledgdon Green 10-12 P Scudamore
3 Langton Lad 10-5 D Fisher 7
4 Melton Ross 10-5 J O'Neill
5 Move Again 10-5 S Johnson 4
6 Ringabell 10-5 J Wathen 7
7 Shoot The Rapids 10-5 K Jones 7
9 *Vatroso 10-5 S Kettlewell 4*
13 Shabnam 10-0 P Barton
14 Streatly 10-0 S O'Neill
15 Yasmeen 10-0 –
15-8 Pledgdon Green, 7-2 Shabnam, 5 Streatly, 8 Shoot The Rapids.

5.0 GRIMSBY CHASE (Conditional Jockeys: handicap: £1,448: 2m) (5)
2 p24- Orange Tag 10-11-8 P Croucher 5
3 3f0- Outlaw Man 9-11-2 C Bell
4 pf4- Corker 7-10-10 K Jones
6 000- Poor Excuse 8-10-5 W Elderfield 5
8 ppp- Caoroyal 7-10-5 N Greaves 5
Evens Orange Tag, 2 Outlaw Man, 7-2 Corker, 8 Poor Excuse.

MARKET RASEN SELECTIONS: 2.30 Grangehill. 3.0 Blood Orange. 3.30 Lochlinnhe. 4.0 Parcelstown. 4.30 Pledgdon Green. 5.0 Orange Tag.

Tote-Ebor weights

TOTE-EBOR (1m 6f handicap My Sir Avon 10-0, Broken Seal 7-9, Line Slinger 9-12, Santella Man 9-11, Zoffany 9-8, Voyant 9-6, Forward 9-6, By Decree 9-5, Voracity 9-5, Crusader Castle 9-4, Balanchine 9-3, Jasper 9-3, Another Sam 9-2, Harly 9-2, Castle Rising 9-2, Mubarak Of Kuwait 9-1, Rock's Gate 9-1, Busaco 9-1, Future Spa 9-1, Brogan 9-13, Brevet 8-11, Henricus 8-11, Dazari 8-11, Weaver's Pin 8-10, Abdoun 8-10, Balladier 8-10, Path Of Peace 8-10, Ambiance 8-9, Boumi 8-9, Down Flight 8-9, Dawn River 8-9, Shackle Pin 8-7, Bahoor 8-7, Shanipour 8-6, Wonder Surprise 8-6, Keelby Kavalier 8-5, Band 8-5, Riberito 8-4, Tom Okker 8-3, Thorndown 8-3, Regal Steel 8-2, Jupiter Island 8-2, Fitzpatrick 8-2, Elect 8-1, Nildforos 8-0, Appealtome 8-0, Bucklow Hill 7-13, Hold Tight 7-13, Sea Raider 7-12, Amber Heights 7-12, Wagoner 7-12, Gildoran 7-11, Cashmoor 7-11, Mustav 7-11, Paternoster Row 7-11, Steel Kid 7-9, Prince Santiago 7-9, Sunley Builds 7-8, Festal Spirit 7-8, Fitzwarren 7-8, Stanesamship 7-7, Treasure Hunter 7-7, Spigot Shaft 7-7, Gamon 7-6, Miss Draward 7-4, Glenrallier 7-2, Incredible Idea 7-0, Major Setback 6-13, Running Melody 6-13, Warjaree 6-13, *Nebiha* 6-11, *Fighter Pilot* 6-10, *Anioca* 6-10, Bal-A-Versailis 6-10, Doree Molsoon 6-10, Court Cavalier 6-10, Inchgower 6-9, Madagascar 6-9, Lady Arpege 6-9, Telephone Numbers 6-9, Indian 6-6, Winterraise 5-9. (To be run York, August 17).

Folkestone

Draw advantage: 5f, 6f low numbers best

1.45 DEEDES STAKES (2-y-o maidens: £739: 5f) (12 runners)
1 0 AMIGO LOCO (B) K Brassey 9-0 B Crossley 8
6 FALL GUY G Lewis 9-0 G Sexton 6
7 0000 FREE AGAIN M Haynes 9-0 J Matthias 11
11 2404 PEANDAY (B) H Beasley 9-0 – 3
12 00 THE MILKMAN R Smyth 9-0 G Baxter 7
15 0 BUCKALEX D Morley 8-11 – 1
16 300 CAPTAIN BONNIE S Hanbury 8-11 P Young 5
17 *0 CLAY PIGEON G Hunter 8-11 G Starkey* 12
18 0004 COSTALOTTA B Swift 8-11 J Mercer 10
19 0 ELECTRIC FAIRY O Jorgensen R Fox 9
20 0 IMPEL D Dale 8-11 R Curant 4
22 WINGINGIN C Nelson 8-11 R Weaver 2
9-4 Peanday, 11-4 Clay Pigeon, 7-2 Costalotta, 5 Captain Bonnie, 8 Free Again, 12 Amigo Loco, 16 others.

2.15 DUNGENESS STAKES (selling: £597: 1m 2f) (10)
1 0203 MONCLARE TROPHY A Pitt 4-9-2 B Rouse 5
2 0000 CHEUNG SING Pat Mitchell 4-8-11 S Meacham 7 7
4 00-00 CAN'T SWIM R Howe 4-8-8 B Jago 10
5 2-030 MAIDA VALE S Woodman 4-8-8 G Starkey 9
7 0000- SWIFT TURTLE J Fox 4-8-8 R Lines 5 3
8 0004 INSPIRED P Kelleway 3-8-1 – 1
9 00-00 TEDDINGTON JEWEL J O'Neill 3-8-1 B Crossley 6
10 0600 TOUCH TENDER A Ingham 3-8-1 R Still 2
11 0330 MORE WIT P M Taylor 3-7-12 R Fox 4
12 0000 PEKING DANCER Pat Mitchell 3-7-12 A McGlone 3 8
2 More Wit, 5-2 Monclare Trophy, 7-2 Maida Vale, 6 Inspired, 8 Swift Turtle, 12 others.

2.45 TWISS HANDICAP (apprentices: £723: 7f) (12)
2 -3400 *AQABA PRINCE R Howe 3-9-10* – 6
3 -0044 EAGLESFIELD C Nelson 6-8-4 P Matthews 5 1
4 0001 HABAT RAAPHORST M Ryan 4-8-13 (6 ex) C Allen 5 5
6 00-00 HAVE FORM D Laing 3-8-11 – 4
8 0-200 LAUTREC P M Taylor 5-8-10 J Carter 5 2
9 0-000 RUBABAY H Candy 3-8-8 J Kennedy 7
11 0-030 GREENWOOD BELLE G Hunter 3-8-7 D Price 11
12 0040 STYLISH MOVER (B) M Haynes 4-8-6 S Whitworth 9
13 -0102 MINNE LOVE H O'Neill 4-8-5 N Goldie 5 8
20 0040 WHAT EXCITEMENT E Witts 3-7-12 Sherry Cooper 10
22 0-000 BATTLING AGAIN M Haynes 3-7-11 K Woolnough 3
25 *0400 STUCK FOR WORDS A Moore* G Landau 5 12
11-4 Habat Raaphorst, 7-2 Minne Love, 4 Aqaba Prince, 9-2 Rubabay, 6 Have Form, 8 Greenwood Belle, 12 others.

3.15 OAKLANDS HANDICAP (£1,136: 1m 4f) (6)
1 000-0 GODLY Miss A Sinclair 4-9-10 R Still 5
2 3131 SANTELLA KING (D) G Harwood 3-8-9 G Starkey 1
3 4422 BUNCE BOY (D) Miss A Sinclair 7-8-7 J Matthias 4
7 4800 PUFF PASTRY D Morley 3-8-11 – 3
11 0U-00 TARSUS B Swift 4-8-6 R Fox 2
16 0000 GLITTERING GEM K Brassey 3-8-2 B Crossley 6
4-9 Santella King, 11-4 Bunce Boy, 10 Glittering Gem, 20 others.

3.45 HYTHE STAKES (maidens: £738: 1m 7f 110yd) (3)
2 FELIXSTOWE R Howe 5-9-8 B Jago 2
7 0024 AMERICK G Harwood 3-8-8 G Starkey 3
19 0 ASTONISHING F Durr 3-8-5 A Weiss 7 1
1-6 Americk, 11-2 Astonishing, 16 Felixstowe.

4.15 WAKEFIELD HANDICAP (3-y-o fillies: £912: 6f) (9)
3 0-431 RARE HONOUR (D) P Cole 9-7 G Starkey 5
5 0-042 RIVER MAIDEN J Dunlop 9-4 J Matthias 7
9 0200 FOR YOUR EYES (B) P Walwyn 8-11 J Mercer 6
10 0200 DORA MAAR L Cumani 8-10 A Rogers 7 4
11 0000- PARLOUR PRINCESS R Smyth 8-7 S Whitworth 7 4
13 0-000 LUCKY JENNIE M Haynes 8-6 J Jenkinson 3
14 0030 TEMPLE BAR MAID D Wilson 8-4 B Rouse 9
17 -0000 ANGMERING J Winter 7-13 B Crossley 8
18 0000 WILL BE WANTON Pat Mitchell 3-7-7 – 2
15-8 Rare Honour, 5-2 River Maiden, 7-2 Dora Maar, 9-2 For Your Eyes, 12 Temple Bar Maid, 16 others.

Folkestone selections

By Our Racing Staff

1.45 Clay Pigeon. 2.15 Monclare Trophy. 2.45 Eaglesfield. 3.15 Santella King. 3.45 Americk. 4.15 Rare Honour.

Wolverhampton

Draw: No advantage.

6.15 BRADMORE STAKES (2-Y-O main fillies: £828: 5f) (8 runners)
7 023 FLEUR DE LYPHARD J Dunlop 8-11 W Carson 4
8 ITALIAN SECRET B McMahon 8-11 S Perks 5
9 KILTTALEY D H Jones 8-11 R Hills 3 1
10 00 LADY REEFIFI J Spearing 8-11 P Cook 2
14 4 SHEEOG D Arbuthnot 8-11 M Hills 3 6
15 32 SOUTHERN VENTURE S Norton 8-11 J Lowe 7
16 00 SPARKLING BROOK B Hills 8-11 S Cauthen 3
20 00 TIZZY R Houghton 8-11 J Reid 8
11-8 Fleur De Lyphard, 7-2 Southern Venture, 9-2 Sheeog, 6 Sparkling Brook, 8 Tizzy, 12 Kilttaley, 20 others.

6.40 THREADBARE HANDICAP (Apprentices: selling: 1m 1f) (12)
1 4-030 SICONDA (CD) R Hollinshead 4-9-10 Geraldine Thorpe 5 2
2 0-000 LADY MURFAX (B) J Howell 4-9-5 – 7
3 1000 FAIRHAM (B) (C) E Carter 3-9-5 Wendy Carter 8
4 /0000 CRISP AND KEEN L Barratt 5-9-5 S Keightley 9
6 0-000 RIBODEN G Fletcher 5-9-3 M Fozzard 6
7 0302 KNIGHTHALL A W Jones 5-9-3 W Morris 11
8 0000 RUSTLE OF SPRING R Griffiths 4-9-3 – 3
9 0040 HOT ANNIA P Felden 4-8-3 – 5
10 00-00 OAK RUN J P Smith 3-8-12 – 10
11 00-00 DAME PEGGY (B) J Old 3-8-12 – 4
12 0-000 MISS OLDHAM J FitzGerald 3-8-12 R Brown 1
13 0000- TIMMY BOY B Cambidge 3-8-11 A Whitehall 5 12
9-4 Knighthall, 3 Siconda, 9-2 Fairham, 6 Lady Murfax, 8 Hot Anna, 10 Miss Oldham, 12 Oak Run, 20 others.

7.5 BRI EDEN HANDICAP (£1,903: 5f) (11)
1 0344 SANU (D) F Durr 5-9-10 P Cook 8
3 0411 BERNARD SUNLEY (B) (D) G Hunter 4-9-5 (6 ex) S Cauthen 9
6 1020 MANLOW (D) B Swift 6-8-12 S Jewell 7 2
8 1300 LADY CARA (CD) J Berry 3-8-5 K Darley 4
9 0100 COURAGEOUS BUZBY (CD) B McMahon 7-8-3 S Perks 3
11 2140 THE HUYTON GIRLS (CD) T Taylor 5-7-13 A Mackay 1
12 0000 GODLORD T Taylor 3-7-11 G Duffield 6
13 0004 KAREN'S STAR (CD) D Chapman 6-7-11 S Horsfall 7 7
14 0000 DRAGUNN (B) (D) R Hollinshead 4-7-7 N Carlisle 3 5
15 0030 SOLAR GRASS (D) M James 8-7-7 P Robinson 10
16 0600 SILENT TEARS (D) M James 8-7-7 R Hills 3 11
7-4 Bernard Sunley, 7-2 Manlow, 11-2 Sanu, 7 The Huyton Girls, 8 Lady Cara, 10 Karen's Star, 12 Courageous Buzby, 20 others.

7.35 WROTTESLEY STAKES (2-Y-O c & g: £1,035: 7f) (9)
3 1 CAPISTRANO PLAYA M Prescott 9-3 G Duffield 8
5 42 ALCINOUS R Boss 8-11 P Robinson 2
10 BARNBROOK AGAIN D H Jones 8-11 R Hills 3 1
12 02 BONNEMENT J Dunlop 8-11 W Carson 9
14 DOMONIK SAVIO P O'Connor 8-11 – 8
16 00 GERYON B Hills 8-11 S Cauthen 4
18 0 JABARABA F Durr 8-11 P Cook 3
19 JOHN SILK M Blanshard 8-11 R Cochrane 5
25 00 NORTHERN HALO B Swift 8-11 S Jewell 7 7
6-4 Alcinous, 11-4 Bonnement, 5 Capistrano Playa, 8 Geryon, 10 Jabaraba, 12 Northern Halo, 20 others.

8.5 WYRE FOREST HANDICAP (£1,400: 2m 1f) (11)
3 0014 LIBERTY WALK H Wharton 4-9-7 M Fozzard 7 6
4 C003 *KING'S COLLEGE BOY (B) N Vigors 5-9-7* J Reid 11
5 2021 THE PAWN M Ryan 4-9-4 (4 ex) P Robinson 10
7 4012 FAROLITO R Hollinshead 4-9-1 (4 ex) S Perks 5
8 0104 GOING BROKE P Cole 3-8-13 S Keightley 7 8
10 1000 KRISTEN R Hoad 4-8-10 P Cook 3
14 0-003 YORKSHIRE MOORES R Armstrong 3-8-4 DOUBTFUL 7
16 0002 SADDAM F Durr 3-8-0 S Dawson 5 2
17 0/000 CAMBRIDGE GOLD M Tate 8-8-0 – 9
18 0000 THE CATISFIELD KID (B) W Wightman 4-7-13 W Carson 1
19 00/0- FALLIG SCHNELL J Howell 7-7-13 – 4
11-4 King's College Boy, 7-2 Farolito, 9-2 The Pawn, 6 Going Broke, 8 Yorkshire Moores, 10 Saddam, 12 Liberty Walk, 20 others.

8.35 DARLESTON STAKES (3-Y-O fillies: £1,035: 1m 1f) (18)
1 2101 MOST HONOURABLE F Durr 9-6 P Cook 4
2 1 COUNTRY CHARM J Hindley 9-3 E Taylor 3
5 3-001 NAWARA P Walwyn 9-3 N Howe 3 8
6 0-1 SPRING FREE D Arbuthnot 9-3 M Hills 3 5
13 0000 BEV'S GIRL M James 8-11 P Robinson 7
14 4300 BUSHTI MUSIC F Durr 8-11 – 13
17 0-2 CHANTRY G Harwood 8-11 G Starkey 1
19 00 GAY TARA B Swift 8-11 – 9
20 03-0 GENTLE DOWN G Hunter 8-11 T Rogers 17
21 0-0 GOLF GIRL G Hunter 8-11 G Duffield 10
25 0-4 KINCS G Balding 8-11 – 6
28 00-00 MEHRAGAN R Hollinshead 8-11 S Perks 15
31 4000- MOPSY LOVEJOY D H Jones 8-11 – 11
33 00-00 NAKTERJAL (B) J Dunlop 8-11 W Carson 12
35 3-02 QUEEN TO BE M Albina 8-11 S Cauthen 14
43 0 SHUKRIAA R Boss 8-11 – 16
46 00- SOLBELLA D H Jones 8-11 R Hills 3 2
48 00- THE WAY SHE MOVES P Cole 8-11 J Reid 18
3 Country Charm, 7-2 Most Honourable, 9-2 Chantry, 6 Spring Free, 8 Nawara, 10 Queen To Be, 12 Golf Girl, Kincs, 20 others.

Wolverhampton selections

By Our Racing Staff

6.15 Sheeog. 6.40 Miss Oldham. 7.5 Bernard Sunley. 7.35 Bonnement. 8.5 The Pawn. 8.35 Country Charm.

Saturday results

Goodwood

2.0 1, Page Blanche (10-1); 2, Sunsoak (evens fav); 3, Trakady (7-2). 8 ran nr. Monaco Lady.
2.30 1, Morcon (9-2 fav); 2, Favoloso (20-1); 3, Lady Justice (12-1). 15 ran.
3.5 1, Acclimatise (4-1); 2, Elysian (33-1); 3, La Gigla (33-1). 6 ran. nr Cormorant Wood.
3.40 1, Bluff House (5-2); 2, Anton Pillar (9-4 fav); 3, Round Hill (5-1). 8 ran.
4.10 1, Paris North (7-1); 2, North Briton (6-1); 3, Steel Kid (8-4 fav). 8 ran.
4.40 1, Milord (9-4 jt-fav); 2, Redhouse Charm (14-1); 3, Scarlet O'Hariot (9-2). 8 ran. Welsh Willie (9-4 jt-fav).

Newmarket

1.45: 1, Kapaleion (9-4 fav); 2, Kalamore (7-2); 3, Pass To Paradise (13-2). 10 ran, nr Riba Dancer.
2.15: Falstaff (6-1); 2, Attempt (11-10 fav); 3, Bryony Rose (6-1). 6 ran.
2.45. 1, Shoot Clear (7-4 fav); 2, Forzando (6-1); 3, Fair Dominion (9-1). 11 ran, nr Ashley Rocket.
3.15: 1, Swing To Me (7-2); 2, Dick 'E' Bear (7-2); 3, Elite Syncopation (2-1). 5 ran, nr Video Man.
3.45: 1, Sebi Star (10-1); 2, Oldo (7-2 fav); 3, Misdirected (11-2). 14 ran.
4.15: Paramaribo (16-1); 2, Fen Tiger (33-1); 3, Molton Boy (3-1 fav). 20 ran, nr Linda's Design.
4.45: 1, Sparks (14-1); 2, Airship (8-1); 3, Royal Trouper (11-2 fav). 11 ran.

Thirsk

2.30: 1, Leadenhall Boy (6-4 fav); 2, Sambola (16-1); 3, Petchance (12-1). 9 ran.
3.00: 1, *Al Mamoon* (11-10 fav); 2, Rio Riva (6-1); 3, Bounty Hawk (4-1). 4 ran.
3.30: 1, Nebiha (8-1); 2, Regal Steel (5-2 fav); 3, Middlin Thrang (9-2). 6 ran.
4.00: 1, Monks Gold (10-11 fav); 2, Hold Tight (7-4); 3, Quite Hot (8-1). 6 ran.
4.30: 1, Royal Caostion (5-2); 2, Relative Ease (7-2); 3, Bonne Baiser (7-2). Dream Again (9-4 fav). 5 ran, nr Fairgreen.
5.00: 1, Major Don (1-2 fav); 2, Worlingfoot (6-1); 3, Asisit (2-1). 5 ran.

Windsor

5.45: 1, Nawasi (6-1); 2, Miss Slica Key (13-8 Fav); 3, Storm Foot (15-2). 20 ran.
6.15: Lauraneia (4-7 Fav); 2, Glint Of Silver (33-1); 3, Gracious Homes (33-1). 19 ran. nr What's In Store.
6.40: 1, Sandieen (3-1); 2, Merry Tom (9-2); 3, Bajan Boy (10-1). 10 ran. English Muffin (2-1 Fav). nr Fearless Mover.
7.15: 1, Creeby Hill (3-1 Fav); 2, Captain Crumpet (3-1); 3, Shamboolic (6-1). 9 ran.
7.35: 1, Ridgefield (9-1); 2, Sir Blessed (2-1 Fav); 3, Sunshine Gal (4-1). 8 ran.
8.15: 1, Miss Trilli (3-1); 2, St Crespin Bay (5-2 Fav); 3, Brentex (8-1). 9 ran.
8.35: 1, Pip (25-1); 2, Dalmens (25-1). 3, Realistic (4-7 Fav). 15 ran. nr Kohinoor Diamond.

Newton Abbot

2.15: 1, Flaming Teatwood (9-2); 2, Flamtex Lad (16-1); 3, Pride of Barnes (4-1). 8 ran. *Saintly Sorrel (7-2 Fav).*
2.45: 1, Rising Sovereign (25-1); 2, Champagne Glory (12-1); 3, Lost Valley (14-1); 4, Singing Fool (8-1). 18 ran. Point Outlook & Wynnwith Sovereign (7-2 Jt.Favs).
3.15: 1, Virbian (5-1); 2, Sanhedrin (8-1); 3, Skateboard (2-1 Fav); 4, Paperacer (7-1). 16 ran. NR: Royal Gaye.
3.45: 1, Old Mill Lady (5-1); 2, The Cliftonian (11-2); 3, Silent Flyer (16-1). 13 ran. Chandeer (5-2 Fav). NR: Another Jo.
4.15: 1, Brown Shadow (7-2); 2, Sarena Plastics (14-1); 3, Great Pretender (7-2). 16 ran. Gallium (5-2 Fav).
4.45: Never Tamper (8-1); 2, Tamdhu (5-2 Fav); 3, Hot Tomato (9-2). 9 ran.

Market Rasen

6.0: 1, Boy Sandford (Evens fav); 2, Miss Abwah (8-1); 3, Cheeky Monkey (7-1). 12 ran.
6.30: 1, Pretty Lass (2-1 fav); 2, Lightning Brigade (12-1); 3, Fordel (6-1). 12 ran.
7.0: 1, Lettle Lohman (3-1 fav); 2, All Expense (13-2); 3, Rage Glen (7-2); 4, Grafty Green (16-1). 20 ran. nr. The Knife, Julie Simone.
7.30: 1, No Retreat (15-1); 2, Magic Tipp (7-4 fav); 3, Pleskoly Blues (9-4). 6 ran.
8.0: 1, Handylad (3-1 fav); 2, Streamon (4-1); 3, Hotshaw Grange (7-1). 17 ran.
8.30: 1, Brigadier Victor (9-4 fav); 2, Smokey Shadow (8-1); 3, El Ojem (7-1). 14 ran. nr. Majorian.

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La crème de la crème

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The Secretary to the Governors St Andrews School, Meads, Eastbourne BN20 7RP. Closing date for return of completed applications 26th August 1983.

UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW
DEPARTMENTS OF BIOCHEMISTRY AND BOTANY

Applications are invited for a Post-doctoral Fellowship to investigate the properties of phosphoenolpyruvate carboxylase with particular reference to the interconversion of different forms of the enzyme. The work will be part of a research programme supervised by Dr H G Nimmo, Professor C A Fewson (Biochemistry) and Professor M B Wilkins (Botany).

Applicants should have post-graduate experience in some area of enzymology; familiarity with covalent modification of proteins would be preferred but is not essential. The salary will begin on 1 October, 1983, or as soon as possible thereafter, is for a maximum of three years. Applications (one copy), giving the names of two referees, should be sent to Professor M B Wilkins, Department of Botany, from whom further details may be obtained.

In reply please quote Ref. No. 5113E.

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UNIVERSITY OF LEICESTER
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A Chemistry or Physics graduate is required for an SERC CASE Award to work with Professor M. C. R. Symons in collaboration with Hirst Research Centre GEC for development of low frequency electron spin resonance spectroscopy techniques.

This Award for research, leading to the degree of Ph.D., is open to all interested students who have obtained a first or upper second class Honours degree.

Applicants should write in the first instance, giving all relevant details, to Professor M. C. R. Symons, Department of Chemistry, University of Leicester, Leicester LE1 7RH.

UNIVERSITY OF LEICESTER
Faculty of Law
EUROLEX SCHOLARSHIP 1983

The Faculty of Law and the University Computer Laboratory have entered into a programme of collaboration with EUROLEX, the computer on-line legal data base of the European Law Centre Ltd., in the field of computer-aided legal modelling. Applications are now invited for a one year Research Studentship financed by the EUROLEX Scholarship 1983.

The successful applicant, in addition to working with the legal modelling team, will register for a Master's degree in the Faculty of Law.

Applicants should possess a good first degree in Law, and should be thoroughly familiar with the law relating to Unfair Dismissal.

Please send a curriculum vitae, to arrive not later than 12th August 1983, to:

Alan C. Neal, EUROLEX Scholarship, Faculty of Law, The University, Leicester LE1 7RH

ST. JAMES'S Secretarial College. Prospectus Mrs. Hale, 4 Wetherby Gdns. SW5. 01-373 3852.

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HORIZONS

The Times Guide to career training

Venture born of a PhD thesis

In her third article on careers for graduates, Patricia Tisdall traces the origins of a new graphics company

John Fielden turned to self-employment to enable him to finish a PhD thesis after his grant ran out last September. He now sees it as a way of supporting himself while a company he and six friends have formed gets off the ground. He has no regrets so far about not joining the milk round. "The idea of working for a large company never really appealed. I prefer the thought of working in a small unit where I know everybody and everything which is going on," he says.

Mr Fielden, who is 25, became interested in the application of modern colour computer graphics during work on radio maps for his PhD in radio astronomy at Cambridge. With the help of introductions from his course supervisor, he has since been able to supply graphics for TV programmes, mainly to BBC Bristol. The new company, Arcom Array Processors, has been formed to design and build its own fairly powerful computer to improve graphics in other fields.

Already interest in the group's ideas for techniques to de-blur photographs has been expressed by several medical and defence organizations. By using the most up-to-date microprocessors, the group (all Cambridge physics graduates) believe they can provide a quicker and cheaper service than any existing one. If they succeed in raising the £100,000-£200,000 capital which will be needed during the next few years, the plan is for Mr Fielder to become the company's first full-time director.

To meet his existing freelance contracts, he is using spare time on the computer at the Institute of Astronomy at Cambridge, and a TV camera borrowed from the BBC. As an office he uses a corner of a small 400 sq ft "starter" factory unit which some other friends have leased from Cambridge City Council for their own micro-computer operation.

Reaching an arrangement with the Institute to use their computer outside normal hours was comparatively straightforward. But negotiations with the Science and Engineering Research Council, which owns the computer, were more protracted. Mr Fielden's advice to anyone thinking of following his example would be: do not expect quick returns; be prepared to exercise a fair degree of diplomacy; and make sure that you "can put something back into the system".

As is often the case in any new business venture, Mr Fielden found the first few weeks financially difficult since payments were not made until after the work was completed. During the start-up period he supported himself mainly from savings from vacation work. However, while they may have come in erratic intervals, payments had totalled around £3,500 by the end of the first six months. Mr Fielden feels this is a reasonable return for his efforts.

"Getting started is the difficult bit. You've got to get the contacts", he says. He is now reasonably confident, particularly since he has no mortgage or family, that he can continue to support himself for as long as is needed to build up the company. He has found fairly general social acceptance for what he is doing, although some of his counterparts at the University think it "a bit strange" and are also surprised that he can generate enough income to keep going. "Money is not that important to me", he says. "It would be nice if we made a lot but I don't really mind if we don't."

The work is hard – a six or seven day week, 10 to 12 hours a day. At times it is also tedious, but Mr Fielden is enjoying the experience so far – he reckons variety in the tasks compensates for boredom. He does not resent the long hours, or the absence of a break. "There is no use going into something half-heartedly", he says. "There is too much to do".

Exams, the new growth industry

Catherine Avent assesses their importance – and qualities that go untested

Public examinations ruin the early summer for many young people between the ages of 16 and 22. Some have to contend with traditional three-hour papers while suffering from hay fever; heat waves or thunderstorms frequently affect the atmosphere in which students attempt to regurgitate acquired knowledge, express ideas or solve problems for which they have been preparing for two or three years. Teachers sometimes accuse parents of overemphasizing the need for their children to obtain GCE passes in order to qualify for entry to further education and careers. There is a detectable groundswell of opinion against the system of external examinations on which teenagers' futures so often depend.

Many adults pursue successful careers in business or public life despite a record of failure at school; they claim correctly that qualities of personality and character are often more important for success and job satisfaction than paper qualifications. Teachers point to the possible harm done to less academically able pupils by a system which appears to over-reward certain intellectual capacities. A school's good record in helping pupils to achieve examination successes may be more attributable to good teaching than to particular effort on the youngsters' part.

Periodic attempts are made to change the structure and method of examinations but they are not likely to disappear even if those appropriate to school pupils are as radically altered in the future as they were when single-subject GCE and CSE replaced the grouped-subject school certificate with which older folk are familiar. Multiple-choice answer sheets may replace many essay-type questions but are not necessarily less traumatic as tests of acquired knowledge, nor is a system of continuous assessment preferable to all college students rather than the traditional end-of-course examination.

Those who deplore the influence of examinations upon the curriculum and the unsuccessful candidates have to counter the argument that at professional level it is vital for the public to be assured of a practitioner's competence by the certification which has been conducted by senior members of that profession. Patients take their doctor's prescription to a pharmacist confident that both practitioners have been properly trained, just as they trust their solicitor to know their legal rights or an architect to design a house which will not fall down.

Exams are a growth industry in that a greater proportion of the population nowadays sits them. The driving test is nearly universal. More pupils take examinations at school since the school-leaving age was raised and more go on to further and higher education. Parallel with its expansion has gone the establishment of new professions as a result of technological innovation and the increasing complexity of modern society. Examinations provide a sieve for educational opportunity from one stage to the next and a means whereby employers can reduce the number of candidates for interview when they have hundreds of applicants for some vacancies.

Some occupations impose examinations as a condition for career progression or specialization. Merchant Navy officers have their competency assessed at each stage before assuming command of a ship; the armed services set examinations for entry to staff colleges; miners' promotion depends upon a series of assessments.

Since examinations play so large a part in entry to some careers, young people who have difficulty in coping with GCE/CSE should perhaps consider occupations which do not restrict entry to the possessors of certain certificates and where career success and job satisfaction depend more upon qualities of character and personality.

University of Leicester
School of Education
Temporary Lectureship in the Teaching of English as a Foreign Language

Applications are invited from suitably qualified graduates for a one-year temporary Lectureship in the Teaching of English as a Foreign Language.

The duties of the post will include teaching a full time-table of E.F.L. and Study Skills in the language development component of a development and testing, and Arab world experience would be advantageous.

The appointment will date from 1 October 1983 on the Lecturer salary scale £7,190 to £14,125.

Application forms and further particulars can be obtained from the Registrar, University of Leicester, University Road, Leicester LE1 7RH, to whom completed forms should be returned by 19 August 1983.

University of Aberdeen
Regius Chair of Physiology

The Secretary of State for Scotland invites applications for the Regius Chair of Physiology in the University of Aberdeen which falls vacant on 30 September 1983. It is envisaged that the successful candidate will be either a classical physiologist, a physiologist with a clinical interest, or a clinician or para-clinician of an appropriate speciality.

A note of the conditions of appointment and further particulars may be obtained from:

The Secretary, Scottish Education Department, Room 3/114, New St Andrew's House, EDINBURGH EH1 3SY

Five copies of applications, accompanied by the names of three referees, should be sent to the above address.

NOTE: To take account of the International Congress of Physiology, it has been decided to extend the closing date for applications until Friday 7 October 1983.

UNIVERSITY OF BATH
MEDICAL OFFICER

Applications are invited from suitably qualified medical practitioners for the post of University Medical Officer which becomes tenable on 1st January 1984.

Further particulars may be obtained from the Personnel Officer, University of Bath, Claverton Down, Bath, BA2 7AY.

Closing date for applications will be 31st August 1983.

UNIVERSITY OF ST. ANDREWS
Dept of Physics
LECTURESHIP IN ELECTRONICS

Applications are invited for the post of Lecturer in Electronics. The successful candidate will be expected to contribute to the teaching of the Electronics half of joint honours courses and to conduct research appropriate to the developing interests of the Department.

Salary at appropriate point on scale £7190 to £14125. Starting salary probably not above £10250 + FSSU/USS.

Applications (2 copies preferably in typescript) with the names of three referees should be lodged by 29th August 1983 with the Establishments Officer, The University College Gate, St. Andrews, Fyfe, from whom further particulars may be obtained.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE CARDIFF
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
LECTURER IN PRIMARY EDUCATION (MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE)

Applications are invited for the post of Lecturer in Education with special reference to the teaching of Mathematics and Science of the numbers of graduates being trained for careers in primary education, will initially be on a three year contract basis. It is envisaged that the person appointed will have recent and successful school experience, and a demonstrated capability for innovation and action research. The ability to contribute to foundation courses on one of the following would be an advantage: Child growth and development, learning theory, tests and measurement, assessment and evaluation, the social implications of science and technology.

Duties will include lecturing and tutoring on P.G.C.E. and in-service B.Ed. and M. Ed. courses in all of which some experience of developing country problems would be of use together with short course work from time to time. The successful applicant, who will be expected to carry ut personal research, will be part of a strong mathematics/science team and will be responsible to the Head of Department through the Professor of Science Education. Duties to commence at a convenient date to be arranged. Salary range: £7,190 - £14,125 per annum.

Applications (10 copies), together with the names and addresses of two referees, should be forwarded to the Vice-Principal (Administration) & Registrar, University College, P.O. Box 78, Cardiff CF1 1XL. Closing date 2nd September, 1983. Ref: 2653.

QUEEN MARY COLLEGE
University of London
DEPARTMENT OF MATERIALS

Applications are invited for a POSTDOCTORAL RESEARCH ASSISTANTSHIP to participate in a research programme on hard tissue reconstruction under the direction of Professor W. Bonfield. Current projects include ultra sonic analysis and fracture mechanics of cortical bone, development of novel bone replacement materials and tissue – synthetic material compatability. Relevant experience in any of these topics or with related techniques desirable.

Initial appointment for one year at salary in range £8,376 – £9,716 p.a. (including London Allowance). Applications by letter, enclosing curriculum vitae and names of 2 academic referees, should reach The Secretary, Queen Mary College, Mile End Road, London, E1 4NS, by 19 August.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTTINGHAM
Administrative Assistant (Trainee)

This appointment, within the central administration of the University, is envisaged as a trainee appointment in University administration. It will be a fixed term appointment of three years and will be particularly suitable for a recent graduate.

Applications quoting the names of three referees are invited in letter form and should be addressed to the Staff Appointments Officer, University of Nottingham, University Park, Nottingham, NG7 2RD. Closing date 31 August 1983.

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DEPARMENT OF ANATOMY
Sub-department of Veterinary Anatomy

Applications are invited for a University Lectureship in Veterinary Anatomy the appointment to commence as soon as possible and prefeably not later than 1 January 1984. The appointment will be for three years with the possibilty of reappointment to retiring age.

The pensionable scale of stipends for a University Lecturer not ordinarily resident in College is £9,875 a year, rising by eleven annual increments to £18,065. There is no grade of Senior Lecturer.

Further information about the duties and conditions of appointment may be obtained from the Secretary of the Appointments Committee for the Faculty of Biology 'B', 19, Trumpington Street, Cambridge, CB2 1QA, to whom applications (twelve copies) including a curriculum vitae and the names of three referees should be sent so as to reach him not later than 30 September 1983.

UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE
Computing Laboratory
Lecturer

Applications are invited for a Lectureship in the Computing Laboratory in the field of Numerical Analysis from candidates with research achievement and high academic qualifications and interested in teaching in the various undergraduate and postgraduate courses with which the Computing Laboratory is associated. Preference will be given to experienced candidates whose main interest lies in one or more of the following fields:

1. Numerical Linear Algegra
2. Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations
3. Numerical Approximation

Other interests would be considered and an interest in the development of mathematical software in these areas would be particularly welcome.

Salary will be at an appropriate point on the Lecturers' scale: £7,190-£14,125 per annum, according to age, qualifications and experience.

Further particulars may be obtained from the Deputy Registrar (F.P.), The University, 6 Kensington Terrace, Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 7RU, with whom applications (3 copies) together with the names and addresses of three referees, should be lodged not later than 26th August 1983. Please quote Ref. T.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTTINGHAM
Temporary Lecturer in Physics

Applications are invited for a temporary lectureship in Physics to replace Professor P. Mansfield, who has been awarded an MRC Professorial Research Fellowship. The post will be for three years. The candidate's research interests should be in nuclear magnetic resonance and/or applications of physics to medicine. The Lecturer will be required to be involved with the existing NMR imaging group which is currently engaged in the improvement and clinical application of real-time movie imaging by NMR.

The appointment will be in the salary scale £7,190 to £14,125 per annum plus USS.

Application forms and further particulars, returnable not later than 31 August 1983, may be obtained form the Staff Appointments Officer, University of Nottingham, University Park, Nottingham, NG7 2RD. Ref. No. 890.

University of Glasgow
Department of Botany
Lectureship in Botany

Applications are invited for a Lectureship in Botany to begin on 1st October, 1983 or as soon as possible thereafter. Applicants must have a specialized interest in experimental ecology, either aquatic or terrestrial. Postdoctoral experience is desirable.

Salary will be within the range £7,190-£14,125 on the Lecturers' scale, with placement according to age, qualifications and experience.

Further particulars may be obtained from the Secretary of the University Court (Room 18), University of Glasgow, Glasgow G12 8QQ, with whom applications (5 copies), giving the names and addresses of not more than three referees, should be lodged on or before 29th August, 1983.

In reply please quote Ref. No. 5112E.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE CARDIFF
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
LECTURER IN EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION

Applications are invited from suitably qualified persons for the post of Lecturer in Educational Administration. The post, which will be initially on a three year contract basis, arises from the growth of student numbers both from the UK and abroad in this area. It is envisaged that the successful applicant will have had recent and successful institutional management experience, and a well developed capacity for operational research together with an ability to apply a systems approach in this field.

Duties will include lecturing and tutoring on the P.G.C.E., in-service B.Ed. and M.Ed. courses together with a regular input into short courses, especially those now being developed for headmasters. An interest/experience in education in low income countries would be advantageous as would the ability to contribute to one of the following fields: Economics of Education, Educational Planning, Continuing Education.

The person appointed, who will be expected to engage in personal research, will be responsible to the head of department and work under the general direction of Dr C. Dimmock in the development of activities in Educational Administration. Salary range: £7190-£14125 per annum. Duties to commence at a convenient date to be arranged.

Applications (10 copies), together with the names and addresses of two referees, should be forwarded to the Vice-Principal (Administration) & Registrar, University College, P.O. Box 78, Cardiff CF1 1XL. Closing date 2nd September, 1983. Ref: 2652.

University of Nottingham
STUDENT COUNSELLOR

The University and the Student's Union invite applications from suitably qualified persons for the above post. Preference will be given to a graduate with social work qualifications and/or relevant experience. The contract will be for 3 years, from a mutually convenient date, and the initial salary, dependent on qualifications and experience, will be within the range £6,310-£9,875 p.a.

Further particulars and forms of application maybe obtained from Staff Appointments Officer, University of Nottingham, University Park, Nottingham NG7 2RD. Closing date 31st August 1983.

Ref No. 891.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE
Assistant Lectureship in Department of Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics

Applications are invited for this post tenable from an early date. Appointment will be for three years initially, with salary in the range £7,630 – £9,425 p.a. depending on age. Further information about teaching duties and Departmental research fields is available from Head of the Department at Silver Street, Cambridge, CB3 9EW. Application include c.v., list of publications an names of two or three referees should reach the Secretary of the Appointments Committee of Faculty of Mathematics (16 Mill Lane, Cambridge, CB2 1SB) by 19 September.

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(continued on page 22)

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Educational Appointments

university college of swansea
Research Studentship

Applications are invited from suitable recently qualified graduates, or those expected to graduate shortly, for a Research Studentship in the Department of History. The successful applicant will study in the field of the History of Ideas in Renaissance England.

The Research Studentship, which is tenable from the beginning of the Session 1983/84, and is of the same value of studentships awarded by Research Councils or the D.E.S., plus tuition fees, will be under the direction of Professor S. Anglo.

Further particulars can be obtained from Professor S. Anglo, Department of History, University College of Swansea, Singleton Park, Swansea, SA2 8PP.

UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE
THE MEDICAL SCHOOL
TWO LECTURESHIPS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

Applications are invited from Science graduates for two whole time appointments of Lecturer in the Department of Microbiology tenable from 1st October 1983. Candidates should have an interest in microbial pathogenicity, other than viral pathogenicity, and for one of the posts an interest in eukaryotic microorganisms would be and advantage. Undergraduate courses in microbiology are conducted by the Department for science, medical and dental students. The successful candidate will be encouraged to engage in research for which there are good facilities. Candidates wishing to visit the Department should contact Professor M. Sussman (0632-328511 Ext. 3704).

Salary will be at an appropriate point on the Lecturers' non-medical salary scale: £7,190-£14,125 per annum, according to age, qualifications and experience.

Further particulars may be obtained from the Deputy Registrar (F.P.), The University, 6 Kensington Terrace, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 7RU, with whom applications (three copies) together with the names and addresses of three referees, should be lodged not later than 5th September 1983. Please quote reference T.

IMPERIAL COLLEGE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
(University of London)
Temporary Lecturer in Accounting and Finance

required in the Department of Management Science from 1 October, 1983 or as soon as possible there-after and to be for one year in first instance. Duties will include participation in teaching Accounting and Finance principally in engineering.

Salary in scale £8,376 – £18,311 (including London Allowance).

Written applications (there is no application form) giving a full curriculum vitae and the names of at least two referees should be sent to Professor Samuel Eilon, Department of Management Science, Imperial College, London, SW7 2BX as soon as possible.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE
Professorships

Applications are invited for the following Professorships

Kennedy Professorships of Latin
Vacant by the retirement of Professor E. J. Kenney.

Laurence Professorship of Ancient Philosophy
Vacant by the death of Professor G. E. L. Owen.

Professorship of English
Vacant by the appointment of Professor C. B. Ricks to the King Edward VII Professorship of English Literature.

Erlington and Bosworth Professorship of Anglo-Saxon
(Head of Department)
Vacant by the retirement of Professor P. A. M. Clemoes. The field of the Professorship covers the study of Anglo-Saxon Languages and the Languages cognate therewith together with the Antiquites and History of the Anglo-Saxons.

Drapers Professorship of French
(Head of Department)
Vacant by the retirement of Professor P. Rickard.

Professorship of Economics
Vacant on 1 October 1984 by the retirement of Professor R. R. Neild.

Rouse Ball Professor of English Law
Vacant by the retirement of Professor H. W. R. Wade.

Professorship of Mechanics
Vacant by the retirement of Professor W. Johnson. Candidature is limited to persons working in the field of Manufacturing Engineering.

Woodwardian Professorship of Geology
Vacant on 1 October 1983 by the retirement of Professor H. B. Whittington.

Goldsmiths' Professorship of Metallurgy
(Headship of Department available – administrative payment £1,898 p.a.).
Vacant on 1 October 1984 by the retirement of Profesor R. W. K. Honeycombe.

Cavendish Professorship of Physics
Vacant by th retirement of Professor Sir Brian Pippard.

William Wyse Professorship of Social Anthropology
(Headship of Department available)
Vacant on 1 October 1984 by the retirement of Professor J. R. Goody.

Pensionable stipends: £20.070.

Applications (10 copies), marked 'Confidential', should be sent to the Secretary General of the Faculties, from whom further information may be obtained, at the General Board Office, The Old Schools, Cambridge, CB2 1TT. names of two referees may be submitted if desired.

Closing date: 15 October 1983 except for William Wyse Professorship for which closing date is 15 November 1983.

WELSH NATIONAL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE
(University of Wales)
APPOINTMENT OF REGISTRAR AND SECRETARY

Applications are invited for the post of Registrar and Secretary of the Welsh National School of Medicine, an independent University institution within the University of Wales. It is hoped that the successful applicant will take up the appointment on 1st July, 1984.

Candidates should have had extensive experience of University administration and a degree of equivalent qualification; experience of the administrative processes of the National Health Service would be considered an asset. The salary will be within Grade IV of *the salary scales for University administrative staffs* (range £17,275 per annum and upwards); the starting point will be determined according to the qualifications and experience of the successful candidate.

Applications in the form of a full curriculum vitae with the names and addresses of three referees should be received not later than 15th October, 1983, by **The Provost, Welsh National School of Medicine, Heath Park, Cardiff CF4 4XN,** from whom further particulars may be obtained.

UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL
DIRECTORSHIP OF THE MOLECULAR GENETICS UNIT

The University proposes to make an appointment at professorial level to the Directorship of the Molecular Genetics Unit.

Suitable qualified candidates are invited to submit applications by 31st August, 1983. Further particulars of the appointment may be obtained from the **Registrar and Secretary, University Senate House, Bristol, BS8 1TH.**

QUEEN MARY COLLEGE
University of London
ADMINISTRATIVE POSTS

Applications are invited for the following posts:–

ASSISTANT SECRETARY – to assist the College Secretary and other senior officers with a wide range of Committee work, specific reviews, preparation of statistical information and the promotion of College facilities for courses, conferences and meetings. Preference will be given to candidates with administrative experience, particularly in a university. Salary scale: £11,160-£14,125 p.a. plus £1,186 London Allowance.

OVERSEAS STUDENTS OFFICER – a person with relevant experience to act as promoter and co-ordinator of overseas student recruitment and a focus within the College for overseas student affairs. The Officer will be expected to develop and facilitate initiatives and to advise the College on all matters concerning overseas students, undertaking such travel as necessary. Appointment for 3 years in first instance on scale £11,160-£14,125 p.a. plus £1,186 London Allowance.

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT (ESTATES) – for this post some previous administrative experience is desirable but not essential and it would provide an interesting and challenging opportunity for a yound graduate wishing to make a career in university administration. Initial salary within lower part of scale £6,310-£11,615 p.a. plus £1,186 London Allowance.

Further particulars of any of these posts are obtainable from The Secretary, Queen Mary College, Mile End Road, London E1 4NS, to whom applications should be returned by 2 September.

The Council of The Royal College of Music intends to appoint a
DIRECTOR

to take over from the present director on his retirement at the end of 1984.

Applications with curriculum vitae are invited before 30th September, 1983, from persons possessing suitable qualifications and experience.

Applications marked *private and confidential* should be sent to:

The Secretary of the Council
Royal College of Music
Prince Consort Road
London, S W 7

from whom further details of the post may be obtained if required.

The Council do not necessarily undertake to confine their consideration to those who have applied.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and IN MEMORIAM ..£3.25 a line (minimum 3 lines)

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200 Gray's Inn Road
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or telephoned (by telephone subscribers only) to: 01-837 3311 or 01-837 3333

Announcements can be received by telephone between 9.00am and 5.30pm, Monday to Friday, on Saturday between 9.00am and 12.00noon. For publication the following day, phone by 1.30pm

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES, WEDDINGS, etc. on Court and Social Page. £5 a line.

Court and Social Page announcements can not be accepted by telephone

DELIVER ME, O my God, out of the hand of the wicked, out of the hand of the unrighteous and cruel man
Psalm 71 : 4

BIRTHS

BLUM – On July 18th to Sarah and Peter a daughter, Jessica Randolph

CAUDRON DE COQUEREAUMONT. On July 25th in St Lô, France, to Freda (née Godwin) and Gérard – a daughter, Alison Charlotte

HIGHAM. On July 28 to Pippa (née Thorpe) and Robin a son (Thomas Charles Edward).

KNIGHT. On July 26 at St Teresa's Wimbledon to Harriet (née Baker) and Geoff, a son Marcus Stephen.

LAMB – to Christopher and Valerie (née Neild) a daughter, Victoria on 26th July. A sister to Elizabeth.

McLAUCHLAN, on July 28th at Leicester General to Judy (née Pearson) and John, a daughter, Hannah Myra Catherine

PUMPHREY. On July 28 to Penelope and Charles a daughter, Kate.

ROOK – On the 28th July at the Royal Free Hospital to Susie (née Tewson) and Peter – a son, a brother for Annabel and Sophie.

RUBERY – On July 27th at St Teresa's Hospital to Rachel (née Rovigny) and Philip, a daughter, Georgina Rachel Eugenie.

SETTATREE. To Tessa (née Stables) a son Andrew David Ralph a brother for Hannah, Lucy and John born 28th July at Haverfordwest. Psalm 139 verses 13 and 14 and Psalm 150

WATKINS. On July 27th at Oxford, to Veronica (née Evans) and John – a son (Tudor Alexander), brother for Richard

MARRIAGES

BULMER: Martin on Saturday July 23 1983 at Crowborough. Laurence Bulmer to Daphne Martin. Followed by a service of blessing at St Denys' Rotherfield. The reception was held at their home, Long Hedges, Rotherfield

RICKMAN – GREGG. On 30th July 1983 at Southampton. Robert James, son of Margaret and Geoffrey Rickman of Cobham, Surrey, to Marion Pease, daughter of Ian and Mary Gregg of Southampton.

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No payment made after 15th August 1983 will be accepted unless accompanied by a further payment representing interest on U.S.$800 per Note at the rate of 12¼ per cent per annum calculated from (and including) 15th August 1983 to (but excluding) the date of actual payment on the basis of 360 day year consisting of 12 months of 30 days each.

The Bank may elect at any time after 30th August 1983 (without giving published notice) not to accept payment of the final instalment of the issue price of, and to forfeit, any partly paid Notes, in which event it shall be entitled to retain the first instalment of the issue price of such Notes and shall be discharged from any obligation to pay interest for any period subsequent to 14th August 1983 on such instalment or to repay such instalment.

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Notice of Meeting
TIME ASSURANCE SOCIETY
Registered Office: 46 Queens Road, Oldham, Greater Manchester
A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Society will be held at the Registered Office On Tuesday, 16th August 1983 at 10.30 a.m.
AGENDA
1. To approve new Table C.T.A.
2. to approve new Table GB.
3. To approve new Table IB.
4. To amend Rule 9 (i).
(Signed) D. R. REES
Secretary

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BBC 1

6.00 Ceefax AM. News headlines, weather, traffic and sports details. Also available to viewers with television sets without the teletext facility.

6.30 Breakfast Time presented by Frank Bough and Selina Scott. News from Andrew Harvey at 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00 and 8.30 with headlines on the quarter hours; regional news, weather, and traffic details at 6.45, 7.15, 7.45 and 8.15; keep fit and the family budget between 6.45 and 7.00; tonight's television previewed between 7.15 and 7.30; review of the morning papers at 7.32 and 8.32; horoscopes between 8.30 and 8.45; and food and cooking hints between 8.45 and 9.00.

9.00 Hey Look . . . That's Me! Chris Harris tries Grass Ski-ing at Butser Hill and Lil joins a group of young people who are working and studying on an Iron Age Farm 9.25 Jackanory Tony Aitken reads part one of The Eggbox Brontosaurus (r) 9.40 The Amazing Adventures of Morph, introduced by Tony Hart (r) 9.45 Why Don't You. . .? Ideas for young people with time on their hands (r) 10.10 Closedown.

10.55 Cricket: Second Test. Live coverage of the morning session in the match at Headingley between England and New Zealand, introduced by Peter West. There is further coverage on this channel at 1.40 and on BBC2 at 4.15 with highlights of the day's play at 11.40.

1.05 News After Noon with Michael Cole and Vivien Creegor. The weather prospects come from Bill Giles 1.22 Regional news (London and SE only: Financial report followed by news headlines with subtitles) 1.25 Chock-a-Block. A See-Saw programme for the very young, presented by Fred Harris (r).

1.40 Cricket: Second Test. Another visit to Headingley for live coverage of the afternoon session 4.18 Regional news (not London).

4.20 Play School. Shown earlier on BBC2 4.45 Cartoon: Scooby and Scrappy Doo (r) 5.05 John Craven's Newsround. 5.10 The Red Hand Gang. Episode three: The Search (r) 5.35 The Perishers (r).

5.40 News with Moira Stuart 6.00 South East at Six presented by Sue Cook, Laurie Mayer and Fran Morrison.

6.25 Nationwide looks back at its 14-year history with some former presenters.

6.50 World of Wildlife: Way of the Willow. A documentary about the people and the flora and fauna of the Somerset Levels, in particular, Sedgemoor.

7.20 Matt Houston. The millionaire detective is arrested for murder when the police find his name in the diary of a dead woman. Released on bail, he becomes the target of a murder attempt.

8.10 Panorama: The Whole Truth. Margaret Jay reports on the heavy reliance in trials of experts' evidence and looks at cases of people who have been wrongly convicted on experts' erroneous evidence (r).

9.00 News with Frances Coverdale.

9.25 Film: The Ordeal of Doctor Mudd. (1980) starring Dennis Weaver and Susan Sullivan. The first showing on British television of the made-for-television movie, based on fact, about the ordeal of a Doctor Mudd, wrongfully imprisoned for unwittingly assisting President Lincoln's assassin, John Wilkes Booth. Directed by Paul Wendkos.

11.45 News headlines and weather.

TV-am

6.25 Good Morning Britain presented by Anne Diamond and Martin Wainwright. News at 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30 and 8.58; sport at 6.45 and 7.45; the day's newspapers reviewed at 7.05; highlights of Diana Dors's diet at 7.10; pop video at 7.55; Richard and Geraldine Waring at 8.05; the day's television previewed at 8.35; exercises with Mad Lizzie at 8.50; and, from 9.00, Roland Rat in London. Today's guest is Benny Green.

ITV/LONDON

9.25 Thames news headlines followed by Sesame Street. 10.25 Science International. 10.35 Alphabet: The Story of Writing. Part three: The invention of printing and copperplate engraving (r) 11.00 Little House on the Prairie. There's No Place Like Home: Part one (r) 11.50 Cartoon Time. The Writing on the Walls.

12.00 We'll Tell You a Story. Christopher Lillicrap and Grandma Tomkins' Crown (r) 12.10 Let's Pretend to the story of The Clock that Forgot to Tock (r) 12.30 The Questors. The first in a new science series presented by Brian Trueman. This afternoon he investigates the healing properties of exotic plants.

1.00 News with Carol Barnes 1.20 Thames news with Robin Houston 1.30 Smiffs, by Tessa Diamond. Part one of a drama about life in a London fashion design firm.

2.00 Film: Harry Black and the Tiger (1958) starring Stewart Granger, Anthony Steel and Barbara Rush. As to the manner born Granger plays white hunter, Harry Black who, while hunting for a man-eating tiger, meets a figure from his past. Directed by Hugo Fregonese.

4.00 We'll Tell You a Story. A repeat of the programme shown at noon 4.15 Cartoon: Victor and Maria in The Dog 4.20 The New Fantastic Four and the Calamity on the Campus 4.45 A Musical World. The pupils of Trinity School, Leamington Spa, present Your Attention Please, a musical revue 5.15 PS It's Paul Squire.

5.45 News 6.00 Thames news.

6.25 What It's Worth. Channel Four's consumer affairs presenter, David Stafford, answers viewers' letters.

6.35 Crossroads David Hunter is talked into a deal by Wally Soper.

7.00 The Krypton Factor. Three men and a girl strive for a place in the semi-final of this brain and brawn competition.

7.30 Coronation Street. Why has the street received a visit from the boys in blue?

8.00 The Happy Apple. Comedy series about an impoverished advertising agency.

8.30 World in Action: The Race Against Reagan. The rise of black power and its threat to stop President Reagan winning a second term in office is examined. (See Choice).

9.00 Quincy. A young policeman lies when questioned about the shooting of a burglar.

10.00 News.

10.30 Looks Familiar. Denis Norden reminisces about the showbiz stars of the Forties and Fifties with guests Roy Hudd, Beryl Reid and Billy Dainty.

11.00 Hill Street Blues. Panic on the precinct when the pay cheques are stolen.

12.00 Film: Clue of the Silver Key* (1959) starring Bernard Lee Who killed the wealthy moneylender? Directed by Gerard Glaister.

12.55 Close with Sian Phillips.

John Stonehouse reveals his motives: BBC2 10.10pm

CHOICE

● The most famous disappearing act of 1974 is the subject of Dr Anthony Clare's second programme in his series MOTIVES (BBC2 10.10pm). John Stonehouse who disappeared after faking his death off the Miami coast, only to resurface three months later in Australia, talks about the events that led up to his duplicitous act. Dr Clare also unearths Stonehouse's feelings for his parents – 'I loved my mother for her political ideals', 'my father drank a bit' and the reasons why Stonehouse chose politics as a career – 'idealism' Of his present life he claims he is happier now than he has ever been, but earlier only his love for his second wife saved him from suicide.

● World in Action's THE RACE AGAINST REAGAN (ITV 8.30pm) reports on the growing electoral muscle of the formerly apathetic black American voters. Muscle that is gaining strength, and, it is estimated, by next year, will be powerful enough to wrest the presidency from Reagan. In a lightning tour of the southern United States, World in Action films poor black families receiving free food in Montgomery, Alabama; a civil rights convention in New Orleans; and spends a day with Jesse Jackson, the black Baptist minister who is expected to seek the Democratic nomination for the next election. With millions more blacks registering to vote in 1984 and nine out of ten of them expected to vote Democrat, President Reagan's hopes for a second term in office are looking extremely optimistic.

● Actress Kathy Staff forsakes her best known role as Nora Batty, Compo's femme fatale in television's comic success, Last of the Summer Wine, when she plays Alma, an old-age pensioner, in Gilly Fraser's futuristic drama SOMEWHERE ELSE (Radio 4 8.00pm) Set not a million miles from Orwell's vision of the late 20th century, the story concerns an ill-assorted group of women and children who, to escape from an increasingly authoritarian and nuclear bomb-happy government, hole-up in a disused railway station. With Alma are two cockney children, a 14-year old mongol girl, Poppy and Grace, a young woman. Together, led by the optimistic Alma with humour and good sense, they discover a new purpose for their oppressed way of life.

BBC 2

6.05 Open University: Control of Education. 6.30 Culture and Community: Spain (2) 6.55 Maths: Modelling, Stocks. 7.20 Living with Death. 7.45 Haydn's London Symphony. 8.10 Closedown.

10.30 Play School. 10.55 Closedown.

4.15 Cricket: Second Test. Live coverage of the final session of the fourth day's play in the match between England and New Zealand at Headingley.

6.15 Topper* Vintage American comedy series about a deceased couple who return to haunt their former home in the company of an inebriated dog.

6.40 Rudolph Ising Double Bill. Two cartoons made for MGM – Little Goldfish and Little Buck Cheeser.

6.55 Six Fifty-five. Bob Langley takes to water ski-ing on Lake Windermere and Patti Boulaye sings a siren song.

7.25 News summary with subtitles.

7.30 A Moment to Talk. The fourth in the series that eavesdrops on the conversations of ordinary working people as they take a breather from their everday chore. This week it is the turn of the Tele-ads Salesgirls of the Express and Star, Wolverhampton.

7.50 Q.E.D.: Acts of God. Dr Anthony Clare (to be seen later, at 10.10) narrates this documentary about the causes and effects of freak weather. With newsfilm gathered from around the world the programme illustrates the effects of such suprises as a 100ft wave; a stream that becomes a torrent in seconds; typhoons; and thunderbolts. With stuntman John Lees Q.E.D. demonstrates how humans can survive against these unnatural forces (r).

8.20 The Paul Daniels Magic Show. The guests are strongman Markus from Austria and magical mimic from Los Angeles, Tina Lenert.

9.00 Call My Bluff. Another round of the dubious definitions game. This week Frank Muir has Sue Arnold and Nigel Hawthorne on his side while Arthur Marshall is supported by Liza Goddard and Russell Harty.

9.30 One Man and his Dog. The English heat of the competition features Tim Longton, Norman Darrall and John Russell (r).

10.10 Motives. In the second of his series of interviews with public figures Dr Anthony Clare talks to John Stonehouse. (See Choice).

10.50 Newsnight.

11.40 Cricket: Second Test. Highlights of the play in the fourth day of the match between England and New Zealand at Headingley. Introduced by Richie Benaud.

12.10 Open University: Geology of the Red Sea 12.35 Community on Probation: Liverpool 1.05 Closedown.

CHANNEL 4

5.30 Making the Most Of . . . Presenter Therese Birch returns with a second series of programmes that feature wide-ranging activities that cost little or no money. This week Ashley Jackson talks about painting in oils; Hunter Davis extols the joys of collecting seaside memorabilia; Heather Angel finds something unusual in the Southport sand dunes; and Denis Furnell has a free feed from the hedgerow.

6.00 Manscape. The first of a new six-part series that traces the evolution of industry over the last 250 years. Neil Cossons is in Ironbridge in Shropshire to tell the story of iron, from its first uses, through the Industrial Revolution to the second Iron Age of today.

6.30 I Love Lucy* The feminine wiles of Lucy prove too much for husband Ricky, who is tricked into letting Lucy do a commercial for a televison variety show.

7.00 Channel Four News with Peter Sissons, Trevor McDonald and Sarah Hogg. News headlines at 7.30 with business news at 7.35 followed by Foreign Perspective.

7.50 Comment. With a personal view of a subject of topical importance is Jock Bruce-Gardyne, economic secretary to the treasury in the last government.

8.00 Archie Bunker's Place. Comedy series about a bigoted bar owner and his Jewish partner. Tonight, a sabbath dinner party seems to be heading for disaster when the over-generous Edith invites too many guests.

8.30 City Centre Cycling. A new series featuring the heats in the Kellogg's Cycling Championships. Forty top British and overseas cyclists, tonight and for the next five Mondays, race round five courses in cities around the country. They start tonight from College Green, Bristol.

9.30 Ear to the Ground. Another edition of the topical magazine programme for young adults. 'Menstrual Myths' is one of the items tonight. Others include an examination of Britain's policy towards Central America; an interview with playwright Stephen Poliakoff; and a prominent nutritionist claims we are eating ourselves to death.

10.30 The Eleventh Hour: Women in Film. The first of a new series featuring films made by independent women directors. Macho is a documentary by Valeria Sarmient, that illustrates the humour and the horror of machismo in Costa Rica; Smiling Madame Beudet, made in 1922 by Germaine Dulac, is one in the eye for selfish males; and In Nomine Domine lists comic comments made by churchmen about women.

12.15 Closedown.

Radio 4

6.00 News Briefing.
6.10 Farming Week. 6.25 Shipping Forecast.
6.30 Today, including 6.45 Prayer for the Day. 6.55, 7.55 Weather. 7.00, 8.00 Today's News. 7.25, 8.25 Sport. 6.30, 7.30, 8.30 News Summary. 7.45 Thought for the Day.
8.35 The Week On 4.
8.43 Close Encounters of the Worst Kind by Tim Stout. Leonard Rossiter reads the first of five science fiction short stories. 8.57 Weather; Travel.
9.00 News; Start the Week with Richard Baker†
10.00 News; A Small Country Living. Magazine for people in the countryside.
10.30 Morning Story: 'A Dying Man' and 'The Breadwinner'. Two short stories by Leslie Halward. The reader is David March.
10.45 Daily Service†
11.00 News; Travel; Down Your Way visits Chatham.
11.48 Poetry Please! The readers are Fulton Mackay and Bonnie Hurren.
12.00 News; You and Yours – Consumer advice (Telephone: 01-580 4411).
12.27 Around the World in 25 Years with Johnny Morris. Today he is in France. 12.55 Weather; Travel; Programme News.
1.00 The World At One: News.
1.40 The Archers. 1.55 Shipping Forecast.
2.00 News. Woman's Hour. Includes an item on the use of rhyme in helping people to read. And part six of The Third Miss Symons.
3.00 Afternoon Theatre: The Gortys Triangle, by Rod Beacham. Murder mystery, set in Crete, with Patrick Mower as the archaeologist who goes out to the island to collect his drowned cousin's body (r).
4.30 Piano Portrait. This week – Sigismund Thalberg. A selection by Patricia Carroll.
4.40 Story Time: Pudd'nhead Wilson, by Mark Twain. Abridged for radio in 10 parts (1). The reader is Michael J Shannon.
5.00 PM. News magazine; 5.50 Shipping Forecast; 5.55 Weather and programme news.
6.00 The Six O'Clock News and Financial Report.
6.30 Quote . . . Unquote. The panel: Ludovic Kennedy, Celia Haddon, Dr John Rae and Colin Welland (r).
7.20 Start the Week with Richard Baker.
8.00 The Monday Play: Somewhere Else, by Gilly Frazer. Drama, set in a nuclear-dominated society. About a group of people who, during a period of bleak anarchy, gather in a disused railway station somewhere in north-west England. Starring Kathy Staff, Pauline Quirke and John Drummond (who is aged 11)†.
9.15 People and Places. The topic is journalists. With Douglas Stewart.
9.30 Kaleidoscope: Arts magazine. Includes Mary Renault talking to Sue MacGregor about her novels set in Ancient Greece – all of them best sellers. 9.59 Weather.
10.00 The World Tonight: News.
10.30 Science Now. Recent discoveries and developments.
11.00 A Book at Bedtime: 'The Pledge' by Friedrich Durrenmatt, abridged for radio in 5 parts (1). The reader is Bernard Hepton.
11.15 The Financial World Tonight.
11.30 Travellers Tales. Nine programmes in which the adventures and reflections of composers abroad are recounted. Tonight: Jeremy Siepmann on Berlioz in Italy. With John Woodvine as Hector Berlioz (r).
12.00 News; Weather.
12.15 Shipping Forecast.
England VHF with lf above except: 6.25-6.30am Weather; Travel 1.55-2.00pm Listening Corner 5.50-5.55 PM (continued) 11.00 Study on 4: The Future of Work 11.30-12.10am Open University: 11.30 'Germinal' in Fact and Fiction 11.50 Personality and Learning.

Radio 3

6.55 Weather.
7.00 News.
7.05 Morning Concert. Part one: Meyerbeer (Coronation March, Le Prophete, Act 4), Chopin (Nocturn in A flat, Op 32, No 2), Beethoven (Incidental Music: The Ruins of Athens). Records†.
8.00 News.
8.05 Morning Concert. Part two: Prokofiev (March, Op 99), Debusy (Images, Series 1), Britten (Prelude and Dances, the Prince of the Pagodas)†.
9.00 News.
9.05 This Week's Composer: Rossini on records. Act 1 of Tancredi, starring Fiorenza Cossotto in the title role. Conducted by Gabriele Ferro†.
10.00 Haydn and Mozart string quartets. The Endellion Quartet play the Haydn in D, Op 20, No 4; and Mozart's in C, K465†.
10.55 Brno State Philharmonic Orchestra. Dvorak (Legends Nos 1-5) and Novak (South Bohemian Suite). Conducted by Jiri Pinkas†.
11.50 Music for two violins and piano: Haydn, Milhaud, Benjamin Godard (Six Duettini). The Haydn is the Sonata Op 8 No 5. Played by Angel Stankov and Yosif Radionov, with John Blakely at the piano†.
12.25 Socrate. A symphonic drama by Satie. Performed by Jane Manning (soprano with the BBC Welsh SO†.
1.00 News.
1.05 The Passion of the Soul: Bach and Buxtehude (on records). Includes Bach's Cantata No 118 and Buxtehude's Prelude and Fugue in D†.
2.00 Matinee Musicale. Ulster Orchestra. Weber, Holst, Svendsen, Trevor Roberts and Dvorak (the Czech Suite).
3.00 New Records: Chabrier, Strauss, Beethoven (the String Quartet in C minor, Op 18, No 4) Mozart (Piano Concerto No 22 (played by Alicia de Larrocha) and Prokofiev (Romeo and Juliet, Suite No 2)†.
4.55 News.
5.00 Mainly for Pleasure: Includes Dvorak's Carnival Overture.
6.30 Music for Organ: William Blytheman, Correa de Arauxo, Gibbons, Frescobaldi, Corrette. Played by Sheila Lawrence at Bryanston School†.
7.05 Styron's Choice: William Styron, the novelist, in conversation with Paul Bailey.
7.30 Proms 83: From the Royal Albert Hall. Part one. Janacek and Britten (see panel)†.
8.15 Summer Excursions. With A. J. Halsey. An account of the Pope's celebration of Mass at Coventry Airport last year.
8.35 Proms 83: Part two. Rachmaninov (see panel)†.
9.45 An Umbrella from Piccadilly. Poems by Jaroslav Seifert.
10.10 Elizabeth Maconchy. First of three weekly programmes of her music. Includes three settings of poems by Gerald Manley Hopkins.
10.45 Jazz in Britain: featuring John Taylor's Foil. Introduced by Charles Fox†.
Medium frequency Medium wave as vhf above except: 10.55am-6.30pm Cricket: Second Test. England v New Zealand at Headingley, fourth day including 1.05 News 1.10 Call the Commentators (01-580 4411 from 11.0am) 1.30 Lunchtime scores.
VHF only – Open University: 6.15am W H Auden and Light Verse 6.35-6.55 The Pit Community 11.20pm Marx, Engels and Manchester 11.40-12.00 Cancer Research: Which Way?

TONIGHT'S PROM

7.30 Janacek: Prelude-From the House of the Dead. Philharmonia Orchestra, conducted by Simon Rattle. Britten: Cello Symphony (soloist: Colin Carr).
8.35 Rachmaninov: Symphony No 2 in E minor. Radio 3, stereo.

Radio 2

News on the hour every hour (except 8.00pm and 9.00) Major Bulletins: 7.00am, 8.00, 1.00pm, 5.00 and 12.00 midnight. (MF/MW). 5.00 Colin Berry.† 7.30 Ray Moore.† 10.00 Jimmy Young.† 12.00 Music While You Work.† 12.30 Gloria Hunniford.†including 2.02 Sports Desk. 2.30 Steve Jones†including 3.02 Sports Desk. 4.00 David Hamilton†including 4.02, 5.30 Sports Desk. 6.00 John Dunn†including 6.45 Sport and Classified Results 7.28 Cricket Desk. 7.30 Alan Dell with Dance Band Days and the Big Band Era.† 8.45 Humphrey Lyttelton with the Best of Jazz.† 9.30 Star Sound†9.57 Sports Desk. 10.00 Pop Score. 10.30 Late Night Larry with Larry Grayson (stereo from midnight) 1.00am Ed Stewart with Two's Best.† 2.00-5.00 Patrick Lunt introduces You and the Night and the Music.†

Radio 1

News on the half hour from 6.30am until 8.30pm and then at 10.00 and 12.00 midnight. 6.00am Adrian John. 7.00 Mike Read. 10.00 David Jensen with the Radio 1 Roadshow in Whitley Bay. 12.30 Newsbeat. 12.45pm Mike Smith. 2.00 Steve Wright. 4.30 Peter Powell, including 5.30 Newsbeat. 7.00 Platform 9 with Janice Long. 8.00 Richard Skinner. 10.00 John Peel† 12.00 midnight Close. VHF RADIOS 1 AND 2 5.00am With Radio 2. 10.00pm With Radio 1. 12.00-5.00am With Radio 2.

WORLD SERVICE

6.00am Newsdesk. 6.30 Baker's Half Dozen. 7.00 World News. 7.09 Twenty-Four Hours. 7.30 Pleasures. 7.50 Recording of the Week. 8.00 World News. 8.09 Reflections. 8.15 Peebles' Choice. 8.30 Anything Goes. 9.00 World News. 9.09 Review of the British Press. 9.15 Waveguide. 9.25 Good Books. 9.40 Look Ahead. 9.45 Music Now. 10.15 Kings of Jazz. 11.00 World News. 11.09 News About Britain. 11.15 Off the Label. 11.30 Summer Excursions. 11.50 Recording of the Week. 12.00 Radio Newsreel. 12.15 Brain of Britain 1983. 12.45 Sports Round-up. 1.00 World News. 1.09 Twenty-Four Hours. 1.30 Cricket. 1.45 The Ten Commandments. 2.15 Letter from Ireland. 2.30 Cricket. 2.45 Country Style. 3.00 Radio Newsreel. 3.15 Outlook. 4.00 World News. 4.09 Commentary. 4.15 Wagner's Ring. 8.00 World News. 8.09 Twenty-Four Hours. 8.30 Sports International. 9.00 Network UK. 9.15 What's New. 9.30 Europe's Untidy Peace. 10.00 World News. 10.09 The World Today. 10.25 Book Choice. 10.30 Financial News. 10.40 Reflections. 10.45 Sports Roundup. 11.00 World News. 11.09 Commentary. 11.15 Classical Record Review. 11.30 Brain of Britain 1983. 12.00 World News. 12.09 News About Britain. 12.15 Radio Newsreel. 12.30 The Ten Commandments. 1.00 Waveguide. 1.10 Paperback Choice. 1.15 Outlook. 1.45 Words and Music. 2.00 World News. 2.09 Review of the British Press. 2.15 Network UK. 2.30 Sports International. 3.00 World News. 3.09 News about Britain. 3.15 The World Today. 3.30 John Peel. 4.45 Financal News. 4.55 Reflections. 5.00 World News. 5.09 Twenty-four Hours. 5.45 The World Today.

All times in GMT

BBC1 Wales 1.22pm-1.25 News of Wales Headlines. 4.18-4.20 News of Wales Headlines. 6.00-6.25 Wales Today. 11.45 News and weather. Scotland 10.10am Tom at Ten Ten. 10.30-11.30 The United Shoe Laces Show. 11.30 Join Cricket (as BBC1). 1.20pm-1.25 The Scottish News. 6.00-6.25 Reporting Scotland. 11.45 News and weather. Northern Ireland 1.22pm-1.25 Northern Ireland News. 4.18-4.20 Northern Ireland News. 6.00-6.25 News at Six and Summerscene. 11.45 News and weather. England 6.00am-6.25 Regional news magazines. 11.50 Close.

S4C Starts 2.15pm Yr Eliffant Glas 2.30 Eisteddfod 3.15 Interval 3.40 Irish Angle Special 4.10 Birds of Britain 4.35 Back to the Roots 5.00 Pili-Pala 5.05 Disgyn I'r Haul 5.35 Comedy Classics: Hellzappopin' 7.00 Newyddion Saith 7.30 Eisteddfod 8.15 Gwyndaf 9.00 Heart of the Matter 10.00 Eisteddfod 10.45 Bowls 11.40 Closedown

CENTRAL As London except: 9.25am 3-2-1 Contact 10.00 Morning Serial 10.30 The Duel 10.40-12.00 Laurel and Hardy* 1.20pm-1.30 News 2.00 Film: Tamahine (Nancy Kwan) 3.30-4.00 Young Doctors 5.15-5.45 Mr Merlin 6.00-7.00 News 10.30 Speedway 11.30 News 11.35 Come Close 11.50 Two of us 12.20am

BORDER As London except: 10.25am Space 1999 11.15 Cartoon 11.25 Target the Impossible 11.45-12.00 European Folk Tales 1.20pm-1.30 News 2.00-4.00 Film: Ill Met By Moonlight (Dirk Bogarde) 5.15-5.45 At Ease 6.00-7.00 Hobby Horse 10.30 Simon and Simon 11.30 Making a Living 12.00 News 12.03am

REGIONAL TELEVISION VARIATIONS

CHANNEL As London except: Starts 12.00-12.10pm We'll tell you a Story 1.20pm-1.30 News 2.00-4.00 Film: The Ravine 5.15-5.45 At East 6.00 Channel Report 6.15 Vince Hill 6.30-7.00 Definition 9.00-10.00 Minder 10.35 Curtain Raiser 10.40 Film: Triple Echo 12.20am Closedown.

TVS As London except: 9.25-9.30 News 10.25-12.00 Film: Carry on Cabby (Sidney James) 1.20pm-1.30 News 2.00-4.00 Film: Soldiers of Fortune (Clark Gable) 5.15-5.45 Silver Spoon 6.00 Coast to Coast 6.30-7.00 Over the Garden Wall 9.00-10.00 Minder 10.30-11.00 Bottom Line 12.00 Company, Closedown

SCOTTISH As London except: 10.25 History of the car. 10.50 Father Murphy. 11.40-12.00 Sport Billy. 5.15-5.45 Different Strokes. 6.00 Scotland today. 6.40-7.00 Crime Desk. 10.30 About Gaelic. 11.00 Late Call. 11.05 Lou Grant. 12.00 Closedown.

TYNE TEES As London except: 9.25am-9.30 News. 10.25 European Folk Tales. 10.40 Boy of Central Africa. 10.55 Aubrey. 11.00 Owzat! 11.30 Cartoon. 11.35-12.00 Kum Kum. 1.20pm-1.30 News and Lookaround. 2.00 Film: Bachelor of Hearts (Hardy Kruger). 3.50-4.00 Cartoon. 5.15-5.45 Mork and Mindy. 6.00 News. 6.02 Gambit. 6.30-7.00 Northern Life. 9.00-10.00 Minder. 10.32 Hill Street Blues. 11.30 Newhart. 12.00 Possessions that Speak. 12.05am Closedown.

GRANADA As London except: 10.30am Stingray. 10.50 Dick Tracy. 11.00-12.00 Poseidon Files. 1.20pm-1.30 Granada Reports. 2.00 Film: Bushbaby. 3.50-4.00 Steamboat Bill. 5.15-5.45 Laurel and Hardy* 6.00 At Ease. 6.30 Granada Reports. 6.35-7.00 Down to Earth – The Summer Show. 10.30 Film: Double Kill. 11.55 Astronauts. 12.25am Closedown.

TSW As London except: 10.25am Cartoon. 10.45 Wild Canada. 11.35-12.00 Sport Billy. 1.20pm-1.30 News. 2.00-4.00 Film: The Ravine (David McCallum). 5.15-5.45 At Ease. 6.00 Today South West. 6.30-7.00 Definition. 9.00-10.00 Minder. 10.35 Postscript. 10.40 Film: Triple Echo (Glenda Jackson). 12.21am Closedown.

ANGLIA As London except: 10.25am Cartoon. 10.45 Wild Canada. 11.35-12.00 Sport Billy 1.20pm-1.30 News. 2.00-4.00 Film: Five Fingers* (James Mason). 5.15-5.45 Diff'rent Strokes. 6.00 About Anglia. 6.30-7.00 Survival. 10.30 Anglia Reports. 11.00 Hill Street Blues. 12.00 Helen. 12.30am Other Alliance, Closedown.

GRAMPIAN As London except: 9.25am-9.30 First Thing. 10.25 Documentry. 11.20 The Flying Kiwi. 11.50-12.00 Cartoon. 1.20pm-1.30 News. 2.00-4.00pm Film: Operation Amsterdam (Peter Finch). 5.15-5.45 Survival. 6.30-7.00 Star Class. 9.00-10.00 Minder. 10.30 Hill Street Blues. 11.30 Clive James and the Calender Girls. 12.30am News. 12.35 Closedown.

YORKSHIRE As London except: 10.25am The Greatest Thinkers. 10.50 Animals Hear in Many Ways. 11.05 Story Hour. 11.55-12.00 Professor Kitzel. 1.20pm-1.30 News. 2.00 Film: No Road Back (Sean Connery). 3.30-4.00 Sons and Daughters. 5.15-5.45 Survival. 6.00 Calendar. 6.30-7.00 Calendar Calling. 10.30-11.00 Standard Bearers: Fred Trueman. 12.00 Closedown.

ULSTER As London except: 9.25am-9.30 Day Ahead. 10.30 Cartoon Time. 10.40 Soccer Skills. 11.05 Flying Kiwi. 11.30-12.00 Laurel and Hardy* 1.20pm-1.30 Lunchtime. 2.00-4.00 Film: Operation Amsterdam (Peter Finch). 5.15-5.45 Adventures of Niko. 6.00 Good Evening, Ulster. 6.30-7.00 Star Class. 9.00-10.00 Trapper John. 10.30 Hill Street Blues. 11.30 Nes, Closedown.

HTV WEST As London except: 10.25am Soccer Skills. 10.50 Abigail. 11.00 Wild, Wild World of Animals. 11.25 Once Upon a Time . . . Man. 11.55-12.00 Cartoon. 1.20pm-1.30 News. 2.00 Wild Canada. 3.00 Fit for Living. 3.30-4.00 Royal Family. 5.15-5.45 Young Doctors. 6.00-7.00 News. 9.00-10.00 Minder. 10.30 Film: Neither the Sea nor the Sand (Susan Hampshire). 12.30am Closedown.

HTV WALES As HTV West except: 6.00pm-7.00 Wales at Six.

WHAT THE SYMBOLS MEAN. † Stereo. ★Black and white. (r) Repeat.

FREQUENCIES: Radio 1: 1053kHz/285m; 1089kHz/275m; Radio 2: 693kHz/433m; 909kHz/330m; Radio 3: 1215kHz/247m: VHF -90-92.5; Radio 4: 200kHz 1500m: VHF -92-95; LBC 1152kHz/261m; VHF 97.3; Capital: 1548kHz/194m: VHF 95.8; BBC Radio London 1458kHz/206m: VHF 94.9; World Service MF 648kHz/463m.

PUBLIC NOTICES

CIVIL AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INSPECTOR'S INVESTIGATION

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Regulation 10(1) of the Civil Aviation (Investigation of Accidents) Regulations, 1983, that an Inspector's investigation under the said Regulations is taking place into the circumstances and causes of the accident ...

MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL

TENDERS FOR GREATER LONDON BILLS

DISTRIBUTORS AND AGENTS

ENTERTAINMENTS

OPERA & BALLET

CONCERTS

THEATRES

GLYNDEBOURNE FESTIVAL OPERA with the London Philharmonic Orchestra. Until August 10. SOLD OUT – possible returns only. Today, Wed. - Sat 5.40 La Cenerentola. Tomor. Thurs 6.00. L'Amour des Trois Oranges. Tel. 0273 812411.

ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL 01-928 3191 cc: 01-928 6544/5 Until 13 Aug. LONDON FESTIVAL BALLET Evgs 7.30 Sat Mat 3.00.

APOLLO VICTORIA. Hot lines 01-828 8665. 01-834 6177. TOPOL "Super Star" D.Exp. in FIDDLER ON THE ROOF "Every detail of this marvellous revival works superbly" The Gdn.

DUKE OF YORKS S.CC 01-836 5122 CC only 836 9641. Evgs 8.0. Matinees Fri & Sat 5.45 & 8.30. IAN OGILVY ANGELA THORNE STEPHANIE BEACHAM JAMES LAURENSON in HAPPY FAMILY By GILES COOPER Directed by MARIA AITKEN.

KINGS HEAD 226 1916. Dnr 6.45. Show 7.45. BERTICE READING EVERY INCH A LADY. "Stupendous . . . this lady is a spell-binder" Std.

LA VIE EN ROSE CC. 01. Windmill Street W1. 437 6312/8380 RESTAURANT CABARET, BAR, LASER DISCO

MERMAID THEATRE Air conditioned theatre. 01-236 5568. CC 01-236 5324. Grp Sales 379 6061. Mon to Thurs 8.0 Fri/Sat 6.45 & 9.15. TOYAH WILLCOX in TRAFFORD TANZI by Claire Luckham "THE FASTEST AND FUNNIEST SHOW LONDON HAS SEEN IN YEARS" Standard.

QUEEN'S, SCC 01-734 1166; 439 3849/4031: Group Sales 01-379 6061. Evenings 8.00. Mat Wed 3.00. Sat 5.15, 8.30. PLAY OF THE YEAR Society of West End Theatre Award 'ANOTHER COUNTRY' by Julian Mitchell.

ST. MARTIN'S. 836 1443. Special CC No 930 9232 Evgs. 8.00 Tues. 2.45. Sats 5.00 & 8.00 AGATHA CHRISTIE'S THE MOUSETRAP 31st YEAR SORRY. No reduced prices from any source, but seats bookable from £3.00 FULLY AIR COND THEATRE.

The GLC presents HMS PINAFORE until 6th August at the Queen Elizabeth Hall. Evenings at 7.45 pm. Saturday

MINEMA 45 Knightsbridge 235-4225 Roberto Rossellini's masterpiece "THE RISE TO POWER OF LOUIS XIV" (U) Daily: 3.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00. "Highly recommended" THE GUARDIAN.

ODEON MARBLE ARCH W2 (723 2011) RETURN OF THE JEDI (U). Sep progs. Doors open 1.00, 4.30, 7.50. All seats bookable at Box Office (open every day 1.00pm-9.00pm) or by post. Reduced prices for children.

NATIONAL THEATRE ... TOMMY STEELE in SINGIN' IN THE RAIN ... DAISY PULLS IT OFF ... NO SEX, PLEASE – WE'RE BRITISH ... CHILDREN OF A LESSER GOD ... CHARLEY'S AUNT ... BLOOD BROTHERS ... ALAN BATES ... JOHN OSBORNE'S A PATRIOT FOR ME ... THE BUSINESS OF MURDER ... CATS ... SONG AND DANCE ... NOISES OFF ... RUN FOR YOUR WIFE ... BEETHOVEN'S TENTH ... LITTLE LIES ... GREAT & SMALL ... EVITA ... UNDERGROUND ... THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE ... WOZA ALBERT!

CINEMAS

EXHIBITIONS

ART GALLERIES

THE TIMES 6 ★★★★★★ First Published 1785

Jenkin to reveal new council spending curbs

By David Walker, Local Government Correspondent

The Government will announce today what it promises is a solution to high rates and excess council spending.

In what councils see as a major constitutional change which will eventually make Whitehall responsible for all local government, the Government is taking over the power to set council rates and so control their spending.

The White Paper will explain how what Mr Patrick Jenkin, Secretary of State for the Environment, calls the "primary targets" are to be selected. These are the Labour city councils, including the Greater London Council, and the Inner London Education Authority, held mainly responsible for the consistent overshooting of spending targets.

At present, the Government can penalize high-spending councils by taking away rate support grant but since it cannot control their rates it is powerless to control spending.

Mr Jenkin will be able to decide that a council's spending is "excessive" and limit any rate rise. The new powers will come into effect in April, 1985. Government business managers have scheduled the introduction of a Bill based on the White Paper for January.

Later today Mr Jenkin will give English councils a figure for approved spending in 1984-85. He will warn them that performance in meeting these targets will determine whether their rates are controlled in 1985.

The White Paper empowers him, if overspending cannot be pinned on a small number of councils, to resort to a general edict limiting the rates of each and every council.

Although the councils are not wholly in opposition, a formidable lobbying campaign has been launched. Most worrying for the Government is the strength of opinion within the Conservative Association of County Councils, which can muster backbench support in the Commons and impressive numbers in the Lords.

Mr John Lovill, the association chairman, told *The Times* that he and the other shire county leaders, while remaining enthusiastic supporters of the Government, reject the manifest pledges on capping the rates.

It will be apparent today whether the Government will try to woo shire counties. Many counties acknowledge that they could, if their arms were twisted, trim small amounts off their budgets for 1984-85.

Mr Lovill has spoken of meeting "realistic" targets. But the counties' definition of realism would mean the Government accepting a significant increase in council spending.

Today's targets are likely to be rejected by the Association of Metropolitan Authorities and the GLC.

Black states bar media based in South Africa

Harare (AFP) – Foreign journalists based in South Africa will be barred – in most cases – from working in any of the six "frontline" black states that oppose South African policies on Namibia and apartheid.

In a statement after a two-day meeting at Kadoma in central Zimbabwe, the information ministers of the six states also decreed that any foreign correspondent based outside South Africa but banned from any once frontline country would automatically be banned from the others.

Attending the meeting which discussed ways of combatting South African "information aggression" – seen by the black states as part of Pretoria's strategy of military and economic destabilization of its neighbours – were ministers from Angola, Botswana, Mozambique, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

The delegates declared that because many international news agencies, and newspaper and broadcast outlets cover the southern African region from bureaux in Johannesburg, they had propagated a "distorted view" of the black states that "tends to give credence and credibility to Pretoria's biased view of reality in southern Africa". South African journalists working for the South African media, however, were not barred from the frontline states.







Bizarre bikes, barbecues and better mousetraps

Inventors – mad and otherwise – gathered at Longleat House yesterday for Britain's first Inventors' Day.

In the top photograph Mr Lucien Hewetson of Brighton meets Basil Campbell from Surrey on his far less practical baby rocker-pusher bike. Some items were strictly for fun, like Mr Paul Sole's steam-driven barbecue spit (above left), while some were meant to make life easier, like Mr Jan Adamczyk's electrically powered garden spade (above right).

One of the highlights of the afternoon was the unveiling of a new "byke", designed by Dr Alex Moulton, inventor of the well-known small-wheeled, folding bicycle. There was also an electronic mousetrap, a non-misting shaving mirror, an adjustable staircase, an automatic fish feeder, a wind-resistant blowlamp, and a welly-wiper.

Letter from Atlanta

Southern comfort for the people's prophet

All heads turned to the back of the hall and there he was, wreathed in light, the most exciting man in American politics. He strode forward as an electric organ blasted a fanfare and pretty women in Sunday best stood on chairs for a better view. Every speaker at the rally had been saying that history was being made here in Atlanta; and with the arrival of the hero not a soul in that exuberant crowd doubted it.

Six feet tall, lean, moustachioed, dressed in a dark three-piece, with a striped tie, the Rev Jesse Jackson bounded on to the stage as the chairman was saying "he not only looks like a president. He walks like a president!" – words which detonated a fresh explosion of cheering and made the organist plunge his hands in the keys and wring out a chord of frenzied acclamation.

A singer poured out a long gospel song while the audience swayed to the rhythm, and a preacher enumerated Mr Jackson's qualities ("the vision of an eagle, the industry of a beaver") while the crowd called out "yessir" and "right on".

And with the atmosphere electric with anticipation he summoned Mr Jackson to speak, introducing him simply as a prophet of God.

Mr Jackson is a phenomenon. He has picked up the Torch of his teacher, Martin Luther King, and is leading a resurgence of the black spirit. He has fired blacks with the audacious idea that a black, perhaps te great-grandchild of slaves, can aspire to the presidency of thhe United States. He has thus made whites ponder, and has put pepper into the presiidential preliminaries.

He has never said that he will run for the Democratic nomination; nor has he said that he will not. The speculation is part of the excitement. But many blacks now wear "Jesse Jackson for President" badges. And here in Atlanta, premier city of Dixie, there began the insistent chanting of his admirers: "Run, Jesse, run".

As he rides the wave of his own making it is hard to beliee that he will not offer himself to the Democrats along with Messrs Mondale, Glenn, Cranston, Hollings, Hart and Aken.

Mr Jackkson was in peak form, constantly bringiing the 2,000 crowd to their feet. This was a candidate's speech. He said simply that blacks, nearly an eighth of the population, want their share of the American dream.

"We die in war together. We pay taxes together. Now we want to share power together. Blacks will not settle for being the Harlem Globetrotters of the Democratic Party. Hands that picked cotton in 64 will pick the President in 84."

He urged blacks to get elected as sheriffs, judges, congressmen and mayors, to make up the power-sharing deficit.

"Run for the courthouse. Run for the statehouse. Run for the White House. But run!"

"Run, run, run," chanted the delirious crowd as the organist pounded chords.

It was a very long speech but Mr Jackson had the people with him. Now he abondoned his prepared text and flew into evangelical fervour. The air was charged and Mr Jackson was all preacher, gasping for breath, his throat raspning. "From outhouse to White House. Our time has come," he cried, and hands reached out to him as, amidst the roar of ovation, he fell, drained, into the arms and embraces of his friends.

Mr Jackson was with Martin Luther King when that hero was murdered in Memphis, an event blacks call the crucifixion. Now 42, Mr Jackson is a catalyst in the movement to get blacks registered as voters and to fight the obstacles and gerrymandering which still disfranchize many of them. He is the president of PUSH (People United to Serve Humanity) and PUSH's annual convention in Atlantis last week has been in his long southern crusade to raise black political consciousness.

Mr Mondale, Mr Cranston, and Mr Hollings came here and said that a black should run. No one, they said, ever asked whether a white should run.

Mr Jackson is a charismatic activist and campaigner with no experience of political office. He could not get the nomination, but his point is that blacks need a revival of pride and he sees himself spearheading a movement to get more blacks into office. He said to me that there are risks in what he is doing, but also rewards.

Trevor Fishlock

THE TIMES INFORMATION SERVICE

Today's events

Exhibitions in progress

Scotland's heritage: printed books and learning, National Library of Scotland, George IV Bridge, Edinburgh; Mon to Fri 9.30 to 5, Sat 9.30 to 1, Sun 2 to 5; (until Sept 30).

Torrie Collection of Old Master paintings, bronzes and marbles, to mark the 400th anniversary of Edinburgh University, Talbot Rice Art Centre, Edinburgh University, Old College, South Bridge, Edinburgh; Mon to Sat 10 to 5, closed Sun; (until Aug 13).

The Glasgow Tram: 21 years after. Museum of Transport, 35 Albert Drive, Glasgow, Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2 to 5; (until Oct 30).

From Quill Pen to Microchip: *The Glasgow Herald* 1783 to 1983, People's Palace Museum, Glasgow Green, Glasgow; Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2 to 5; (until Dec).

Farming Through the Ages: Schools art exhibition, Ardress House, Loughgall, Northern Ireland; Sat to Thurs 2 to 6, closed Fri; (until Aug 31).

Welsh Open Photography 1983: Carmarthen Museum, Abergwili, Carmarthen; Mon to Sat 10 to 4.30; (until Aug 13).

Hull/Rotterdam Artists Exchange Exhibition, Ferens Art Gallery, Queen Victoria Square, Hull; Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2.30 to 4.30; (until Aug 21).

Maritime England Mary Rose Exhibition, Bickleigh Castle, Tiverton, Devon; open daily 2 to 5; (until Oct 16).

Music

Organ recital by Geoffrey Holroyde, Coventry Cathedral, 1.05.

Piano recital by Richard Mapp, St Martin-in-the-Fields, Trafalgar Square, 1.05.

Piano recital by David Kuyken, St Lawrence Jewry, Gresham Street, EC2, 1.

Organ recital by Johnathan Rennert, St Michael's Cornhill, 1.

Organ recital by Philip Crozier, St Martin-Within-Ludgate, Ludgate Hill, EC4, 1.15.

Recital by Lowri Blake (cello) and Catherine Edwards (piano), main foyer, Festival Hall, 12.30.

Talks, lectures, films

Film: *Impressions of Monet*, National Gallery, 1.

French Furniture 1760-1800, by Jane Gardiner, 11; English Furniture 1760-1800, by Elizabeth Murdoch, 12.30; The Development of Upholstery (2), by John Compton, 2.30; all at Victoria and Albert Museum.

18th Century Soft-paste Porcelain, by Aileen Dawson, British Museum, 11.30.

Walks

Riverside Pubs, Prisons and Hidden Paths, meet St Paul's Underground, 7.30pm.

In the Footsteps of Sherlock Holmes, meet Baker Street Underground, 2pm.

The London of Charles Dickens, meet Holborn Underground, 11am.

The City of London, meet Mounment Underground (Fish Street Hill exit), 2pm.

General

At Home in the National Gallery, the first of a series of gallery tours for 9 to 14 year-olds to introduce them to the National Gallery, (every weekday in Aug), 11.30.

Circus workshop, for children 7 years and above, River Terrace, National Theatre, 1.30 (daily, from today until Sat).

Activities for children, including model making, battle reconstructions, quizzes, National Army Museum, Royal Hospital Road, SW3; 10 to 12.30 (every weekday from today until Aug 19).

Children's activities at the Family Centre, Natural History Museum; Mon to Fri 10.30 to 12.30 and 2 to 4, Sun 2.30 to 5, closed Sat; (from today until Aug 26).

Livery Hall open day: Ironmongers' Hall, Barbican, EC2, 10, 11 and 2.30; for tickets call 01-606 3030.

Anniversaries

Births: Jean-Baptiste de Lamarck, biologist, Picardy, France, 1744; William Clark, explorer, Caroline County, Virginia, 1770; Deaths: Queen Anne (reigned 1702-14), London, 1714; Robert Morrison, missionary in China, Canton, China, 1834. Slavery terminated in British possessions, 1834. Germany declared war on Russia, 1914. Lammas Day.

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 16,196

ACROSS

1 Anatole's girl? (7).
5 Student entered dressed but confused (7).
9 Mexican native sounds like a sleuth (5).
10 Box with money produced by singer (5-4).
11 Poison supplied by copper – unusual! (6)
12 One unruly son fast becoming overbearing (8).
14 Country with some Bedouin dialects? (5).
15 Trains forces, including ATC formation (9).
18 Perhaps mole's job is to reveal the fortification (9).
20 The way the cowpuncher hit? (5).
22 Fodder plant needed by inn – is of a peculiar type (8).
24 Understand proverb that diverts children (6).
26 Girl we hear has occupation making such oracular books (9).
27 Distribute a good many – about 50 (5).
28 Base supplies inside information (3-4).
29 Perhaps he fancies being in retirement (7).

DOWN

1 His entry into the country spelled liberty (9).
2 In the habit of putting trite cracks into publicity (7).
3 Insect found in bird and fish (9).
4 Boot Falstaff ordered? (4).
5 Notes America's inexperienced players (10).
6 Proportion of food left unfinished (5).
7 Perhaps Elsa is well content up to a point (7).
8 Lived in middle of Goodwood, having let building (5).
13 Party given in workplace (10).
16 Name merry wife at beginning of book (5-4).
17 Found in main sort of Masefield ballads (4-5).
19 "A – and a cuckoo's song" (W H Davies) (7).
21 Biblical character caused riot of mob, alas (7).
22 Girl turns up about one with fibre (5).
23 Funny opening to miscellany in book (5).
25 Principal bowler's supporter? (4).

The Solution of Saturday's Prize Puzzle No. 16,195 will appear next Saturday

CONCISE CROSSWORD, PAGE 8

Nature notes

Birds are on the move again, in a free and easy way. Blackcaps come out of the woods and into the gardens: they eat both the aphids and the fruit. The first black-headed gulls are back in towns, screaming at each other on park lakes. Woodpigeon are beginning to flock loosely in the corn. On the coast, early migrants arrive on the mudflats and sand-spits – curlew, turnstone and dunlin. Drake mallards are beginning to moult, though there are still many families of small ducklings – easy prey for carrion crows and little owls, who swoop down on them.

Lime-tree seeds, like small drumsticks, are already spinning to the ground. Thistledown floats off the field thistles. Spear thistles, with their sharp, silvery-grey leaves and large purple heads, are still coming into flower. They often grow alongside spotted persicaria, or redlegs, easily recognised by the dark mark like a bloodstain in the middle of the leaves. Wild basil opens under hedges; the scent of honeysuckle fills the woods after dark, luring the night-flying moths. Small heath butterflies feed on dandelions; wasps start buzzing on the window-panes.

DJM

Heater warning

The Department of Trade and Industry has warned all caravan, boat or holiday cottage owners using a Sirocco 2 LPG (liquid petroleum gas) heater to have it checked by the Environmental Health Department of their local authority after a number of accidents, some fatal, involving the release of carbon monoxide.

Bond winners

Winning numbers in the weekly draw for Premium Bond prizes are: £100,000: 1QS 466717 (winner lives in Gwynedd); £50,000: 18WN 438822 (West Sussex); £25,000: 3AN 966535 (Surrey).

The pound

	Bank Buys	Bank Sells
Australia $	1.79	1.71
Austria Sch	29.20	27.65
Belgium Fr	83.00	79.00
Canada $	1.93	1.85
Denmark Kr	14.94	14.24
Finland Mkk	8.86	8.46
France Fr	12.42	11.87
Germany DM	4.15	3.95
Greece Dr	136.50	127.50
Hongkong $	11.45	10.80
Ireland Pt	1.31	1.25
Italy Lira	2455.00	2335.00
Japan Yen	386.00	366.00
Netherlands Gld	4.64	4.42
Norway Kr	11.64	11.07
Portugal Esc	187.50	177.50
South Africa Rd	2.02	1.87
Spain Pta	230.00	219.00
Sweden Kr	12.22	11.62
Switzerland Fr	3.35	3.18
USA $	1.56	1.51
Yugoslavia Dnr	163.00	145.00

Rates for small denomination bank notes only, as supplied by Barclays Bank International Ltd.

Retail Price Index: 334.7.

London: The *FT* Index closed down 10.2 on Friday at 711.2.

New York: The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 17.13 on Friday at 1199.22.

Roads

London and South-east: A40: Roadworks eastbound on Westway at Shepherds Bush: avoid. A23: Single lane southbound on Purley Way, Croydon. Roads closed, one-way streets and diversions at Bank junction, in the City, because of large burst water main; avoid. A3: Single lane southbound at times at Wisley, Surrey.

Midlands and East Anglia: A429: Roadworks S of Wellesbourne, Warwickshire. A45: Roadworks on Nene Valley Way at junction of Bedford Road roundabout, Northampton.

North M1: Contraflow between junctions 30 and 31 near Sheffield; restricted access to motorway at times. M6: Lane closures between junctions 43 and 44 (Carlisle). A6119: Lane closures at Whitebirk Drive, Blackburn, Lancashire.

Wales and West: M5: Lane closures between junctions 13 and 14 (Stroud and Thornbury). A483: Roadworks and temporary lights at Ammanford, Dyfed. A40: Roadworks W of Carmarthen, Dyfed.

Scotland: Today is a bank holiday in Scotland; traffic may be heavier than usual. M8: Strathclyde: contraflow on westbound carriageway. A891: Stop/go boards near Strathblane, Central Scotland. A92: Roadworks on Inverkeithing to Dundee road at Dalgety West junction, Glenrothes and Balfarg, Fife.

Information supplied by the AA.

The papers

The Sunday Times reopened the corporal punishment debate. Under the heading "forward to the cane mutiny," it said it gave the impression of teachers appearing to teach exactly what they ought not to teach: that problems are settled by violence. "Since Ministers must legislate, let them legislate to end the whole pernicious nonesense and ban the cane for good," it added.

The Observer agreed, saying "Britain's children are to remain the only group of people in Europe who can be assaulted with impunity. There is some evidence that it does harm, both physically and psychologically, and that it sours relations between teachers and pupils."

The Sunday Telegraph claimed that the Penrith by-election showed that it would be dangerous for the Conservatives, watching the Labour Party absorbed in its own endless predicament, to lapse into a sort of unreflective ease.

It now seems likely that Labour's left will capture both the leadership and deputy leadership of the party says the Daily Express: "So the whole gamut of opinion within the party will be reflected. . . .from the Daft Left in the form of Mr Kinnock to the Official Raving Loony Left of Mr Meacher".

The Daily Mirror says that the new way of picking a Labour leader and his deputy is supposed to be democratic, giving the unions the biggest say because the party did not want the leadership decided in smoke-filled rooms of the House of Commons.

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Weather

A thundery depression over Holland will move NE towards Denmark, and a cooler unstable NW airstream will cover the British Isles.

6 am to midnight

London, SE England, East Anglia: cloudy, some rain at first, becoming mainly dry, sunny intervals; wind N fresh at first, backing NW, light or moderate; max temp 20 to 22C (68 to 72F).

Central, S, NE, England, Midlands: Mainly dry, sunny periods, wind NW, light or moderate; max temp 20 to 22C (68 to 72F).

Channel Islands, SW England, S Wales: Isolated light showers, sunny intervals; wind NW, moderate or fresh, max temp 2oC (68F).

N Wales, NW, Central N England, Lake District, Isle of Man, SW Scotland, Glasgow, Norther Ireland: Scatterd light showers, sunny intervals; wind NW, moderate or fresh; max temp 19C (66F).

Borders, Edinburgh, Dundee, Aberdeen: Mainly dry, sunny periods; wind NW, light or moderate; max temp 19C (66F).

Central Midlands, Moray Firth, NE, NW Scotland, Argyll, Orkney, Shetland: Scattered showers, sunny intervals; wind NW, fresh; Max temp 15 to 17C (59 to 63F).

Outlook for tomorrow and Wednesday: Rain or showers in N; mainly dry in South with sunny intervals; becoming warmer generally.

SEA PASSAGES: S North Sea, Strait of Dover: Wind NW fresh or strong; sea moderate or rough. English channel, St George's Channel, Irish Sea: Wind NW, moderate or fresh; sea slight or moderate.

Sun rises: 5.23am	Sun sets: 8.50pm
Moon sets: 1.12pm	Moon rises: 11.54pm

Last quarter: tomorrow

Lighting-up time

London 9.20 pm to 4.58 am
Bristol 9.29 pm to 5.05 am
Edinburgh 9.51 pm to 4.48 am
Manchester 9.36 pm to 4.55 am
Penzance 9.36 pm to 5.21 am

Yesterday

Temperatures at midday yesterday: c, cloud; f, fair; r, rain; s, sun; th, thunder.

		C	F			C	F
Belfast	f	16	61	Guernsey	c	18	64
Birmingham	r	22	72	Inverness	f	18	64
Blackpool	c	17	63	Jersey	th	23	73
Bristol	f	23	73	London	s	28	82
Cardiff	r	21	70	Manchester	c	22	72
Edinburgh	c	16	61	Newcastle	f	24	75
Glasgow	f	12	54	Ronaldsway	c	14	57

London

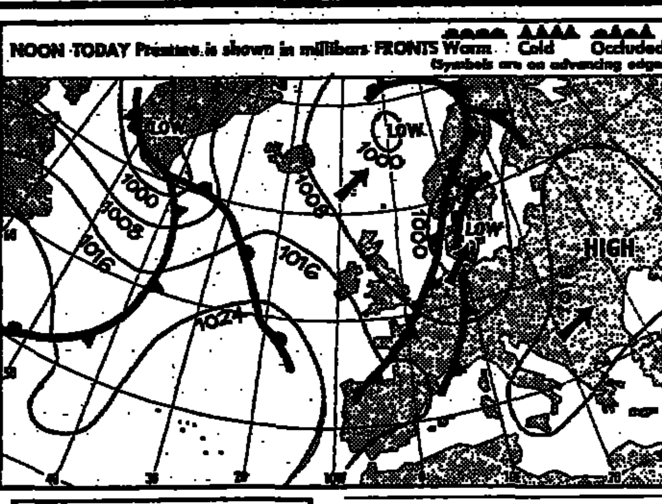
Yesterday: Temp: max 6 am to 6 pm, 29C (84F); min 6 pm to 6 am, 18C (64F). Humidity: 6 pm, 61 per cent. Rain: 24hr to 6 pm, .08in. Sun: 24hr to 6 pm, 2.6hr. Bar, mean sea level, 6 pm, 1004.1 millibars, falling.

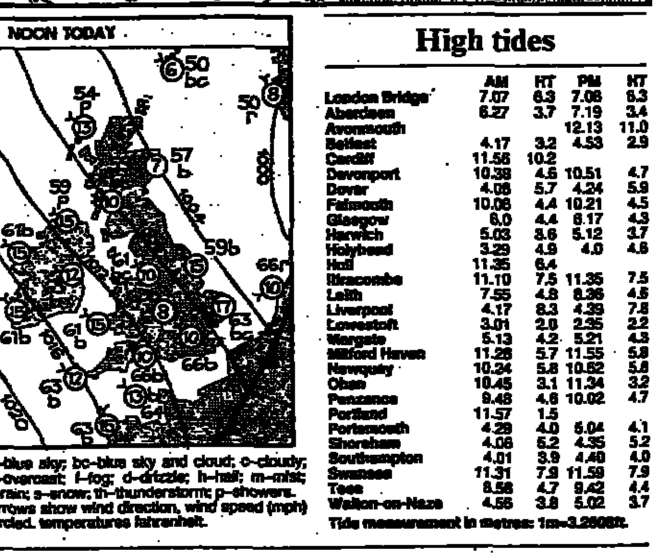
Saturday: Temp: max 6 am to 6 pm, 29C (84F); min 6 pm to 6 am, 18C (64F). Humidity: 6 pm, 45 per cent. Rain: 24hr to 6 pm, nil. Sun: 24hr to 6 pm, 8.8hr. Bar, mean sea level, 6 pm, 1017 millibars, falling.

Highest and lowest

Yesterday: Highest day temp: Hastings, 31C (88F); lowest day max: Cape Wrath, 13C (55F); highest rainfall: Manchester, .47 in; highest sunshine: Tynemouth, 7.3 hr.

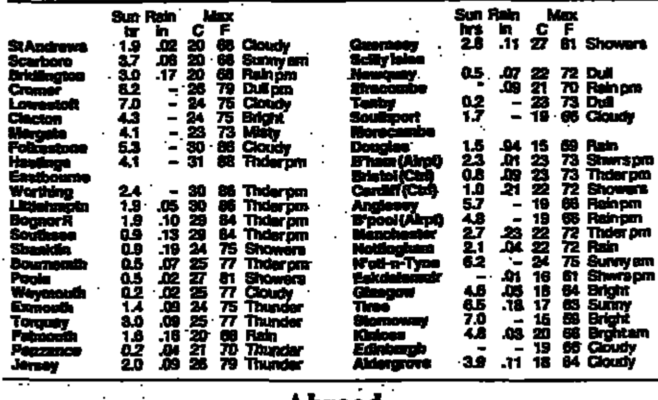
Saturday: Highest day temp: London, 30C (86F); lowest day max: Fair Isle, 12C (54F); highest rainfall: Benbecula, .45 in; highest sunshine: Littlehampton, 13.5 hr.



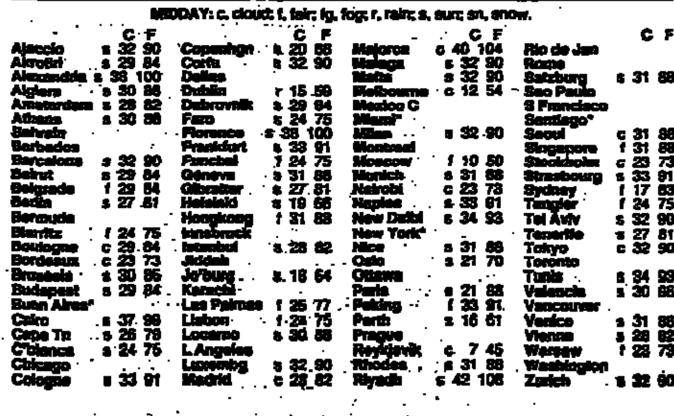


High tides

Around Britain



Abroad





هكذا من الأصل